

charmed by his simple manners. ◇你这样做很有运动员的风度。It's very sporting of you to do that. / 今天你看上去真有风度。You do look elegant today. / 她是一位很有风度的女士。She is a woman of style.

★用法与辨析 作“风度”解时, bearing 指一个人诸如站立、行走等行为方式; demeanour 大多只用来表示某一个人在某一个时刻中的举止, 含有评议他的服饰、举止、态度和言谈的意味; carriage 侧重的是身体与四肢的姿势; air 指的是个人的举止、外表或行为方式; class 是非正式用语, 指优雅的风格、品味和举止; manner 多指个人在社交活动中的举止、态度、言谈、衣着等。

【风度翩翩】〈成〉(of a young man) have an elegant and smart carriage; ◇他是位风度翩翩的小伙子。He is a young man with elegant manners.

【风发】〈形〉1. swift as the wind 2. energetic

【风风火火】〈形〉1. hustling and bustling 2. stirring

【风帆】〈名〉1. sail 2. sailing boat or ship

【风范】〈名〉1. demeanour; bearing; poise 2. style; manner; air

【风干】〈动〉air-dry: 木材经过风干可以防止腐烂。Air-drying can prevent wood from rotting away.

【风镐】〈名〉pneumatic pick; air pick

【风格】〈名〉style; manner; touch: 这是一家具有欧洲大陆风格的咖啡店。This is a café in the continental style. / 儿童读物应该具有明晰流畅的风格。Books for children should have a clear, easy style. / 他风格高尚。He behaves in a generous manner. / 这幅壁画的画法是这个画家典型的早期风格。This fresco is typical of the painter's early manner. / 从挑选贺卡这件事中他看出了我朋友独具的行事风格。He recognized my friend's touch in the choice of the card. ◇我可以问一些有关风格方面的问题吗? Could I ask a stylistic question? / 每个小提琴家演奏贝多芬的协奏曲都各有风格。Each violinist has his own way of playing the Beethoven concerto.

★用法与辨析 作“风格”解时, style 指说话、做事、文章表达及表演的一种方法, 也常也指建筑、服装、家具等高雅的、有代表性的、为人羡慕的样式; manner 用来指艺术中的实践、表达和实施的方法, 也可指某具体人的特殊行事方法或处理问题的独特方法; touch 指做事情的一种独特方式。

【风骨】〈名〉1. strength of character 2. vigour of style

【风光】〈名〉view; scene; sight: 西湖的优美风光 a fine view of the West Lake / 山区风光 scenes in a mountain district / 城市风光 the sights of the city

【风害】〈名〉damage caused by a windstorm

【风寒】〈名〉cold; chill: 他昨天受了风寒。He caught a cold yesterday.

【风和日丽】〈成〉a bright sunshine and a gentle breeze; warm and sunny weather

【风花雪月】〈成〉wind, flowers, snow and the moon — referring originally to certain types of literary works and later to effect and sentimental writings in general

【风华】〈名〉elegant and talent

【风华正茂】〈成〉at life's full flowering; in one's prime

【风化】I. 〈动〉disintegrate: 较老的岩层逐渐风化。The older strata gradually disintegrate.

◇气候缓慢地把岩石风化成土壤。The weather slowly breaks down rocks into soil.

II. 〈名〉1. public morals: 有伤风化 corrupt public morals; be harmful to society's morals 2. weathering

【风级】〈名〉wind scale: 风级表 wind scale; Beaufort scale

【风急雨骤】〈成〉The storm raged. ◇尽管风急雨骤, 游泳的人们却幸免于难。The swimmers cheated death in spite of the storm.

【风纪】〈名〉discipline: 军事学院的风纪训练是非同寻常的。The discipline at the military academy is extraordinary.

【风井】〈名〉ventilating shaft; air shaft

【风景】〈名〉scene; scenery; landscape; prospect; sight; view: 停泊在港湾里的船舶构成了一幅美丽风景。The boats in the harbor made a beautiful scene. / 这个地区以其风景著称。The region is remarkable for its scenery. / 两座小山连同峡谷构成了一幅美丽的风景。The two hills with the valley formed a beautiful landscape. / 这家酒店窗外风景如画。This hotel has a good prospect. / 这里有许多风景可看。There are many sights to see here. / 多么美的风景啊! What a beautiful view! ◇因为不太着急, 我们便选择了较长但风景宜人的那条路走。Being in no great hurry, we took the long scenic route.

★用法与辨析 作“风景”解时, scene 指具体的某处周围的可一眼看到的景色, 以天然的景色为主; scenery 是 scene 的总称, 指某个地区或某个国家整体自然风景, 而不拘泥某个具体的景色; landscape 指山水及周围构成的自然景色, 常指从某处一眼望去可以看到的景色; prospect 指人处在高处时展现在眼前的景色; sight 尤指以人文景观或历史遗迹为主的可供游览的地方, 若指自然风景可用 scenic sight; view 多指在远处或高处展现在眼前的景色。

【风景画】〈名〉scenery painting; landscape painting: ◇这位艺术家画了许多幅岩石重叠的西海岸的风景画。This artist has painted many sceneries of the rocky west coast. / 墙上挂着好几幅海岸风景画。Various views of