

**Homophones**

**&**

**Homographs**

An American Dictionary,  
*Fourth edition*

**JAMES B. HOBBS**

*Homophones and Homographs*

FOURTH EDITION



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*An American Dictionary*

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*Compiled by*  
James B. Hobbs



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# Preface

This fourth edition represents a 24-year work-in-progress that originated with a 7-year-old youngster bringing home in the spring of 1982 his class assignment to generate the most homophones possible, like **rain, reign, rein**, within a week. The short-term downer was that his second-place 279 words fell 77 short of the victor's list. The longer term benefit is that his effort jump-started the process that has resulted in 9040 homophones furnished below, plus a bonus of 2133 homographs (like **tear, number, minute**).

This compiler examined each of the 219 sources noted in the bibliography, and solved countless *New York Times* and *Wall Street Journal* crossword puzzles, to glean what comprises this volume. Warranting special mention are two treasure houses of bona fide, or near-, homophones and homographs: John H. Bechtel's 1904 compilation, and Russell H. Godard's 1999 assemblage and idiosyncratic insights toward researching these phenomena. Probably in excess of four million entries have been reviewed since 1982. Still sources undoubtedly remain unexamined; and I keep pencil and note pad aside the bedstead to jot down thoughts to verify or discard come daybreak.

Although intended to be the most complete and accurate dictionary of this type currently available, I make no claim that it is "the last word." Several homophone and homograph candidates have almost certainly been overlooked during the eyestrain and physical exertion required in examining 13-pound unabridged reference works and their thinner kin. My current best estimate of when this project in American English *may* approach closure is about 11,000 homophones and 3000 homographs. We shall see.

Plaudits and grateful acknowledgment are offered to several individuals who assisted in bringing these four editions to fruition during these 24 years. David C. Weisman, who brought home that second grade assignment, is now a well established neurologist and married with two splendid daughters. Melody, his mother, in addition to suggesting early on that homographs be included in this dictionary, kept safe work-in-process and manuscripts at critical junctures. Peg, my wife, furnished several homophones and homographs associated with her fibre-art creativity, such as **couch, ruffer, sliver, sley**, and **weave**. Her endurance and tolerance were frequently tested while her spouse's nose was



ensconced in one or more reference works. Her frequent remark: “The process resembled watching grass grow and flies flit.”

Among colleagues at Lehigh University who supplied helpful suggestions and valuable assistance were the late Frank S. Hook, professor emeritus of English, who was well known for his stimulating course entitled simply “Words”; the late David M. Greene, also professor emeritus of English; the late John A. Van Erde, professor emeritus of modern languages and literature; the late R. Allen Moran, associate professor of economics; Eli Schwartz, Charles W. MacFarlane professor emeritus of theoretical economics, and Robert J. Thornton, Charles W. MacFarlane professor of economics, both of whom enjoy backgrounds in etymology and classical languages; Max D. Snider, professor emeritus of marketing and associate dean emeritus of the college of business and economics; Marie-Sophie Armstrong and Mary A. Nichols, both associate professors of modern languages and literature; Herbert Rubenstein, professor emeritus of psycholinguistics; and Albert (Tommy) Wilansky, university distinguished professor emeritus of mathematics, who furnished several bona fide homophones and homographs, including **brother** (male sibling and soup maker) and **mother** (female parent and collector of moths) which make appearances in this edition.

Those also at Lehigh include William F. Finke and Pat Ward, who rendered detective assistance over these many years in securing numerous references and hard-to-obtain texts through interlibrary loan; Robert Kendi, Revelly Paul, Judith Moran, Sharon Ruhf, Janice Schaeffer, Rene Hollinger, and Diane Oechsle, each of whom provided patient aid and comfort at crucial points in manipulating computer programs, word-processing technicalities, and locating several rich repositories of literature relevant to this endeavor.

Elsewhere in the world are contributors to this labor of love: John D. Hitchcock of Laramie, Wyoming; Felicia Lamport of Cambridge, Massachusetts; Sybil P. Parker at the McGraw-Hill Book Company; John L. Turner of Scotts Valley, California; Richard A. Schaphorst of Jenkintown, Pennsylvania; Jule Shipman of Doylestown, Pennsylvania; and Doug Fink, a compiler of numerous homophones. The late Russell H. Godard of Corvallis, Oregon, made a unique contribution with his eagle-eye for detail, fantastic memory recall, and idiosyncratic approaches to the collection of homophones and homographs. Drs. William Davis of Newark, Delaware, and Bevan J. Clarke, professor of accountancy and management information systems at the University of Canterbury in Christchurch, New Zealand, both evince insatiable and contagious curiosity in a variety of intellectual endeavors.

Finally, I extend thanks to each author and editor cited in the annotated bibliography that appears at the end of this dictionary. Their contributions confirm the research adage: “We can rise higher only atop the shoulders of predecessors.” And the offer still stands of awarding \$1 for each bona fide homophone or homograph furnished to this compiler that does not appear in these pages.

*J. B. H.*

*Bethlehem, Pennsylvania*

# Overview of Homophones and Homographs

This brief orientation addresses several aspects of homophones and homographs to provide context and perspective for these phenomena: definitions; the “Conflict of Homophones” controversy; criteria for including and excluding words in this volume; notational devices and phonetic symbols used hereafter; and the organization of the dictionary. Some final thoughts precede the detailed listing of words.

## Definitions

This dictionary focuses on American homophones and homographs, and is based on pronunciations that prevail in most areas of the United States. Briefly and precisely, a **homophone** is a word that is pronounced the same as another (a “sound-alike” or an aural/oral echo) but which differs in spelling *and* meaning, such as **cite**, **sight**, and **site**. A **homograph**, on the other hand, is a word that is spelled the same as another (a “look-alike” or visual echo) but which differs in sound *and* meaning, such as **tear** (to separate or pull apart) and **tear** (a secretion from the eye). The relationship and significance of these two classes of words in the English language may be more clearly understood by referring to the diagram on the following page, which divides all English words into eight categories according to the three characteristics of sound (or pronunciation), spelling, and meaning. The third group, **homonym**, is a word that has the same sound *and* spelling but has more than one meaning, such as **set**, which may possess the largest number of different meanings of any English word.

The sharp distinction between the first three categories in the diagram is adopted in this dictionary because the definitions for those terms in *Webster’s Third New International Dictionary of the English Language Unabridged* (which nevertheless is a key reference work for this particular dictionary) are ambiguous and overlapping:

Category	A word with the same/similar (+) or different (-) following characteristic as another:			Comment or example
	Sound	Spelling	Meaning	
1. <b>Homonym</b>	+	+	-	A huge number of words comprise this category, such as <b>plane</b> : a tool for smoothing, a type of tree, to skim across water, or to soar in air
2. <b>Homophone</b> ("sound-alike" or aural/oral echo)	+	-	-	A considerable number of words (over 9000 in this dictionary) make up this category, such as <b>right</b> , <b>rite</b> , <b>wright</b> and <b>write</b>
3. <b>Homograph</b> ("look-alike" or visual echo)	-	+	-	Many words (over 2100 in this dictionary) comprise this category, such as <b>bass</b> (a fish) and <b>bass</b> (a low voice)
4. <b>Synonym</b>	-	-	+	A large number of words fall into this category such as <b>pig</b> , <b>hog</b> and <b>swine</b> or <b>serpent</b> and <b>snake</b>
5. <b>Heterograph</b> (not a universal definition)	+	-	+	Very few words are in this category, such as <b>comptroller/controller</b> , <b>czar/tsar</b> , <b>drachm/dram</b> , and <b>china/quina</b>
6. <b>Heterophone</b> (not a universal definition)	-	+	+	Many words have alternate pronunciations, such as <b>either</b> , <b>garage</b> , and <b>potato</b> *
7. <b>No formal designation</b>	-	-	-	A vast number of words fall into this category, each of which is unique with respect to sound, spelling, and meaning
8. <b>No formal designation</b>	+	+	+	This category is probably empty, since no two words could have all three characteristics in common yet be considered distinct words

\*either — 'ēthər or 'īthər

garage — gə'razh or gə'rāj or 'ga rāzh or 'garij

potato — pə'tādō or pə'tādo

**Homonym:** One of two or more words spelled and pronounced alike, but different in meaning. A homophone or homograph.

**Homophone:** One of two or more words pronounced alike but different in meaning or derivation or spelling. Also called homonym.

**Homograph:** One of two or more words spelled alike but differing in derivation or meaning or pronunciation. Also called homonym.

In short, these three *Webster's Third Unabridged* definitions confuse because they lack clarity.

Each of these three word categories should be sharply distinguished as shown in the diagram, and will be considered as such throughout this dictionary. (Please note that the two “no formal designation” categories at the bottom of the diagram are included merely to present all eight possibilities that arise because of the three characteristics—sound, spelling, and meaning.)

## The “Conflict of Homophones” Controversy

Many languages are blessed or burdened, depending on one’s viewpoint, with homophones and homographs. The world champion for number of homophones is probably Chinese, partially as a result of its subtle voice inflections, facial gestures, and other almost imperceptible nuances. But the English language has more than many others, for several reasons. First, English has borrowed liberally from other languages. For example, each of **air**, **err**, and **heir** stems from Middle English, Old French, and Latin. Second, the English and Americans have a penchant for shortening words, which itself creates numerous homophones, such as **plane** (from airplane) which is homophonous with **plain**, or **ads** (from advertisements) which is homophonous with **adds** and **adz(e)**. Third, some homophones are created by converting proper names to specific things, like (James) **Joule** which is homophonous with **jewel**. Fourth, the prevalence of acronyms in America and elsewhere generates numerous homophones, such as **WAACS** (Women’s Army Auxiliary Corps), homophonic with **whacks** and **wax**. Finally, sound changes occur through a process known as assimilation, by which the “d” in **chased** approaches the “t” in **chaste**, or the distinction between **ladder** and **latter** becomes almost imperceptible in normal conversation. This last phenomenon frequently results in the creation of puns or double entendres. For example: “The seriously chased are seldom chaste for long” or its equally valid reversal, “The seriously chaste are seldom chased for long.”

Several linguistic and language scholars have addressed a more sophisticated question: Do homophones, whether in English or any language, tend to self-destruct because of their apparent tendency to create confusion and ambiguity? Jules Gilliéron advanced a doctrine between 1902 and 1921 which stated that two words of different origin that become homophones by regular sound-changes may, because of ambiguity and confusion, interfere with each other to such an extent that one is ultimately driven from the vocabulary of a particular dialect. This doctrine or hypothesis is referred to as the “Conflict of Homophones.”

Professor Robert Menner of Yale University addressed this concept in 1936, arguing that if a word that had become homophonous with another were lost, the loss should not be attributed solely to homophonic conflict without observing two rules of caution. First, two homophones are unlikely to interfere unless they belong to the same part of speech. A verb is unlikely to conflict with a noun, or a noun with an adjective. Second, the words must fall within the same sphere of ideas and be likely to appear in similar contexts. If these two conditions are fulfilled, Menner asserted, it is possible that a combination of like sounds representing two different words could become ambiguous, and the resultant confusion so marked as to lead to the elimination of one of the words. But Menner stated further that even if a homophone were lost due to these circumstances, it would be difficult to prove that homophony was the sole determinant. Other and more usual causes of obsolescence, such as changes in popularity, style, or frequency of use, must first be ruled out—a process that is difficult because such changes are often obscure and elusive.

Julian Franklyn (see his citation in the annotated bibliography) stressed the point in 1966 that homophony tends to be local in time as well as in space. “Homophones of 1764 are not quite the same as those of 1964; and homophones north of Trent differ from those recognized south of that select boundary.” In short, **aunt** and **ant** may be homophonous for some, while others would insist that **aunt** must properly rhyme with **font** or **taunt**, but never with the insect.

Professor Edna Rees Williams of Smith College reinforced many of these key points in her 1936 doctoral dissertation (with Professor Menner chairing her dissertation committee). Dr. Williams argued that words become subject to mutual confusion and conflict due to homophony only when the words concerned (a) are alike in sound, (b) are in common use in the same social and intellectual circles, and (c) perform the same syntactical functions in the language within a common sphere of ideas. She observed that the conflict of homophones is only one of many alleged causes of word loss, and one of the least frequent relative to the vast number lost in English. Seldom, she summarized, are circumstances so simple and obvious that we may say without debate that the loss of a word had a single cause. The most that can be said is that homophony may have been one contributing factor, or perhaps in some cases almost certainly the main factor, that led to the unpopularity of certain terms and the disappearance of others.

## Criteria for Including and Excluding Words

This lexicographer believes it is ill-advised to limit oneself to a single reference work in searching for and verifying definitions, phonetics, and spellings for homophones and homographs. Our language is far too complex, subtle, and nuanced to regard one particular group of professionals, however competent they may be, as having the sole touchstone for credibility and insight. Those of different persuasion are cautioned to not read far beyond this sentence lest their preconceptions be challenged or horizons extended.

Three dictionaries served as principal authorities for entries contained in this dic-

tionary: *The Random House Dictionary of the English Language*, 2nd edition unabridged, 1987; *Webster's New International Dictionary of the English Language*, 2nd edition unabridged, 1949; and *Webster's Third New International Dictionary of the English Language Unabridged*, 1981. *Webster's Third* played the central role with respect to spelling, pronunciation, phonetics, and definitions. In particular cases, other dictionaries cited in the annotated bibliography were consulted to arbitrate differences and disparities, particularly the 20-volume *The Oxford English Dictionary*, 2nd edition.

With respect to **homophones**, at least one pronunciation had to be common to two or more homophonic candidates for them to be included in this dictionary as bona fide homophones. With respect to **homographs**, on the other hand, at least one pronunciation of homographic candidates had to be dissimilar for words to be listed as bona fide homographs. In general, r's were not "dropped" (as is prevalent in New England) to create homophones or homographs, such as dropping the r from **car** to make it homophonic with **caw**. Nor were r's added, such as **idea(r)** to create a homophone or homograph. Neither were h's dropped to make words homophonic or homographic, such as dropping the "h" from **heady** or **hitch** to make them homophonic with **eddy** or **itch**, respectively.

Words that are deemed near-but-unacceptable homophones and homographs are those whose meanings are similar, closely related, or stem from the same basic word-root, but differ primarily in grammatical usage, such as **absence/absents** or **abuse** (the noun)/**abuse** (the verb). These are classified hereafter as **GROUP I** homophones or homographs. Near-but-unacceptable homophones with close but perceptible different pronunciations are classified as **GROUP II**, such as **loose** ('lūs) and **lose** ('lüz). A few homophones, such as **mystic** and **mystique**, are near-but-unacceptable because they fall into both **GROUP I** and **II**.

Even the casual reader will observe that an exhaustive listing of all meanings and nuances of a particular homophone or homograph is not included in that word's definition due to lack of space. Not included, for example, are the more than 114 different definitions for **set** depending on whether it is used as a transitive or intransitive verb, noun, or adjective. Nor are suffixes added to homophones merely to lengthen listings, such as **sew** (then **sewed**, **sewing**, **sews**) or **sow** (then **sowed**, **sowing**, **sows**).

In general, the following words are excluded from this dictionary: obsolete, archaic, and rarely used words; words associated primarily with regional dialects, especially those restricted to England, Scotland, and small regions of the United States; most colloquialisms, although several slang expressions are included; proper names, such as **Claude** (homophonic with **clawed**), **Jim (gym)**, and **Mary (merry)**; and most units of foreign money, weight, and measurement, except such familiar ones as the former English **shilling**, French **franc**, and Italian **lira**. On the other hand, several countries, provinces, major cities, nationalities, and racial groups are included—the rationale being that recognition of distinctive regions and peoples of Earth might help broaden a sometimes parochial or provincial American perspective. On rare occasion, foreign terms that are generally widespread and readily understood in this country, such as the French **oui** or the Spanish **sí** for "yes," are included.

Some readers may take exception to two other decisions this compiler has made for

inclusion in this dictionary: considering a hyphenated word as a different spelling from its unhyphenated relative, such as the homophones **recoil/re-coil**; and treating capitalized and lower-case words, such as the homographs **Ara/ara**, as two separate entries. Critical readers are invited to respectfully disagree.

## Notational Devices and Phonetic Symbols

Homophones and homographs are arranged alphabetically within their respective categories. All homophones are cross-referenced in alphabetical order, but the definition of each is given only once, where it first appears. For example, **abeyance** and **obeyance** are grouped together and defined at their original appearance in the A section. **Obeyance** then reappears without definition after **obe** in the O section, with parenthetical reference to “see **abeyance**.”

An underlined word is both homophone and homograph.

Recall that Group I homophones and homographs (which follow bona fide homophone and homograph entries) are near-but-unacceptable homophones and homographs whose meanings are closely related, similar, or stem from the same basic word root, and differ primarily in grammatical usage. Group II homophones are also near-but-unacceptable homophones because of close but perceptibly different pronunciations. Some homophones are both Group I and II.

The following pronunciation symbols and notations are adapted from *Webster's Third New International Dictionary of the English Language Unabridged* and used throughout this dictionary. (Because of their complexity, formidableness, and general unfamiliarity, symbols and notational devices of the International Phonetic Alphabet were not adopted.)

a	...	cat
à	...	cart, as pronounced by “r-droppers”
ä	...	cot
ā	...	fade
ar	...	care
aù	...	out
e	...	bed
ē	...	feed
i	...	silver or ear
ī	...	side
ŋ	...	sing
ò	...	saw
òì	...	oil
ó(ə)r	...	orb
ō	...	tone
th	...	ether
<u>th</u>	...	either

ə	...	curb, <b>America</b> , or immediately preceding l, m, n, and ŋ, p, or s—as in kitten
ə̇	...	unstressed variant, as in habit
ù	...	<b>wood</b>
ü	...	<b>tool</b>
œ	...	French <b>ue</b>
yù	...	<b>curable</b>
yü	...	<b>few</b>
n	...	the preceding vowel is pronounced with the nasal passages open, as in French <b>vin blanc</b>
'	...	the mark preceding a syllable with the primary (stronger) stress, as in ' <b>book</b> keeper
ˈ	...	the mark preceding a syllable with the secondary (weaker) stress, as in 'book <b>keeper</b>
:	...	the mark preceding a syllable whose stress can vary between primary and secondary
	...	indicates the placement of a variant pronunciation, such as <b>quart</b> , 'kwòr t or 'kwört
•	...	the mark of syllable division that is inserted in a sequence of sounds which can have more than one syllable division, such as <b>nitrite</b> , 'nī•trīt or 'nīt•rīt

Diacritics are used at appropriate points throughout this volume to assist pronunciation. Some linguists might say these marks are an integral part of the spelling, so that, for example, **charge** and **chargé** are two distinct spellings rather than variant pronunciations of the same spelling. The reader may elect to allow or disallow “diacritized” words bearing the following accent marks as bona fide homographs:

- acute—á—the vowel is pronounced with a rise in pitch
- cedilla—ç—placed under a letter to indicate a sound different from its normal usage
- circumflex—â—the vowel is pronounced with a rising-then-falling tone
- grave—à—the vowel is pronounced with a fall in pitch
- macron—ā—the vowel is pronounced with a “long” sound
- tilde—ñ—in Spanish, to indicate the sound nʲ
- umlaut—ü—partial assimilation with a succeeding sound

## Organization of the Dictionary

Alphabetized homophones are presented first, on pages 14 through 292, followed by alphabetized homographs, beginning on page 294. The table on page 10 summarizes the number of homophones and homographs listed under the respective letters of the alphabet. For example, a total of 440 homophones begin with **a**, of which 63 are one-syllable, and so on; 176 homographs begin with **a**. The rightmost column indicates the number of words that are both homophonic and homographic.



	<b>Homophones</b>				<b>Homographs</b>	<b>Homophones* and Homographs*</b>
	<u>1-syllable words</u>	<u>2-syllable words</u>	<u>3-syllable words</u>	<u>4-6 syllable words</u>		
A	63	182	134	62	176	14
B	343	335	31	6	146	36
C	330	559	166	58	278	43
D	147	189	35	12	80	16
E	36	65	54	14	49	5
F	178	139	36	1	57	13
G	192	166	16	2	78	16
H	139	136	16	6	66	9
I	16	47	47	23	32	—
J	55	33	2	2	29	—
K	101	116	14	1	27	4
L	166	175	28	6	99	23
M	178	253	67	14	178	34
N	74	87	11	2	37	10
O	38	56	49	10	30	6
P	276	370	106	44	201	35
Q	34	35	2	—	8	3
R	181	236	68	—	121	25
S	388	409	70	24	192	39
T	231	264	47	16	143	30
U	11	99	69	16	46	—
V	27	49	11	8	30	5
W	227	114	8	2	18	6
X	3	8	3	—	—	—
Y	33	14	—	—	8	—
Z	7	8	3	—	4	—
<b>Total</b>	<u>3474</u>	<u>4144</u>	<u>1093</u>	<u>329</u>	<u>2133</u>	<u>372</u>

*\*These words are also included in their respective categories at the left.*

An appendix beginning on page 351 lists the following notable word groupings:

- Homophones—five or more 1-syllable words, the largest number being three 8-word groupings: **cees, c’s, psis, seas, sees, seize, sis, Szis; lais, lase, lays, laze, leas, leis, les, leys, and raise, rase, rays, raze, rehs, reis, res, reys**
  - four or more 2-syllable words, the largest number being the 7-word grouping **Male, Mali, Mal(l)ie, maulie, molle, molly, moly**
  - three or more 3-syllable words, the largest number being one unarguable 5-word grouping: **manacan, manakin, manikin, mannequin, mannikin**
  - all 4-, 5-, and 6-syllable words, including one unarguable triplet: **androgenous, androgynous, androgynus**. Two pairs of 6-syllable homophones are **synechological, synecological, and uncomplementary, uncomplimentary**
- Homographs—three or more words each with a different pronunciation, the largest being three 4-word groupings: **papa, pate, and Rabat/rabat**
- All words that are both homophonic and homographic

The final section is the annotated bibliography reflecting 219 references that were consulted in compiling this edition of the dictionary.

## Some Final Thoughts

So, why this fascination with such oddities as homophones and homographs? First and very simply, they are interesting, fun, and often lead to humorous insights into the language. Shakespeare’s works are replete with punnery. Second and perhaps more important, examination of them and “why they are and have come to be” provides many clues for understanding the frequent observation that English is extremely difficult to learn for persons born and raised in another language and culture. For example, in Spanish, which is almost totally phonetic, an **a, e, i, o,** or **u** is almost always pronounced the same wherever it appears, *viz.*, **ä, ā, ē, ō, ü,** respectively. Not so in English, where an **a** is pronounced differently in *cat, cart, caught, awesome, banana, and care*. Third, detailed examination of homophones and homographs provides a valuable tool for obtaining a richer, deeper perspective with which to attack and comprehend the structure of any language—foreign or domestic—at its most fundamental level, *viz.*, phonetics.

For the statistically minded, the following comparative summary indicates the evolution of this dictionary with respect to number of homophones and homographs, ratio of homophones to homographs, and bibliographic sources:

<b>Edition</b>	<b>Homophones</b>	<b>Homographs</b>	<b>Ratio of Homophones to Homographs</b>	<b>Bibliographic sources</b>
1st	3625	602	6.0:1	42
2nd	7149	1469	4.9:1	97
3rd	7870	1554	5.1:1	131
4th	9040	2133	4.2:1	219

The tome appears to have grown in size and complexity.

When will the task of locating all homophones and homographs in English (or for that matter any language) be complete? First and foremost, the language must cease evolving—which is quite unlikely. Language undergoes continual change, with new words arriving, old ones departing, and some lying dormant pending revival or burial. Pronunciations and meanings often shift, sometimes almost imperceptibly. Second, to thoroughly capture and evaluate all homophones and homographs in English, one would need to phoneticize every word, including all alternate pronunciations and suffixes. Then one would have to enter that vast accumulation into a computer database, identify each possible phonetic combination, and finally match up all words whose phonetics are identical. An added requirement: maintain that compilation as long as the language exists. An awesome and probably unfathomable task!

# Homophones

---

 A
 

---

**a** an indefinite article

**ay** an expression of sorrow or regret

**eh** an expression of inquiry or slight surprise

**a** an indefinite article

**ugh** an expression of disgust or horror; the sound of a cough or grunt

**a(a)h** an expression of delight, relief, regret, or contempt

**I** a personal pronoun

**aal** Indian mulberry, an East Indian shrub or small tree with axillary heads of flowers and pulpy fruit

**all** the entire amount

**awl** a pointed tool

**Ab** in Egyptian religion, the spirit of the physical heart and the seat of the will and intentions

**abb** coarse wool from the inferior parts of a fleece

**aba** A loose sleeveless Arabian garment

**Abba** an honorific title given to the Deity, bishops, patriarchs, and Jewish scholars

**abaisse** a thin undercrust of pastry

**abase** to lower or reduce in rank or esteem

**abb** (see **Ab**)

**Abba** (see **aba**)

**able** a white poplar tree

**able** possessing resources needed to accomplish an objective

**abeyance** temporary inactivity or suppression

**obeyance** an act or custom of obeying

**able** (see **able**)

**absence** lack of contact between blades, in fencing

**absents** keeps away

**absinthin** a bitter white crystalline compound constituting the active ingredient of wormwood

**absinthine** a moderate yellow green color

**absorbance** the measurable capacity of a substance to absorb radiation

**absorbents** liquids used in separating gases or volatile substances in gas manufacture and petroleum refining

**Acacian** relating to a schism occurring A.D. 484–519 between Eastern and Western Christian churches

**acaciin** a crystalline glycoside found in the leaves of a common North American locust tree

**Acadian** a native or inhabitant of Acadia; a French colony consisting principally of what is now Nova Scotia; a Louisianian descended from French-speaking immigrants from Acadia

**Akkadian** a Semitic inhabitant of Mesopotamia before 2000 B.C.

**acanthin** the substance, consisting of strontium sulphate, forming the internal skeleton of radiolarians

**acanthine** a basic compound obtained from the livers and embryos of the spiny dogfish; resembling the leaves of an acanthus plant

**acanthous** bristling, sharp, or thorny

**Acanthus** a genus of prickly herbs of the Mediterranean

**Acarus** a genus of arachnids including a number of small mites

**Acorus** a genus of rushlike herbs with the flowers in a close spadix

**accede** to express approval or give consent

**exceed** to surpass, excel, or outdo

**accept** to take without protest

**except** to omit something

**accepter** a person who takes without protest

**acceptor** a substance or particle capable of combining with another substance or particle; a circuit that combines inductance and capacitance in series so as to resonate to a given impressed frequency

**access** a way to approach or reach

**excess** an amount exceeding the usual or normal

**accidence** a part of grammar that deals with inflections

**accidens** any fortuitous or nonessential property, fact, or circumstance

**accidents** sudden events that occur without intent

**acclamation** a loud eager expression of approval, praise, or assent

**acclimation** a physiological adjustment to a change in the environment

**accouter** to equip or fit out

**acuter** a sharper point or angle

**ace** a playing card ranking highest in its suit; a person who excels at something

**Ais** a people in the Indian river valley, Florida

**ase** an enzyme

**acephalous** having the style issuing from the base instead of from the apex of the ovary

**acephalus** a headless fetal monster

**Aceria** a large genus of eriophyid mites including several parasites of economic plants

**Assyria** an ancient empire of western Asia

**acetic** related to acetic acid or vinegar

**ascetic** extremely strict in religious exercises

**Ossetic** relating to or characteristic of the Ossets, a tall Aryan people of central Caucasus

**acher** a person who suffers a dull persistent and throbbing pain

**acre** a unit of measure in the U.S. and England equal to 43,560 square feet or 160 square rods

**Achilleian** like Achilles in strength, invincibility, moodiness, or resentful wrath

**achilleine** a brownish red bitter alkaloid

**achy** afflicted with aches

**aikie** to lay claim to something; to demand equal division of something found

**acidic** sharp or biting to the taste; sour; tart

**ascitic** pertaining to or affected with a collection of serous fluid in the peritoneal cavity

**Acorus** (see **Acarus**)

**acouchi** a resin similar in nature to elemi and obtained from various South American trees

**acouchy** a small species of agouti

**acre** (see **acher**)

**acrogenous** increasing by growth from the summit or apex

**acrogynous** having the archegonia at the apex of the stem and involving the apical cells in their formation

**acron** the unsegmented part of the body in front of a segmented animal's mouth

**Akron** a city in northeastern Ohio

**actin** a protein of muscle

**actine** a star-shaped spicule, as of a sponge

**acton** a jacket plated with steel

**acts** performs

**ax(e)** a cutting tool

**acuter** (see **accouter**)

**Adam** the unregenerate nature of man; a style of furniture designed in the late 18th century

**atom** a minute particle of matter

**adder** a snake

**attar** a perfume obtained from flowers

**addition** a result of increasing or augmenting

**edition** a form in which a literary work is published

**addle** to throw into confusion or disorder

**attle** in mining, waste rock

**adds** joins or unites

**ads** notices to attract attention to a product or business

**adz(e)** a cutting tool

**Adelea** a large genus of protozoans that are parasitic on arthropods

**Adelia** a genus of tropical American shrubs with toothed leaves

**adeps** animal fats, such as the purified internal abdominal fats of a hog

**adepts** high skilled or well-trained individuals; experts

**ades** sweetened drinks

**aides** assistants

**AIDS** acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (an acronym)

**aids** helps

**adherence** steady or faithful attachment; continued observance

**adherents** persons who adhere to or follow; persons 14 years or older who are listed on the records of the Salvation Army but have not yet become soldiers

**adieu** an expression of farewell

**ado** bustling about

**adjutant** a staff officer acting as a general and administrative assistant to the commanding officer

**agitant** a person who is active in or furthering a course of action

**ado** (see **adieu**)

**Adoptian** relating to the doctrine that Jesus became the son of God by exaltation to a status that was not by his birth

**adoption** the taking of an outsider into a family, clan, or tribal group

**ads** (see **adds**)

**adventuress** a woman who schemes to win social position or wealth by unscrupulous or questionable means

**adventurous** inclined to engage in exciting or very unusual experiences

**adz(e)** (see **adds**)

**aerial** related to the air

**areal** relating to an area or an extent of space

**ariel** a small Australian flying marsupial; an Arabian gazelle

**erie** a high eagle's or hawk's nest

**aery** having an aerial quality

**airy** resembling or related to air; having an affected manner

**arrhae** monies paid as earnest or a pledge

**arrie** any of several guillemots of the genus *Mura*

**Eire** the republic of Ireland

**erie** a high eagle's or hawk's nest

**eerie** weird

**Eire** the republic of Ireland

**Erie** an Iroquoian people of northern Ohio, northwestern Pennsylvania, and western New York; a city in northwestern Pennsylvania; the next smallest of the five Great Lakes

**aero** of or relating to aircraft or aeronautics; designed for aerial use

**arrow** a missile weapon shot from a bow

**aerose** brassy

**erose** having the margin irregularly notched, as if gnawed

**aery** (see **erie**)

**aes** in Roman antiquity, anything made of bronze or copper

**ease** relaxation; naturalness

**Aeta** A Negrito people inhabiting the central and southern Zambales mountains in the Philippines

**eta** the 7th letter of the Greek alphabet

**affect** to influence or make an impression on

**effect** a resultant condition

**affecter** one who strives after or pretends to something

**effector** a bodily organ that becomes active in response to stimulation

**affective** relating to feelings or emotions

**effective** productive of results; efficient

**affiance** solemnly promise to marry

**affiants** those that swear to an affidavit

**affirmance** a decision by a person to deal with an unauthorized act as though authorized

**affirmants** persons who state positively or with confidence

**affluence** an abundance of property

**affluents** tributary streams

**affusion** the act of pouring a liquid upon, as in baptism

**effusion** unrestrained expression of feeling

**afterward** at a later or succeeding time

**afterword** the final part that serves to complete the design of a nondramatic literary work

**Agamae** a class or subkingdom embracing all plants reproducing by means of spores rather than flowers or seeds

**agamy** the absence, nonregulation, or nonrecognition of marriage

**agaricin** an impure form of the active principle of the dried fruit body of a mushroom

**agaricine** a crystalline or syrupy liquid base widely distributed among animal and plant products

**agitant** (see **adjutant**)

**ah** an expression of delight, relief, regret, or contempt

**aw** an expression of mild incredulity or disgust

**awe** reverence or wonder with a touch of fear

**Aht** a Wakashan people of Vancouver Island and the Cape Flattery region in northwestern Washington

**aught** zero or a cipher (also **ault**)

**ai** a three-toed sloth; an expression of grief, despair, or anguish

**ay** an expression of sorrow, regret, or surprise

**aye** an affirmative vote

**eye** an organ of sight

**I** a personal pronoun

**i** a unit vector parallel to the x-axis, in mathematics

**aides** (see **ades**)

**AIDS** and **aids** (see **ades**)

**aiel** a writ by which an heir enters a grandfather's estate and dispossesses a third party who attempts to gain possession

**ail** to affect with pain or discomfort

**ale** a beverage

**aikie** (see **achy**)

**ail** (see **aiel**)

**air** the atmosphere

**are** 100 square meters

**e'er** a contraction of ever

**ere** before

**err** make a mistake

**eyre** a journey

**heir** an inheritor

**airable** capable of being aired

**arable** fit for tillage and crop production

**aire** a person in early Irish society ranking between a common freeman and the king

**Ara** a genus of macaws containing the blue and yellow and the military macaws

**ara** a Polynesian screw pine called the textile screw pine

**arrah** any expression of surprise or excitement

**arrha** money paid as earnest or a pledge

**Eire** of or from the Republic of Ireland

**airer** a network or organization that broadcasts or transmits by radio or television

**error** a mistake, blunder, slip, or lapse



**airless** lacking air or movement of air

**heirless** having no inheritor

**airship** a lighter-than-air aircraft with propelling and directional control systems

**heirship** the right of inheritance

**airy** (see **erie**)

**Ais** (see **ace**)

**aisle** a passage between seats

**I'll** a contraction of I will or I shall

**isle** a small island

**Aissor** a people in parts of Asiatic Turkey and Persia calling themselves Syrians

**icer** a worker who covers food with ice before shipment; a worker who mixes icing or ices baked goods

**ait** a little island

**ate** consumed food

**eight** a number between seven and nine

**Aka** a hill tribe north of Assam

**aka** any of several species of New Zealand woody vines

**Akha** the most southerly group of Lolo-speaking Tibeto-Burman people forming a large part of the hill tribes of Shan State, Myanmar; a Pygmy people of the Vele basin in the Belgian Congo

**Akhs** the spirits of deceased persons conceived as gloriously transferred so as to reflect the deeds of the persons in life

**ox** an adult castrated male bovine

**Akkadian** (see **Acadian**)

**Akron** (see **acron**)

**Alascan** a foreign Protestant in England during the reign of Edward VI

**Alaskan** relating to or characteristic of the state of Alaska

**albumen** egg white

**albumin** a large class of simple proteins

**alcanna** a color varying from reddish brown to strong brown

**Alkana** a genus of herbs native to southern Europe

**alkanna** an Old World tropical shrub or small tree

**alcatras** a large water bird, such as the pelican or frigate bird

**Alcatraz** the island in San Francisco Bay, California formerly a highsecurity prison

**ale** (see **aiel**)

**Alectrion** the type genus of Nassariidae comprising various typical basket shells

**Alectryon** a monotypic genus of New Zealand trees with alternate compound leaves and showy paniculate flowers

**aleph** the first letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**alif** the first letter of the Arabic alphabet

**alfa** either of two Spanish and Algerian grasses of which cordage, shoes, baskets, and paper are made

**alpha** the first letter of the Greek alphabet; the first in a sequence

**alfonsin** any of several (usually bright red) fishes of the genus *Beryx*

**alphonsin** a surgical instrument having three elastic branches (a 3-armed forceps) for extracting bullets from the body

**Alphonsine** relating to the set of astronomical tables prepared in 1252 by the order of Alfonso X

**alif** (see **aleph**)

**alison** a plant of the genus *Alyssum*

**allicin** a liquid compound with a garlic odor and antibacterial properties

**Alkana** and **alkanna** (see **alcanna**)

**alkenyl** any univalent aliphatic hydrocarbon radical derived from an alkene by removal of one hydrogen atom

**alkynyl** a univalent aliphatic hydrocarbon radical containing a triple bond

**alkide** a binary compound of an alkyl, especially with a metal

**alkyd** any of a large group of thermoplastic or thermosetting synthetic resins that are essentially polyesters

**alkynyl** (see **alkenyl**)

**all** (see **aal**)

**allay** to reduce in intensity

**allée** a formal avenue or mall

**allegation** something asserted

**alligation** the action of attaching or the state of being attached; a process for the solution of problems concerning the mixing of ingredients that differ in price or quality

**allegator** a person who asserts, affirms, or states without proof

**Alligator** the genus of *Crocodylidae* comprising the American and Chinese alligators

**alligator** either of two crocodylians; a machine with strong jaws, one of which opens like a movable jaw of an alligator

**allergen** a substance that induces an exaggerated or pathological reaction marked by sneezing, rash, etc.

**allergin** a substance in the blood of persons with syphilis that is sometimes held to be an antibody

**allicin** (see **alison**)

**alligation** (see **allegation**)

**Alligator** and **alligator** (see **allegator**)

**allision** the running of one ship upon another ship that is stationary

**elision** the act of dropping out or omitting something

**Elysian** sweetly blissful

**alliterate** characterized by the repetition, usually initially, of a sound that is usually a consonant in two or more adjacent words or syllables

**illiterate** showing a lack of familiarity with language and literature; having little or no education

**allo** isomeric or closely related

**aloe** a pale green color

**allowed** permitted

**aloud** audible

**alluded** referred to indirectly

**eluded** evaded

**eluted** removed from an absorbent by means of a solvent; washed out or extracted

**illuded** deceived

**allusion** an indirect reference

**elusion** an evasion

**illusion** a misleading image

**aloe** (see **allo**)

**aloud** (see **allowed**)

**alpha** (see **alfa**)

**alphonsin** (see **alfonsin**)

**Alphonsine** (see **alfonsin**)

**altar** a place of worship or sacrifice

**alter** to become different or cause to become different

**alumen** alum; either of two colorless or white isomorphous crystalline double sulfates of aluminum having a sweetish-sourish astringent taste

**illumine** illuminate

**aluminate** to treat or combine with alum or alumina

**illuminate** to give physical light to

**am** the present first person singular of **be**

**em** a unit of measure in printing

**'em** them (by assimilation or contraction)

**ama** a Japanese woman diver who works usually without diving gear; a vessel for eucharistic wine

**amah** a female servant typically Chinese, especially a nurse

**amma** an abbess or spiritual mother

**amaretto** an almond-flavored liqueur

**amoretto** a naked usually infantile figure representing the god of love and often holding a bow and arrow

**amatol** an explosive consisting of ammonium nitrate and TNT

**Amytal** a crystalline compound used as a sedative and hypnotic

**amba** a table-mountain formation with nearly perpendicular sides

**anba** a title given to bishops or patriarchs in the Coptic church

**Ambassadeur** a bearded iris with maroon and bronze flowers

**ambassador** an official representative of a sovereign or state

**ambrosin** a Milanese gold or silver coin of the late 13th and early 14th centuries bearing the likeness of St. Ambrose

**ambrosine** a resinous hydrocarbon mineral that is a variety of amber

**ameen** a minor official of the judicial and revenue departments in India

**amine** a compound containing one or more halogen atoms

**ammine** a molecule of ammonia

**amend** to reform oneself or become better

**amende** a fine, penalty, or reparation; a full apology

**emend** to correct a literary work

**amerce** to punish by a monetary penalty

**immerse** to dip into liquid

**America** of or from North, Central, or South America; of or from the United States

**Amerika** the fascist or racist aspect of American society

**amidin** a soluble matter of starch

**amidine** any of a group of compounds containing the  $CN_2H_3$  group

**amine** (see **ameen**)

**amma** (see **ama**)

**ammine** (see **ameen**)

**Ammanite** an Amish Mennonite

**Ammonite** a member of a people who in Old Testament times lived east of the Jordan between the Jabbok and the Arnon rivers

**ammonite** any of numerous fossil shells of cephalopods of the order Ammonoidea, some being over three feet in diameter

**amoretto** (see **amaretto**)

**amorous** strongly moved by love; manifesting love

**Amyris** a genus of tropical American trees and shrubs with compound leaves and white flowers

**amorphous** without definite form or shape

**amorphus** a fetus with head, heart, or limbs

**amotion** removal of a specified object or person from a place or position

**emotion** feeling or an expression of feeling

**amphibalus** a vestment resembling the chasuble worn by the Gallician clergy prior to the 9th century

**amphibolus** capable of two meanings

**amphibian** having or combining two lives, positions, or qualities

**amphibion** an aircraft that can take off from and land on either water or land

**amphibolus** (see **amphibabus**)

**ample** more than adequate

**ampul** a small bulbous glass vessel

**amtrac** an amphibian flat-bottomed vehicle that moves or tracks over land and which can be propelled through water

**Amtrak** the government-subsidized public intercity passenger railroad system in the U.S.

**amygdalin** a white crystalline glucoside that occurs in the kernels of the bitter almond

**amygdaline** pertaining to a tonsil

**Amyris** (see **amorous**)

**Amytal** (see **amatol**)

**an** indefinite article used before words with an initial vowel sound

**and** along with or together with

**an** an indefinite article

**en** a unit of measure in printing

**analyst** a person who weighs or studies to arrive at an answer

**annalist** a writer of annals

**anonym** a pseudonym consisting of the real name written backward

**anonym** an idea that has no exact term to express it

**anba** (see **amba**)

**anchor** a device to hold an object in place

**anker** a U.S. unit of measure equal to ten gallons

**anchored** secured firmly

**ancred** a cross with each arm divided into two recurving points

**anchorite** a person who lives in seclusion, usually for religious reasons

**ankerite** a variety of dolomite containing considerable iron

**ancred** (see **anchored**)

**and** (see **an**)

**and** a conjunction, meaning also or in addition

**end** a cessation or terminus

**androgeous** pertaining to the production of or tending to produce male offspring

**androgynous** in astronomy, sometimes hot and sometimes cold with respect to planets

**androgynus** an individual possessing characteristics of both sexes

**ands** conjunctions, meaning also or in addition

**ends** terminations; leftover scraps

**ens** a thing's being or essence; in typesetting, en quads

**angelin** a cabbage tree

**angeline** a white crystalline alkaloid found in the bark of a South American tree

**anger** a strong feeling of displeasure and usually of antagonism

**angor** extreme distress or mental anguish, usually of a physical origin

**anil** a West Indian shrub, one of the sources of indigo

**anile** old-womanish; infirm

**anils** Schiff bases derived from aromatic amines

**annals** historical records

**animas** souls or lives

**animus** intention or objective

**anker** (see **anchor**)

**ankerite** (see **anchorite**)

**annalist** (see **analyst**)

**annals** (see **anils**)

**annunciate** to announce

**enunciate** to utter articulate sounds

**anonym** (see **anonym**)

**ansae** parts of a celestial body having the appearance of handles; structures resembling loops

**antsy** eager, impatient, or restless

**Anser** a genus of birds comprising geese

**answer** a reply

**ant** an insect

**aunt** a sister of either of one's parents

**antae** piers produced by thickening a wall at its termination

**ante** a poker stake; before

**anti** one who is opposed

**auntie** an aunt, often used endearingly

**antecedence** an apparent motion of a planet toward the west; retrogradation

**antecedents** significant events, principles, or activities of one's earlier life; predecessors in a series

**antetype** an earlier type or prototype  
**antitype** an opposite type, such as a symmetrically reversed appendage  
**anti** (see **antae**)  
**antitype** (see **antetype**)  
**antsy** (see **ansae**)  
**Aor** one of a group of related peoples inhabiting the Naga hills in eastern Assam along the Myanmar frontier  
**hour** a time measurement equal to 60 minutes or 1/24 of a day  
**our** belonging or related to us  
**Aoul** a member of any of several small peoples living in the malarial swampy lowland districts of Nepal  
**aoul** an Abyssian gazelle  
**aul** a Central Asiatic tent made of felt or skin fastened over a circular wooden framework  
**owl** a nocturnal bird of prey  
**apatite** a group of calcium phosphate minerals containing other elements  
**appetite** a natural desire  
**apian** relating to bees  
**apiin** a crystalline glycoside obtained from parsley  
**Apis** a type genus of *Apidae* including brownish social bees  
**Apus** a genus of birds containing the typical Old World swifts  
**apus** a crustacean of the genus *Triops*, containing forms which are destructive pests of young rice  
**aplanatism** freedom from spherical aberration  
**aplanetism** the state of producing non-motile asexual spores  
**apophasis** denial of one's intention to speak of a subject that is simultaneously named or insinuated  
**apophysis** a swelling, such as a process of a bone or the cone scale of certain conifers

**aport** toward the left side  
**apport** the production or motion of an object by a spiritualist medium without physical activity or contact  
**apothegm** a terse aphorism  
**apothem** a perpendicular from the center to one of the sides of a regular polygon  
**Appalachian** of or relating to a system of mountains in the eastern U.S. or to the region where they are found  
**appellation** a name or title by which a person, thing, or clan is called or known  
**appetite** (see **apatite**)  
**apport** (see **aport**)  
**appose** to place side by side  
**oppose** to act against or provide resistance to  
**appositive** being a grammatical construction of two nouns or noun equivalents  
**oppositive** functioning in the expression of contrariety  
**appressed** pressed close  
**oppressed** weighed down  
**Apus** and **apus** (see **Apis**)  
**aquation** the replacement of a coordinated atom by water molecules  
**equation** a statement of equality between two mathematical expressions  
**Ara** and **ara** (see **aire**)  
**Arabi** a breed of sheep  
**Araby** Arabian  
**arable** (see **airable**)  
**Araby** (see **Arabi**)  
**araneous** covered with or composed of soft loose hairs or fibers  
**Araneus** a genus of orb-weaving spiders  
**Arau** a Papuan people of western New Guinea  
**arrau** a large turtle found in the Amazon river and valued for its edible eggs and as a source of oil

**arcs** portions of a curved line  
**arks** boats or ships  
**arx** a citadel, in Roman antiquity  
**are** (see **air**)  
**are** exist, the present 2nd singular and present plural of be  
**our** belonging or related to us  
**area** the extent of space  
**aria** a melody or tune  
**eria** the Assam silkworm which feeds on the castor-oil plant  
**areal** (see **aerial**)  
**arear** to the rear  
**arrear** behind in discharging one's obligations  
**arête** a sharp crested ridge in rugged mountains  
**arret** a judgment, decision, or decree of a court or sovereign  
**argal** therefore, used chiefly to imply that the reasoning is specious or absurd; a grayish or reddish crystal line crust deposited in wine casks during aging; dry cattle or camel dung used for fuel  
**argel** either of two related African plants whose leaves have been used to adulterate senna  
**argil** potter's clay  
**Argas** a genus of ticks including the cosmopolitan chicken tick  
**Argus** a vigilant guardian  
**argus** any of several large brilliantly patterned East Indian pheasants; any of several butterflies  
**argee** cheap, inferior whiskey  
**Argie** an Argentinian  
**argel** (see **argal**)  
**Argie** (see **argee**)  
**argil** (see **argal**)  
**argon** a colorless odorless inert gaseous element  
**Argonne** a wooded region in northeast

France noted for battles in World Wars I and II

**Argus and argus** (see **Argas**)

**aria** (see **area**)

**Arianism** a theological movement initiated by Arius in opposition to Sabellianism that won strong support during the 4th century A.D. chiefly in the Eastern churches

**Aryanism** the doctrine popularized by Nazism that Aryan peoples possess superior capacities

**ariel** (see **aerial**)

**aril** a covering of certain seeds

**arrhal** earnest or pledge money

**aryl** a univalent radical (as phenyl) derived from an aromatic hydrocarbon

**Arion** a genus of slugs including a common European black slug

**orion** Holland blue or a dark blue color

**Arkansas** a state in the south central U.S.

**arkansaw** to kill in an unsportsmanlike manner; to cheat or take advantage of

**Arkie** a native of Arkansas; a rustic or insignificant person

**arky** old-fashioned or out of style

**arks** (see **arcs**)

**arky** (see **Arkie**)

**armer** a person or device that arms a weapon

**armoire** a usually large and ornate cupboard or wardrobe

**armor** defensive covering for the body

**aroar** roaring or bellowing

**aurore** an hydrangea pink color

**arrah** (see **aire**)

**arrant** notoriously bad or shameless

**errant** quixotically adventurous; aimlessly moving about

**arras** a wall hanging or hanging screen of tapestry

**arris** the sharp edge formed by the meeting of two surfaces

**heiress** a female heir to property

**arrau** (see **Arau**)

**array** to set in order; a regular grouping or arrangement

**arret** a judgment of a court or sovereign

**arrear** (see **arear**)

**arret** (see **array** and **arête**)

**arrha** (see **aire**)

**arrhae** (see **aerie**)

**arrhal** (see **aril**)

**arrie** (see **aerie**)

**arris** (see **arras**)

**arrosive** of the nature of gnawing

**erosive** tending to erode or affecting erosion

**arrow** (see **aero**)

**arusa** a small shrub found in India with leaves yielding a yellow dye

**arusha** an Indian shrub yielding a flaxlike fiber

**arx** (see **arcs**)

**Aryanism** (see **Arianism**)

**aryl** (see **aril**)

**As** a chief god of pagan Scandinavia

**as** a bronze coin of the ancient Roman republic

**ass** a beast of burden; a simpleminded fool

**asse** a fox of southern Africa

**asale** for or on sale

**assail** to attack with violence or vehemence

**ascendants** ancestors or persons that precede in genealogical succession

**ascendence** leadership or domination

**assent** rising

**assent** concurrence

**ascetic** (see **acetic**)

**ascian** an inhabitant of the torrid zone where the sun is vertical at noon for a few days each year such that no shadow is cast

**ashen** deadly pale or pallid in color

**ascitic** (see **acidic**)

**ase** (see **ace**)

**ashen** (see **ascian**)

**askar** a native infantryman in an Arabic-speaking country

**asker** one who poses or asks questions

**asperate** to make rough, harsh, or uneven

**aspirate** to pronounce with an h-sound as the initial element; to draw or withdraw by suction

**aspire** seek to attain or accomplish something

**espier** a person who observes or looks about closely

**ass** (see **As**)

**assail** (see **asale**)

**assay** to judge the worth of

**essay** a short literary composition

**asse** (see **As**)

**assemblé** a ballet movement

**assemblée** a social gathering

**assent** (see **ascent**)

**Assyria** (see **Aceria**)

**Aster** a large genus of chiefly fallblooming leafy-stemmed herbaceous plants native to temperate regions

**aster** any plant of the genus *Aster*

**Astur** a genus consisting of goshawks

**astur** a goshawk

**astray** into a wrong or mistaken way of thinking or acting; off the correct route

**estray** something that has wandered or gone out of its normal place, as a domestic animal found wandering



**Astur** and **astur** (see **Aster**)

**Ata** a member of an Indonesian tribe of Mindanao

**atta** unsorted wheat flour or meal, in India

**ate** (see **ait**)

**ate** blind impulse or reckless ambition

**Ati** a predominantly pagan Negritoid people on Panay, Philippines

**eighty** the next whole number after seventy-nine

**atimy** public disgrace, usually with deprivation of civil rights

**atomy** a tiny and often contemptible creature or object; an extremely gaunt emaciated body

**atom** (see **Adam**)

**atomy** (see **atimy**)

**atta** (see **Ata**)

**attar** (see **adder**)

**attar** a perfume obtained from flowers

**odder** more unusual

**otter** an aquatic fish-eating mustelid mammal

**attle** (see **addle**)

**aube** an often Provençal love lyric usually dealing with a parting of lovers at dawn

**obe** a subdivision of a phyle or clan in ancient Laconia

**audience** a group or assembly of listeners

**audients** catchumens in the early stages of instruction for admission to the church but not yet as applicants for baptism

**auger** a boring tool

**augur** to predict

**aught** (see **Aht**)

**aught** zero

**ought** should

**augur** (see **auger**)

**aul** (see **Aoul**)

**aune** a unit of cloth measure in Paris equal to 46.79 inches

**own** belonging to oneself or itself; to have legal or natural title to

**aunt** (see **ant**)

**auntie** (see **antae**)

**aural** of the ear

**oral** of the mouth

**orle** in heraldry, a border within a parallel to but not touching the edge of the field

**aureole** the luminous area surrounding bright light

**oriole** a colorful American bird

**aureolin** cobalt yellow

**aureoline** golden in color

**auricle** the upper chamber of the heart; an earlike lobe

**oracle** a divine revelation

**aurore** (see **aroar**)

**aurous** relating to or containing gold

**orris** the Florentine iris, or its fragrant rootstalk; gold or silver braid or lace used on 18th century clothing

**austenite** a solid solution in gamma iron of carbon and sometimes other solutes

**austinite** a mineral consisting of a basic calcium zinc arsenate

**Austria** a country in central Europe

**Ostrea** the type genus Ostreidae including oysters that retain eggs in the parent's gills during early development

**ostria** a warm southern wind on the Bulgarian coast

**Ostrya** a small widely distributed genus of trees having fruit resembling cones, including the hop hornbeam

**autarchic** relating to absolute sovereignty

**autarkic** relating to self-sufficiency

**auteur** a filmmaker whose individual style and complete control over all elements of production give a film her/his personal and unique stamp



**hauteur** an arrogant or condescending manner

**autograft** a tissue or organ transplanted to another part of the same body

**autographed** wrote one's signature

**autonomous** possessing self-government

**autonomous** naming itself

**autosight** an automatic sighting device

**autosite** that part of a double fetal monster that nourishes both itself and the parasitic twin

**avert** to turn away or aside, especially in order to escape something dangerous or unpleasant

**evert** to overthrow or upset; to turn outward or inside out

**avulsion** a tearing away of a structure of a part accidentally or surgically

**evulsion** a rooting, casting, or plucking out

**aw** (see **ah**)

**away** distant in space or time

**aweigh** hanging perpendicular just clear of the ground

**awe** (see **ah**)

**aweigh** (see **away**)

**awful** extremely unpleasant

**offal** waste material

**awl** (see **aal**)

**awn** a slender bristle that terminates the bract of a spikelet, such as in wheat

**on** a preposition denoting position atop something

**ax(e)** (see **acts**)

**axal** around, in the direction of, or along the axis

**Axel** a one-and-a-half-turn jump in skating

**axil** the angle between a branch or leaf and the axis from which it arises

**axle** a shaft on which a wheel revolves

**axes** cutting tools or implements consisting of relatively heavy edged and sharp heads fixed to handles

**axis** a straight line about which a body rotates

**axil** (see **axal**)

**axin** an oleaginous and waxy product yielded by the large Mexican cochineal and used as a soothing ointment

**axon** a nerve-cell process that is typically single and long and which, as a rule, conducts impulses away from the cell body

**axis** (see **axes**)

**axle** (see **axal**)

**axon** (see **axin**)

**ay** (see **a** or **ai**)

**aye** (see **ai**)

**ayin** the 16th letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**ion** an atom or group of atoms when combined in a radical or molecule that carries an electrical charge

**azimene** in astrology, a weak deficient degree which when ascendant at birth causes a physical defect

**azimine** an azimono compound

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## Group I

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**aberrance** - **aberrants**

**aboideau** - **aboideaux**

**abri** - **abris**

**abstinence** - **abstinents**

**acceptance** - **acceptants**

**acinous** - **acinus**

**adolescence** - **adolescents**

**adulteress** - **adulterous**

**affirmance** - **affirmants**

**airdrop** - **air-drop**

**alkalis** - **alkalize**

**allegiance** - **allegiants**

**alumnae** - **alumni**

**ambience** - **ambients**

**amino - ammino**  
**angulous - angulus**  
**annunciate - enunciate**  
**an(o)estrous - an(o)estrus**  
**anorchous - anorchus**  
**anthropophagous - anthropophagus**  
**appendance - appendants**  
**appurtenance - appurtenants**  
**assistance - assistants**  
**assonance - assonants**  
**astringence - astringents**  
**attendance - attendants**  
**attractance - attractants**  
**axil - axile**

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## Group I and II

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**ambience** ˈænbɪəns  
**ambients** ˈ(a)mbɪən(t)s  
**announce** əˈnaʊn(t)s  
**enounce** ɛˈnaʊn(t)s  
**anthropogeny** -jənē  
**anthropogony** -gənē

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## Group II

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**aa** ˈä:ä  
**aha** ä'hä  
**Aaronic** a'ränik  
**ironic** i'ränik  
**abac** ˈābak  
**aback** ə'bak  
**abacas** ˈabəkäs  
**abacus** ˈabəkəs  
**abbe** a'bā  
**abbey** ˈabē  
**abbess** ˈabəs  
**abyss** ə'bis  
**abhorred** əb'hörd  
**aboard** ə'börd  
**accede** ak'sēd or ək'sēd  
**axseed** ˈak(s),sēd

**accrue** əkrü  
**ecru** ˈekrü  
**acerose** ˈasə,rōs  
**acerous** ˈasər,əs  
**acetal** ˈasə,tal  
**acetyl** ə'sēdəl  
**acinous** ˈasən,əs  
**acinus** ˈasɪəs  
**addict** ˈa,dikt  
**attic** ˈatɪk  
**adduce** ə'd(y)üs  
**educer** ɛ'd(y)üs  
**adduct** ˈa,dəkt  
**educt** ˈɛ,dəkt  
**aer** ˈāər  
**air** ˈɛər  
**aesthetic** es'thedɪk  
**ascetic** ə'sedɪk  
**affluent** ˈaflüənt  
**effluent** ˈɛflüənt  
**afflux** ˈa,fləks  
**efflux** ˈɛ,fləks  
**affright** ə'frɪt  
**afrite** ə'frɛt  
**Africans** ˈafrɪkənz  
**Afrikaans** ˈafrɪkənz  
**afterward** ˈaftər.wərd  
**afterword** ˈaftər.wərd  
**agar** ˈägər  
**auger** ˈögər  
**ager** ˈājər  
**agger** ˈajər  
**aggression** ə'grɛʃən  
**egression** ɛ'grɛʃən  
**agnail** ˈagnāl  
**agnel** ˌan'yəl  
**agust** ˈəgəst  
**august** ə'gəst  
**ahl** ˈäl  
**all** ˈol

**aigrette** ˈɑːɡret**egret** ˈɛɡrət**airan** ɪˈræn**Iran** ɪˈræn or ɪˈran**aire** ˈɑːrə**aura** ˈɔːrə**ora** ˈɔːrə**aition** ˈɪdɛ.ən**idaein** ɪˈdɛən**alem** ˈä.lem or ˈal.em**alum** ˈaləm or əˈləm**alight** əˈlɪt**alite** ˈä.lɪt**align** əˈlɪn**A-line** ˈä.lɪn**allocator** ˈalə.kād.ər or ˈalə.kātər**allocatur** ˌaləˈkād.ər or ˌaləˈkā.tər**allure** əˈlʊr**Alur** ˈä.lʊr**alure** əˈlʊr**alluvium** əˈlʊvɛəm**eluvium** ɛːlʊvɛəm**illuvium** iːlʊvɛəm**aloe** ˈalə**alow** əˈlə**amandin** ˈäməndən**amandine** ˈämən.dən**amend** əˈmend**amende** ˈa.mänd**amice** ˈa.məs**amiss** əˈmis**amor** ˈä.mòr**amour** ˌäˈmùr**ample** ˈampəl**ampul** ˈam.pəl**amula** ˈamyələ**amulla** ˈaməla**Anabas** ˈanabas**anabasse** ˌanaˈbas**anaclasis** əˈnakləsəs**anaclisis** əˈnaklisis**analogy** əˈnaləʒɛ**enallage** enˈaləʒɛ**Andean** ˈandɛən**indienne** ˈandɛ.en**angary** ˈangərə**angry** ˈangrɛ**anil** ˈanəl**anile** ˈa.nɪl**annual** ˈanyəl**annule** ˈanyül**Ansar** ˈan.sär**answer** ˈansər**anthropophagi** ˌanthrəˈpäfəʒɪ**anthropophagy** ˌanthrəˈpäfəʒɛ**aperitif** əˈperətɪf**aperitive** əˈperədɪv**aphagia** əˈfəʒɛə**aphasia** əˈfəʒhɛə**apiin** ˈäpɛən**Apion** ˈäpɛ.än**Apios** ˈäpɛ.äs**apiose** ˈäpɛ.ōs**aplomb** ə.plɒm**aplome** ˈa.plɒm**appel** aˈpɛl**apple** ˈapəl**apprise** əˈprɪz**uprise** ˈəp.rɪz**apses** ˈapsɔz**apsis** ˈapsəs**argil** ˈär.jəl**Argyle** ˈär.gɪl**Armenian** ärˈmɛnɛən**Arminian** ärˈmɪnɛən**arrha** ˈarə**era** ˈerə**arses** ˈärsɔz**arsis** ˈärsəs**artist** ˈärdəst**artiste** ärˈtɛst

**ascribe** ə'skrīb**escribe** e'skrīb**astir** ə'stər**Astur** 'astər**atlantes** at'lantēz**Atlantis** at'lantis**attrited** ə'trītəd**attritted** ə'tritəd**auks** 'öks**ox** 'äks**aura** 'örə**ora** 'örə**aurate** 'ö,rāt**orate** ó'rāt**Auster** 'öster**oyster** 'aüstər**autoscope** 'ötö,sköp**otoscope** 'ödä,sköp**auxin** 'öksän**oxen** 'äksən**awed** 'öd**odd** 'äd**awner** 'önər**honor** 'änər

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## B

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**ba** an eternal divine soul in Egyptian religious belief**baa** a sheep's bleat**bah** an expression of disdain**bas** a bet in roulette on one of the vertical columns paying 2 for 1**baa** (see **ba**)**baaed** bleated, as sheep**bad** unfavorable or derogatory**bade** made an offer**baaed** bleated, as sheep**bod** the body (by shortening)**Baal** any of several Canaanite and Phoenician chief deities**baal** a false god**bael** a thorny citrus tree of India**bail** to deliver from arrest; to clear water from a boat**bale** a large bundle of goods; pain or mental suffering**baas** master**Bos** a genus of ruminant mammals including wild and domestic cattle**boss** raised ornamentation; a super intendent or overseer**bosse** an African tree having glabrous oblong pointed leaflets**Baatan** a province of the Philippines**bataan** a valuable Philippine timber tree**Batan** a people inhabiting the Batan islands of the Philippines**baton** a stick with which a conductor leads a musical group**babble** to utter meaningless sounds as though talking**Babel** a lofty or towering structure; an excessively grandiose or visionary scheme or project**babel** a confusion or medley of sounds, voices, or ideas**Babhan** a Hindu of a high caste of the Aryo-Dravidian ethnic type**bobbin** any of various small round cylindrical devices on which threads are wound**bac** a vat or cistern**back** in the rear; endorse or support**bacc(h)ar** a plant of grasslands variously identified as *Cyclamen europaeum***backer** a supported

**bacchanal** a drunken revelry

**bacchanale** a ballet marked with voluptuous dances

**bach** to live as a bachelor

**batch** a quantity of persons or things considered as a group

**bacillary** shaped like a rod

**basilary** (in biology) relating to or situated at the base

**back** (see **bac**)

**backer** (see **bacc[h]ar**)

**bad** (see **baaed**)

**badder** more unfavorable or derogatory

**batter** a mixture of flour, liquid, and other ingredients; to beat repeatedly

**baddy** a hoodlum or other malefactor; an undesirable or negative event (slang)

**batty** resembling a bat; mentally unstable

**bade** (see **baaed**)

**bael** (see **Baal**)

**bael** a thorny citrus tree of India

**bile** a yellow or greenish viscid alkali fluid excreted by the liver

**baetyl** a roughly shaped stone worshipped as of divine origin

**beadle** a messenger in the service of a law court

**beetle** an insect of the order Coleoptera

**betel** a climbing pepper plant

**bietle** a deerskin jacket worn by Apache women

**buffed** made a stroke with a golf club so the sole of the club strikes the ground and lofts the ball

**baft** a coarse stuff originally made of cotton

**bag** to catch; a container made of flexible material, usually closed on all sides except for an opening that may be closed

**bague** in architecture, the ring or plate of an annulated column

**baggie** the stomach

**baggy** loose, puffed out, or hanging like a sac or pouch

**bague** (see **bag**)

**bah** (see **ba**)

**bahr** a body of water

**bar** a straight piece of metal or wood; to confine or shut out

**barre** a handrail ballet dancers use during exercises

**Bhar** a caste of agricultural laborers in India

**baht** the basic monetary unit of Thailand

**bhat** a member of an Indian caste of bards and entertainers

**bot(t)** the larva of the botfly; a plug of clay for closing the taphole of a cupola in founding

**bail** (see **Baal**)

**bailer** a person who attaches handles to pails or buckets

**bailor** a person who delivers goods to another in trust

**baler** a person or machine that bales

**bailey** a medieval castle's outer wall

**baillie** a magistrate of a Scottish barony similar to a sheriff

**bailor** (see **bailer**)

**bais** yellow mists composed of airborne loess or fine sand that is produced in China and Japan during the spring and fall

**biz** business (by shortening)

**bait** a lure to attract fish, animals, or persons

**bate** to reduce the force of intensity

**Bete** a member of the Phi Beta Kappa academic honor society

**bete** in certain card games, to subject to a penalty for failure to fulfill one's contract

**beth** the second letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**baiting** heckling, hounding, or attacking in speech or writing, usually with malice

**bating** with the exception of; cleaning depilated leather hides with tryptic enzymes

**bai-u** relating to the spring or early summer rainy season in China and Japan

**bayou** a minor waterway that is tributary to a river or another body of water

**bio** biography (by shortening)

**byo** a cradle

**baize** a coarsely woven woolen or cotton napped fabric

**bays** compartments in a bar; wall openings or recesses; barks at

**beys** district governors in the Ottoman Empire

**balas** a ruby spinel of pale rose-red or orange color

**ballas** a nearly spherical aggregate of diamond grains used as an industrial diamond

**balata** a hard substance produced by drying the milky juice of a bully tree

**ballata** a medieval Italian song accompanied by or alternating with dancing

**bald** lacking all or a significant portion of hair

**balled** formed into a round mass

**bawled** cried out loudly

**baldie** a small double-ended fishing boat used on the east coast of Scotland

**baldy** a white-headed pigeon of Australia; a person that is bald

**bale** (see **Baal**)

**baleen** a horny substance growing in the mouth of whales that forms a fringelike sieve to collect and retain food

**baline** a coarse woolen or cotton material used in packing

**Bilin** the Cushitic language of the Bogos

**baler** (see **bailer**)

**baline** (see **baleen**)

**ball** a round mass

**baule** the theoretical amount of nitrogen

or a mineral necessary to produce  $\frac{1}{2}$  the maximum possible crop yield

**bawl** to cry out loudly

**ballas** (see **balas**)

**ballata** (see **balata**)

**balled** (see **bald**)

**baller** a laundry worker who irons parts of garments that cannot be ironed on or with a flat press

**bawler** a person who cries out loudly without restraint

**ballet(t)** a part-song often in stanzas with a refrain

**ballot** a ticket or sheet of paper containing a list of names for use in casting a vote

**ballocks** testicles (slang)

**bollix** to involve in bewildering entanglements

**bollocks** young or castrated bulls; large iron-strapped gin blocks fitted under the topmost crosstrees to take the topsail tyes

**ballot** (see **ballet[t]**)

**balm** a healing ointment

**baum** to court the favor of someone; to flatter (slang)

**bomb** a projectile carrying an explosive charge

**bombe** a frozen molded dessert

**ban** a provincial governor of former times in Croatia, Hungary, or Slavonia

**bon** a broad bean; a kidney bean

**banat** a province under the jurisdiction of a ban

**bonnet** a woman's head covering of cloth or straw usually tied under the chin with ribbons

**banc** a bench on which court judges sit

**bank** a portion of earth above the surrounding level; a business establishment that accepts deposits of and loans money

**band** an item which confines or constricts movement; an organized group of people

**banned** prohibited

**bands** items that confine or constrict movement; organized groups of people

**banns** a notice of proposed marriage proclaimed in church or a public place

**bans** prohibits

**bandy** a carriage or cart used in India and drawn by bullocks

**bundy** a small often crooked Australian tree with pendulous branches

**bank** (see **banc**)

**banket** the auriferous conglomerate rock of the Transvaal

**banquette** a raised way along the inside of a trench on which soliders and guns are posted to fire on the enemy

**banned** (see **band**)

**banns** (see **bands**)

**banquette** (see **banket**)

**bans** (see **bands**)

**bans** former provincial governors in Hungary, Croatia, or Slavonia having military powers in time of war

**bonds** agreements binding one or more parties' devices for holding or tying something together

**bons** broad beans; kidney beans

**bonze** a Buddhist monk of the Far East

**banyan** an East Indian tree the branches of which send out numerous trunks that grow into the soil

**bunion** an enlargement of the first joint of the great toe

**baos** African board games usually played by moving pebbles along two rows of holes

**boughs** tree branches

**bouse** to haul by means of tackle

**bowus** Indonesian units of land area each equal to 1.75 acres

**bows** bends down; the forward parts of ships or boats

**bar** (see **bahr**)

**barb** a sharp projection extending backward, as from a fishhook or arrowhead

**barbe** a short lace scarf worn at the throat or on the head

**Barbary** a coastal region in North Africa

**barberry** a prickly shrub of the genus *Berberis*

**barbery** a barber's craft

**barbe** (see **barb**)

**barbel** a slender tactile process on the lips of certain fishes; a large European freshwater fish with four barbels on its upper jaw

**barble** one of the small projections of the mucous membrane that marks the opening of the submaxillary glands under the tongue in horses and cattle

**barberry** (see **Barbary**)

**barbery** (see **Barbary**)

**barbet** any of numerous loud-voiced tropical birds having a large stout bill bearing bristles

**barbut** a steel helmet of the 15th century having a T-shaped face slit

**barble** (see **barbel**)

**barbut** (see **barbet**)

**bard** a poet

**barred** shut or kept out exposed to view

**byard** a leather strap crossing the breast and used by men to drag wagons in coal mines

**bare** exposed to view

**bear** a large heavy mammal; to carry a load

**ber** an edible drupaceous fruit from the tree of the genus *Ziziphus*; a Chinese date

**baretta** a rutaceous evergreen shrub of Texas

**biretta** a square head covering worn by ecclesiastics

**barf** vomit

**barff** to protect iron or steel with a coating of iron oxide

**baric** pertaining to atmospheric pressure, especially as measured by a barometer

**barrack** a building to house military service personnel

**baring** the surface soil removed from ore or rock

**bearing** producing or yielding

**barings** the small coal made in undercutting coal seams

**bearings** manners in which one comports oneself; eversion of the vagina at parturition in the ewe

**baritone** a male singing voice between bass and tenor (seldom barytone)

**barytone** (a word) having an unaccented final syllable, especially in Greek grammar

**Barkie** a breed of sheep

**barkie** a little sharp explosive cry uttered by dogs, foxes, and squirrels

**barky** covered with or resembling the exterior dead cellular structure of woody roots and stems

**barney** a small car attached to a cable and used on slopes in a mine

**barny** suggesting a barn especially in size or characteristic smell

**baron** a member of the peerage; a man of great power in some activity

**barren** devoid or lacking something, as vegetation; sterile

**baroness** a wife or widow of a baron

**barrenness** state of unproductivity; emptiness

**baroque** relating to or having the characteristics of a style of artistic expression prevalent especially in the 17th century

**berok** a pig-tailed ape, a macaque of the Malay peninsula

**barrack** (see **baric**)

**barre** (see **bahr**)

**barred** (see **bard**)

**barrel** a round bulging vessel of greater height than breadth usually made of staves bound with hoops

**beryl** a hard mineral consisting of a silicate of beryllium and aluminum

**barren** (see **baron**)

**barrenness** (see **baroness**)

**barret** a small cap

**barrette** a bar-shaped clip for holding hair in place

**bourette** an irregular slubbed yarn made usually of silk waste

**barrier** an obstruction

**berrier** a person who picks small pulpy edible fruit

**burier** a person or animal that buries or conceals something

**barry** in heraldry, divided into an even number of horizontal bars of two tinctures arranged alternately

**barye** the absolute cgs unit of pressure equal to one dyne per square centimeter

**barry** a baritone saxophone

**berry** a small pulpy edible fruit

**bury** to inter a corpse; to conceal

**barye** (see **barry**)

**barytone** (see **baritone**)

**bas** (see **ba**)

**bas** enough or stop, often used as an interjection in India

**boss** a cow or other bovine animal, used chiefly in calling such animals

**bus** a large motor-driven vehicle designed to carry passengers

**buss** to kiss; a rugged square-sailed fishing boat

**basal** fundamental; relating to the foundation, base, or essence

**basil** any of several aromatic plants

**base** a foundation

**bas** a low pitched sound

**beth** the second letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**based** formed a foundation

**baste** to sew with long loose stitches; to moisten with liquid during cooking



**baseman** a person stationed or positioned at a base, as in baseball

**bassman** a person who plays a bass viol or sings a bass part

**bases** foundations

**basis** a fundamental ingredient or essence

**basses** persons or instruments able to create the lowest pitched sounds

**basest** of the most inferior quality

**bassist** a contrabass player or a bass singer

**basil** a valuable Philippine timber tree; a fermented Philippine beverage

**bassi** bass singers

**bossy** inclined to domineer; a cow or calf; studded

**basil** (see **basal**)

**basilary** (see **bacillary**)

**basilican** resembling a basilica by having a nave and aisles with clerestory

**basilicon** an ointment composed of rosin, yellow wax, and lard

**basin** an open usually circular vessel

**bason** a bench, with a plate heated by a fire underneath, on which felt is formed

**basis** (see **bases**)

**bask** to derive pleasure or enjoyment

**Basque** one of the people inhabiting the western Pyrennes region on the Bay of Biscay in Spain

**basque** a woman's tight-fitting bodice

**bason** (see **basin**)

**Basque** and **basque** (see **bask**)

**bass** (see **base**)

**basses** (see **bases**)

**bassi** (see **basil**)

**bassist** (see **basest**)

**bassman** (see **baseman**)

**baste** (see **based**)

**bat** a stout solid stick; a flying mammal

**batt** a sheet of material for use in making felt or insulation (seldom: bat)

**bataan** (see **Baatan**)

**Batan** (see **Baatan**)

**batch** (see **bach**)

**bate** (see **bait**)

**bating** (see **baiting**)

**baton** (see **Baatan**)

**baton** a policeman's billyclub or truncheon

**batten** a strip of wood used for nailing across two other pieces

**batt** (see **bat**)

**battel** the account for college expenses at Oxford University

**battle** to engage in combat

**batten** (see **baton**)

**batter** (see **badder**)

**batterie** a ballet movement consisting of beating together the feet or calves of the legs

**battery** the act of battering or beating; the pitcher and catcher of a baseball team; a device for producing electric current

**battle** (see **battel**)

**battu** in ballet, to strike repeatedly in dance

**battue** driving or drawing out game from cover by beating woods and bushes

**batty** (see **baddy**)

**bauble** a trinket, geegaw, or plaything

**bobble** to make an error or mistake; to fumble

**baud** a unit to measure signaling speed in telegraphic code

**bawd** a person who keeps a house of prostitution

**baule** (see **ball**)

**baule** the theoretical amount of nitrogen or a mineral necessary to produce ½ the maximum possible crop yield

**bole** any cylindrically shaped object or mass

**boll** a plant's pod or capsule, as cotton or flax

**Bolle** a cultivated variety of white poplar with a pyramidal habit

**bowl** a rounded hollow vessel; to throw a ball down a green or alley, as in tenpins

**baum** (see **balm**)

**bawd** (see **baud**)

**bawl** (see **ball**)

**bawled** (see **bald**)

**bawler** (see **baller**)

**bawn** a fortified court of a castle; a fold for livestock

**Bon** a pre-Buddhist animist religion of Tibet; a popular Japanese festival

**Bonn** a city in western Germany

**bonne** a French maidservant

**bay-bay** atropical American shrub or small tree with racemose flowers and flesh fruits

**bye-bye** used to express farewell

**bayou** (see **bai-u**)

**bays** (see **baize**)

**bazaar** a place for the sale of merchandise

**bizarre** odd, extravagant, eccentric, or weird

**bb** a shot pellet about .18 inches in diameter

**beebee** the youngest member of a family or brood

**bibi** a Hindu mistress of a house

**be** to exist

**bee** a social colonial hymenopterous insect; a gathering of people to accomplish some purpose

**beach** a shoreline of ocean, sea, or lake

**beech** a smooth gray-barked tree

**bead** a small often round piece of material that is pierced for threading on a string or wire

**bede** a miner's pick

**beader** a device or person that makes a bead or strings beads

**beater** a device or person that beats or whips something

**beadle** (see **baetyl**)

**beady** resembling beads

**bidi** a cheap locally made cigarette, in India

**bean** the seed of a climbing leguminous plant

**been** existed

**bin** a four-stringed musical instrument of India with a long bamboo fingerboard

**beanie** a potbelly; a blackjack

**beany** a small round tight-fitting skullcap worn especially by school boys and collegians; marked with an oil-flavor suggestive of beans

**beenie** a bombardier navigator

**bene** well

**bear** (see **bare**)

**beard** hair growing over the face

**beered** drank or indulged in beer

**beardie** a small vigorous shaggy collielike sheepdog of Scottish origin

**beardy** having a growth of facial hair, particularly about the chin and jaws

**bearing** (see **baring**)

**bearings** (see **barings**)

**beast** a creature

**beest** a specialized secretion of a cow's mammary glands after calving

**beastie** a small creature

**bheesty** a water carrier for a house hold or regiment in India

**beat** to strike repeatedly

**beet** a biennial plant with a bulbous root

**beater** (see **beader**)

**beau** a man who goes steadily with a woman; an escort

**beaux** men who go steadily with a woman or specific women; escorts

**bo** a hobo; a fig tree of India

**boh** a leader of roving bands of criminals in India and Burma who rob and murder

**boo** marijuana (slang)

**bow** a weapon used to propel an arrow; an implement used to play a stringed musical instrument

**Beaune** a red table wine

**bone** the hard part of a vertebrate's skeleton

**beaut** a beautiful thing

**bute** phenylbutazone, a potent crystalline drug used to reduce pain and inflammation in rheumatic diseases and gout

**Butte** a city in southwestern Montana

**butte** an isolated hill or mountain with steep sides

**beaux** (see **beau**)

**beaux** men who go steadily with a woman or specific women; escorts

**bows** weapons used to propel arrows

**becken** large concave brass plates that produce clashing musical tones, (cymbals)

**beckon** to extend attraction, interest, allure, or appeal

**bedash** to splash with color or rain

**berdache** an American Indian transvestite assuming more or less permanently the role and social status of a woman

**bedded** deposited in layers or stratified

**betted** wagered

**bedder** a person who fixes beds; a plant grown in a bed

**better** to improve; in a more excellent manner

**bettor** a person that wagers or gambles (seldom **better**)

**bedding** bed clothes; a bottom layer

**betting** wagering

**bede** (see **bead**)

**bee** (see **be**)

**beebee** (see **bb**)

**beech** (see **beach**)

**beeheaded** eccentric; crazy

**beheaded** severed the head or crown from

**been** (see **bean**)

**been** existed

**ben** a seed of an East Indian or African tree

**been** existed

**bin** an enclosed storage place

**beenie** (see **beanie**)

**beer** a fermented beverage made from malted grain and hops

**bier** a stand on which a corpse or coffin is placed

**birrh** a dry, slightly bitter French aperitif with a light orange flavor

**beered** (see **beard**)

**beery** influenced by beer drinking; convivial

**birri** a woolen cape or cloak worn with a hood by Romans

**bees** social colonial hymenopterous insects; gatherings of people to accomplish a purpose

**bise** a cold dry wind of southern Europe

**beest** (see **beast**)

**beet** (see **beat**)

**beetle** (see **baetyl**)

**beflour** to dust with powder made of ground grain

**beflower** to adorn with blossoms

**beheaded** (see **beeheaded**)

**bel** a thorny citrus tree of India

**bell** a hollow spherical metallic device that resonates when hit with a clapper

**Belle** a variety of white-fleshed peach of outstanding beauty

**belle** a popular or attractive girl or woman

**bema** the part of an early Christian and modern Eastern Orthodox church that contains the altar and synthronon

**bima(h)** a platform in a Jewish synagogue bearing the reading desk

**ben** (see **been**)

**bench** a long seat

**bensh** to say a blessing or recite prayers

**bends** constrains or strains into a tense condition

**Benz** Benzedrine (slang)

**bene** (see **beanie**)

**benet** the third of the four minor orders in the Roman Catholic church; an exorcist

**bennet** a yellow-flowered avens

**Beni** a Negro people of southern Nigeria

**ben(n)e** an East Indian annual erect herb

**Benny** a man's overcoat

**benny** an amphetamine tablet used as a stimulant (slang); a closefitting benjamin overcoat (slang)

**bennet** (see **benet**)

**Benny and benny** (see **Beni**)

**bensh** (see **bench**)

**Benz** (see **bends**)

**benzene** a flammable, volatile, toxic aromatic liquid hydrocarbon

**benzine** a flammable, volatile petroleum distillate consisting chiefly of aliphatic hydrocarbons

**benzil** a yellow crystalline diketone made by oxidizing benzoin

**benzyl** the univalent radical derived from toluene by removing one hydrogen atom from the side chain

**benzine** (see **benzene**)

**benzyl** (see **benzil**)

**ber** (see **bare**)

**berdache** (see **bedash**)

**berg** an iceberg

**burg(h)** a village

**berley** bait scattered on the water to attract fish

**burley** thin-bodied air-cured tobacco

**burly** strongly built; a burlesque

**Berlin** the capital of Germany

**berlin** a 4-wheeled 2-seated covered carriage

**berline** an enclosed automobile body having at the rear of the driver's seat a glass partition with usually one movable window

**Bern(e)** the capital of Switzerland

**birn** a socket on a clarinet into which the mouthpiece is fitted

**burn** to consume fuel

**berok** (see **baroque**)

**berrier** (see **barrier**)

**berry** (see **barry**)

**berth** a sleeping accommodation on a ship, plane, or train

**birth** the act of being born

**beryl** (see **barrel**)

**Bete and bete** (see **bait**)

**betel** (see **baetyl**)

**beth** (see **bait** or **base**)

**betted** (see **bedded**)

**better** (see **bedder**)

**betting** (see **bedding**)

**bettor** (see **bedder**)

**beurre** buttered, as "peas au buerre"

**birr** an onward rush, as of a wind or onslaught in battle

**buhr** a projection resembling a tooth on a millstone

**bur** a small rotary cutting tool

**bur(r)** a prickly envelope of some fruits and plants

**beys** (see **baize**)

**bhabar** a valuable Indian fibergrass used for making mats, rope, and paper

**bobber** a fishing float; a ruddy duck; a member of a bobsled team

**b(h)ang** the leaves and flowering tip of hemp

**bong** the deep resonant sound of a bell

**bhangi** a Hindu sweeper or scavenger

**bungee** an auxiliary spring device; an elasticized cord

**Bhar** (see **bahr**)

**bharal** a wild sheep having down-curved horns and living at high elevations in the Himalayas and Tibet

**bird** to revolve or cause a floating log to rotate by treading on it

**birdle** to ply with drink; to carouse (seldom **birdl**)

**bird** a hard woody tree growth

**birdal** inferior land lying beside outfields

**birdel** a variety of pear having soft and melting flesh

**bird** (see **bird**)

**birdy** (see **birdie**)

**Bhara** a modern Shi'ite sect of western India retaining some Hindu elements

**bird** an occasional violent cold north to northeast wind that blows over the northern Adriatic sea; a rite in which Australian aborigine boys are initiated into manhood

**bird** an especially malevolent spirit or ghost in India

**bird** a covering for the foot and leg that is usually made of leather or rubber

**bird** having sexual desire, commonly on an unconscious level, for members of both sexes

**bird** to purchase

**bird** next to

**bird** the position of a tournament participant who faces no opponent in a particular round

'bird goodbye (by shortening)

**bird** a cloth worn around the chest

**Bird** a variety of dark green lettuce with a small head

**bird** a piece of timber bolted to the hounds of a ship's mast to support the trestletrees

**bird** (see **bird**)

**birdless** being without a piece of cloth worn across the chest and often tied around the neck to protect clothing during eating

**birdus** a substance prepared from the pith of the papryrus plant

**bird** a large primitive fish found in the upper Nile

**bird** a person who complains, gripes, or grouses about something

**birdy** a kola nut

**birdy** suggestive of malice or arrogance

**bird** the maker of a bid, as in contract bridge; a person who invites or issues a mild order

**bird** a strong, pungent, or unpleasant taste; acrid; grievous

**birding** an offer of a price; an invitation or summons

**bitting** the shape of the bit of a key that causes it to actuate the lock

**birdy** an elderly housemaid or cleaning woman in a dormitory; an adult female domestic fowl

**birdy** made up of bits; scrappy; small or tiny

**bird** to continue in some state or condition

**byed** declined to bet or make a bid in a card game

**bird** a person who continues in some state or condition

**bird** one who seizes with the teeth

**bird** (see **beady**)

**birding** waiting, tarrying, or awaiting one's pleasure

**bighting** arranging, laying, or fastening a rope in a curve or loop

**biting** seizing with the teeth

**bier** (see **beer**)

**bietle** (see **baetyl**)

**biga** a two-horse chariot of ancient Mediterranean countries

**bigha** any of various Indian units of land area varying between one-third and one acre

**bight** a curve or loop in a rope, hose, or chain

**bite** to seize with the teeth

**byte** a group of adjacent binary digits that a computer processes (binary digit eight)

**bighting** (see **biding**)

**bile** (see **bael**)

**Bilin** (see **baleen**)

**billed** charged a customer for merchandise; offered on a program

**build** to construct

**billian** a valuable timber tree of Borneo having heavy hard antproof wood

**billion** a thousand millions

**bima(h)** (see **bema**)

**bin** (see **bean** or **been**)

**binds** makes secure by tying

**bines** twining stems or flexible shoots

**binnaele** a container for a ship's compass and a lamp

**binocle** a binocular telescope, field glass, or opera glass

**bio** (see **bai-u**)

**bird** a warm-blooded egg-laying feathered vertebrate, usually able to fly

**burred** rough and prickly

**birdie** a golf score one under par on a hole

**birdy** abounding in birds

**biretta** (see **baretta**)

**birl** (see **bharal**)

**birle** (see **bharal**)

**birma** the Santa Maria tree, an evergreen tropical American tree

**Burma** a country in southeast Asia that changed its official name to the Union of Myanmar in 1989

**birn** (see **Bern[e]**)

**birr** (see **beurre**)

**birri** (see **beery**)

**birth** (see **berth**)

**Biscayan** a native or resident of Biscay province, Spain

**biscayen** a military musket or the ball used in it

**bise** (see **bees**)

**bit** a small quantity; the part of a steel bridle that is inserted in a horse's mouth

**bitt** a post fixed on a ship's deck around which lines are made fast

**bitcher** (see **bichir**)

**bitchy** (see **bichy**)

**bite** (see **bight**)

**biter** (see **bider**)

**biting** (see **biding**)

**bitt** (see **bit**)

**bitter** (see **bidder**)

**bitting** (see **bidding**)

**bitty** (see **bidly**)

**biz** (see **bais**)

**bizarre** (see **bazaar**)

**blackie** a black duck; a Canada goose

**blacky** somewhat dark-colored or blackish

**blasted** produced sounds of undesired loudness

**blastid** an enchinoderm or fossil of the class *Blastoidea*

**blays** a small European cyprinid fish

**blaze** a bright flame or intense light

**bleater** an animal or person that makes a sound suggestive of the call of sheep; any of several game birds that resemble the woodcock

**bleeder** a person that draws or gives blood

**blend** to mix or combine

**blende** any of several minerals with somewhat bright nonmetallic luster

**blew** produced an air current

**Blue** the University of Michigan football team

**blue** a color between green and violet, as a clear sky or deep sea

**blewits** an edible agaric (fungus) that is pale lilac when young

**bluets** a light blue color; any of several North American plants of the madder family

**blight** a plant disease or injury; to cause to deteriorate

**blite** any of several herbs, as the strawberry blite

**bloc** a combination of persons, groups, or nations for a common interest

**block** a solid piece of wood, metal, or stone

**blooey** out of order or awry (slang)

**bluey** a blue crab; any of several Australian lizards; a legal summons

**Blue and blue** (see **blew**)

**bluetongue** an African horse sickness; a serious virus disease of African sheep

**blue-tongue** a lizard of Tasmania

**bluets** (see **blewits**)

**bluey** (see **blooey**)

**bo** (see **beau**)

**boar** an uncastrated male swine

**Boer** a South African of Dutch or Huguenot descent

**bore** to pierce or drill a hole

**board** a piece of sawed lumber; to enter a ship, plane, bus, or train; a group of persons

**bord** a straight passageway driven at right angles to the main cleavage of coal in a mine

**bored** pierced or drilled a hole; devoid of interest

**boarder** a person provided with regular meals and or lodging

**bordar** a feudal tenant bound to menial service to a lord

**border** an outer part or edge

**boardroom** a room designated for meetings of a board which usually contains a large conference table

**bordroom** a space off a passageway from which coal is being or has been mined

**boast** to say or tell something intended to give others a high opinion of oneself

**bosed** tested ground by noting the sound of percussion from the blow of a heavy hammer

**boat** a small vessel propelled by oars, paddles, sail, or engine

**bote** compensation for injury to a person or honor

**boating** the act or sport of one who uses small watercraft

**boding** an omen or ominous premonition about the future

**bobber** (see **bhabar**)

**bobbin** (see **Babhan**)

**bobble** (see **bauble**)

**boca** a river mouth or harbor entrance

**bocca** a vent at the side or base of an active volcano from which lava flows

**bocce** or **bocci(e)** a bowling game of Italian origin

**botchy** full of defects: poorly done



**boce** a brightly colored European fish of the family Sparidae

**Bos** a genus of ruminant mammals including wild and domestic cattle

**bose** to test the ground by noting the sound of percussion from the blow of a heavy hammer

**Boche** a German, usually used disparagingly

**bosh** pretentious nonsense or silliness; the lower sloping part of a blast furnace

**books** bookbinding leathers made from sheepskin

**box** a square or oblong container

**bod** (see **baaed**)

**bode** to indicate by signs or be an omen of

**bowed** bent or curved

**boding** (see **boating**)

**Boer** (see **boar**)

**Boer** a South African of Dutch or Huguenot descent

**boer** a person who shouts disapproval or contempt

**boor** a rude, clumsy, insensitive, or boring person

**bogey** in golf, to shoot a hole in one stroke over par; a small stone

**bogie** tobacco in small twisted ropes

**boh** (see **beau**)

**bolar** resembling clay

**bowler** a player who delivers the ball to the batsman in cricket; a person who plays tenpins

**bolas** weapons consisting of two or more stone or iron balls attached to the ends of a cord which are used to ensnare animals

**bolus** a large rounded mass in the form of a pill or chewed food

**bowless** being without a weapon made of a strip of flexible material with a cord that connects the two ends

**bold** fearless in meeting danger or difficulty

**boled** having a cylindrical shape

**bolled** having or producing pods or capsules, as in a plant

**bowled** played the game of bowls or tenpins

**bolder** more fearless in meeting danger or difficulty

**boulder** a detached mass of rock

**bole** (see **baule**)

**boled** (see **bold**)

**boll** (see **baule**)

**Bolle** (see **baule**)

**bolled** (see **bold**)

**bollix** (see **ballocks**)

**bollocks** (see **ballocks**)

**bolly** a cotton pod or capsule that has remained unopened or partly opened usually as a result of frost injury

**bowly** a large usually rectangular sunken pool or well in India that serves as a public water supply

**bolter** an animal that is given to suddenly breaking away

**boulter** a line to which many hooks are attached for deep water bottomfishing

**bolus** (see **bolas**)

**bomb** (see **balm**)

**bombard** to attack with explosive projectiles or other explosive weaponry

**bombarde** a powerful reed stop of 32- or 16-foot pitch in a pipe organ

**Bombay** a city in India

**bombé** having an outward swelling curve in furniture

**bombe** (see **balm**)

**bombous** of a convex rounded surface

**Bombus** a genus of bees comprising the typical bumble bees



**bombus** a humming or buzzing noise in the intestines or ears

**Bon** (see **bawn**)

**bon** (see **ban**)

**bon** the broad or kidney bean; the stiff dried hand-cleaned but not completely degummed fiber of ramie

**Bonn** a city in western Germany

**bonds** (see **bans**)

**bone** (see **Beaune**)

**bon(e)y** skinny or scrawny; full of bone

**Boni** a Bush Negro people of the interior of French Guiana

**bong** (see **b[h]ang**)

**Boni** (see **bon[e]y**)

**Bonn** (see **bawn** or **bon**)

**bonne** (see **bawn**)

**bonnes** French maidservants

**bunds** embankments used to control the flow of water; politically oriented associations of people

**buns** round or oblong breadrolls; knots or coils of hair

**bonnet** (see **banat**)

**bons** (see **bans**)

**bonze** (see **bans**)

**boo** (see **beau**)

**boobie** a woman's breast (slang)

**booby** an awkward foolish person; any of several gannets of tropical seas

**Bubi** a Bantu-speaking people of the island of Fernando Po, West Africa

**boo-boo** a stupid or careless mistake

**boubou** any of several large African shrikes; a long, loose fitting brightly colored garment worn by both sexes in parts of Africa

**booby** (see **boobie**)

**boer** (see **Boer**)

**boogie** to dance the boogie-woogie; Negro, usually used disparagingly

**Bugi** an Indonesian people of the southern part of Sulawesi island

**book** a collection of folded sheets bearing printing or writing that have usually been bound together into a volume

**bouk** the division between the reticular and abomasum in the stomach of a ruminant

**bookie** a person who determines odds and receives and pays off bets; a person who makes books

**booky** inclined to rely on knowledge obtained from books; bookish

**bool** a hoop for rolling

**boule** a game similar to roulette; inlaid decoration developed under Louis XIV

**buhl** inlaid decoration using tortoise shell, yellow metal, and white metal in cabinet work

**booly** a company of herdsmen wandering with their cattle

**boule** a legislative council of ancient Greece

**boon** an often timely and gratuitous benefit received and enjoyed; the woody portion of the stem of flax or hemp after the removal of fiber by retting

**Boone** a chert formation of the Mississippian geological series in the western Ozarks

**boor** (see **Boer**)

**boor** a rustic or peasant typically rough, crude, and insensitive

**bourg** a town or village

**boos** shouts of disapproval or contempt

**booze** an intoxicating drink

**bouse** carouse (also **bowse**)

**boot** (see **bhut**)

**bootee** an infant's sock of knitted or crocheted wool (also bootie)

**booty** plunder or spoils of war

**buddhi** the faculty of intuitive discernment or direct spiritual awareness in the beliefs of Hinduism and Buddhism

**booze** (see **boos**)

**bora** (see **Bhora**)

**boraks** something that ridicules, mocks, or scorns

**borax** a mineral used in glass, ceramics, agricultural chemicals, and as a water softener

**bord** (see **board**)

**bordar** (see **boarder**)

**border** (see **boarder**)

**bordroom** (see **boardroom**)

**bore** (see **boar**)

**bored** (see **board**)

**born** brought into existence

**borne** endured or tolerated

**born(e)** an intermittent stream

**borough** a village, township, or town

**burro** a small donkey

**burrow** a hole in the ground

**Bos** (see **baas** and **boce**)

**bose** (see **boce**)

**boosed** (see **boast**)

**bosh** (see **Boche**)

**boss** (see **baas** and **bas**)

**bosse** (see **baas**)

**bossy** (see **basi**)

**botany** the science of plants

**botonny** a cross having a cluster of three balls or knobs at the end of each arm

**botchy** (see **bocce**)

**bote** (see **boat**)

**botonny** (see **botany**)

**bot(t)** (see **baht**)

**boubou** (see **boo-boo**)

**bouché** stopped with the hand, as in French horn playing

**bouchée** a small patty or creampuff filled with creamed meat or fish

**boucher** a hand axe or crude stone implement used by paleolithic man

**Bougainvillea** a genus of ornamental tropical American woody vines

**Bougainvillia** a widely distributed genus of marine hydrozoans

**boughs** (see **baos**)

**bought** a twist or turn in the grain of a bowstave

**bout** a round in a game or encounter

**bouk** (see **book**)

**boulder** (see **bolder**)

**boule** (see **bool** and **booly**)

**boule** a game similar to roulette; a pear-shaped mass of some substance formed synthetically in a Verneuil furnace

**bouille** inlaid cabinetwork decoration developed under Louis XIV

**boullion** a broth made by slowly boiling meat in water

**bullion** gold, silver, or other metal in the shape of bars or ingots

**boulter** (see **bolter**)

**bourdon** the drone bass, as in a bagpipe or hurdy-gurdy

**burden** something carried

**bourette** (see **barret**)

**bourg** (see **boor**)

**born(e)** (see **born**)

**bouse** (see **baos** and **boos**)

**bout** (see **bought**)

**bouws** (see **baos**)

**bow** (see **beau**)

**bowed** (see **bode**)

**bowl** (see **baule**)

**bowled** (see **bold**)

**bowler** (see **bolar**)

**bowless** (see **bolas**)

**bowly** (see **bolly**)

**bows** (see **baos** and **beaux**)

**box** (see **bocks**)

**boy** a male child

**buoy** an object floating in water and moored to the bottom to serve as a channel marker

**bracked** sorted or inspected merchandise

**bract** a somewhat modified leaf associated with the reproductive structures of a plant

**brae** glacier or ice cap

**braies** breeches or trousers worn during medieval times

**bray** a loud harsh cry characteristic of a donkey

**brei** a conventionalized heraldic representation of a pair of barnacles

**braes** glaciers or ice caps

**braise** to cook slowly in fat and little moisture in a tightly closed pot

**brays** utters a loud harsh cry characteristic of a donkey

**braze** to solder with an alloy

**breys** conventionalized heraldic representation of pairs of barnacles; softens skins or leather by working with the hands

**brys** buttermilk paps usually made with barley and eaten with sugar and syrup

**Brahma** an Asian breed of very large domestic fowls; any large vigorous heat resistant and tick-resistant Indian cattle

**Brahmah** an hydraulic machine that produces enormous pressure

**Brahman** any of several breeds of Indian cattle

**Bremen** a city in northwest Germany

**braid** a cord or ribbon, usually with three or more interwoven strands

**brayed** uttered a loud harsh cry characteristic of a donkey

**breyed** softened skins or leather by working with the hands

**braies** (see **brae**)

**brail** the feathers at a hawk's rump; a rake-like tool to harvest clams

**Braille** the system of tactile symbols by which blind persons read and write

**brale** a conical diamond indenter with an angle of 120 degrees that is used in the Rockwell hardness test

**braise** (see **braes**)

**brake** a device to arrest motion of a mechanism, often by friction; to apply such a device

**break** to split into pieces

**braker** a worker who rolls dough for baked goods or macarone products

**breaker** a plow with a moldboard arrangement for turning over virgin soil

**brakie (or brakey)** a member of a train crew whose duties include operating hand brakes (slang)

**braky** abounding with brambles, shrubs, or ferns

**brale** (see **brail**)

**brand** a mark made with a stencil or hot iron; to apply such a mark

**branned** cleansed of oil, especially with bran

**branded** impressed indelibly

**brandied** preserved in an alcoholic liquor distilled from wine or fermented fruit juice

**brands** marks of simple easily recognized pattern made by a hot iron, stencil, or strap; a class of goods associated with a single or manufacturer or firm

**brans** broken coats of the seeds of wheat, rye, or other cereal grain separated from the kernels

**branned** (see **brand**)

**brans** (see **brands**)

**brasil** a tree of Texas and adjacent Mexico yielding a yellow dye

**Brazil** the largest country in South America both in area and population

**brazil** the wood of a South American tree, brazilwood

**brass** an alloy of copper and a base metal, usually zinc or sometimes tin

**brasse** a European bass

**brassie** a wooden golf club soled with some metal

**brassy** resembling brass; coarse and impudent

**brattice** an often temporary partition used in a mine to control ventilation

**brattish** relating to, or suggestive of a spoiled child

**bray** (see **brae**)

**brayed** (see **braid**)

**brays** (see **braes**)

**braze** (see **braes**)

**Brazil** and **brazil** (see **brasil**)

**breach** an infraction or violation of some standard or law

**breech** short pants covering the hips and thighs; the buttocks

**bread** food made of flour dough or grain meal

**bred** reared or inculcated with certain traditions

**break** (see **brake**)

**breaker** (see **braker**)

**bream** a European freshwater cyprinoid fish

**brim** the edge or rim of a cup or hat

**breast** the front of the chest

**Brest** a seaport and city at the western extremity of France

**bred** (see **bread**)

**breech** (see **breach**)

**breed** to propagate sexually

**bride** a small joining that resembles a bar and is used to connect various parts of a lace pattern

**brees** girls or young women

**breeze** a steady light or moderate air current

**Bries** soft perishable cheeses ripened by mold

**Bremen** (see **Brahman**)

**Brest** (see **breast**)

**brew** to produce or bring about by mixing ingredients

**bruh** a pigtailed macaque of the East Indies

**brewed** produced or brought about by mixing ingredients

**brood** the young of animals hatched concurrently; to incubate eggs; to dwell moodily on a subject

**brewhaha** a serving of brew (slang)

**brouhaha** a confused medley of sounds

**brews** produces or brings about by mixing ingredients

**bruhs** pigtailed macaques of the East Indies

**bruise** an injury caused by a blow not breaking the injured surface

**bruzz** a wheelwright's corner chisel

**brey** (see **bray**)

**breyed** (see **braid**)

**breys** (see **braes**)

**brickie** a bricklayer (slang)

**bricky** tipsy

**bricks** a building or paving material made of molded clay

**brix** the percentage of sugar concentration by weight according to the Brix scale

**bricky** (see **brickie**)

**bridal** a nuptial festival or ceremony

**bridle** a headgear by which a horse is controlled

**bride** (see **breed**)

**bridle** (see **bridal**)

**Bries** (see **brees**)

**bril** a unit of subjective luminance

**brill** a European flatfish related to the turbot

**brilliance** sparkling with luster

**brilliant** old sizes of type (approximately 3½ point) smaller than diamond

**brim** (see **bream**)

**brisk** moving quickly; alert, lively, or sprightly

**brisque** an ace or ten in certain card games, as in bezique

**Britain** Great Britain (by shortening)

**Briton** a member of one of the peoples inhabiting Britain prior to the Anglo-Saxon invasions

**britten** the red-necked grebe, a shorebird

**brix** (see **bricks**)

**bro** brother (slang)

**broh** a pigtailed macaque of the East Indies

**broach** to turn dangerously broadside to the waves; to introduce a subject for discussion

**brooch** a fastening device now used chiefly for ornamental jewelry

**broad-boughed** a tree broadly or widely branched

**broad-bowed** something, such as a ship, possessing a broadly curved bow

**brocard** an elementary principle or maxim

**brokered** functioned as negotiator or intermediary

**broch** a prehistoric circular stone tower found on the Orkney and Shetland islands and the Scottish mainland

**brock** a badger

**broh** (see **bro**)

**brokered** (see **brocard**)

**brome** a grass of the genus *Bromus*, as awnless bromegrass

**brougham** a vehicle similar to a carriage or automobile with the driver's seat outside

**bromous** pertaining to an unstable acid believed to be formed in solution by action of bromine water on silver nitrate

**Bromus** a large genus of grasses native to temperate regions

**bronks** unbroken or imperfectly broken range horses of western North America

**Bronx** a borough of New York City

**brooch** (see **broach**)

**brood** (see **brewed**)

**brooded** sat on or incubated eggs for the purpose of hatching; pondered

**bruted** made celebrated by general mention or publicity

**brookie** a brook trout

**brooky** full of creeks

**broom** a sweeping implement; any of various leguminous shrubs

**brougham** a vehicle similar to a carriage or automobile with the driver's seat outside

**brume** mist, fog, or vapor

**brougham** (see **brome** or **broom**)

**brouhaha** (see **brewhaha**)

**brownie** a good natured goblin; a member of the Girl Scouts between ages seven through nine

**browny** verging on the color brown

**brows** foreheads

**browse** to gaze; to look over casually

**bruh** (see **brew**)

**bruhs** (see **brows**)

**bruise** (see **brows**)

**bruit** to publicize or tout

**Brut** a medieval chronicle of Britain

**brute** utterly lacking in sensitivity or higher feelings

**bruted** (see **brooded**)

**brume** (see **broom**)

**Brut** (see **bruit**)

**brute** (see **bruit**)

**bruzz** (see **brews**)

**brys** (see **braes**)

**Bubalis** a genus of African antelopes including the hartebeest

**Bubalus** a genus of Bovidae comprising mud-wallowing buffaloes of Asia

**Bubi** (see **boobie**)

**buccal** relating to the cheeks

**buckle** an ornamental fastening device; to warp, bend, or heave

**bucco** the dried leaves of certain plants of the genera *Barosma* and *Diosma* used as a diuretic and diaphoretic

**bucko** a person who is domineering and bullying, especially officers of sailing ships

**buckie** an alewife fish that is smoked for food

**bucky** exhibiting characteristics of the male animal

**buckle** (see **buccal**)

**bucko** (see **bucco**)

**bucky** (see **buckie**)

**bud** an undeveloped shoot on a tree, bush, or flower

**but** except for that

**butt** to strike with the head or horns

**budded** commenced growth from a small lateral or terminal protuberance on the stem of a plant consisting of undeveloped shoots

**butted** placed end to end; struck with the head or horns

**budder** a person who inserts buds in plant stocks

**butter** a creamy spread; to cover with lavish praise or flattery

**buddhi** (see **bootee**)

**buddle** an inclined trough or platform on which crushed ore is concentrated by running water which washes out the lighter and less valuable portions

**buttle** to serve or act as a butler

**buddy** full or suggestive of buds; a close friend

**butty** a worker or middleman who takes an allotment of work by contract at so much per ton of coal or ore for execution; an archer's shooting companion

**buffe** woman singers of comic roles in opera

**buffet** a counter for refreshments and food

**buffo** a male singer or comic roles in opera

**Bufo** a large genus of toads that contains the common toads of America and Europe

**bufo** any toad of the genus *Bufo*

**Bugi** (see **boogie**)

**buhl** (see **bool**)

**buhr** (see **buerre**)

**build** (see **billed**)

**bullace** a small wild or half-domesticated European plum

**bullous** resembling or characterized by large vesicles or elevation of cuticles usually containing serum

**bullae** small leather or metal cases containing amulets and suspended by a cord around the neck; blisterlike or bubblelike prominences of a bone

**bully** a person given to browbeating and threatening; of the best quality, excellent, or first-rate

**bullion** (see **bouillion**)

**bullous** (see **bullace**)

**bullseye** a reddish small-scaled Australian food fish

**bull's-eye** the center of a target

**bully** (see **bullae**)

**bulto** a bundle of fibers for roop making

**bultow** a long heavy fishline consisting of one or more skates of gear that is anchored at either end

**bunds** (see **bonnes**)

**bundy** (see **bandy**)

**bungee** (see **bhangi**)

**union** (see **banyan**)

**bunkie** a bunkmate (slang)

**bunky** full of nonsense

**bunnia** one of a cast of Hindu merchants and traders

**bunya** an Australian coniferous tree

**bunyah** a cocique, a tropical American oriole

**buns** (see **bonnes**)

**bunya** (see **bunnia**)

**bunyah** (see **bunnia**)

**buoy** (see **boy**)

**bur** (see **beurre**)

**burden** (see **bourdon**)

**bureau** a low chest of drawers, often with a mirror

**buero** the policy-forming committee of the Communist part of the former U.S.S.R.

**burger** a flat cake of ground or chopped meat fried or grilled and served between slices of bread

**Burgher** a Ceylonese of mixed blood, specifically of Dutch descent

**burgher** a resident of a town

**burg(h)** (see **berg**)

**burghal** relating to a municipal corporation

**burgle** to burglarize

**Burgher** and **burgher** (see **burger**)

**burgle** (see **burghal**)

**burier** (see **barrier**)

**burl** (see **bharal**)

**burley** (see **berley**)

**burly** (see **berley**)

**Burma** (see **birma**)

**burn** (see **Bern[e]**)

**burnie** a partially smoked marijuana cigarette

**burny** inclined to burn

**byrnie** a coat of mail

**buero** (see **bureau**)

**burral** (see **bharal**)

**burred** (see **bird**)

**burrel** (see **bharal**)

**burro** (see **borough**)

**burrow** (see **borough**)

**bur(r)** (see **beurre**)

**bury** (see **barry**)

**bus** (see **bas**)

**buss** (see **bas**)

**bussed** kissed; transported by bus

**bust** a sculptured representation of the upper part of the human figure; to punch or break open

**but** (see **bud**)

**bute** (see **beaut**)

**butt** (see **bud**)

**Butte** and **butte** (see **beaut**)

**butted** (see **budded**)

**butter** (see **budder**)

**butteris** a steel instrument for paring horse hoofs

**buttress** a projecting structure of masonry

or wood for supporting or giving stability to a wall

**bottle** (see **buddle**)

**buttness** (see **butteris**)

**butty** (see **buddy**)

**buy** (see **bi**)

**by** (see **bi**)

**byard** (see **bard**)

**bye** (see **bi**)

'**bye** (see **bi**)

**bye-bye** (see **bay-bay**)

**byed** (see **bide**)

**byo** (see **bai-u**)

**bypassed** detoured around

**bypast** something that is past or bygone

**byrnie** (see **burnie**)

**byrrh** (see **beer**)

**byte** (see **bight**)

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## Group I

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**bacchanal** - **bacchanale**

**bacchant** - **bacchante**

**baggie** - **baggy**

**bar** - **barre**

**bargainer** - **bargainor**

**belligerence** - **belligerents**

**bivalence** - **bivalents**

**blender** - **blendor**

**boosy** - **boozy**

**borts** - **bortz**

**broad-gage** - **broad-gauge**

**brunet** - **brunette**

**bulbous** - **bulbus**

**buret** - **burette**

**burka** - **burqa**

**byssin** - **byssine**

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## Group I and II

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**biographee** bī'ägrə,fē

**biography** bī'ägrəfē

**bourg** 'bürg

**burg(h)** 'bərg

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## Group II

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**Bacchae** 'bak,ē

**baccy** 'bakē

**bade** 'baad

**bayed** 'bād

**baht** 'bät

**bought** 'bót

**bailee** bā'lē

**bailey** 'bālē

**balks** 'böks

**box** 'bäks

**ballad** 'baləd

**ballade** ba'läd

**bal(l)on** ba'lön

**balloon** bə'lün

**balun** 'ba,lən

**bandar** 'bändər

**bander** 'bandər

**banzai** 'bän'zī

**bonsai** 'bän,sī

**bar** 'bär

**barré** bā'rā

**baratte** bə'rat

**barret** bə'ret

**barbel** 'bärbəl

**barbell** 'bär,bel

**barbet** 'barbät

**barbette** bär'bet

**baren** 'bä,ren

**baron** 'barən

**baritone** 'barə,tön

**baryton** 'barə,tän



**barré** bā:rā**beret** bə'rā**baton** bə'tān**beton** bā'tōn**Baumer** 'bômər**bomber** 'bämər**bawdy** 'bôdē**body** bādē**beery** 'birē or 'biri**biri** 'bērē**Begar** 'bā,gār**beggar** 'begər**béguin** bāga<sup>n</sup>**Beguine** bə'gēn**below** bē'lō**biló** 'bēlō**Berlin** bər'lin**birlinn** 'berlin**beryl** 'berəl**birl** 'bərɪ**besot** bə'sót**besought** bə'sāt**binnaele** 'binəkəl**binocle** 'binokl**blanket** 'blaŋkət**blanquette** blāŋkət**blowen** 'blōən**blown** 'blōn**boor** 'bōr**boar** 'būr**Boran** bō'rān**boron** 'bō.rān**bot(t)** 'bāt**bought** 'bót**bourgeois** 'bú(r)zh.wä**bushwah** 'büsh.wä**bourse** 'bürs**burse** 'bərs**bowyer** 'böyər**boyar** bō'yār**brickle** 'brikəl**bricole** bri'kōl**brut** 'br.ʌt**brute** 'brüt**buffi** 'büfē**buffy** 'bəfē**buhlwork** 'bül.wərk**bulwork** 'bül.wərk**bulbil** 'bəlbəl**bulbul** 'bül.bül**Bulgar** 'bül.gār**bulgur** bül:gür**bustee** 'bə.stē**busty** 'bəstē

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## C

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**C** a high level, highly structured, problem-oriented programming language, bearing a strong resemblance to PASCAL

**sea** a body of salty water

**si** a music syllable in the sol-fa sequence

**caam** the heddles of a loom

**calm** stillness or quietude

**caama** a southern African fox

**cama** a cowboy's bedroll

**comma** a punctuation mark

**kaama** a large African antelope

**Kama** the Hindu god of love

**kama** in Hinduism, enjoyment of the world of the senses as an end of humanity

**caaming** setting the reed in weaving by properly placing the warp yarns

**calming** quieting or soothing

**caapi** a vine of northwestern South America

**copje** a small hill, especially on the African veld

**copy** a reproduction of original work

**kappie** a sunbonnet

**kopje** a small hill found especially on the African veld

**caatinga** a stunted rather sparse forest in northeastern Brazil that is leafless in the dry season

**Cotinga** the type of genus of birds called Cotingidae that are related to the manakins

**cotinga** a bird of the family Contingidae

**cache** a hiding place

**cash** ready money

**cachou** an aromatic pill or pastille made of licorice, various aromatics, and gum that is used to sweeten the breath

**cashew** a tropical American tree important chiefly for its nut

**cashoo** an extract of the heartwood of an East Indian acacia; a variable color averaging auburn

**cacky** sticky or muddy; to void excrement

**khaki** a durable cotton or woolen cloth used for military uniforms; a light yellowish brown color

**cacoon** a tropical American plant

**coocoon** an envelope that larvae of many insects form about themselves prior to changing to a pupa

**kokoon** a brindled gnu

**cadalene** a colorless liquid hydrocarbon obtained by dehydrogenating cadinene

**Catalan** a native or inhabitant of Catalonia, an eastern region of Spain

**Catalin** a thermosetting plastic made of a cast phenol-formaldehyde resin

**caddish** like a person without gentlemanly instincts

**cattish** like a cat; spiteful

**caddy** a person who assists a golfer; any container for storing frequently used things when they are not in use

**catty** having characteristics resembling those of a cat; stealthy; agile

**cade** an animal left by the mother and reared by a human

**quayed** furnished with a landing place alongside navigable water

**cadet** a pupil in a military school; a grayish blue color

**cadette** a member of the Girl Scouts aged 12–14

**Caecilian** a member of the family Caeciliidae, which includes small slender wormlike burrowing amphibians

**Sicilian** a native or inhabitant of Sicily

**Caesar** a Roman emperor; a powerful ruler

**seizer** a person or animal that takes by force

**seizor** a person who takes possession of a freehold estate

**caffa** a rich silk cloth with printed or woven designs popular in the 16th century

**Kafa** a native of the Kafu region in southwestern Ethiopia

**Kaffa** a grayish reddish brown color

**Cain** a red or reddish yellow color; trouble, disturbance, or uproar

**caine** cocaine (by shortening)

**cane** a hollow or pithy jointed stem; a walking stick

**caique** a light skiff used on the Bosphorus

**kike** a Jew, usually taken to be offensive

**Cairo** the capital of Egypt

**Chi-Rho** a Christian monogram and symbol formed by the first two letters of the Greek word for Christ

**cak(e)y** having or tending to form crusts or lumps

**keiki** a child; an immature plant

**cala** a picnic ham, a shoulder of pork with much of the butt removed commonly smoked and often boned

**Calla** a genus of bog herbs

**calla** a familiar house plant or green house plant

**callow** lacking bird feathers

**calabar** the gray fur of a Siberian squirrel (also **calaber**)

**calabur** a tropical American shrub or small tree

**caliber** a tube's internal diameter

**calc** a branch of mathematics (by shortening); a small portable calculator (by shortening)

**calque** a linguistic borrowing from another language

**calculous** affected with gravel or stone

**calculus** a branch of mathematics dealing with the limit concept; a concretion of salts around organic matter

**calendar** a tabular chronological register of events, things, or persons

**calender** to press material between rollers or plates to make or smooth into sheets

**calf** the fleshy hind part of the leg below the knee; a young of domestic cattle

**calve** to give birth to a calf

**coff** coffee (by shortening)

**cough** to expel air from the lungs suddenly and explosively

**Kaf** a mountain range in Moslem mythology that encircles the earth and where lives a mythical bird of wisdom

**kaph** the eleventh letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**koff** a two-masted vessel with spritsails used by the Dutch and Dane

**caliber** (see **calabar**)

**caliginous** misty, dark, or obscure

**kaligenous** forming alkalies

**calix** an ecclesiastical chalice

**calyx** the outer set of floral leaves making up a flower's external part

**calk** a pointed device worn on a shoe to prevent slipping (seldom **caulk**)

**Cauc** Caucasian (by shortening)

**cauk** to secure by a tenon

**caulk** to make a seam watertight or airtight (seldom **calc**)

**cawk** an opaque compact variety of the mineral barite

**call** to summon

**caul** a covering network

**Calla** and **calla** (see **cala**)

**callous** unfeeling; a protective condition of mental or emotional insensitivity

**callus** a hardened layer of skin

**callow** (see **cala**)

**calm** (see **caam**)

**calmant** a sedative

**comment** a note or observation intended to explain, illustrate, or criticize

**calmer** more tranquil, serene, or placid

**colmar** a fan fashionable during Queen Anne's reign

**calming** (see **caaming**)

**calmly** in a calm, quiet, or composed manner

**comely** having a pleasing appearance

**calot** a close-fitting cap without brim or visor

**calotte** a large glacier not confined to a single valley

**calque** (see **calc**)

**calques** linguistic borrowings by one language from another

**calx** friable residue left when a mineral or metal has been subjected to roasting

**caltrap** a heraldic representation of a military caltrop

**caltrop** any of several plants having stout spines on the fruit or flower heads

**calumniation** slandering

**columniation** the use of arrangement of columns in a building

**calve** (see **calf**)

**calve** to give birth to a calf

**cave** the sum which each player puts on the table at the beginning of play in such card games as brelan and bouillette

**calvous** lacking all or most of the hair on the head

**calvus** a cumulonimbus cloud having its upper portion changing from a rounded cumuliform shape to a diffuse, whitish, cirriform mass with vertical striations

**calx** (see **calques**)

**calyx** (see **calix**)

**cam** a rotating or sliding piece of machinery

**cham** a local chieftan, especially in Afghanistan, Iran, and some areas of central Asia

**cama** (see **caama**)

**camara** the hard and durable wood of the tonka-bean tree

**camera** a chamber, room, or hall; a light-proof box fitted with a lens for taking photographs

**camas(s)** an American plant of the genus *Camassia* of the western U.S.

**camus** a short and flat or concave nose; pug-nosed

**came** moved toward something; arrived: a slender grooved rod of cast lead used to hold glass panes in a window

**kame** a short ridge of stratified drift deposited by glacial meltwater

**camera** (see **camara**)

**campaign** a connected series of determined operations or systematic efforts designed to bring about a particular result

**campane** in heraldry, a bell

**campi** grounds and buildings of universities, colleges, or schools

**campy** comically exaggerated

**Camptosaurus** a small unspecialized bipedal duck-billed dinosaur

**Camptosorus** a fern having lanceolate fronds that root at the tips

**campy** (see **campi**)

**camus** (see **camas[s]**)

**can** know how to; a container

**cann** a bulbous drinking mug

**Cannes** a city and resort area in southeast France on the Mediterranean sea

**khan** a local chieftain in some areas of central Asia; a rest house in some Asian countries

**can** know how to

**Chen** a genus of geese, including the snow goose

**ken** the range of comprehension or perception

**Canada** a country in northern North America; a Canada goose

**Kannada** the major Dravidian language of Mysore, south India

**canapé** an appetizer consisting of savory food atop a cracker or bread

**canopy** a covering for shelter or protection

**cancellous** having a spongy or porous structure

**cancellus** a screen or rail typically of stone grating or latticework used to enclose or separate a part of a church and the altar or choir

**cand** the transparent or translucent mineral fluorite

**canned** enclosed or preserved in a container; put a stop or end to

**cane** (see **Cain**)

**canions** close-fitting ornamental knee-pieces joining the upper and lower parts of the leg covering worn by men in Elizabethan England

**canyons** deep narrow valleys with steep sides

**cann** (see **can**)

**cannable** suitable for canning or preserving

**cannibal** an animal that devours its own kind

**canned** (see **cand**)

**Cannes** (see **can**)

**cannon** a metal tubular weapon for firing projectiles

**Canon** an ecclesiastical decree, regulation, or code

**canon** one of the clergy of a medieval cathedral or large church

**cannibal** (see **cannable**)

**cannonry** cannonading or artillery

**canonry** a body of canons

**Canon** and **canon** (see **cannon**)

**canonry** (see **cannonry**)

**canopy** (see **canapé**)

**cant** jargon; an inclination or slope; to cut at an angle

**can't** contraction of cannot

**quint** a segment of three playing cards of the same suit

**quinte** a protective parry in fencing

**canter** a three-beat gait that is smoother and slower than a gallop

**cantor** a choir leader; a singer of Jewish liturgical music

**Cantharis** a brilliant green blister beetle common in southern Europe

**cantharus** a basin or stoup containing holy water; a deep cut of ancient Greece with a high stem and loop-shaped handles

**cantor** (see **canter**)

**canvas** to cover or furnish with canvas

**canvass** a personal solicitation of votes or opinions; a full discussion

**canyons** (see **canions**)

**cap** a covering for the head, typically fairly tight-fitting, brimless, and relatively simple

**kapp** a unit of magnetic lines of force

**capa** a fine grade of Cuban tobacco

**cappa** a cape that is part of ecclesiastical or academic garb

**coppa** an Italian sausage made chiefly of pork butts

**kappa** the tenth letter of the Greek alphabet

**cape** a judicial writ, now abolished, relative to a plea of lands or tenements

**kepi** a military cap with a closefitting band, a round flat top sloping toward the front, and a visor

**KP** kitchen police, enlisted personnel detailed to assist cooks in a military mess

**capelin** a small salmonoid marine fish

**capeline** a woman's hat with a small crown and a wide, soft brim

**Capella** a genus of birds containing the snipes

**kapelle** the choir or orchestra of a royal or papal choir

**capital** a stock of accumulated goods; money; a column's uppermost member

**capitol** the building in which a legislative body meets

**capot** the winning of all the tricks in piquet and other games

**cappo** a usually long and hooded cloak or overcoat of rough cloth worn especially by travelers and soldiers

**cappa** (see **capa**)

**cappo** (see **capot**)

**cappae** capes especially as parts of ecclesiastical or academic garb

**cappy** having a tallow taste because of butterfat oxidation

**kappie** a sunbonnet

**caprin** any of the esters of glycerol and capric acid

**caprine** suggestive of a goat

**captain** a military officer; a leader or chief  
**captan** a white to cream colored powder used as a fungicide on food plants and flowers

**car** a vehicle moving on wheels

**kar** an inland lake or glacier pot formed by the direct erosive action of ice

**carab** a beetle

**Carib** an Indian people of northern Brazil extending northward to Belize

**carob** a leguminous tree of the Mediterranean that yields edible pods

**carat** a unit of weight for precious stones

**caret** a mark on written material indicating where something is to be inserted

**carrot** a biennial plant with a tapering root used as a vegetable

**karat** a unit of fineness for gold equal to  $\frac{1}{24}$  part of pure gold (seldom **carat**)

**carate** a disease endemic in tropical America that is characterized by the presence of various colored spots

**karate** a Japanese martial art of self defense

**carbeen** an Australian eucalypt

**carbene** a component of bitumen soluble in carbon disulfide

**carbine** a short-barreled lightweight rifle

**carbine** any short-barreled lightweight rifle

**carbon** a nonmetallic chiefly tetravalent element

**carbinyll** the univalent radical corresponding to any alcohol derived from methanol

**carbonyl** the bivalent radical CO occurring in aldehydes, ketones, esters, and amides

**carbon** (see **carbine**)

**carbonyl** (see **carbinyll**)

**card** to cleanse, disentangle, and collect together animal or vegetable fibers; a flat thin piece of paperboard

**carred** carried or placed in an automobile

**carded** mounted on a card; disentangled and prepared fibers for spinning

**carted** carried or conveyed in a cart

**carder** a person that attaches cards to articles for display or sale

**carter** a person who is engaged in vehicle transport; a teamster

**caret** (see **carat**)

**Carian** a native or inhabitant of ancient Caria, a division of southwest Asia Minor

**carrion** the dead and putrefying flesh of an animal

**Carib** (see **carab**)

**caries** tooth decay

**carries** transports while supporting or holding

**Carys** substages of the Wisconsin glacial stage

**karris** large gum trees of western Australia

**Carinthian** of or relating to the Austrian province of Carinthia

**Corinthian** of, relating to, or characteristic of Corinth, Greece; a gay profligate licentious man; of or belonging to the lightest and most ornate of the three Greek orders

**carman** a car driver

**carmen** a song, poem, or incantation

**carmine** a vivid red color

**carnalite** a person of marked sensual appetites

**carnallite** a hydrous potassium-magnesium chloride

**carob** (see **carab**)

**carol** to sing joyously; a song

**carrel** a small alcove in a library for individual study

**Karel** relating to Karelia, a region of northwestern Russia adjoining eastern Finland

**kerril** a sea snake of the Asiatic coast from the Persian Gulf to Japan

**keryl** a mixture of alkyl radicals derived from kerosene

**carom** to rebound; a rebound at an angle  
**Carum** a genus of biennial aromatic herbs  
**carom** a billard shot in which the cue ball strikes each of two object balls; a glancing off  
**cherem** one of three forms of ecclesiastical excommunication pronounced by a rabbi  
**carpal** pertaining to the wrist  
**carpel** a structure in a seed plant comprising the innermost whorl of its flower  
**carred** (see **card**)  
**carrel** (see **carol**)  
**carries** (see **caries**)  
**carrion** (see **Carian**)  
**carrot** (see **carat**)  
**car(r)ousel** a merry-go-round  
**karrusel** an escapement designed to reduce position errors in a watch  
**carry** to transport while supporting or holding  
**Cary** a substage of the Wisconsin glacial stage  
**karri** a large gum tree of western Australia  
**kerrie** a knobkerrie, a rather short wooden club with a heavy round knob at one end that may be thrown as a missile or used in close attack  
**Kerry** an Irish breed of small, hardy, long-lived black cattle noted for their milk  
**carryon** luggage that may accompany a person in the passenger compartment  
**carry-on** to act in a foolish, excited, or improper manner  
**karyon** the nucleus of a cell  
**cart** a small, usually lightweight wheeled vehicle  
**carte** a chart, map, or diagram; a bill of fare; a playing card  
**kart** a miniature motorcar used for racing  
**quart** a sequence of four playing cards of the same suit

**quarte** a fencer's parry or guard position; a sequence of four playing cards of the same suit  
**carted** (see **carded**)  
**cartel** a vountary often international combination of independent private enterprises supplying like commodities  
**kartel** a wooden bed or hammock  
**carter** (see **carder**)  
**Carum** (see **carom**)  
**Cary** (see **carry**)  
**Carys** (see **carries**)  
**cash** (see **cache**)  
**cashew** (see **cachou**)  
**cashoo** (see **cachou**)  
**cask** a barrel-shaped container made of staves, headings, and hoops  
**casque** head armor; a process or structure suggesting a helmet  
**casket** a coffin or repository  
**casquet** a light piece of armor covering the head  
**casquette** a cap with a visor  
**casque** (see **cask**)  
**casquet** (see **casket**)  
**casquette** (see **casket**)  
**cassette** a light tight magazine for holding sensitized film of plates for use in a camera  
**cossette** a strip or slice; a chip  
**Cassia** a genus of herbs, shrubs, and trees native to warm regions (usually 'kasēə)  
**cassia** any of the coarser varieties of cinnamon bark  
**Kasha** a softnapped twilled fabric of fine wool and hair  
**cast** to throw; to form in a mold; a group of actors  
**caste** a social division or class



**caster** a person who throws; a wheel or wheels mounted in a frame and free to swivel

**Castor** a genus of mammals comprising the beavers

**castor** a beaver skin

**castoff** the lateral offset of the stock of a longgun that enables the shooter's eye to be brought in line with the sights

**cast-off** thrown away or aside

**Castor** or **castor** (see **caster**)

**cat** a shrub cultivated by the Arabs for its leaves which act as a stimulant narcotic when chewed or used in tea

**cot** a bed made of canvas stretched on a frame

**cotte** a tight-fitting garment resembling a cotehardie, a long-sleeved thigh-length medieval garment

**Kot** an extinct people once living along the Agul river in Siberia

**xat** a carved pole erected as a memorial to the dead by some Indians of western North America

**cat** a carnivorous quadruped that has long been kept by humans as a domesticated pet

**kat** a shrub cultivated by Arabs for its leaves, which act as a stimulant narcotic

**Catalan** (see **cadalene**)

**Catalin** (see **cadalene**)

**catarrh** inflammation of a mucous membrane characterized by congestion and secretion of mucus

**kitar** an Arabian guitar

**kuttar** a short dagger

**Qatar** an independent emirate on the Persian gulf, (infrequently **Katar**)

**catch** to capture or seize

**ketch** a fore-and-aft-rigged boat

**cate** a dainty or choice food

**kate** a pileated woodpecker

**catfoot** a biennial cudweed

**cat-foot** to move in a manner suggesting a feline

**cattish** (see **caddish**)

**catty** (see **caddy**)

**Cauc** (see **calk**)

**caucus** meeting of an organization's leaders to decide plans

**coccous** composed of spherical bacteria

**Coccus** the type genus of *Coccidae* including certain typical scales

**coccus** one of the two carpels that resemble achenes in an umbelliferous plant

**caudal** relating to the tail or toward the hind part of the body

**caudle** a drink made of warm ale or wine and mixed with other ingredients

**caught** captured or seized

**cotte** a tight-fitting garment resembling a cotehardie, a long-sleeved thigh-length medieval garment

**Kot** an extinct people once living along the Agul river in Siberia

**cauk** (see **calk**)

**caul** (see **call**)

**caulk** (see **calk**)

**caulker** a worker who forces sealing matter into seams or joints with a caulking tool to make them watertight

**cocker** in archery, a ground quiver; a person who handles fighting roosters; a cocker spaniel

**kakar** a small deer of southeastern Asia and the East Indies

**Caurus** a northwest wind, which in Italy is stormy

**chorus** an organized company of singers who perform in concert

**cause** something that affects a result

**caws** utters a harsh, raucous cry characteristic of a crow

**Kaws** the most southerly group of Lolo-speaking Tibeto-Burman people forming



a large part of the hill tribes of Shan state, Myanmar

**causes** brings into existence

**Causus** a genus of nocturnal venomous African snakes

**cave** (see **calve**)

**cavel** a cudgel or staff

**cavil** to object or criticize adversely for trivial reasons

**caw** a harsh raucous throaty outcry, such as a crow's call

**Kaw** a Siouan people of the Kansas river valley

**cawk** (see **calk**)

**caws** (see **cause**)

**cay** a small low island or emergent reef

**k** a unit vector parallel to the Z axis

**qua** in the character, role, or capacity of

**quai** a person lying along the Seine river in Paris; a landing on the left bank of the Seine river in Paris noted for its bookstalls

**quay** a landing place alongside navigable water for loading and unloading

**cay** a small low island or emergent reef

**key** a device inserted in a lock or bolt to open it

**ki** any of several Asiatic and Pacific trees or shrubs of the genus *Cordyline*

**quay** a landing place alongside navigable water for loading and unloading

**cay** a monkey of the genus *Cebus*

**chi** the 22nd letter of the Greek alphabet

**Kai** a people on the Huon Gulf of the Territory of New Guinea

**kye** a mean and unworthy fellow

**ceca** cavities open at one end, as anatomical blind pouches

**sika** any of several deer of the eastern Asiatic mainland closely related to the Japanese deer

**cedar** a coniferous tree

**ceder** one who yields or withdraws

**cedor** an assigner of a debt or claim

**cedre** a moderate olive green color

**seater** a person who puts in seats; a tool for adjusting something (as a valve) into its seat

**seeder** an implement used to plant seeds

**cedent** an assigner of a debt or claim

**sedent** sitting, especially of a statue

**ceder** (see **cedar**)

**cedor** (see **cedar**)

**cedre** (see **cedar**)

**cedrin** colorless, bitter, crystalline substance, the active principle of cedron

**cedrine** of or pertaining to cedar or the cedar tree

**cees** things having the shape of the letter C  
**C's** \$100 dollar bills (slang)

**psis** plural of the 23rd letter of the Greek alphabet

**seas** bodies of salty water

**sees** perceives with the eye

**seize** to confiscate; to grasp or clutch

**sis** plural of the seventh tone of the diatonic scale

**Szis** members of a people found mainly in the Sadon area of the Myanmar-China frontier

**ceil** to line a ship's bottom and sides with planking; to make a ceiling

**ciel** a light blue color

**seal** an aquatic carnivorous mammal; to make secure

**seel** to close a hawk's eyes by drawing threads through its eyelids

**cell** a single room; a microscopic mass of protoplasm; a transparent sheet of celluloid

**sell** to exchange goods or services for money or the equivalent

**cella** the frequently hidden part of a Greek or Roman temple housing a deity's image

**sella** the mid-line depression on the surface of the phenoid bone in the skull

**cellar** a storage room or rooms below ground level

**seller** involving the midline depression on

- the surface of the sphenoid bone in the skull
- seller** a person who offers a good or service for sale
- Celt** a member of a division of early Indo-European peoples in Iron-age and pre-Roman Europe
- kelt** a salmon or sea trout that is weak and emaciated after spawning
- Celtis** a genus of trees and shrubs, as the hackberry
- celtuce** a celerylike vegetable derived from lettuce
- cense** a perfume
- cents** units of monetary value each equal to  $\frac{1}{100}$  of the U.S. dollar
- scents** smells; fills with or yields an odor
- sense** something to be grasped; a mechanism or faculty of perception, as seeing, hearing, tasting, feeling, or smelling
- censer** a vessel for burning incense
- ensor** a person who scrutinizes communications to delete unauthorized material
- senser** a person who perceives something
- sensor** a device designed to respond to a physical stimulus
- censo** in Spanish law, an annuity or ground rent
- senso** a Chinese medicine for dropsy consisting of the dried secretion of a native food
- ensor** (see **censer**)
- ensorial** exercising a censor's function
- sensorial** preoccupied with or primarily responsive to sensations
- consual** related to a census
- sensual** related to or affecting sense organs or the senses
- census** a count of population, vital statistics, or other information
- senses** things to be grasped; mechanisms or faculties or perception
- cent** a unit of monetary value equal to  $\frac{1}{100}$  of the U.S. dollar
- scent** a fragrance; to smell; to fill with or yield odor
- sent** dispatched or transmitted
- centare** a metric unit of area equal to  $\frac{1}{100}$  of an acre; a square meter
- centaur** one of an ancient mythical Greek race dwelling in the mountains of Thessaly and imagined as men with the bodies of horses
- center** a point around which things revolve or pivot; the middle, core, or nucleus
- scenter** a person or animal that perceives or detects by smell
- centry** a substructure on which a masonry arch or vault is built
- sentry** a soldier standing guard
- cents** (see **cense**)
- cepe** an edible mushroom
- cyp** either of two tropical American timber trees called princewood
- seep** to enter or penetrate slowly; to ooze
- sipe** a small traction-producing hook or bracket-shaped groove in an auto tire
- cephalin** a gregarine trophozoite complete with epimerite and usually attached to the cells of the host
- cephalon** the anterior shield of a trilobite
- 'cept** aphetic form of accept or except
- sept** a branch of a family
- cepter** a cell, group of cells, or organ functioning in the reception of stimuli
- scepter** a staff or baton borne by a sovereign as a symbol of authority
- ceras** one of the often brightly colored and branching integumentary papilliae that serve as gills on the backs of nudibranchs
- cerris** the European Turkey oak
- serous** resembling the watery portion of an animal fluid
- cercal** relating to a tail
- circle** a closed plane curve every point of which is equidistant from its center

**cercus** a pair of segmented appendages near the posterior end of many insects

**Circus** a genus of hawks comprising the harriers

**circus** a spectacular public entertainment consisting of acts of skill, trained animals, and clowns

**cere** a protuberance at the base of a bird's bill

**sear** to scorch with a sudden application of intense heat

**seer** a person with extraordinary intuitive or spiritual insight

**sere** a dried up or withered condition

**cereal** foodstuff prepared of grain

**serial** arranged in a spatial or temporal succession of persons or things; appearing in successive parts

**ceres** a moderate orange color; protuberances at the base of bird bills

**Seres** a people of eastern Asia mentioned by Greeks and Romans as making silk fabrics

**series** a spatial or temporal succession of persons or things

**ceresin** a white or yellow hard brittle wax used as a substitute for beeswax

**Saracen** a nomadic people of the deserts between Syria and Arabia

**sericin** a gelatinous protein that cements the two fibroin filaments in a silk fiber

**Cereus** a genus of cacti of the western U.S. and tropical America, including saguaro

**serious** grave in appearance

**Sirius** the Dog Star, in the constellation Canis Major, and the brightest star in the heavens

**ceria** an oxide of cerium

**Syria** a country in southwestern Asia

**ceric** relating to or containing the element cerium in the tetravalent state

**xeric** low or deficient in moisture to support plant life

**cerin** a crystalline triterpenoid that is extracted from cork

**cerine** a mineral consisting of a hydrous silicate cerium and allied metals

**cerise** a moderate red color

**siris** any of several trees of the genus *Albizia*, such as the silk tree

**cerous** relating to or containing the element cerium

**cirrus** a wispy white cloud

**scirrhus** a hard cancerous tumor

**seeress** a prophetess

**serous** resembling serum

**cerris** (see **ceras**)

**cerulean** of sky blue color

**c(o)erulein** a xanthene dye obtained by heating gallein with concentrated sulfuric acid

**Cervus** a genus of deer

**service** performance of work ordered or paid for by another

**cession** yielding to another

**session** a period devoted to a certain activity

**cessionary** an assignee or grantee of property, claim, or debt under a deed of conveyance

**sessionary** recurring or renewed at each session

**cetaceous** relating to the Cetacea which comprises whales, dolphins, and porpoises

**setaceous** consisting of, or resembling bristles

**cete** a group of badgers

**seat** something to sit in; an assigned sitting place

**ctin** a crystalline fat

**seton** a suture

**cetyl** a univalent radical that occurs in waxes

**setal** relating to slender, typically rigid or bristly and springy organs or parts of animals and plants

**settle** to establish a residence or community

**Ceylon** an island south of India which became the independent republic Sri Lanka in 1972

**salon** a usually spacious or elegant living room

**cha(a)c** one of the Mayan gods of rain and fertility

**chock** a wedge or block for steadying a body or holding it motionless; as completely as possible

**chafer** any of various beetles, including the June beetle

**chaffer** to discuss terms or haggle over the price

**chair** furniture to accommodate a sitting person

**chare** an odd job or task

**cher** attractive

**chaise** a light carriage or pleasure cart

**chays** slow, wood-burning, geared locomotives used for hauling logs to a mill

**sheas** rough-barked tropical African trees

**chalet** a remote herdsman's hut in the Alps

**challis** a lightweight soft clothing fabric

**cham** champagne (by shortening)

**sham** a trick that deludes

**cham** (see **cam**)

**Chamaeleon** a large genus of lizards including most of the Old World chameleons

**chameleon** a fickle person who is given to expedient or facile change in ideas or character

**chamar** a fan typically made of a yak's tail or peacock feathers

**chummer** a person that scatters chum in fishing

**chameleon** (see **Chamaeleon**)

**chamois** a small agile goatlike animal on

mountain ridges of Europe and in the Caucasus

**shammy** a bag used by Australian miners as a container for gold dust

**Champagne** an historic French province

**champagne** a white sparkling wine that undergoes the first fermentation in a cask and the second in a bottle

**champaign** an expanse of level open country

**champain** in heraldry, a broken or deflected line in an ordinary

**chance** an activity or event that occurs unpredictably

**chants** hymnlike repetitive melodies

**chancre** a primary sore or ulcer

**shanker** a person who makes or fastens on shanks

**chant(e)y** a song sung by sailors, often in rhythm with their work

**shanty** a small poorly built dwelling

**chants** (see **chance**)

**chap** a fellow; sore roughening of the skin

**chape** the metal piece at the back of a buckle that fastens it to a strap

**chap** a jaw or the fleshy covering of the jaw

**chop** to cut into with an implement

**chape** (see **chap**)

**chaps** a pair of joined leather leggings worn over trousers(s)

**(s)chappes** yarns or fabrics of spun silk

**chard** a beet with large yellowish-green leaves

**charred** converted to charcoal or carbon by exposure to heat

**chare** (see **chair**)

**charpie** lint

**sharpie** a long narrow shallow-draft sailboat; an exceptionally keen alert person

**charque** jerked meat

**sharky** infested with elasmobranch fish (sharks)

**charred** (see **chard**)

**chartreuse** a variable color averaging a brilliant yellow green; several vegetables arranged and cooked in a mold

**Chartreux** any of a breed of short-haired domestic cats of French origin

**chary** hesitant and vigilant about dangers and risks

**cherry** a fruit-bearing tree or shrub; a small smooth-skinned edible fruit

**chased** followed rapidly and intently

**chaste** abstaining from sexual intercourse

**chat** to talk in a light and familiar manner

**chert** an impure flintlike rock

**château** a large country house

**Chatot** an extinct Muskogean people of Florida west of the Apalachicola river

**chatelain** a governor or warden of a castle or fort

**chatelaine** an ornamental chain, pin, or clasp worn at a woman's waist

**Chatot** (see **chateau**)

**chauffeurs** persons employed to operate motor vehicles

**chauffeuse** a low-seated French fire side chair

**shofars** ram's horn blown at high Jewish observances

**chaus** an Old World wildcat, possibly the Kaffir cat

**chiaus** a cheat or swindler; a Turkish messenger or sergeant

**chouse** to drive or herd livestock roughly; to chase, harass, or stir up

**chay** any of various traveling or pleasure carriages

**chez** in the home or business place

**shay** a slow, wood-burning, geared locomotive used for hauling logs to a mill

**shea** a sea butter tree

**cheap** inexpensive

**cheep** to make a small birdlike sound or to chirp

**cheapie** something that costs very little money or effort to produce

**cheepy** inclined to make small bird-like sounds

**check** to impede progress; a bank draft

**Czech** a native of the Czech Republic

**checker** a person who marks, counts, tallies, or examines materials or products

**chekker** a stringed keyboard instrument of the 14th and 15th centuries

**cheeky** having well-developed cheeks; impudent or brazenfaced

**chikee** a stilthouse of the Seminole Indians that is open on all sides and thatched

**cheep** (see **cheap**)

**cheepy** (see **cheapie**)

**cheer** lightness of mind and feeling; gaiety

**chir** an East Indian resinous timber pine

**chekker** (see **checker**)

**chela** a claw, as on a crab or lobster

**quila** a grass of southern South America that resembles bamboo

**chelae** claws, as on a crab or lobster

**keelie** a common small European falcon, a kestrel

**Chen** (see **can**)

**chenier** a wooded ridge or sandy hummock in a swampy region

**shinnery** a thick interlacing growth of scrub oak in the West and Southwest

**cher** (see **chair**)

**cherem** (see **carom**)

**Chermes** a genus of aphids that feed chiefly on spruce and balsam

**Kermes** a genus of scales comprising those that form kermes, and various related North American and Australian scales

**kermes** dried female bodies of various scaled insects used as red dye

**kermis** entertainment usually given to raise money

**cherry** (see **chary**)

**chert** (see **chat**)

**chesil** a collective name for small pebbles, gravel, or shingle

**chessel** a cheese vat or mold

**chevee** a flat gemstone with a smooth depression

**chevet** the apsidal eastern termination of a church choir

**chew** to crush or grind in the mouth

**Chuje** an Indian people of northwestern Guatemala

**chews** crushes or grinds in the mouth

**choose** to select with free will

**tchus** expressions of distaste

**chez** (see **chay**)

**Chi** Chicago (by shortening)

**shy** easily frightened; timid

**chi** (see **cay**)

**chiaus** (see **chaus**)

**chic** artistic cleverness

**sheik(h)** a head of an Arab family, tribe, or village

**Shik** a people of Turkmenistan regarded as of Arabian origin

**chic** cleverly stylish

**schick** a drunk, in Australia

**chic(c)ory** a thick-rooted, usually blue-flowered perennial herb

**chickery** a poultry hatchery

**chickee** a small or young chicken

**chikee** a stilthouse of the Seminole Indians that is open on all sides and thatched

**chickery** (see **chic[c]ory**)

**chico** the marmalade tree or its fruit

**chicot** the Kentucky coffee tree or its seeds

**chigger** a six-legged larval mite that at-

taches itself to various vertebrates to suck blood

**jigger** to jerk up and down; a measure used in mixing drinks

**chikee** (see **cheeky** or **chickee**)

**chil** an Indian kite (a bird)

**chill** to make cold

**Chile** a South American country

**chili** a thick sauce made principally of meat, tomatoes, and hot peppers (chilies)

**chilly** noticeably cold

**chill** (see **chil**)

**chilly** (see **Chile**)

**Chilo** a genus of small slender dull colored nocturnal moths

**Kyloe** a breed of small very hardy beef cattle from the Highlands of Scotland having thick shaggy hair

**chinca** a South American rodent related to, but larger than, a chinchilla

**chinche** a skunk

**'chine** an automobile or motor vehicle (by shortening **machine**)

**sheen** a bright or shining condition

**Shin** a major Japanese Buddhist sect growing out of Jodo

**shin** the 22nd letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**ching** a Chinese scripture

**jing** a mild oath, as in the phrase "by jing"

**chins** lower portions of the face lying beneath the lower lip

**chintz** a firm glazed cotton fabric of plain weave

**chintze** to caulk

**chir** (see **cheer**)

**Chi-Rho** (see **Cairo**)

**chirr** the short especially vibrant or trilled and repetitive sound characteristic of certain insects, like grasshoppers and cicadas

**churr** a whirring noise characteristic of

- some birds such as the nightjar or partridge
- chitin** the amorphous horny substance forming part of the hard outer covering of insects
- Chiton** a genus of mollusks
- chiton** the basic garment of ancient Greece; a mollusk of the order Polyplacophora
- chive** a perennial plant related to the onion
- sheave** a pulley block's grooved wheel
- shiv** a knife
- shive** a small fragment of plant matter
- Chivey** a small whitefish occurring in lakes in Alaska, Canada, and parts of northern U.S.
- shivy** containing small fragments of plant matter
- chlor** a yellowish green color
- chlora** to treat with a dilute solution of bleaching powder
- chlorin** any of several derivatives of chlorophyll obtained by hydrolysis
- chlorine** a common nonmetallic gaseous element
- chlorogenin** a steroidal sapogenin obtained from a soap plant
- chlorogenine** an alkaloid found in a tree bark
- chock** (see **cha[a]c**)
- choir** an organized group of singers
- quire** four sheets of paper folded into eight leaves
- cholate** a salt or ester of cholic acid
- collate** to assemble according to an orderly system; to bring together for close comparison
- cholera** a ready disposition to anger and irritation
- coaler** something (as a railroad or ship) chiefly employed in transporting or supplying coal
- cholera** a ready disposition to anger and irritation
- collar** a neckband; a ring placed on an object, as a pipe
- cholic** of or pertaining to bile secreted by the liver
- colic** a paroxysm of acute abdominal pain in man or animals localized in a hollow organ or tube and caused by a spasm, obstruction, or twisting
- choline** a crystalline or syrupy liquid base widely distributed among animal and plant products
- colleen** an Irish girl
- chondre** a rounded granule of cosmic origin usually consisting of enstatite or chrysolite
- condor** a very large American vulture found in elevated parts of the Andes
- choose** (see **chews**)
- chop** (see **chap**)
- chorale** a hymn or song sung by a choir or congregation
- coral** a skeletal deposit produced by certain anthozoan polyps
- corol** the inner set of floral leaves
- chorale** a hymn or psalm sung by a choir or congregation
- corral** an enclosure for confining livestock
- chord** a combination of two or more tones sounded together
- cord** a slender flexible cylindrical construction of several threads or yarns spun together
- cored** removed the axial portion, as of an apple
- chordae** a longitudinal flexible rod of cells that acts as a specific inductor of neural plate formation
- chordee** painful erection of the penis common as a lesion of gonorrhoea
- chordal** relating to music characterized more by vertical harmony than linear contrapuntal motion
- cordelle** a towline used on keelboats on U.S. and Canadian rivers



**chordate** having a notochord

**cordate** shaped like a heart

**chordee** (see **chordae**)

**chorea** any of various nervous disorders having marked uncoordination of various parts of the body

**Correa** a small genus of Australian shrubs

**correa** any plant of the genus *Correa*

**keriah** a Jewish ritual of rending one's garment at the funeral of a near relative as a symbol of mourning

**Korea** a country in eastern Asia, divided into North Korea and South Korea since 1948

**choree** a trochee in classical prosody

**karree** a southern African plant of the genus *Rhus*

**kere** a reading that in the traditional Jewish mode of reading the Hebrew bible is substituted for one actually standing in the consonantal text

**chorine** a chorus girl

**Corine** narcotics

**chorion** the highly vascular outer embryonic membrane of higher vertebrates

**Korean** a native or inhabitant of North or South Korea

**chorus** (see **Caurus**)

**chose** a piece of personal property

**shous** Chinese characters signifying longevity that are often used in decoration

**shows** puts on view or displays

**chott** a shallow saline lake of northern Africa (also **shott**)

**shot** directed the propelling of a missile

**shott** a young hog of either sex, especially less than one year old

**chou** a soft cabbage-shaped ornament or rosette of fabric used in women's wear

**choux** darlings, used as a term of endearment

**shoe** an outer covering for the foot

**shoo** to scare or drive away

**shu** in Confucianism, reciprocity or mutual considerateness in all actions

**chough** an Old World bird, as the jackdaw

**chuff** a miser; a brick cracked by rain during burning

**chouse** (see **chaus**)

**choux** soft cabbage-shaped ornaments or rosettes of fabric used in women's wear

**shoes** outer coverings for the foot

**shoos** scares or drives away

**choux** (see **chou**)

**Chow** a heavy-coated blocky powerfully built dog

**chow** a mixed balanced animal ration of food; military food (slang)

**ciao** hello or goodbye, in Italian

**chrism** a consecrated oil that is generally mixed with balm or balm and spices

**chrism** a white cloth, robe, or mantle put upon a person at baptism

**christcross** a personal cipher used in place of a signature

**crisscross** a ploy in football in which the paths of two offensive players cross, as in a pass pattern

**chrome** to surface with chromium

**crome** to catch or kill something by hooking or hitting it with a stick or implement; to overpower or subdue

**chromogen** a pigment-producing microorganism

**chromogene** a gene, used to distinguish the nuclear gene in an otherwise ambiguous context from the cytogene

**chromophil** staining readily, in biology

**chromophyll** a plant pigment

**chronical** of long duration or frequent recurrence

**chronicle** an historical account of facts or events arranged chronologically; to prepare such an account



**chrysal** a transverse line of crushed fibers in the belly of an archery bow beginning as a pinch

**crissal** having feathers that cover a bird's cloacal opening

**Chrysis** a type genus of brilliantly colored wasps

**crisis** a decisive moment

**Chrysochloris** a genus of African golden moles

**chrysochlorous** of a golden green color

**chucker** a person who throws with a short arm action

**chukker** a playing period in a polo game

**chuff** (see **chough**)

**Chuje** (see **chew**)

**chukker** (see **chucker**)

**chummer** (see **chamar**)

**Chün** relating to a type of Chinese pottery produced in a great variety of colors in Honan province during the Sung period

**June** the 6th month of the Gregorian calendar

**churr** (see **chirr**)

**chute** a narrow walled passageway

**shoot** to set off an explosive charge or discharge a weapon

**shute** in weaving, the weft

**ciao** (see **Chow**)

**cibol** a Welsh onion or shallot

**sibyl** a female prophet

**cicely** any of several herbs of the family Umbelliferae

**Sicily** an island in the Mediterranean sea west of Italy

**Cidaris** the type genus of Cidaridae, a family of sea urchins

**cidaris** the royal tiara of ancient Persian kings

**siderous** relating to or containing iron

**cider** a beverage made from apples

**citer** a person who calls upon or quotes by way of evidence

**sider** a person living in or on a specified side, as an east-sider

**sighter** a person who tests the accuracy of sights on small arms

**ciel** (see **ceil**)

**cig** a cigarette (slang)

**sig** a signature, as a newspaper's logotype

**cilia** minute hairlike processes

**Psyllia** a genus of jumping plant lice

**Cilicia** an ancient region in Asia Minor

**Silicea** a class of Porifera including all sponges not placed in Calcarea

**ciliary** pertaining to or designating certain structures of the eye

**cil(l)ery** the carved foliage ornamenting the head of a column

**cilicious** made of hair

**siliceous** related to silica

**cilium** an eyelash; a minute hairlike process

**psyllium** fleawort, an Old World plantain

**cil(l)ery** (see **ciliary**)

**cilly** a predicatable message-key used in cryptography

**Scilly** a group of small islands off the southwest coast of England

**silly** trivial, trifling, or frivolous

**cinch** to guarantee or assure; a strong girth strap for a pack or saddle

**sinh** the hyperbolic sine

**cingle** a girdle, belt, or girth

**single** a separate individual in order of a large class of similar objects

**cingular** shaped like a ring

**singular** relating to a single or individual unit; uncommon

**cinque** the number five in dice or cards

**sank** became submerged

**cinque** the number five in dice or cards

**sink** to become submerged

**sync(h)** synchronized

**cinter** a substructure on which a masonry arch or wall is built

**sinter** a deposit formed by the evaporation of spring or lake water

**cionid** any of relatively large simple ascidians

**cyanide** a compound of cyanogen usually with a more electropositive element or radical

**cipher** a symbol denoting the absence of quantity or magnitude; a method to transform a text so as to conceal its meaning (rarely, to bevel)

**sypher** to overlap the chamfered edges of planks or make a flush joint, as for a bulkhead

**circle** (see **cercal**)

**circulus** one of the usual concentric ridges on a fish scale, each representing an increment of growth

**surculus** a shoot originating from the roots or lower part of a plant's stem; a sucker

**Circus and circus** (see **cercus**)

**cirral** relating to a curllike tuft

**seral** relating to an ecological dry period

**cirrhosis** a chronic progressive disease of the liver

**psorosis** a virus disease of citrus trees

**sorosis** a women's club

**cirrhus** a mucusbound ribbonlike mass of spores that is exuded from a fungus

**cirrus** a white filmy variety of cloud usually formed in the highest cloud region at altitudes of 20,000 to 40,000 feet

**seeress** a female prophet

**cirrus** (see **cerous**)

**cis** having certain atoms or groups on the same side of the molecule

**sis** sister (by shortening)

**sis** a prolonged sibilant or hissing sound

**cisor** an incisor tooth (by shortening)

**sizer** a person who determines or sorts by sizes or checks for sizes

**cist** a wicker receptacle for carrying sacred utensils in ancient Rome

**cyst** an abnormal closed sac in a body

**sissed** hissed

**cist** a neolithic grave lined with stone slabs

**kissed** touched with the lips

**kist** a clothes or linen trunk

**cistern** an artificial reservoir or tank for storing water or other liquids

**sistern** sisters, used especially in religious contexts

**cit** a city inhabitant

**sit** to rest in a position in which the body is essentially vertical and supported chiefly on the buttocks

**cite** to bring to mind; to call to attention

**cyte** a maturing germ cell

**sight** something seen

**site** a location or space of ground

**cited** brought to mind; called to attention

**sided** having right or left lateral parts

**sighted** having vision or being able to see

**citer** (see **cider**)

**citizen** an inhabitant of a city or town, usually entitled to civil rights and privileges

**cytisin** a bitter crystalline very poisonous alkaloid

**citrene** a right-handed hydrocarbon occurring in celery-seed oil

**citrine** a semiprecious yellow stone resembling topaz; resembling lemon or citron

**citrin** a crystalline water-soluble flavonoid concentrate originally prepared from lemons

**citron** a citrus fruit resembling a lemon but larger and without a terminal nipple

**citrine** (see **citrene**)

**citron** (see **citrin**)

**citrulin** a purgative yellow resinous preparation of the colocynth apple

**citruline** a crystalline amino acid formed

as an intermediate in the conversion of ornithine to arginine

**civilian** a resident of a country who is not on active duty in one of the armed forces

**Sevillian** of, relating to, or characteristic of the people of Seville, Spain's 4th largest city

**clabber** klabberjass or a similar game derived from it

**clobber** to load with overglaze enameling; to strike with crushing force

**clack** loud confused talk

**claque** a group hired to applaud at a performance

**claimant** a person who asserts a right or title

**clamant** crying out

**claire** a small enclosed pond for growing oysters

**Clare** a nun of an order founded by Assisi in the 13th century

**clamant** (see **claimant**)

**clamber** to crane, struggle, or climb

**clammer** a person who digs for clams

**clamor** a continuous loud noise

**clan** a social unit, smaller than a tribe but larger than a family, claiming descent from a common ancestor

**Klan** an organization of Ku Kluxers

**clang** a loud resounding sound like that of a trumpet or pieces of metal struck together

**Klang** in music and acoustics, a fundamental with its overtones

**claque** (see **clack**)

**Clare** (see **claire**)

**clarety** a color resembling the dark red of claret wine

**clarity** clearness

**classified** divided or distributed into categories or classifications

**clast** a grain of sediment, sand, or gravel, especially as a constituent fragment of an older rock formation

**classes** social ranks; denominations

**classis** an ecclesiastical governing body of a district

**clast** (see **classified**)

**clatch** a clod; a daub of something; a mess

**klatch** a gathering characterized by informal conversation

**clause** a section of discourse or writing

**claws** sharp nails or talons on an animal's toes

**clavis** a glossary which aids interpretation

**clavus** a rounded or fingerlike part or process, as the club of an insect's antenna; a vertical purple band on a Roman tunic

**claws** (see **clause**)

**clay** a widely distributed colloidal lusterless earthy substance

**claye** a hurdle

**clean-boled** having a tree trunk free or trimmed of branches

**clean-bowled** in cricket, a ball thrown so that it does not touch the bat or the batsman

**cleek** a narrow-faced iron golf club

**clique** a narrow exclusive circle of persons

**clefs** characters placed at the beginning of the musical staff to determine the position of the notes

**clefts** spaces made as if by splitting; partial splits

**Klephts** Greeks belonging to the independent armed community formed after the Turkish conquest of Greece

**clews** the lower corners of a square sail (rarely **clues**)

**clous** points of chief interest or attraction

**clues** evidence tending to lead a person toward a problem's solution (rarely **clews**)

**cluse** a narrow gorge cutting transversely through an otherwise continuous ridge

**click** a slight sharp noise

**clique** a narrow exclusive circle of persons

**klick** a kilometer

**climb** to rise or go upward

**clime** a climate

**cling** to hold to each other cohesively and firmly

**Kling** a Dravidian probably of Tamil origin of the seaports of southeastern Asia and Malaysia

**clip** a device which grips or clasps; to cut as with a shears

**klip(pe)** an outlying isolated remnant of an overthrust rock mass due to erosion

**clique** (see **cleek** or **click**)

**clivis** a musical symbol denoting the first of two tones being the higher in pitch

**clivus** a smooth sloping surface on the sphenoid bone in the skull that supports the broad mass of transverse nerve fibers

**clobber** (see **clabber**)

**cloche** a woman's small helmetlike hat; a translucent cover for a young plant

**closh** a post on a whaling ship fitted with hooks for hanging blubber to be sliced

**cloddy** of low stature and heavily set, as a dog; full of lumps of earth or clay

**clotty** having roundish viscous lumps formed by coagulation

**clomp** to tread clumsily and noisily; a heavy tramping sound

**klomp** a gathering characterized by informal conversation; a wooden shoe worn in the Low Countries

**close** to shut or terminate

**clothes** clothing

**cloze** related to a reading comprehension test

**closh** (see **cloche**)

**clothes** (see **close**)

**clotty** (see **cloddy**)

**clouded** obscured; mentally confused

**clouted** mended with patches; hit forcefully

**clouter** a person who covers with cloth, leather, or other material; a person who hits a baseball, especially long and hard

**clowder** a group of cats

**clough** a narrow valley

**clow** a floodgate

**clous** (see **clews**)

**clouted** (see **clouded**)

**clow** (see **clough**)

**clowder** (see **clouter**)

**cloze** (see **close**)

**clucker** a person who makes the sound of a brooding hen

**Klucker** a Ku Klux Klansman

**clucks** makes the noise of a brooding hen

**Klux** to maltreat or terrorize in the way thought typical of the Ku Klux Klan

**clues** (see **clews**)

**cluse** (see **clews**)

**clyster** an enema

**klister** a soft wax used on skis

**coach** a large, usually closed four-wheeled carriage; a railroad passenger car

**Koch** a member of a hinduized Mongoloid people of Assam

**coachee** a carriage driver

**coachy** like a coach horse, especially in configuration

**coacts** acts or works together; forces or compels

**coax** a coaxial transmission line in which one conductor is centered inside and insulated from an outer metal tube that serves as a second conductor

**coaks** dowels placed in timbers to unite them or keep them from slipping

**coax** to persuade or influence

**coaks** residues from carbonized coal

**coal** a hot ember; a black solid combustible mineral

**cole** a plant of the cabbage family

**Ko(h)l** a people of Bengal and Chota Nagpur, India

**kohl** a preparation used in Arabia and Egypt to darken the edges of eyelids

**coaled** converted to charcoal by burning; supplied with coal

**cold** having a temperature notably below an accustomed norm

**coaler** (see **choler**)

**coals** hot embers; black solid combustible minerals

**colds** respiratory infections

**coaly** covered or impregnated with coal; a coal heaver

**coly** any of a small group of fruit-eating African birds comprising the genus *Colius*

**Koli** a low-caste people of Bombay, Punjab, and other parts of India

**coaming** a raised frame around a floor or roof opening to keep out water

**combing** arranging or adjusting hair with a toothed instrument

**coarse** ordinary, unrefined, or inferior

**course** a particular path between two points

**coarser** more unrefined or inferior

**courser** a swift or spirited horse

**coat** an outer garment

**cote** a shed for small domestic animals

**coated** covered or impregnated with a durable chemical or rubber compound

**coded** put into the form of symbols for meaningful communication

**coater** a person or machine that coats surfaces

**coder** a person or device that puts information into coded form

**coax** (see **coacts** or **coaks**)

**Cob** a breed of short-legged, thick-set horses, often having a high gait and frequently used for driving

**cob** a male swan; a corncob; to break into small pieces prior to sorting

**cobb** the great black-backed gull

**kob** an African antelope related to the waterbuck

**cobble** to mend or make, as shoes; to pave with cobblestones

**coble** a flat-floored fishing boat

**Kabul** the capital of Afghanistan

**cocaine** a bitter crystalline alkaloid and having a narcotic effect

**Cockaigne** an imaginary land of extreme luxury and ease where physical comforts and pleasures are always immediately at hand

**coccal** relating to a plant having berries or seeds; a berry-shaped organism; relating to the type genus of Coccidae that includes certain typical scales

**cockal** a game played with knuckle-bones

**cockle** a plant growing in grain fields, as cowherb or cocklebur; a bivalve mollusk

**cocci** a spherical bacterium

**cocky** pert, arrogant, or jaunty

**kaki** a Japanese persimmon

**khaki** a light yellowish brown color

**coccous** (see **caucus**)

**Coccus** and **coccus** (see **caucus**)

**Cockaigne** (see **cocaine**)

**cockal** (see **coccal**)

**cocker** (see **caulker**)

**cockle** (see **coccal**)

**cocks** adult males of domestic fowl; positions the hammer of a firearm for firing

**coques** loops of ribbons or feathers used in trimming hats

**cox** to steer and direct, as does a coxswain

**cockscomb** a plant with red, purple, or yellow flowers

**coxcomb** a vain conceited foolish person who is falsely proud of personal achievements

**cocktailed** entertained by an informal or semiformal party or gathering

**cock-tailed** docked and nicked a horse's tail so that the stump sticks up

**cocky** (see **cocci**)

**coco** the large, hard-shelled seed of the coconut palm, lined with white edible meat, and containing a milky liquid

**cocoa** a beverage of milk or water, sugar, and powdered cacao seeds

**Koko** a group of numerous aboriginal peoples of northern Queensland, Australia

**koko** an araceous plant, such as taro, cultivated in tropical western Africa

**coconut** a fruit of coconut palm

**cokernut** an edible seed of the coquito palm

**cocoon** (see **cacoon**)

**coda** a final or concluding musical section

**cota** a fort formerly common in parts of the Philippines

**Kota** an artisan and buffalo-herding people of the southwestern India

**coddle** to pamper; to cook in a liquid just below its boiling point

**cottle** a clay wall encircling an object to be molded

**katel** a wooden hammock used in Africa as a bed in a wagon

**coddling** slowly cooking in a liquid just below its boiling point

**codling** a young codfish

**coded** (see **coated**)

**coder** (see **coater**)

**codling** (see **coddling**)

**coeler** pertaining to the sky

**sealer** a machine or person who makes secure or seals

**coenocyte** a multi-nucleate mass of protoplasm

**coenosite** a free or separable symbiotic ecological arrangement

**c(o)erulein** (see **cerulean**)

**coff** (see **calf**)

**coffer** a strongbox for safely storing valuables

**cougher** a person who expels air from the lungs suddenly and explosively

**Cognac** a brandy distilled from white wine from the French departments of Charente and Charente Maritime

**cognac** a moderate brown color

**Konyak** a people of the Assam-Myanmar frontier area

**coif** a manner of arranging hair

**quaff** to drink freely or copiously

**coign** the corner of a crystal formed by the intersection of three or more faces

**coin** a piece of metal issued by a government to circulate as money

**coyne** an Irish chieftain's exaction of food and drink from his tenants for his soldiers

**quoin** a wedge used on ships to keep casks from rolling

**coil** an arrangement of something in a spiral or concentric rings

**koel** any of several cuckoos of India, the East Indies, and Australia

**coin** (see **coign**)

**coir** stiff coarse coconut husk fiber

**coyer** more modestly rejecting approaches or overtures

**coke** the infusible hard residue from carbonized coal

**colk** a bowl-shaped, cylindrical, or circular hole formed by a stone's grinding action in the rocky bed of a river or stream

**cokernut** (see **coconut**)

**cokes** (see **coaks**)

**cokie** a cocaine addict

**coky** resembling coke

**cola** a line or queue

**kola** a bitter caffeine-containing seed of a kola tree

**colation** removal of solids from liquid by straining, especially through filter paper

**collation** assembly of paper or forms into an orderly system

**cold** (see **coaled**)

**colds** (see **coals**)

**cole** (see **coal**)

**Coleus** a large genus of herbs having showy and often highly variegated leaves and spicate blue flowers

**Colius** a genus of birds comprising the Colies, a fruit-eating African bird

**colic** (see **cholic**)

**Colius** (see **Coleus**)

**colk** (see **coke**)

**collar** (see **choler**)

**collard** an edible hardy plant of the cabbage family

**collared** wearing a neckband

**collate** (see **cholate**)

**collation** (see **colation**)

**colleen** (see **choline**)

**college** a building or group of buildings used in connection with some educational or religious purpose

**kalij** any of the crested India pheasants that are related to the Chinese silver pheasant

**collie** a breed of dog

**colly** to understand and approve (jive talk)

**collin** a prepared form of gelatin used in tanning analysis

**colline** any of the ridges of a brain coral

**collum** a neck or necklike part or process

**column** a vertical arrangement of items; a supporting pillar or shaft

**colly** (see **collie**)

**colmar** (see **calmer**)

**Cologne** a city in western Germany

**cologne** a perfumed liquid composed of alcohol and an aromatic

**colon** a colonial farmer, planter, or plantation owner

**Colombia** a country in northwestern South America

**Columbia** the capital of South Carolina; a Salishan people of eastern Washington

**Colombian** relating to or characteristic of Colombia

**Columbian** having a black-white color pattern characteristic of the plumage of certain varieties of poultry

**colombous** related to or containing the metallic element niobium

**Colombus** the capital of Ohio

**colon** (see **Cologne**)

**colonel** a military officer ranking between a brigadier general and a lieutenant colonel

**kernel** a seed's inner portion; a central or essential part

**color** a hue, as red, yellow, or blue

**culler** a person who picks out imperfect items, as defective poultry

**Columbia** (see **Colombia**)

**Columbian** (see **Colombian**)

**column** (see **collum**)

**columniation** (see **calumniation**)

**coly** (see **coaly**)

**comatic** blurred as a result of a state of profound unconsciousness caused by disease

**komatic** an Eskimo sledge with wooden runners

**comb** an instrument for adjusting, cleaning, or confining the hair

**come** the dried rootlets produced in malting grain



**kolm** a Swedish shale exceptionally high in uranium oxide

**combing** (see **coaming**)

**combo** combination (by shortening); a group of musicians

**kamboh** a member of a low caste in the Punjab engaged chiefly in agriculture

**comby** resembling a comb in structure

**Komi** a people of north central Russia

**come** (see **comb**)

**come** the dried rootlets produced in malting grain

**cum** along with

**comedia** a Spanish regular-verse drama

**commedia** an Italian comedy, as performed in the 16th and 18th centuries

**comedic** like comedy

**cometic** relating to or like a comet

**comedy** a drama of light and amusing character, typically with a happy ending

**comity** kindly courteous behavior

**comely** (see **calmly**)

**comely** having a pleasing appearance

**cumbly** a blanket made of wood or goat's hair

**comet** a celestial body with a fuzzy head surrounding a bright nucleus and long tail

**commit** a card game

**cometic** (see **comedic**)

**comics** comedians

**comix** comic art, often luridly sexual or political in character

**kamiks** Eskimo sealskin boats

**coming** passing from one point to another nearer or more central

**cumming** in brewery, a large squarish vessel about 12-18 inches deep that receives what overflows from the masking-fat or barrel

**comity** (see **comedy**)

**comix** (see **comics**)

**comma** (see **caama**)

**commedia** (see **comedia**)

**comment** (see **calmant**)

**commie** a playing marble made of clay; a communist

**Kami** a scattered people, speaking a Finno-Uric tongue, dwelling about the headwaters of the Pechona and Northern Dvina rivers

**kami** a kamikaze pilot (by shortening)

**commissariat** the organized system by which armies and military posts are supplied with food and daily necessities

**commissariat** a county or sheriff's court in Scotland that appoints estate executors

**commit** (see **comet**)

**compellation** an act of addressing someone

**compilation** the gathering together of written material; an accumulation of many things or ideas

**complacence** secure self-satisfaction

**complaisance** a pleasing ingratiating deportment

**complementary** supplementing

**complimentary** expressing regard or praise

**comptroller** a public officer who supervises the propriety of expenditures

**controller** an electric device to govern how electric power is delivered

**con** an argument on the negative side; to swindle; a convict

**conn** the control exercised by a person who directs a ship's movements

**khan** a local chieftain in some areas of central Asia; a rest house in some Asian countries

**conceded** allowed, admitted, or acknowledged

**conceited** having an unjustifiably high opinion of oneself



**concenter** to bring together at a focus or point; to concentrate  
**consenter** a person who agrees with, permits, or concurs  
**conch** a large spiral-shelled marine gastropod mollusk  
**conk** to hit, especially on the head; to break down  
**concha** something suggesting or shaped like a shell  
**khankah** a dervish monastery  
**Conches** resident natives of the Bahamas  
**conches** machines in which chocolate is worked and kneaded  
**conch(e)s** large spiral-shelled marine gastropod mollusks  
**conscious** perceiving, apprehending, or noticing with a degree of controlled thought or observation  
**concord** a state of agreement  
**Concorde** a supersonic passenger aircraft manufactured and operated jointly by England and France  
**concreter** a person who builds or works with a hard strong construction material made by mixing cement material and a mineral aggregate  
**concretor** an apparatus for boiling down crude sugar solutions  
**concubitous** the relation of persons who by tribal custom are predestined mates, or eligible to marry each other  
**concubitus** sexual intercourse  
**cond** to superintend the steering of a ship or airplane  
**conned** swindled  
**Khond** any of several Dravidian peoples of Orissa, India  
**condor** (see **chondre**)  
**con(e)y** a European rabbit; a disky black-spotted reddish-finned grouper  
**coni** conical prolongations of the right ventricles in man and mammals

**confectionary** a place where elaborate, complex, or ornate items are kept  
**confectionery** sweet edibles  
**confidant** a person with whom one feels free to discuss private or secret matters  
**confidante** a sofa divided by arms into separate seats  
**confident** characterized by a strong belief in oneself  
**confitent** a person who confesses, especially to a priest  
**confirmation** the process of substantiating a factual statement with empirical evidence  
**conformation** the form or outline; shaping  
**confitent** (see **confidant**)  
**conformation** (see **confirmation**)  
**Congaree** a Sioux people in the Congaree valley, California  
**congeree** a large, strictly marine, entirely scaleless eel that is an important food fish  
**congerly** a collection or mass of entities  
**conjury** the practice of magic  
**Congo** a territory surrounding the Congo river in West Africa; a dark grayish yellowish brown  
**congo** a ballroom dance of Haitian origin  
**congou** a black tea from China  
**coni** (see **con[e]y**)  
**conics** the theory of conic sections  
**connex** closely connected; constituting one syntactical unit  
**conjury** (see **congerly**)  
**conk** (see **conch**)  
**conker** a popular English game in which each player swings a horse chestnut threaded on a string to try to break one held by an opponent  
**conquer** to acquire by force or gain dominion over  
**conn** (see **con**)  
**connects** joins, fastens, or links together

**connex** in mathematics, the infinity of points and lines

**conned** (see **cond**)

**connex** (see **conics** and **connects**)

**conquer** (see **conker**)

**conscious** (see **Conches**)

**consensual** involving or caused by involuntary action or movement correlative with a voluntary action, as the contraction of the iris when the eyelid is opened

**consensual** involving or carried out by mutual agreement

**consenter** (see **concenter**)

**consensual** (see **consensual**)

**consequence** something that is produced by a cause or follows from a set of conditions

**consequents** musical restatements of the subject in the canon and fugue; a stream or valley that has developed in harmony with the general slope of an existing land surface

**consonance** harmony of parts

**consonants** speech sounds characterized by constriction at one or more points in the breath channel

**consulter** a person who counsels or advises

**consultor** an advisor who assists a Roman Catholic bishop

**continence** self-restraint from yielding to desire

**continents** divisions of land on Earth

**contingence** contact or touching

**contingents** chance occurrences; representational groups

**continuance** remaining in the same condition or place

**continuants** ones that continue; determinants of which all the elements are zero except those of a principal diagonal and the two adjacent minor diagonals; consonants that may be prolonged without change of quality

**controller** (see **comptroller**)

**conveys** transfers heat by convection

**convex** curved, as the exterior of a sphere

**conventional** relating to a convent or nunnery

**conventicle** an assembly, meeting, or convention, especially of a society or body of persons

**convex** (see **conveys**)

**coo** the call of a pigeon or dove

**coup** a successful stratagem; a blow or stroke

**cooch** a pseudo–Oriental female dance common in carnivals and fairs

**couch** a board covered with flannel on which sheets of handmade paper are pressed

**cookee** a cook's helper, especially in a logging camp

**cookie** small sweet cake

**coolamon** an Australian vessel of bark or wood resembling a basin and used for carrying and holding water

**Kulaman** a people inhabiting southern Mindanao, Philippines

**coolie** an unskilled laborer, usually in the Far East

**cool(l)y** without passion or ardor; with indifference

**coulee** a small stream

**Kulli** of or pertaining to a prehistoric culture of southern Baluchistan

**coom** grease exuding from axle boxes or bearings

**cwm** a deep steep-walled basin high on a mountain, usually shaped like half a bowl and often containing a small lake

**coonie** a cowhide stretched under a wagon as a carrying device, especially for fuel; a person of Acadian French heritage

**coony** showing astuteness and cleverness

**cooped** deprived of free motion by cramped quarters

**couped** in heraldry, cut off short at the ends so as not to extend to the edges of the field

**cooper** a ship equipped to supply liquor and tobacco to fishing fleets in the North sea in the 19th century

**cooper** a machine for notching girders

**couper** a lever in a loom for lifting a harness

**coops** small enclosures for animals

**coupes** two-door automobiles with one seating compartment; desserts

**coops** cooperatives (by shortening)

**coopts** chooses or elects into a body or group as a fellow member

**coos** soft low cries or calls, as of a dove or pigeon

**cooze** a female considered as a sexual object (slang); a vagina (slang)

**coops** highly successful strategems

**coopts** (see **coops**)

**cooze** (see **coos**)

**cop** a police officer; a tube or quill on which thread or yarn is wound

**kop** a South African hill

**copek** money, especially a silver dollar

**kope(c)k** a Russian unit of value equal to one-hundredth of a ruble (rarely copeck)

**coper** (see **cooper**)

**copje** (see **caapi**)

**coppa** (see **capa**)

**coppa** an Italian pork sausage seasoned with cayenne pepper

**koppa** a letter in the early Greek alphabet

**copped** rising to a top or head; acquired; stolen, especially on the spur of the moment; captured

**Copt** an Egyptian of the native race descended from ancient Egyptians, especially a member of the Coptic church

**cops** policemen; a conical mass of yarn wound on a tube

**copse** a thicket or grove of small trees

**Copt** (see **copped**)

**copy** (see **caapi**)

**copyright** the exclusive, legally secured right to write, print, publish, and sell artistic works

**copywrite** to create and write advertising or publicity copy

**coques** (see **cocks**)

**coquet** to deal playfully instead of seriously

**coquette** any of several tropic hummingbirds of the genus *Lophornis*

**cor** the heart (in prescriptions)

**core** the central part of a body

**corps** an organized subdivision of a military establishment; a group having a common activity

**khor** a watercourse or ravine

**Cora** a genus of basidiolichens widely distributed on soil and trees in Central and South America; a Tarachitian people of the states of Jalisco and Nayarit, Mexico

**cora** a gazelle found from Iran to North Africa

**corah** plain undyed India silk

**kora** a large gallinule of southeastern Asia and the East Indies; a 21-string musical instrument of African origin resembling a lute

**coral** (see **chorale**)

**coralline** like coral in color and form

**corolline** relating to or resembling a corolla

**corbeille** a basket of flowers or fruit

**corbel** an architectural member which projects from within a wall and supports weight

**corcir** any of the colors imparted by the dye archil, varying from moderate red to dark purplish red

**corker** a person that puts tapered or cylindrical stoppers in bottles or other containers; a person or thing of excellent or remarkable quality

**cord** (see **chord**)

**cordate** (see **chordate**)

**cordelle** (see **chordal**)

**cordobán** cordovan leather

**Cordovan** a native or resident of Chich projects **cordovan** a dark grayish brown color

**core** (see **cor**)

**cored** (see **chord**)

**Corine** (see **chorine**)

**Corinthian** (see **Carinthian**)

**Cork** a county and city in Ireland

**cork** the outer tissues of the stem of the cork oak

**corke** any of the colors imparted by the dye archil varying from moderate to dark purplish

**corker** (see **corcir**)

**cormous** bearing or producing thick rounded modified underground stem bases, as the gladiolus

**cormus** the entire body or colony of a compound animal, as coral

**corni** French horns

**corny** relating to corn; trite; mawkishly sentimental

**cornice** a decorative band concealing curtain fixtures

**corniche** a road built along the edge of an overhanging precipice or along the face of a cliff

**Cornish** an English breed of domestic fowl; a Celtic language of Cornwall, England, extinct since the late 18th century

**cornice** a decorative band concealing curtain fixtures

**Cornus** a genus of shrubs and small trees of the family *Cornaceae*

**cornus** the dried bark of the root of the flowering dogwood

**corniche** (see **cornice**)

**Cornish** (see **cornice**)

**Cornus** and **cornus** (see **cornice**)

**corny** (see **corni**)

**corol** (see **chorale**)

**corollate** having a corolla, the inner set of floral leaves immediately surrounding the sporophylls

**correlate** one of two related things viewed in terms of its relationship to the other

**corolline** (see **coralline**)

**corps** (see **cor**)

**corral** (see **chorale**)

**Correa** and **correa** (see **chorea**)

**correlate** (see **corollate**)

**Cortes** a Spanish parliament or parliaments

**cortez** any of several Central American timber trees of the genus *Tabelula*

**corydalis** an herb native to north temperate regions and southern Africa

**Corydalus** a genus of large megalopterous insects, as dobsons

**coscet** a class of peasant landholders

**cosset** to treat as a pet; a lamb reared without a dam's aid

**cossette** a strip or slice, as of potato

**coze** to make oneself cozy

**coze** to chat

**cosign** to jointly sign a document

**cosine** a trigonometry term

**cosset** (see **coscet**)

**cossette** (see **cassette** and **coscet**)

**cot** (see **cat**)

**cota** (see **coda**)

**cote** (see **coat**)

**Cotinga** and **cotinga** (see **caatinga**)

**Coto** a Tucano people of eastern Ecuador; a Chibchan people of Costa Rica

**coto** the bark of a tree of northern Bolivia formerly used as an astringent and stomachic

**koto** a long Japanese zither having 13 silk strings

**cotte** (see **cat** or **caught**)

**cotted** provided shelter for; matted

**cottid** a fish of the family *Cottidae*

**cotter** a wedge-shaped or tapered piece used to fasten together parts of a machine or structure; a cotter pin

**Kadir** a primitive somewhat negroid jungle-dwelling people inhabiting the Deccan plateau in southern India

**quatre** the four at cards or dice

**cottid** (see **cotted**)

**cottle** (see **coddle**)

**cotty** entangled or matted

**Kati** a Kafir people of easternmost Kafiristan in the Hindu Kush mountains of Afghanistan

**couac** a strident tone sometimes produced by a reed instrument when the reed is out of order or the instrument is blown incorrectly

**quack** the characteristic duck cry or call; a medical charlatan

**couch** (see **cooch**)

**couche** in heraldry, inclined

**couchee** a reception given in the late evening, especially by nobility

**coudé** a telescope constructed that reflects light along the polar axis to focus at a fixed place

**coudee** a measure of length varying between 17.5–20.7 inches

**cough** (see **calf**)

**cougher** (see **coffer**)

**could** knew how to or had the skill to achieve something

**cu'd** the portion of food regurgitated by a ruminating animal from its first stomach to be chewed a second time

**khud** a ravine or precipice

**coulé** in music, a slur; a gliding dance step

**coulee** a small stream

**coulee** (see **coolie**)

**council** a deliberative assembly

**counsel** opinion, advice, or direction

**council(l)or** a council member

**counselor** an adviser

**counsel** (see **council**)

**counselor** (see **council[l]or**)

**counter** a device used in keeping accounts and in playing games

**counto(u)r** a pleader in an English court; a sergeant-at-law

**coup** (see **coo**)

**coupe** a ballet step

**cupay** a common tropical American tree (the pitch apple) having coarse evergreen leaves

**couped** (see **cooped**)

**couper** (see **cooper**)

**coupes** (see **coops**)

**coups** (see **coos**)

**courant** a newspaper name

**currant** a small seedless raisin; an edible acidic fruit of several plants of the genus *Ribes*

**current** occurring in the present; a continuously flowing part of a fluid or electricity

**courier** a messenger

**currier** a person who works tanned hides into salable form; a person who combs a horse

**course** (see **coarse**)

**courser** (see **coarser**)

**courtesy** well-mannered conduct or consideration for others

**curtesy** the future potential interest that a husband has in real estate in which his wife has an estate of inheritance

**cous** an herb of the northwestern U.S.  
having edible roots

**kouse** a tall cereal grass that is probably  
of East Indian origin, pearl millet

**cousin** a child of one's aunt or uncle

**cozen** to deceive by artful wheedling or  
tricky dishonesty

**covariance** the arithmetic mean or the ex-  
pected value of the product of the devia-  
tions of corresponding values of two  
variables from their respective mean

**covariants** the functions of both coeffi-  
cients and variables of quantities that re-  
tain their form when the quantities are  
transformed linearly

**coven** an assembly of witches

**covin** a collusive agreement between per-  
sons to the detriment of another

**coverall** a one-piece combination of over-  
alls and shirt

**cover-all** comprehensive

**cow** a mature female of wild or domestic  
cattle

**kou** a tree of the Pacific islands whose  
wood is used for making household  
utensils

**coward** a person who shows ignoble fear

**covered** cringed in abject fear of some-  
thing

**cowherd** a person who tends cattle or  
cows

**cowl** a hood or hooded sleeveless garment

**cowle** a written grant or engagement in  
India, especially of safe-conduct or  
amnesty

**cox** (see **cocks**)

**coxcomb** (see **cockscomb**)

**coy** shy; showing marked, often playful or  
irritating reluctance to make a definite  
or committing statement

**koi** a carp, a soft-finned freshwater fish

**coyer** (see **coir**)

**coyne** (see **coign**)

**coyote** a small wolf native to western  
North America extending to Alaska and  
New York

**coyotey** mangy-looking

**coze** (see **cose**)

**cozen** (see **cousin**)

**crabber** one who carps or complains; a  
kind of boat used in crab fishing

**craber** the European water vole

**crackie** a broken or chipped playing mar-  
ble

**cracky** having cracks; a mild oath; odd or  
eccentric

**cracks** narrow breaks or thin slits; loud  
earsplitting roars

**Crax** the type genus of Cracidae, which  
includes long-legged birds such as  
curassows and guans

**cracky** (see **crackie**)

**Cracow** the former capital of Poland

**crakow** 14th and 15th century European  
footwear made with an extremely long  
pointed toe

**craft** artistic dexterity

**kraft** a strong paper

**crakow** (see **Cracow**)

**crampette** the chape of a sword scabbard

**crampit** a sheet of iron on which a player  
stands to deliver the stone in curling

**crance** a band on the outer edge of a  
bowsprit to which the bobstays and  
bowsprit shrouds are fastened

**krantz** a sheer cliff or precipice in south-  
ern Africa

**crankie** a bend, turn, twist, or crinkle

**cranky** out of working order; given to  
fretful fussiness

**crapaud** a large toad esteemed as food in  
parts of the Caribbean area

**crappo** any tree of the genus *Carapa*

**crape** a band worn on a hat or sleeve as a sign of mourning

**crepe** a small very thin pancake; a light-weight fabric with wrinkled surface

**crappie** a North American sunfish

**crappy** markedly inferior in quality; lousy

**crappie** a North American sunfish

**croppy** an Irish rebel in 1798 who wore short hair as a token of sympathy with the French Revolution; a long iron rod used in making cylinder glass to transfer the cylinder to a flattening stock

**crappo** (see **crapaud**)

**crappy** (see **crappie**)

**craton** a relatively immobile area of the earth's crust that forms the nuclear mass of a continent or the central basin of an ocean

**kraton** a region that has remained undisturbed while an adjacent area has been affected by mountain-making movements

**crawl** to move slowly with the body close to the ground; to draw along

**kraal** a village of southern Africa; an enclosure for keeping turtles or lobsters alive in shallow water

**kral** a title or early rulers of Slavonic countries equivalent to a king

**crawley** a coralroot of dry woodlands in eastern and central North America

**crawlie** a small burrowing crayfish

**crawly** creepy

**Crax** (see **cracks**)

**crays** spiny lobsters of Australia

**craze** a transient infatuation or fad

**creak** a high, typically subdued rasping or grating noise

**Creek** the Creek Confederacy, an American Indian confederacy organized around the Muskogee people of Georgia and eastern Alabama before their removal to Oklahoma

**creek** a natural stream of water normally smaller than a river

**cream** the yellowish part of milk that rises to the surface

**crème** a sweet liqueur

**creamie** a white or clear playing marble

**creamy** full of or containing the yellowish part of milk

**crease** a line, groove, or ridge made by folding a pliable substance

**creece** watercress or garden cress

**creases** ridges made by folding pliable material

**krises** Malay or Indonesian daggers often with scalloped cutting edges and serpentine blades

**creat** an East Indian herb having bitter juice variously used in medicine

**create** to bring into existence

**crécy** prepared with carrots

**creasy** abounding in cresses, such as watercress

**Cree** an Indian people ranging from James Bay in Ontario, Canada, to Montana

**qre** a traditional Jewish mode of reading the Hebrew bible that is substituted for one actually standing in the consonantal text

**creece** (see **crease**)

**Creek and creek** (see **creak**)

**creek** a natural stream of water normally smaller than a river

**cric** the ring which turns inward and condenses the flame of a lamp

**crick** a painful spasmodic muscular condition

**Crees** an Indian people ranging from James Bay south to Montana

**crise** a moment of risk or stress; a crisis

**crème** (see **cream**)

**crenel(l)ate** embattled or having repeated indentations like those in a battlement



**crenulate** having the margin cut into minutely rounded scallops

**crepe** (see **crape**)

**crossed** abounding in cress, such as water cress

**crest** the top of a structure or a natural formation

**crepsy** (see **crécy**)

**crest** (see **crossed**)

**Cretan** a native or inhabitant of the island of Crete in the eastern part of the Mediterranean sea

**cretin** a person showing marked mental deficiency, often because of a thyroid deficiency

**crevasse** a wide and deep opening or chasm; a breach in a river's levee

**crevice** a narrow recess or slit

**crewed** acted as a member of a group engaged in a common endeavor

**crude** a natural or raw state; marked by uncultivated simplicity

**crewel** worsted, slackly twisted yarn used for embroidery

**cruel** sadistic; stern, rigorous, or grim

**crewelist** a person who does embroidery

**cruellest** most sadistic or stern

**crewman** a member of a group engaged in a common activity

**crumen** a suborbital gland in deer and antelope that secretes a waxy substance

**Kruman** a member of the Kru people

**crews** serves as a crew member

**cruise** a journey for the sake of traveling without destination

**crus** French vineyards that produce wine grapes

**cruse** a small vessel for holding liquid

**krewe** private social clubs that sponsor balls and parades as part of the Mardi Gras festivities

**Krus** members of an indigenous Negro people of Liberia skilled as boatmen

**cric** (see **creek**)

**crick** (see **creek**)

**crill** the narcotic crack

**krill** planktonic crustaceans and larvae that constitute the principal food of whalebone whales

**Crioceras** a genus of Cretaceous ammonites with complexly plicated septa

**Crioceris** a large cosmopolitan genus of beetles including the asparagus beetle

**crise** (see **Crees**)

**crisis** (see **Chrysis**)

**crispen** to become crisp or brittle

**crispin** a shoemaker or cobbler

**criss** a wooden stand with curved top on which crest tiles are shaped

**kris** a Malay or Indonesian dagger, often with scalloped cutting edges and a serpentine blade

**crissal** (see **chrysal**)

**crisscross** (see **christcross**)

**croc** crocodile (by shortening); a hook-shaped iron projection fastened to the stock of a harquebus

**crock** a thick earthenware pot or jar

**croes** in early Scottish law, satisfactions in an amount for killing a person

**Cros** persons of mixed Indian, white, and black ancestry, especially in southeastern North Carolina and eastern South Carolina

**croes** satisfactions in amounts suitable to the rank of the parties involved, in early Scottish laws, for killing a man

**Crows** members of a Siouan people inhabiting the region between the Platte and Yellowstone rivers

**croes** large glossly black birds; makes a sound characteristic of a cock

**croze** a groove near either end of a barrel stave into which the barrel head is inserted



**crokinole** a game resembling squails  
**croquignole** a method used in waving the hair by winding it on curlers  
**crome** (see **chrome**)  
**crone** a withered old woman  
**crosne** a Chinese artichoke  
**crooks** implements having a bent or hooked form  
**crux** a determinative point at issue; a main or central feature  
**crool** to make a repeated low, liquid, or gurgling sound  
**cruel** sadistic; stern, rigorous, or grim  
**croon** to make a continued moaning sound; to sing in a soft composing manner  
**kroon** Estonia's basic monetary unit from 1928–1940  
**croppy** (see **crappie**)  
**croquignole** (see **crokinole**)  
**Cros** and **cros** (see **croes**)  
**crosne** (see **crone**)  
**cross** a structure consisting of an upright with a transverse beam; to intersect  
**crosse** the stick used in the game of lacrosse  
**crossbill** having a bird beak adapted to extracting seeds from fruits and tree cones by means of strongly curved and overlapping mandibles  
**cross-bill** a bill of exchange given in return for another  
**crosse** (see **cross**)  
**crotal** a small spherical metal rattle on a harness  
**crotale** one of a pair of small cymbals or rods used like castanets by dancers in antiquity  
**crotyl** the butenyl radical  
**crotals** reddish brown colors  
**crottels** excrement, especially of hares

**crotin** a mixture of poisonous proteins found in the seeds of a small Asiatic tree  
**Croton** a genus of herbs and shrubs, as spurges  
**croton** a plant of the genus *Croton*  
**crottels** (see **crotals**)  
**crotyl** (see **Crotal**)  
**croop** spasmodic laryngitis in infants and children  
**croupe** a leap of a horse with the hind legs well under the belly  
**crowder** a person who plays or manipulates a large number of people  
**cruder** marked by more uncultivated simplicity  
**Crows** and **croes** (see **croes**)  
**croze** (see **croes**)  
**crucks** the two curved timbers forming a principal roof support in primitive English house construction  
**crux** a determinative point at issue; a main or central feature  
**crude** (see **crewed**)  
**cruder** (see **crowder**)  
**cruel** (see **crewel** and **crool**)  
**cruellest** (see **crewelist**)  
**cruise** (see **crews**)  
**crumen** (see **crewman**)  
**crunchie** an infantry soldier; a lesbian  
**crunchy** crisp, brittle, or friable; having a healthy diet  
**crus** (see **crews**)  
**cruse** (see **crews**)  
**crustacean** belonging to the class of Arthropoda comprising lobsters, crabs, and shrimp  
**crustation** the process of forming crust  
**crux** (see **crooks** or **crucks**)  
**crystallin** either of two globulins in the crystalline lens of the eye in vertebrates

**crystalline** composed of crystals or fragments of crystals; resembling crystal

**C's** (see **cees**)

**ctene** a ciliated swimming plate of a phylum (Ctenophora) of marine animals resembling jellyfish

**teen** relating to persons between ages 12 and 20

**cu** a cumulous cloud (by shortening)

**cue** to signal to begin action; a hint; a tapered rod used to strike a billiard ball

**'que** barbeque (by shortening)

**queue** a line of persons or vehicles; a tail-like braid of hair

**cubical** a shape with six equal square sides

**cubicle** a small room or compartment

**cubit** any of various ancient units of length based on the length of the forearm to the tip of the middle finger

**qubit** quantum bit (shortened); a binary digit manipulated by a (thus far) theoretical quantum computer

**cuckoo** a European bird; to repeat monotonously, as does a cuckoo

**cuco** either of two American shore birds, the greater or lesser yellowlegs

**kuku** a New Zealand fruit dove

**cucojo** a luminous click beetle of the West Indies

**cucoyo** either of two triggerfishes; a fire beetle

**cud** (see **could**)

**cudding** chewing the cud

**cutting** penetrating with a sharp-edged instrument

**cuddle** to hold close for comfort

**cuttle** to fold finished cloth in pleats; a cuttlefish

**cue** (see **cu**)

**cuir** a light yellowish brown color

**queer** strange, curious, or peculiar

**cuirie** a hardened leather piece for protecting the breast, worn over mail

**query** to question; an inquiry

**cuisse** defensive plate armor for the thighs

**quis** a European woodcock

**culler** (see **color**)

**cully** a companion or mate (slang); to impose on or cheat

**Kulli** relating to a prehistoric culture of southern Baluchistan

**culpa** actionable negligence or fault

**kalpa** a duration of time in Hinduism covering a complete cosmic cycle

**cum** (see **come**)

**cumal** a standard of value in ancient Ireland often equal to from three to ten cows

**cumhal** a female slave in native Irish law until the end of the 10th century

**cumbly** (see **comely**)

**cumenyl** any of three univalent radicals derived from cumene by removal of one hydrogen atom

**cuminyl** the univalent radical derived from the para isomer of cymene

**cumhal** (see **cumal**)

**cuminyl** (see **cumenyl**)

**cumming** (see **coming**)

**cumulous** increasing in size or strength by successive additions

**cumulus** a massy cloud form usually occurring at elevations between 2,000 and 15,000 feet; the projecting mass of granulosa cells that bears the developing ovum in a Graafian follicle

**cupay** (see **coupe**)

**copper** a person who draws blood from the surface of the body by forming a partial vacuum over a spot; a device for making cup leathers for use in hydraulic cylinders and pumps

**kupper** the saw-scaled viper, a small fierce and aggressive desert-dwelling viper found from North Africa to India

**cupola** a rounded vault raised on a circular or other base and forming a roof or ceiling

**cupulo** the bony apex of the cochlea

**cur** a mongrel or inferior dog; a surly, low, or cowardly person

**curr** to make a murmuring sound, as a dove

**Ker** a malignant spirit in Greek religion and mythology

**curaçao** an orange-flavored liqueur

**curassow** an arboreal bird of South and Central America

**curd** the part of milk coagulated by souring or being treated with certain enzymes

**curred** made a murmuring sound, as of doves

**Kurd** one of a numerous pastoral and agricultural people of the high plateau region of Turkey, Iran, Iraq, and Syria

**curdle** to cause to coagulate or congeal, as milk

**curtal** a tenor or bass musical instrument of the oboe type

**kirtle** a garment resembling a tunic reaching the knees and worn by men until the 16th century

**curr** (see **curr**)

**currant** (see **courant**)

**curred** (see **curd**)

**current** (see **courant**)

**currier** (see **courier**)

**curser** a person who utters maledictions

**cursor** part of a mathematical instrument that moves back and forth; a movable spot of light on the screen of a visual display terminal

**urses** utters malediction, execration, or an oath

**cursus** a pattern of cadence at the end of a sentence in medieval Latin prose

**cursor** (see **curser**)

**cursus** (see **urses**)

**curtal** (see **curdle**)

**curtesy** (see **courtesy**)

**curve** a bending without angles

**kirve** to undercut coal in a mine

**curvet** a leap of a horse in which at one point all four legs are in the air simultaneously

**curvette** a gemstone with a raised cameo-like design carved on its hollowed surface

**cuter** more attractive or prettier

**cutor** a prosecutor (by shortening) or district attorney

**cutler** a person that makes, deals in, or repairs cutlery

**cuttler** a person that folds cloth in pleats after it has been finished

**cutor** (see **cuter**)

**cutting** (see **cudding**)

**cuttle** (see **cuddle**)

**cuttler** (see **cutler**)

**cwm** (see **coom**)

**cyan** any of a group of colors of greenish-blue hue

**Cyon** a genus of Asiatic wild dogs, including the dhole

**(s)cion** a detached living portion of a plant prepared for union with a stock in grafting; a descendant

**Sion** the city of God (also Zion); utopia

**cyanide** (see **cionid**)

**cyanidin** an anthocyanidin formed by hydrolyzing cyanin

**cyanidine** any of three parent compounds,  $C_3H_3N_3$  containing a ring of three carbon and three nitrogen atoms

**cyanin** a violet crystalline anthocyanin pigment found in rose petals and the cornflower

**cyanine** any of several usually unstable dyes that are important in photography

**cyanite** a mineral consisting of an aluminum silicate

**syenite** a phanerocrystalline intrusive igneous rock composed of dominant alkaline feldspar

**Cyclamen** a genus of widely cultivated Eurasian plants; a very dark reddish purple

**cyclamin** a white amorphous saponin, formerly used as a purgative

**cyclamine** a cyclic nitrogenous base, as pyrrole

**cyclar** moving in cycles or at definite periods

**cycler** a person that rides or travels on a bicycle, tricycle, or motorcycle

**cycle** to ride a bicycle, tricycle, or motorcycle

**Seckel** an small American reddish-brown sweet juicy pear

**Sicel** a member of an ancient people occupying part of Sicily

**sickle** an agricultural cutting implement consisting of a hook-shaped metal blade with a short handle

**cycle** an interval of time in which a regularly recurring succession of events is completed; a bi-, tri-, or motorcycle

**psychal** relating to the mind

**cycler** (see **cyclar**)

**cygnet** a young swan

**signate** having markings like letters; designated

**signet** an identifying or authenticating mark or stamp

**cyke** a cyclorama (by shortening)

**psych** to psycholalyze; to overcome an opponent as a result of analyzing psychologically

**syke** in heraldry, a rounded barry-wavy of six argent and azure

**cylix** a drinking cup having two looped handles on a shallow bowl set on a slender foot

**siliques** narrow elongated many-seeded

capsules characteristic of the *Cruciferae* family of herbs

**cyma** a projecting molding whose profile is a double curve

**sim** basic igneous rock whether solid or molten

**cymbal** a large concave brass plate producing a brilliant clashing musical tone

**symbol** something representing something else

**cynical** given to faultfinding, sneering, and sarcasm; given to or affecting disbelief in commonly accepted human value and in man's sincerity of motive

**sinical** of or relating to a sine or sines, or founded on sines

**cynicism** disbelief in commonly accepted human values and in man's sincerity of motive

**Sinicism** anything peculiar to the Chinese

**cynocephalous** having a head or face like that of a dog

**Cynocephalus** a genus of mammals including the flying lemurs

**cynocephalus** a baboon

**Cyon** (see **cyan**)

**Cyon** a genus of Asiatic wild dogs, including the dhole

**psion** in subatomic physics, a psi particle

**(s)cion** a detached living portion of a plant prepared for union with a stock in grafting; a descendent

**cyp** (see **cepe**)

**cyp** either of two tropical American timber trees called princewood

**sip** to drink a small quantity

**cypress** a tree of the genus *Cupressus*

**Cypris** a genus of small ostracod crustaceans that live in stagnant fresh water

**cypris** a developmental form of barnacles in which the shell is bivalved

**Cyprus** an island in the Mediterranean sea

**cyst** (see **cist**)

**cyst(e)in** a crystalline amino acid occurring as a constituent of many proteins

**Sistine** a pale blue color

**sistine** relating to any of the popes named Sixtus; relating to the Sistine chapel

**cyte** (see **cite**)

**Cysticercus** a genus of parasitic tapeworm larvae

**cystocercous** having a space in the tail into which the body can be retracted

**cytisin** (see **citizen**)

**cystocercous** (see **Cyticercus**)

**cytology** the branch of biology concerned with the study of cells

**sitology** the science of nutrition and dietetics

**czar** an emperor, king, or other person having absolute authority

**Saar** a coal-producing and industrial region in southwest Germany

**Czech** (see **check**)

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## Group I

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**calicle** - calycle

**camphene** - camphine

**cancellands** - cancellans

**cannequin** - cannikin

**caracul** - karakul

**cassena** - cassina

**chamois** - shammy

**charivari** - shivaree

**chatoyance** - chatoyants

**chemic** - chemick

**child** - Childe

**china** - quina

**chrism** - chrisom

**chymous** - chymus

**cirrous** - cirrus

**citrous** - citrus

**clairvoyance** - clairvoyants

**clanger** - clangor

**closeup** - close-up

**coalescence** - coalescents

**coccous** - coccus

**codeminance** - codominants

**coiffeur** - coiffure

**competence** - competents

**compleat** - complete

**concomitance** - concomitants

**concurrence** - concurrents

**condescendence** - condescendents

**confidants** - confidence

**confluence** - confluents

**conical** - conicle

**constance** - constants

**consulter** - consultor

**convalescence** - convalescents

**copperbottomed** - copper-bottomed

**Cordelier** - cordeliere

**correspondence** - correspondents

**couturier** - couturiere

**creamery** - cr merie

**crenelet** - crenellate

**critic** - critique

**crotalin** - crotaline

**crout** - kraut

**crowhop** - crow-hop

**culture** - Kultur

**custodee** - custody

**cysteine** - cystine

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## Group I and II

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**coaxal** k 'aksəl

**coaxial** k 'aks l

**comedian** k 'm d  n

**comedienne** k 'm d  , n

**Covenanter** :k v :nant r

**covenanter** :k v :nant r

**covenantor** ,k v ,nan't r

**custodee** :k st :d 

**custody** 'k st d 

## Group II

**cabal** ká'bal or ka'bəl

**cabble** 'kabəl

**cobble** 'kəbəl

**cabinet** 'kab(ə)nət

**cabinette** 'kabə,net

**cacur** 'kɑ:kər

**caker** 'kəkər

**caddy** 'kədə

**qadi** 'kədə

**caesura** sē'zhúərə

**scissura** si'zhúərə

**cairn** 'kɑ:n

**kern** 'kərn

**calander** kə'landər

**calendar** 'kaləndər

**calk** 'kɔk

**cock** 'kək

**call** 'kɔl

**col** 'kəl

**callee** kə'lē

**collie** 'kəlē

**caller** 'kɔlər

**collar** 'kələr

**caloric** kə'lɔrɪk

**choleric** kə'lerɪk

**camper** 'kɑ:m,pər

**quimper** 'kɑ:m,pər

**canaster** kə'nɑstər

**canister** 'kɑnəstər

**cancellous** 'kɑnsələs

**cancellus** kɑn'seləs

**candelilla** ,kɑndə'lēyə

**kandelia** kɑn'dēlyə

**cane** 'kɑn

**kain** 'kɪn

**cangue** 'kɑŋ

**kang** 'kɑŋ

**canna** 'kɑnə

**kana** 'kɑnə

**cans** 'kɑnz

**kans** 'kɑnz

**cantal** kɑ<sup>n</sup>təl

**cantle** 'kɑntəl

**canton** 'kɑntən or 'kɑn,tən

**quinton** kɑ<sup>n</sup>tɔ<sup>n</sup>

**captain** 'kɑptən

**captan** 'kɑp,tan

**caput** 'kɑ,pʊt

**kaput** kɑ'pʊt

**caracal** 'kɑrə,kəl

**karakul** 'kɑrəkəl

**carbineer** :kɑrəbə:nīr

**carbiner** ,kɑrə'bēnər

**careen** kə'rēn

**carene** 'kɑ,rēn

**carot(te)** kə'rət

**carrot** 'kɑrət

**carotene** 'kərə,tēn

**keratin** 'kerəd•ən

**carrion** 'kɑrēən

**carry-on** 'kɑrē,ən

**kerion** 'kɪrē,ən

**carry** 'kerē

**karree** kə'rē

**catch-up** 'kɑ,ʧəp

**catsup** or **ketchup** 'kɑʧəp

**cater** 'kədər

**heder** 'khədər

**caudal** 'kɔdəl

**coddle** 'kədəl

**caught** 'kɔt

**cot** 'kət

**cauloid** 'kɔ,lɔɪd

**colloid** 'kɑ,lɔɪd

**cavalier** 'kavə,lɪr

**caviller** 'kavələr

**caw** 'kɔ

**ka** 'kɑ

**cawed** 'kɔd**cod** 'kɔd**census** 'sensəs**senses** 'sensəs**cerasin** 'serə,sɪn**ceresin** 'serəsən**cerate** 'sɪ,ræt**cirrate** 'sɪ,ræt**serrate** 'se,ræt**ceratin** 'serətən**serotine** 'serə,tɪn**cercle** 'serkl**circle** 'sɜrkəl**cere** 'sɪr**sir** 'sɜr**cerin** 'sɪrən**cerine** 'sɪr,ən**serene** sə'ren**serine** 'sɪ,rɛn or 'sɪ,rən**cero** 'serō**serow** 'sə'rō**cerotene** 'serō,tɛn**serotine** 'serō,tɪn**chace** 'chás**chase** 'chás**chador** 'chədər**chatter** 'chədər**chagrin** shə'grɪn**shagreen** shə'grɛn**chalice** 'chaləs**challis** 'shalē**chalk** 'chɔk**chock** 'chɔk**chevret** shəv'rɛ**chevrette** shəv'ret**chic** 'shɛk**chick** 'chɪk**chime** 'chɪm**chyme** 'kɪm**chlorogenin** 'klɔrə'jenən**chlorogenine** klɔ'rɛjənən**choree** 'kɔr,ē**Coree** 'kɔrē**chucker** 'chəkər**chukar** chə'kär**cider** 'sɪdər**siddur** 'sɪdər**ciliosis** si'lɔsɪs**psilosis** sɪ'lɔsəs**citrin** 'sɪtrən**citrine** 'sɪtrɛn**clawed** 'klɔd**clod** 'klɔd**clysis** 'klɪsɪs**clyssus** 'klɪsəs**nicin** 'nɪsɪn**Nicene** 'nɪ,sɛn**coarser** 'kɔrs,ər**corsair** 'kɔr,sɛr**coaster** 'kɔstər**coster** 'kästər**coenurus** sē'nyürəs**senoras** sɛn'yɔrəs**Cohen** 'kɔən**cone** 'kɔn**koan** 'kɔ,än**coir** 'kɔɪr**core** 'kɔr**cola** 'kɔlə**colla** 'kɔlyə**coleus** 'kɔlēəs**colias** 'kɔlē,as**colin** 'kälən**colleen** 'käl,ɛn**color** 'kælər**colure** 'kə'lür**columbin** kə'ləmbən**columbine** 'käləmb,ɪn

**comers** 'kəmərz**Commers** kó'mers**comity** 'kämət•ē**committee** :kə'mit|ē**commence** kə'mənts**comments** 'kə.mənts**commerce** 'kämərs**commers** kó'mərs**commissaire** 'kämə,sar**commissar** 'kämə,sär**company** 'kəmpənē**compony** kəm'pönē**compare** kəm'par**quimper** kam:pər**conation** kō'nāshən**connation** kə:nāshən**conceal** kən'sēl**konseal** 'kän,sēl**concord** 'kän,körd**conquered** 'känkərd or 'könkərd**concours** kōn'kür**concourse** 'kän,kōrs**concur** kän'kər**conquer** 'kän,kər**condemn** kən'dem**contemn** kən'tem**congé** 'kän,jä**congee** 'kän,jē**conger** 'kängər**conjure** 'känjər**Congo** 'kängō**Kongo** 'kängō**consign** kən'sin**consigne** ,kōn'sen,ye**consol** 'kän,säl**console** kən'söl**consul** 'känsäl**cooler** 'külər**couleur** kü'lər**Coos** 'küś**coos** 'küz**copies** 'kärpēz**coppice** 'kärpəs**cora** 'kōrə**corah** 'kōrə**coralline** 'kōrəl,lin**corylin** 'kärilin**Cordelier** ,kördələr**Cordelière** ,kördəl'yer**corespondent** 'kō,rə'spändənt**correspondent** ,kōrə'spändənt**coria** 'kōrēə**Korea** kə'rēə**Cos** 'käs**cose** 'kōz**cosset** 'käsət**cossette** kə'set**coteau** kō'tō**coto** 'kōdō**couleur** kü'lər**couloir** ,kü'lwär**couple** 'kəpəl**cupel** kyü'pəl**courant** 'kürənt**current** 'kərənt**coyne** 'kóinē**Koine** 'koi,nē**crasis** 'kräsəs**krasis** 'kräsəs**crate** 'krāt**krait** 'krīt or kə'rīt**cribble** 'krībəl**crible** krē'blä**critic** 'kritik**critique** kri'tēk**cuckhold** 'kək,höld**cuckold** 'kəkəld**Cuman** kyü'man**cumene** 'kyümēn**cum(m)in** 'kəmən



**cunette** kyü'net  
**cunit** 'kyünät

**Curete** kyə'rēt  
**curet(te)** kyə'ret

**curie** 'kyürē  
**curry** 'kərē

**curtain** 'kər,tən  
**curtein** ,kər'tān

**custodee** 'kəstə,dē  
**custody** 'kəstədə

**cutter** 'kətər  
**kuttur** kə'tär

**cymas** 'siməz  
**cymous** 'siməs

**cynosure** 'sɪnə,shūr  
**sinecure** 'sɪnə,kyūr

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## D

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**da** a valuable fiber plant of the East Indies now widespread in cultivation

**dah** a large Burmese knife; a dash in radio or telegraphic code

**dace** a small European cyprinoid fish

**dais** a raised platform

**Dacian** relating to Dacia or its inhabitants, an ancient Roman province in central Europe

**datation** the legal act of giving or conferring

**Dactylis** a genus of two or three perennial chiefly Eurasian grasses

**dactylus** the part consisting of one or more joints of the tarsus of certain insects

**dah** (see **da**)

**dahl** the pigeon pea, a tropical woody herb

**doll** a small-scale figure of a human being

**daim** a fallow deer

**dam** a female parent; a barrier preventing the flow of liquid

**damn** to condemn

**daim** a fallow deer

**dame** a woman of rank, station, or authority; a female (slang)

**daimons** attendant, ministering, or indwelling powers or spirits; supernatural

beings whose natures are intermediate between that of a god and a human

**diamonds** native crystallized carbon valued as precious stones with a hardness of 10 (the maximum) on the Moh scale

**dairy** a room, building, or establishment where milk is kept and butter or cheese is made

**derry** a meaningless refrain or chorus in old songs

**dais** (see **dace**)

**dais** a raised platform

**dice** to cut into small pieces; small cubes, each face of which is marked with one to six spots

**dise** merchandise or goods (by shortening)

**daisy** any of numerous composite plants having flower heads with well-developed rayed flowers

**dazy** stupified as by a blow; made numb or stunned

**dak** to transport by relays of persons and horses

**dhak** an East Indian tree

**doc** a doctor (by shortening)

**dock** a place for loading and unloading materials; the solid part of an animal's tail; to cut short

**dalli** a tropical American tree whose wood is used for staves and its seed yields a wax

**dally** to waste time; to twist a rope around a saddle horn in roping an animal

**dalli** a tropical American tree whose wood is used for staves and its seed yields a wax

**dally** to twist a rope around a saddle horn in roping an animal

**dolly** a small wheeled platform used to move freight, a child's toy

**dally** (see **dalli**)

**dam** (see **daim**)

**dame** (see **daim**)

**damine** belonging to or like the fallow deer

**dayman** a worker paid by time rather than piecework

**dammar** a resin derived from various evergreen trees

**damner** a person who condemns

**damn** (see **daim**)

**damner** (see **dammar**)

**Dan** a people of the border region between the Ivory Coast and Liberia

**dan** the expert level in the Oriental arts of self-defense and games

**dawn** to begin to grow light; to become apparent

**don** to put on clothing; a college or university teacher

**Tan** one of a boat-dwelling people in China

**dance** to perform either alone or with others a rhythmic and patterned succession of steps usually to music

**daunts** saps the courage of and subdues through fear

**Dandie** a breed of terrier originating in the Scottish borders, having short legs, long body, and rough coat

**dandy** a man who gives fastidious and ex-

aggerated attention to dress or personal appearance

**Dane** a native of Denmark

**deign** condescend to give or offer

**daos** large Philippine trees; large heavy knives used by the Burmese

**dauws** Burchell's zebras

**dhows** Arabian lateen-rigged boats

**dows** large heavy knives used by Myanm-ers

**dowse** to plunge into water or immerse; to use a divining rod

**taos** unitary first principles from which all existence and change spring

**dar** an Indian timber tree with soft red wood

**darr** a black tern of Europe

**dartars** a mange affecting the head of sheep and caused by a mite

**darters** any of numerous small American freshwater fishes closely related to the perch

**dasi** a female Hindu who is a slave, servant, or of low caste

**dassi** a hydrax

**dation** (see **Dacian**)

**daub** to coat with something that smirches or stains

**dob** the penis (slang)

**dauber** a worker who seals with clay the doors of kilns in which brick and tile are burned; a plasterer

**dobber** a dabchick or other small grebe

**dauby** crudely executed; smeary

**dobby** a loom attachment resembling a jacquard for weaving small figures

**dauer** a spore-like state akin to hibernation

**Daur** a member of certain Manchu-Tungus people of the Amur basin related to the Manchus

**dour** stern, severe, harsh, or forbidding

**dower** the portion of or interest in the real

estate of a deceased husband that is given by law to his widow during her life

**daughter** a female offspring

**dodder** to tremble or shake; a parasitic seed plant

**dotter** a person who makes dots or locates optical and focal centers, axes, and terminal points in ground lenses

**daunts** (see **dance**)

**Daur** (see **dauer**)

**dauws** (see **daos**)

**davit** a fixed or movable crane projecting over the side of a ship or hatchway and used especially for hoisting ship's boats, anchors, or cargo

**davite** a sulfate of aluminum

**dawn** (see **Dan**)

**dayman** (see **damine**)

**days** periods of 24 hours; times between sunrise and sunset

**daze** to stupefy or make numb

**deys** ruling officials of the Ottoman Empire in northern Africa

**dazy** (see **daisy**)

**de** either of two hollow semicylindrical metal electrodes in a cyclotron

**di** a music syllable in the sol-fa sequence

**deader** more deprived of life

**debtor** a person indebted or obligated to another

**deaf** lacking or deprived of a sense of hearing

**def** in music, splendid or superlative; without question, or definitely (by shortening)

**deal** to distribute, as cards to a player; a business transaction

**deel** a long robe-like garment worn in Mongolia and wrapped around the waist with a long sash

**diel** involving a 24-hour period that usually includes a day and the adjoining night

**deanery** the office, position, or residence of a dean

**denary** based on or proceeding by tens

**dear** regarded fondly; expensive

**deer** a ruminant animal of the family Cervidae

**deasil** right-handwise or clockwise

**decile** any one of nine numbers in a series that divides a distribution of individuals in the series into ten groups of equal frequency

**decyl** any of numerous radicals derived from the decans by removing one hydrogen atom

**desyl** a univalent radical derived from desoxybenzoin

**deasil** right-handwise or clockwise

**diesel** a vehicle driven by a diesel engine

**debtor** (see **deader**)

**decade** a period of ten years

**decayed** underwent decomposition; declined in strength or vigor

**decal** decalomania (by shortening), the process of transferring designs from specially prepared paper to china, glass, or marble and permanently affixing them thereto

**deckle** the detachable wooden frame around the outer edges of a paper maker's hand mold

**decan** any of the three divisions of ten degrees in each sign of the zodiac

**Deccan** a breed of coarse-wooled sheep of southern India

**decken** large masses thrust over other rocks by recumbent anticlinal folds

**dekan** one of 36 equal subdivisions of the equatorial belt of the celestial sphere

**decanal** of or relating to a dean or deanery

**dekanal** related to one of 36 equal subdivi-

- visions of the equatorial belt of the celestial sphere, in ancient Egyptian astronomy
- decayed** (see **decade**)
- Deccan** (see **decan**)
- decile** (see **deasil**)
- decken** (see **decan**)
- deckle** (see **decal**)
- decks** ship platforms extending within the hull from side to side and stem to stern
- dex** the sulfate of dextroamphetamine
- decyl** (see **deasil**)
- decyl** any of numerous radicals derived from the decans by removing one hydrogen atom
- diesel** a vehicle driven by a diesel engine
- dee** a metal ring for holding a saddle strap or belt
- dit** a short usually didactic sometimes satirical poem in old French literature
- deel** (see **deal**)
- deemie** a thing whose name is unknown or forgotten; a thingumbob
- dele** to delete in printing and editing
- deem** to form an opinion; to believe
- deme** a local population of closely related organisms
- deer** (see **dear**)
- def** (see **deaf**)
- deference** a yielding of judgment or preference out of respect for another
- deferents** imaginary circles surrounding the earth in whose periphery either one or more celestial bodies or the centers of their epicycle are supposed to move
- deign** (see **Dane**)
- dekan** (see **decan**)
- dekanal** (see **decanal**)
- del** in mathematics, an operator upon a function of three variables
- dell** a small secluded natural valley
- delation** accusation or denouncement
- dilation** expansion; the action of enlarging an organ or part of the body
- dele** (see **deemie**)
- delegation** the act of investing with authority to act for another
- deligation** bandaging or binding up
- Delhi** a city in India
- deli** ready-to-eat food products; a delicatessen (by shortening)
- deligation** (see **delegation**)
- dell** (see **del**)
- Delphin** related to the Delphin classics
- delphine** related to dolphins
- delphinin** a violet crystalline anthocyanin pigment
- delphinine** a poisonous crystalline alkaloid
- deluded** deceived or tricked
- diluted** reduced in strength or quality; watered down
- demarch** a ruler of a commune in modern Greece
- demark** to determine the boundary of
- deme** (see **deem**)
- demean** to lower in status or reputation
- demesne** land attached to a mansion; a range of interest or activity
- demesne** land attached to a mansion; a range of interest or activity
- domain** the possessions of a sovereign, feudal lord, nation, or commonwealth
- demies** scholars on the foundation at Magdalen College, Oxford
- demise** to transmit by succession or inheritance
- demoded** no longer fashionable
- demoted** reduced to a lower grade or rank
- denary** (see **deanery**)
- dense** crowded very close together; mentally dull

**dents** depressions made by a blow or pressure

**dental** relating to teeth

**dentil** one of a series of small rectangular blocks forming a molding below the cornice

**dentile** the condition of being saw-toothed; a small tooth

**dents** (see **dense**)

**depravation** corruption; perversion

**deprivation** taking something away from

**deric** of or pertaining to the skin

**derrick** any of various hoisting apparatus employing a tackle rigged at the end of a beam

**derma** the sensitive vascula inner mesodermic layer of skin

**dharma** in Hinduism, social custom regarded as one's duty; the body of cosmic principles by which all things exist

**derrick** (see **deric**)

**derry** (see **dairy**)

**descension** in astrology, the part of the zodiac in which a planet's influence is thought to be least

**dissension** disagreement; a breach of friendship

**descent** moving from a higher to a lower level or state

**dissent** differ in opinion

**desert** a reward or punishment deserved or earned

**dessert** a course served at the close of a meal

**desmacyte** one of the long fusiform cells forming a fibrous network in sponge cortex

**desmocyte** any of certain elongated interstitial cells

**desman** an aquatic insectivorous mammal of Russia resembling a mole

**desmine** a mineral of the zeolite family consisting of a hydrous silicate of aluminum, calcium, and sodium

**desmon** an immune body

**desmocyte** (see **desmacyte**)

**desmon** (see **desman**)

**dessert** (see **desert**)

**desyl** (see **deasil**)

**detour** a deviation from a direct course or usual procedure

**detur** a specially bound book awarded to a student for meritorious work

**deuce** the face of a die or playing card bearing two spots or pips; a tie score in tennis

**douce** in music, soft or smooth

**Deusey** a Duesenberg automobile (by shortening)

**doozy** a remarkable example of its kind; fancy or splendid

**deviser** a person who plans or designs

**devisor** a person who bequeaths property in a will

**divisor** a number by which the dividend is divided

**dew** moisture condensed on the surface of a cool body

**do** to perform

**doux** champagne containing at least seven percent sugar by volume

**due** owing or in debt

**Dewar** a glass or metal container with at least two walls with the space between them evacuated to prevent heat transfer

**dewer** a textile machine operator who brushes or sprays water on cloth during the finishing process

**doer** a performer or actor

**dour** stern, severe, harsh, or forbidding

**dur** any of several major musical keys

**dewed** dampened as if with dew

**dude** an overfastidious person in dress and manner; a tenderfoot or novice

**dewer** (see **Dewar**)

**dewks** a family unit in which both husband and wife work and have children (or DEWKS for Dual-Employed with Kids)

**dooks** inclines at a mine for hauling

**doucs** variegated colored monkeys of China

**dukes** noblemen

**dex** (see **decks**)

**dextran** any of numerous polysaccharides that yield only glucose on hydrolysis

**dextrin(e)** any of various water-soluble dextrorotatory polysaccharides obtained from starch

**deys** (see **days**)

**dghaisa** a small boat resembling a gondola that is common in Malta

**Disa** a genus of showy tropical African terrestrial orchids

**disa** a plant of the genus *Disa*

**dhai** a wet nurse or midwife in India

**die** to expire or perish; a small cube, each face of which is marked with from one to six spots

**dye** coloring matter

**dhak** (see **dak**)

**dhan** property or wealth, particularly the village cattle, in India

**done** completed a task

**dun** dark or gloomy; to ask for repeatedly, as an overdue payment

**dharma** (see **derma**)

**dhauri** an East Indian red-flowered shrub; an East Indian tree used for timber, tanning, and a source of gum

**dory** a flat-bottomed boat with high flaring sides

**dhikr** the ritual formula of a Sufi (an ascetic Muslim) brotherhood recited devotionally in praise of Allah

**dicker** to haggle or bargain; the number ten, especially of hides or skins

**dhobi** a member of a low caste of India employed as launderers

**dobe** a brick or building material of sun-dried earth and straw

**dhole** a fierce wild dog of India

**dol** a unit for measuring pain intensity

**dole** to distribute material, such as food, clothing, or money to the needy

**dhoni** a fishing or coastwise trading boat of India

**donee** a recipient of a gift

**dhoon** a valley in the Siwaik hills of India

**doon** a large tree of Sri Lanka

**dun** a fortified residence in Ireland and Scotland

**dune** a hill or ridge of sand

**dhooop** an Indian plant; the pitch derived therefrom

**dupe** a person easily deceived because s/he lacks discriminatory powers

**dhoti** a long loincloth worn by Hindu men

**doty** timber infected by incipient or partial decay often with discoloration

**dudie** a diminutive fop, dandy, or tender-foot

**dhows** (see **daos**)

**dhuti** a long loincloth worn by Hindu men

**dooty** excrement (slang)

**duty** obligator tasks, conduct, service, or functions enjoined by order or custom

**di** (see **de**)

**dial** the graduated face of a time piece; a disk or knob for operating a machine; to operate a machine by means of a dial

**diel** involving a 24-hour period that usually includes a day and the adjoining night

**diamonds** (see **daimons**)

**diane** a triaene sponge with one ray reduced or absent

**diene** a chemical compound containing two double bonds

**diaphane** the art of imitating stained glass with translucent paper

**diaphony** dissonance; part writing or singing in two, three, or four parts

**diarist** a person who keeps a daily record of events

**direst** most ominous or sinister

**dicast** a member of the highest court of law of ancient Athens who performed the functions of both jury and judge

**die-cast** to make by forcing molten metal into a die

**dice** (see **dais**)

**Diceras** a genus of Jurassic mollusks comprising clams, oysters, and mussels

**dicerous** having two tentacles or antennae

**dicker** (see **dhikr**)

**die** (see **dhai**)

**die-cast** (see **dicast**)

**diehard** an old Scottish breed of terrier

**die-hard** a person who offers extreme resistance to change

**dieing** cutting or shaping with a die

**dyeing** imparting a new and often permanent color to

**dying** expiring or perishing

**diel** (see **deal** or **dial**)

**diemaker** a worker who makes cutting and shaping dies

**dyemaker** a worker who mixes and brews coloring matter

**diene** (see **diane**)

**dier** a person or animal that expires or quits

**dire** ominous or sinister

**dyer** a person who colors articles

**diesel** (see **deasil** or **decyl**)

**diesis** a semitone in the Pythagorean music scale that is less than half a whole step and is designated as 256/243

**diocese** the circuit or extent of a bishop's jurisdiction

**dike** a bank, usually of earth, constructed to control or confine water (rarely **dyke**)

**dyke** a female homosexual

**diker** a person who makes or works on dikes

**duiker** any of several small African antelopes having short straight horns

**dyker** a two-branched candlestick used in the Eastern Church

**dilation** (see **delation**)

**dildo** a West Indian spiny cactus

**dildoe** an object serving as a penis substitute for vaginal insertion and stimulation

**diluted** (see **deluded**)

**dime** a petty sum of money

**disme** a U.S. ten-cent coin struck in 1792

**dine** to eat a meal

**dyne** a unit of force in the cgs system

**ding** to talk, urge, or impress with tiresome repetition; to make a ringing sound

**ting** an ancient Chinese ceremonial vessel

**dinghy** a small boat propelled by oars, sails, or a motor

**dingy** crazy; groggy or dazed

**dink(e)y** small or insignificant; a small locomotive

**diocese** (see **diesis**)

**dipterous** having two wings or winglike appendages

**Dipterus** a genus of Devonian dipnoan fishes of America and Scotland having ganoid scales

**dire** (see **dier**)

**direst** (see **diarist**)

**dis** any of several superhuman female beings in Norse mythology

**dix** a certain score of ten points in pinochle

**Disa** and **disa** (see **dghaisa**)



**disburse** to distribute; to expend from a fund

**disperse** to send or drive into different places

**discreet** tactful or prudent

**discrete** constituting a separate entity

**discussed** investigated a question by reasoning or argument

**disgust** a marked aversion or repugnance

**dise** (see **dais**)

**disgust** (see **discussed**)

**dislimb** to dismember by cutting off limbs or parts

**dislimn** to dim or reduce the light

**disme** (see **dime**)

**disperse** (see **disburse**)

**dissension** (see **descension**)

**dissent** (see **descent**)

**dissipater** a person who expends energy aimlessly or foolishly; one who drinks alcoholic beverages excessively

**dissipator** a part of a glacier in which the loss by melting exceeds the gain from the accumulation of snow

**distributer** a person who deals out or apportions

**distributor** a device that directs the secondary current from the induction coil to the spark plugs of a multicylinder engine in their proper firing order

**districts** territorial divisions marked off or defined for administrative, electoral, judicial, or other purposes

**distrix** a disease of the hair that involves split or divided ends

**dit** (see **dee**)

**dots** dots in radio or telegraphic code

**ditz** a silly inane person; a frivolous ninny

**divertisement** a diversion, amusement, or recreation

**divertissement** an instrumental musical

composition having from four to ten movements and written as a chamber work

**divisor** (see **devisor**)

**dix** (see **dis**)

**do** (see **dew**)

**dob** (see **daub**)

**dobber** (see **dauber**)

**dobby** (see **dauby**)

**dobe** (see **dhobi**)

**doc** (see **dak**)

**docile** tractable or obedient

**dossal** an ornamental cloth hung behind and above the altar

**dossil** lint or a small roll of pledget for keeping a wound or sore open

**dock** (see **dak**)

**dodder** (see **daughter**)

**doddle** coarse bran obtained from wheat; a tree cut back to the trunk to promote growth of a dense head of foliage

**dottle** unburnt and partially burnt tobacco caked in a pipe's bowl; to keep apart by thimbles, as in glost firing

**dodo** a large heavy flightless extinct bird

**Doto** a genus of nudibranch mollusks with tuberculated cerata

**doer** (see **Dewar**)

**does** adult females of various mammals, as deer and rabbits

**dos** first tones of the diatonic scale

**doughs** mixtures of flour and other ingredients sufficiently stiff to knead and roll

**doze** to sleep lightly or intermittently

**doggie** an infantry soldier

**doggy** straight, lustrous, and inferior quality wool

**dol** (see **dhole**)

**dolce** soft or smooth



**dolci** sweet desserts

**dole** (see **dhole**)

**doler** a person who gives food, money, or clothing to the needy

**dolor** mental suffering or anguish

**doll** (see **dahl**)

**dolly** (see **dalli**)

**dolman** a woman's wide-sleeved coat or jacket

**dolmen** a prehistoric monument consisting of upright stones supporting a horizontal base

**dolor** (see **doler**)

**Dom** a member of a Hindu caste of untouchables

**dom** a doom palm, a large African fan palm important as a soil stabilizer in desert regions

**dome** a vaulted circular roof or ceiling

**domn** Lord

**domain** (see **demesne**)

**dome** (see **Dom**)

**domini** owners or principals as distinguished from either users or agents

**dominie** a pastor of the Reformed Dutch Church

**domn** (see **Dom**)

**don** (see **Dan**)

**donar** a girl, especially a steady girl friend or fiancée (slang)

**donor** a person who gives, presents, or donates

**done** (see **dhan**)

**donee** (see **dhoni**)

**donjon** the strongest and most secure part of a medieval castle, often used as a place of residence

**dungeon** a close dark prison or vault commonly underground

**donné** a person dedicated to missionary work

**donnée** the main assumption(s) on which a work of literature or drama is based

**donor** (see **donar**)

**dooks** (see **dewks**)

**dooley** an outdoor toilet (slang); a sweet potato (slang)

**doolie** a first-year cadet at the U.S. Air Force Academy

**dooly** a palanquin, a litter borne on the shoulders of people

**duly** properly, regularly, or sufficiently

**doom** judgment or decision of condemnation

**doum** a doom palm

**doon** (see **dhoon**)

**door** an opening in a room or building

**dor** an insect that flies with a buzzing noise

**dorr** a glacial trough crossing a ridge

**doorman** a person that tends the door of a hotel, apartment house, or other building

**dormin** abscisic acid, a growth-inhibiting plant hormone

**dooty** (see **dhuti**)

**doozy** (see **Deusey**)

**dopey** feeling and acting in a dazed state; mentally dull

**dopie** a person who takes drugs (slang)

**dor** (see **door**)

**dormin** (see **doorman**)

**dorr** (see **door**)

**dorsal** belonging to or situated near or on the back of an animal or of one of its parts

**dorsel** a basket to be carried on a person's back or, in pairs, by a horse or other beast of burden

**dory** (see **dhauri**)

**dos** (see **does**)

**dos** property settled by the husband on his spouse at the time of marriage

**dose** a measured portion of additive, medicine, or labor

**dossal** (see **docile**)

**dossil** (see **docile**)

**Doto** (see **dodo**)

**dotter** (see **daughter**)

**dottle** (see **doddle**)

**doty** (see **dhoti**)

**douar** an Arabian village consisting typically of a group of tents encircling an open space

**duar** a tract of land in India leading to a mountain pass

**douce** (see **deuce**)

**doucs** (see **dewks**)

**doughs** (see **does**)

**doughty** marked by fearless resoluteness and stoutness in a struggle; able or strong

**dowdy** lacking neatness, charm, or smartness in apparel or appearance

**doum** (see **doom**)

**dour** (see **dauer** and **Dewar**)

**doux** (see **dew**)

**dowdy** (see **doughty**)

**dower** (see **dauer**)

**downie** a tranquilizer or barbituate (slang)

**downy** soft, quiet, or soothing

**dows** (see **daos**)

**dowse** (see **daos**)

**doze** (see **does**)

**draffs** the damp remains of malt after brewing that are often used as appetizers or supplements in animal rations

**drafts** outlines, composes, or prepares; selects an individual for some special purpose

**drain** to make gradually dry or empty

**draine** a missal thrush

**drias** a large European herb the root of which is emetic and cathartic; a deadly carrot

**Dryas** a small genus of arctic and alpine tufted plants

**dryas** any plant of the genus *Dryas*

**drogh** to transport by means of a small drogher, a small coasting vessel used in the West Indies

**drogue** a sea anchor; a towed aerodynamic drag device

**droop** to have a slouched or bent posture; to decline in spirit or courage

**drupe** a one-seeded indehiscent fruit, as a cherry or peach

**dropsie** a marble game

**dropsy** an abnormal accumulation of serous fluid in connective tissue; lethargy or laziness

**drupe** (see **droop**)

**Dryas** and **dryas** (see **drias**)

**dual** consisting of two parts

**duel** a combat between two persons

**dule** a group of doves

**dualist** an adherent or advocate of dualism

**duelist** a person who engages in duels

**duar** (see **douar**)

**dub** to dignify or give new character to by a name, title, or description

**dubb** the Syrian bear

**duchy** the territory or dominions of a duke or duchess

**Dutchy** characteristically Dutch

**ducked** lowered the head quickly; avoided

**duct** a pipe, tube, or channel

**ducks** lowers the head quickly; avoids; swimming birds

**ducts** pipes, tubes, or channels

**dux** a theme of a fugue or canon

**duct** (see **ducked**)

**ductal** of or belonging to a pipe, tube, or channel by which a substance is conveyed

**ductile** capable of being fashioned into a new form

**ducts** (see **ducks**)

**dude** (see **dewed**)

**dud(h)een** a short tobacco pipe made of clay

**dudine** a female dude or tenderfoot; an ultrafashionable woman

**dudie** (see **dhoti**)

**dudine** (see **dud[h]leen**)

**due** (see **dew**)

**duel** (see **dual**)

**duelist** (see **dualist**)

**duiker** (see **diker**)

**dukes** (see **dewks**)

**dule** (see **dual**)

**duly** (see **dooley**)

**dun** (see **dhan** and **dhoon**)

**dunce** a dull-witted or stupid person

**dunts** in ceramics, cracks made while firing, or afterward by too rapid a temperature change

**duncur** a common Old World duck that greatly resembles the American redhead

**Dunker** a member of one of the denominations deriving from an original German Baptist group that practices trine, immersion, love feasts, and simplicity of life

**dune** (see **dhoon**)

**dungeon** (see **donjon**)

**Dunker** (see **duncur**)

**dunts** (see **dunce**)

**dupe** (see **dhoop**)

**dur** (see **Dewar**)

**dural** relating to the dura mater

**duryl** a univalent radical derived from durene

**dustee** the offspring of a white and a fus-tee; a person who is of 1/32 negro ancestry

**dustie** a person addicted to inhaling powdered narcotics (slang)

**dusty** marked by or covered with fine dry pulverized particles of earth or other matter

**Dutchy** (see **duchy**)

**duty** (see **dhuti**)

**dux** (see **ducks**)

**dye** (see **dhai**)

**dyeing** (see **dieing**)

**dyemaker** (see **diemaker**)

**dyer** (see **dier**)

**dying** (see **dieing**)

**dyke** (see **dike**)

**dyker** (see **diker**)

**Dynastes** a genus of large chiefly tropical lamellicorn beetles, including the rhinoceros beetle

**dynasties** groups or classes of individuals having power in some sphere of activity and able to select their successors

**dyne** (see **dine**)

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## Group I

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**dactylous** - **dactylus**

**debutant** - **debutante**

**decandence** - **decadents**

**deformity** - **difformity**

**demission** - **dimission**

**dependence** - **dependents**

**descendance** - **descendants**

**despondence** - **despondents**

**deterrence** - **deterrents**

**devest** - **divest**

**deviance - deviants**  
**dextran - dextrin(e)**  
**dicephalous - dicephalus**  
**diestrous - diestrus**  
**diptercarpous - Diptercarpus**  
**discous - discus**  
**dissentience - dissentients**  
**dissidence - dissidents**  
**dominance - dominants**  
**dropkick - drop-kick**  
**dryasdust - dry-as-dust**

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## Group I and II

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**depository** də'pəzə,terē  
**depository** də'pəzə,tōrē  
**distale** də'stalē  
**distally** 'distalē

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## Group II

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**daiquiri** 'dɪkərē  
**dichoree** dɪkə'rē

**daub** 'däb  
**daube** 'dōb

**dawdle** 'dɔdəl  
**doddle** 'dädəl

**deacon** 'dekən  
**decan** 'dekən

**debauch** də'bäuch  
**debouch** də'baüch

**decalet** 'dekə,let  
**decollate** 'dekə,lāt  
**decollete** də'kälə,tā

**decease** də'sēs  
**disease** də'z|ēz  
**disseize** də'sēz

**decollate** də'käl,lāt  
**decollete** də'kälə,tā

**decouple** 'de,kəpəl  
**decuple** 'dekəpəl

**decry** də'krī  
**descry** də'skrī

**defuse** 'dēfyüz  
**diffuse** də'fyüz

**delead** de'led  
**deled** 'de,lēd

**delusion** də'lüzhən  
**dilution** də'lüşən

**dental** 'dentəl  
**dentelle** den'tel

**depose** dē'pōz  
**depots** 'dē,pōz

**dessert** də'zərt  
**dissert** də'sərt

**deter** dē'tər  
**detur** 'dē,tər

**deva** 'dävə  
**diva** 'dēvə

**d(h)houi** 'dōnē  
**donee** dō'nē

**diaper** 'dɪpər  
**diapir** 'dɪə,pɪr

**diareal** 'dɪ,arēəl  
**diarrheal** 'dɪə,rēəl

**dictate** 'dɪk,tāt  
**diktat** dɪk'tāt

**diplomat** 'dɪplə,mat  
**diplomate** 'dɪplə,māt

**discoursive** də'skɔrsɪv  
**discursive** də'skərsɪv

**discus** 'diskəs  
**discuss** də'skəs

**dissimilation** də'sɪmə,ləshən  
**dissimulation** də'sɪmyə,ləshən

**distant** 'dɪstənt  
**distent** də'stənt

**divers** 'dɪvərs  
**diverse** 'dɪ,vərs

**dobby** 'däbē  
**doby** 'dōbē

**doer** 'düər  
**douar** dü'wär  
**dower** 'daüər  
**doggy** 'dóge  
**dogie** 'dōgē  
**dore** dó'rā  
**dory** 'dōrē  
**doublet** 'dəblət  
**doublette** ,də'blet  
**doup** 'daüp  
**dupe** 'düp

**draftee** draf'tē  
**drafty** 'draftē  
**dramas** 'dräməz  
**dromos** 'dräməs  
**dually** 'düə.lē  
**duly** 'dülē  
**dulls** 'dɒlz  
**dulse** 'dɒls

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## E

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**eager** having or characterized by strong and urgent interest, desire, ardor, enthusiasm, or impatience

**eaigre** a tidal flood, flow, or bore (seldom **ægir** or **eager**)

**egger** a person that collects wild bird eggs for gain; any of various moths of the *Lasiolepididae* family (also **eggar**)

**earn** to receive an equitable return for work done or service rendered

**ern(e)** a white-tailed sea eagle

**urn** a footed vase or vessel for holding liquids, ashes, and ballots

**ease** (see **aes**)

**eaten** taken in through the mouth as food

**Eton** resembling clothing or appearance of boys at Eton College

**eau** a watery solution, as of perfume

**oe** a violent whirlwind off the Faroe islands

**oh** an expression for various emotions; zero

**owe** to be indebted

**eave** a roof's lower border that overhangs a wall

**eve** evening (by shortening)

**eboe** a Central American tree the seeds of which yield eboe oil

**Ibo** a group of Negro tribes on the lower Niger river

**échappé** a ballet movement in which the dancer jumps and lands on the toes or balls of the feet

**échappée** a melodic ornamental musical tone

**ectocarpous** having reproductive organs developed from the ectoderm

**Ectocarpus** the type genus of Ecotocarpacae containing numerous more or less branched filamentous brown algae

**eddo** the edible root or stem of the taro root

**Edo** a Negro tribe in southern Nigeria

**edition** (see **addition**)

**Edo** (see **eddo**)

**eek** an expression of surprise or fright

**eke** to supplement; to live from day to day with difficulty

**e'er** (see **air**)

**eerie** (see **aerie**)

**effect** (see **affect**)

**effective** (see **affective**)

**effector** (see **affecter**)

**effusion** (see **affusion**)

**egger** (see **eager**)

**ego** the self; selfesteem

**Igo** a Japanese game for two persons

**eh** (see **a**)

**eight** (see **ait**)

**eighty** (see **ate**)

**Eire** (see **aerie** and **aire**)

**Eire** of or from the republic of Ireland

**era** a period set off or typified by some prominent figure or characteristic

**Eire** of or from the republic of Ireland

**eyra** a solidcolored reddish wildcat regarded by some as a color phase of the jaguarundi and by others as a separate species

**eke** (see **eek**)

**el** an elevated railway

**ell** an extension at a right angle to a building

**Elaps** a genus of venomous snakes

**elapse** to slip or glide away

**illapse** flowing into, as a river or a large number of individuals

**elation** high spirits

**illation** inference

**elegit** a judicial writ of execution whereby a defendent's goods and lands are delivered to the plaintiff

**illegit** contrary to or violating a law or regulation (slang)

**elicit** to draw or bring out

**illicit** unlawful

**elision** (see **allision**)

**ell** (see **el**)

**elude** (see **allude**)

**eluded** (see **alluded**)

**elusion** (see **allusion**)

**eluted** (see **alluded**)

**Elysian** (see **allision**)

**em** (see **am**)

**'em** (see **am**)

**emanant** emerging from a source, used especially of mental acts

**eminent** noteworthy or conspicuous

**embarras** an obstruction, such as snags or packed masses of tree trunks or driftwood

**embarrass** to place in doubt, perplexity, or difficulties

**emboli** foreign or abnormal particles circulating in the blood

**emboly** a process of gastrula formation by simple infolding of the blastula wall that is typical of embryos

**embraceor** a person guilty of influencing a court, jury, or other office(r) corruptly

**embracer** a person who clasps in the arms, usually as a gesture of affection; to welcome or accept eagerly

**emend** (see **amend**)

**emerge** to rise from an enveloping fluid; to come out into view

**immerge** to plunge into

**emergence** the recovering of consciousness, as after anesthesia

**emergents** any of various plants (as bulrushes) rooted in shallow water and having most of the vegetative growth above water

**emersed** rising above a surface of surrounding leaves, as a water lily

**immersed** completely imbedded in or sunk below the surface

**eminent** (see **emanant**)

**emission** something sent forth; discharged; released

**immission** placing a small piece of the host into consecrated wine

**emission** something sent forth; discharged; released

**omission** leaving out or failing to include

**emit** to send out; to express

**omit** to leave out

**emotion** (see **amotion**)

**emplastic** sticky, gluey, or adhesive

**implastic** not plastic or readily molded

**emu** a large Australian ratite bird

**imu** an Hawaiian cooking pit

**en** (see **an**)

**encyst** to form or become enclosed in a cyst or capsule

**insist** to hold firmly to something

**end** (see **and**)

**ends** (see **ands**)

**endue** to put on; to provide

**undo** to cancel; to unfasten; to destroy someone's reputation

**undue** inappropriate or improper

**enfold** to surround with a covering; to embrace

**infol** to fold inward or toward one another

**unfoaled** a mare which has not produced an offspring; an unborn colt or filly

**unfold** to spread out or lay open to view

**engrain** to color in imitation of a wood's grain

**ingrain** an innate quality or character

**enhyrdos** a hollow nodule of chalcedony containing water

**enhydrous** containing fluid drops

**enrapt** absorbed in ecstatic contemplation

**enwrapped** enfolded with material

**unwrapped** opened to view; unrolled

**ens** (see **ands**)

**ensure** to make certain or safe

**insure** to underwrite

**unsure** lacking confidence or assurance

**enterocele** a hernia containing a portion of the intestines

**enterocoele** a body cavity that originates by outgrowth from the archenteron

**entrada** an expedition or journey into unexplored territory

**intrada** a musical introduction or prelude, especially in 16th and 17th century music

**Entrance** a solemn procession through the body of the church to the bema in Eastern Church liturgy

**entrance** the bow or entire forepart of a ship below the water line

**entrants** persons that enter, say a competition

**enumerable** countable even though infinite

**innumerable** characterized by a vast or countless number

**enunciate** (see **annunciate**)

**envoi** a concluding or parting remark

**envoy** a messenger, agent, or representative of a sovereign government

**enwrapped** (see **enrapt**)

**ephemeris** a tabular statement of the assigned places of a celestial body for regular intervals

**ephemeros** of interest or value for only a short time; transient

**epic** heroic; a long narrative poem

**epoch** a memorable event or date; a new beginning

**equation** (see **aquation**)

**er** an expression of hesitation

**err** to make a mistake

**era** (see **Eire**)

**ere** (see **air**)

**erector** a person who buids or constructs

**erector** a combination of lenses or prisms

- in an optical instrument for making the image appear erect instead of inverted
- ergodic** the path followed by energy
- ergotic** pertaining to or derived from a fungous disease of rye, other cereals, and wild grasses
- eria** (see **area**)
- Erica** a large genus of low manybranched evergreen shrubs
- erika** a reddishbrown dye used on cotton, wool, and silk
- erics** payments imposed on a slayer and his/her kin for homicide in medieval Irish law
- Eryx** a genus comprising the typical sand snakes
- Erie** (see **aerie**)
- erika** (see **Erica**)
- ern(e)** (see **earn**)
- erose** (see **aerose**)
- erosive** (see **arrosive**)
- err** (see **air** and **er**)
- errant** (see **arrant**)
- erred** made a mistake; deviated from a standard
- urd** a spreading hairy annual bean widely cultivated in warm regions
- error** (see **airer**)
- ers** a vetch grown in Mediterranean and Asiatic countries
- erse** characteristic of Gaelicspeaking people of Scotland
- erupt** to force out or release suddenly and often violently
- irrupt** to enter forcibly or suddenly; to intrude
- erythrin** a mineral consisting of a hydrous cobalt arsenate
- erythrine** a colorless crystalline substance extracted from certain lichens and yielding certain red compounds
- Eryx** (see **erics**)
- es** a unit of quantity of electricity in an electrostatic system
- ess** resembling the shape of the letter S
- escaladed** climbed up or over
- escalated** carried, as if on a moving staircase
- eschar** a scar
- esker** a long narrow ridge of sand or debris deposited near a glacier
- espier** (see **aspire**)
- ess** (see **es**)
- essay** (see **assay**)
- estray** (see **astray**)
- eta** (see **Aeta**)
- ethel** ancestral land
- ethyl** a univalent hydrocarbon radical derived from ethane (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>)
- Eton** (see **eaten**)
- euonymous** suitably named
- Euonymus** a genus of evergreen shrubs, small trees, or vines of north temperate regions
- euonymus** any plant of the genus *Euonymus*
- Eurya** a genus of Asiatic evergreen trees and shrubs with foliage resembling holly
- urea** a highly soluble crystalline nitrogenous compound formed in nature by the decomposition of protein
- Uria** a genus of guillemots comprising the murre
- eve** (see **eave**)
- evert** (see **avert**)
- evulsion** (see **avulsion**)
- ewe** a female sheep, goat, or smaller antelope
- yew** a shrub or tree with rich evergreen foliage
- you** the second person pronoun; the one(s) being addressed
- yu** precious jade



**ewe** the female of the sheep  
**yo** used by sailors as a signal to commence hauling on a rope  
**ewer** a vase-shaped pitcher with handle and spout  
**your** of or belonging to you  
**you're** the contraction of you are  
**ewes** female sheep, goats, or smaller antelopes  
**use** to put into action or service  
**yews** shrubs or trees with rich evergreen foliage  
**youse** the plural of you (substandard)  
**ex** formerly  
**x** to cancel or obliterate; a ten-dollar bill (slang)  
**exceed** (see **accede**)  
**except** (see **accept**)  
**excess** (see **access**)  
**excided** cut out or excised  
**excited** aroused or increased the activity of  
**exciter** a dynamo or battery that supplies the electric current used to produce a magnetic field in another dynamo or motor  
**excitor** an afferent nerve arousing increased action of the part that it supplies  
**excurses** journeys or passes through  
**excursus** a dissertation that is appended to a work that contains a more extended exposition on some topic  
**exercise** to discharge an official function; something practiced to develop power or skill  
**exorcise** to drive out (an evil spirit) by adjuration  
**exitus** an export duty; the fatal termination of a disease; an excretory outlet  
**exodus** a mass departure; the part of a Greek drama following the last song of the chorus  
**exorcise** (see **exercise**)

**exotic** not native to the place where found; strange; romantic or glamorous  
**ixodic** relating to or caused by ticks of the genus Ixodes  
**expatriate** a person who lives in a foreign country  
**ex-patriot** a person who formerly loved his/her country and defended and promoted its interests  
**exponence** correlation between an abstract linguistic category and its specific elements  
**exponents** persons who champion or advocate; expounders or explainers  
**expos** any shows, displays, or expositions (by shortening)  
**expose** to lay open to view or lay bare  
**eye** (see **ai**)  
**eyed** having eyes; watched carefully  
**I'd** the contraction of I had or I would  
**ide** a European freshwater cyprinid foodfish  
**eyelet** a small usually round hole  
**islet** a small island  
**eyer** a person who watches carefully  
**ire** anger or wrath  
**eyra** (see **Eire**)  
**eyre** (see **air**)

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## Group I

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**efference** - **efferents**  
**effuence** - **effluents**  
**ellipses** - **ellipsis**  
**enhydros** - **enhydrous**  
**ensure** - **insure**  
**epigenous** - **epigynous**  
**epigonos** - **Epigonus**  
**epigram** - **epigramme**  
**equipollence** - **equipollents**  
**equivalence** - **equivalents**  
**erysipelas** - **erysipelous**  
**escallop** - **scallop**

estrous - estrus  
 euryalae - Euryale  
 Eutopia - Utopia - utopia  
 exigence - exigents  
 existence - existents  
 exodus - exodusts  
 expectance - expectants  
 expedience - expedients  
 experience - experients  
 eyetie - itie

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## Group I and II

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eradiation ē,rādē'ashən  
 irradiation ə,rādē'ashən

escallop ə'skäləp  
 scallop 'skäləp

especial ə'speshəl  
 special 'speshəl

espy ə'spī  
 spy 'spī

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## Group II

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earring 'iriŋ  
 erring eriŋ

effete e'fēt  
 Ephete 'e,fēt

efficient ə'fishənt  
 officiant ə'fishēənt

eidolism 'idō,lizəm  
 idolism 'idəl,izəm

elegance 'elēgəns  
 elegants əlāgənz

elopes ə'lōps  
 elops 'e,lāps

elusion ə'lüzhən  
 elution ə'lüşhən

eluviate ē'lüvē,āt  
 illuviate i'lüvē,āt

embarras ənbə:rə  
 embarrass em'barəs

emigrate 'emə,grāt  
 immigrate 'imə,grāt

eminent 'emənənt  
 imminent 'imənənt

empres 'ēmprəs  
 impress əm'pres

empyreal 'em,pirēəl  
 imperial 'im,pirēəl

enervate ə'nərvət  
 innervate i'nər,vət

ensoul ən'sōl  
 insole 'in,sōl

enthronē in'thrōn  
 inthrown 'in,thrōn

Equidae 'ekwə,dē  
 equity 'ekwədē

equites 'ekwə,tēz  
 equities 'ekwətēz

errands 'erəndz  
 errants 'erəntz

Eunuch 'yünək  
 unique 'yü.nək

excite ek'sīt  
 exite 'ek,sīt

excyst ek'sist  
 exist eg'zist

exert eg'zərt  
 exsert ek'sərt

expiree ek:spi:rē  
 expiry ek'spīrē

expos 'ekspōz  
 expose ik'spōz or ek'spōz

extorsion eks'tórshən  
 extortion ek'stórshən

## F

**faces** front parts of human heads

**phasis** a stage or interval in a development or cycle

**facet** a plane surface produced on a precious stone

**fascet** a carrying tool used in glass manufacturing

**facks** tells the truth (slang)

**facts** assertions purporting to have objective reality

**fax** facsimile (by shortening)

**faddish** resembling an object or style followed widely but briefly

**fattish** somewhat overweight or obese

**faddy** a person's father (slang)

**fatty** corpulent, greasy, or sticky

**fade** to lose freshness, vigor, color, or health

**fayed** fitted closely together

**faded** lost freshness, vigor, color, or health

**fated** determined or controlled by fate or destiny

**feted** entertained or celebrated

**fagan** a stick for poking holes in the side of a charcoal pit

**Fagin** an adult who instructs others in crime

**fail** to fall short of success or achievement in something expected, attempted, desired, or approved

**faille** a semilustrous closely woven fabric with good draping qualities

**faillie** a semilustrous closely woven fabric with good draping qualities

**file** a hardened steel smoothing tool; to arrange in a particular order

**phial** a small container for liquids

**fain** gladly, willingly, or happily

**fane** a temple

**feign** to pretend or sham; to assert as if true

**faint** to swoon; barely perceptible; lacking courage or spirit

**feint** a false or deceptive act; a trick

**fair** attractive in appearance; pleasing to hear; just or equitable; not stormy or foul

**fare** a transportation charge; the range of food or stock

**phare** a lighthouse or beacon to guide seamen

**fairer** in a more equitable, attractive, or agreeable manner

**farer** a traveller

**fairy** a tiny mischievous creature of folklore

**ferry** to convey by ship or airplane over water or to a shipping point

**fait** a legal deed

**fate** foreordination, destiny, or lot

**fete** a festive celebration or entertainment

**faker** a fraud or pretender

**fakir** a swindler

**fallacious** deceptive or misleading

**phallaceous** resembling a family of fungi comprising the true stinkhorns

**false** untrue or disloyal

**faults** defects or imperfections; fractures in the earth's crust

**fane** (see **fain**)

**fanner** a person who circulates air by fanning

**phanar** Greek officials of Turkey, as a class

**farce** a light satirical or humorous dramatic composition; a ridiculous show

**farse** an interpolation inserted in a liturgical formula

**farci** a stuffed roast or fowl dish

**Farsi** a native of Fars, Iran

**farcy** a chronic ultimately fatal disease of cattle

**Farsi** a native of Fars, Iran

**farding** painting the face with cosmetics

**farting** expelling intestinal gas from the anus

**fare** (see **fair**)

**farer** (see **fairer**)

**farming** engaging in the business of raising crops or livestock

**pharming** a fraudulent scheme in which computer thieves redirect a person to an imposter Web page or phony site (even if the victim types a legitimate address in the Web browser) with the intention of stealing that individual's personal information

**faro** a banking game

**farrow** a litter of pigs

**Pharaoh** a ruler of ancient Egypt

**farse** (see **farce**)

**Farsi** (see **farci** and **farcy**)

**farting** (see **farding**)

**facset** (see **facet**)

**fate** (see **fait**)

**fated** (see **faded**)

**father** a male parent

**fother** to cover with oakum to temporarily stop a leak in a ship's hull

**fattish** (see **faddish**)

**fatty** (see **faddy**)

**faults** (see **false**)

**faun** a half man half goat rural deity

**fawn** a young deer; to court favor by cringing or exuding an overly flattering manner

**Fon** a Negro people of Benin in West Africa

**phon** a unit of loudness

**faux** artificial, imitation, or fake

**foe** enemy or adversary

**favous** pitted like a honeycomb

**favus** a contagious skin disease caused by a fungus occurring in humans on hairy surfaces

**fawn** (see **faun**)

**fawned** to give birth to a young deer

**fond** loving or affectionate

**fax** (see **facks**)

**fay** to fit closely together

**fey** behaving in an excited irresponsible manner; mad; a visionary

**fayed** (see **fade**)

**fays** fits closely together; white persons (slang)

**faze** to disturb the composure of or disconcert (rarely **feaze**)

**phase** a stage or interval in development or a cycle

**feared** was afraid or frightened of

**fyrd** the national militia in England prior to the Norman Conquest

**feast** an elaborate meal

**feest** untidy, unkempt, or filthy; disgusted with

**feat** a specialized act or deed

**feet** an arthropod's limbs; units of measure each equal to twelve inches

**fee** a fixed charge for admission or services rendered

**fi** a music syllable in the sol-fa sequence

**feeder** a person who gives or provides food; a source of supply

**fetor** stench or fetidness

**fees** admission charges; compensation for professional services

**feeze** to disturb, worry, or beat

**fis** the fourth tones sharpened of the diatonic scale

**phis** the 21st letter (plural) of the Greek alphabet

**feest** (see **feast**)

**feet** (see **feat**)

**feeze** (see **fees**)

**feign** (see **fain**)

**feint** (see **faint**)

**fella** a fellow (informal)

**fellah** a peasant or agricultural laborer in several Arabicspeaking countries

**fellen** a sprawling Old World poisonous plant, otherwise called bittersweet

**felon** a person who has committed a felony; a severe inflammation on a finger or toe

**felloe** the rim of a wheel supported by spokes

**fellow** a companion, comrade, or associate

**felon** (see **fellen**)

**felt** cloth or wool and fur fibers; sensed or perceived a stimulus by tactile sensation

**veldt** an African grassland

**femerell** a small open structure on a roof for ventilation

**femoral** relating to or located near the femur or thigh

**feminin** a colorless crystalline water-soluble hormone, theelin, that stimulates changes characteristic of oestrus

**feminine** characteristic of or appropriate or peculiar to women

**femoral** (see **femerell**)

**fence** a barrier to prevent escape or intrusion

**fents** cloth remnants

**fends** protects, repels, or defends

**fens** low peaty lands covered wholly or partly with water

**foehns** warm dry winds blowing down a mountain side

**fennel** a perennial European herb imperfectly naturalized in North America and cultivated for the aromatic flavor of its seeds

**phenyl** a univalent radical derived from benzene by removal of one hydrogen atom

**fens** (see **fends**)

**fents** (see **fence**)

**foeff** to put in possession of a lease hold

**fief** a feudal estate; something over which one has rights or exercises control

**fer** marijuana (by shortening reefer)

**fur** a piece of the dressed pelt of an animal

**feral** existing in a state of nature or untamed; suggestive of a beast of prey

**ferrule** a band of metal around the end of an object to strengthen it or prevent splitting

**ferule** an instrument used to punish students

**fern** a vascular plant constituting the class Filicineae

**foehn** a warm dry wind blowing down a mountain side

**ferrule** (see **feral**)

**ferry** (see **fairy**)

**ferule** (see **feral**)

**fess** confess (by shortening)

**fesse** a buttock

**fessed** confessed (by shortening)

**fest** an informal meeting or gathering

**fete** (see **fait**)

**feted** (see **faded**)

**fetor** (see **feeder**)

**feudal** founded upon or involving the relationship of lord and vassal; constituting a ruling class

**futile** serving no useful purpose, fruitless

**feuar** a person who holds a grant of land

**fewer** a smaller number of persons or things

**few** not many

**phew** an expression of discomfort or distaste

**fewer** (see **feuar**)

**fey** (see **fay**)

**fi** (see **fee**)

**fibrin** a white insoluble fibrous protein formed from fibrogen by the action of thrombin, especially in the clotting of blood

**fibrine** consisting of fibers

**fiche** a sheet of microfilm usually containing several rows of images (microfiche, by shortening)

**fish** any of numerous coldblooded strictly aquatic waterbreathing craniate vertebrates

**fidded** in sailing, secured and supported in place with a square bar of wood or iron

**fitted** shaped to conform to the lines of something else

**fie** an expression of disgust or dislike

**phi** the 21st letter of the Greek alphabet

**fief** (see **feoff**)

**fila** filaments or threadlike structures

**phyla** major taxonomic units comprising organisms sharing a fundamental pattern of organization and presumably a common descent

**filander** a kangaroo native to the Aru islands

**Philander** a genus of marsupials including the woolly opossums

**philander** any of several mediumsized woolly opossums of Central and South America; to make love frivolously

**filar** possessing threads across the field of view

**filer** a file clerk; a worker who smooths or shapes with a file

**phylar** relating to a phylum, a major taxonomic unit comprising organisms sharing a fundamental pattern of organization

**file** (see **faile**)

**filé** powdered young sassafras leaves

**filet** a lace with geometric designs; a piece of boneless fish or meat

**filer** (see **filar**)

**filet** (see **filé**)

**filiform** having the shape of a thread or filament

**phylliform** having the shape of a leaf

**filleted** rounded off with a narrow strip of ornamental material

**phyllade** one of the reduced leaves in a quillwort

**fillipeens** nuts with two kernels each; gifts given as a forfeit

**Philippines** an archipelago of 7,083 islands in the Pacific Ocean southeast of China

**Filipena** a female native of the Philippine islands

**philopena** a game in which a man and a woman who have shared the twin kernels of a nut each try to claim a gift from the other as a forfeit at their next meeting by fulfilling specific conditions

**filly** a young female horse or woman

**Philly** relating to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

**filter** a porous article to separate liquid or gas from matter in suspension

**philter** a potion credited with magical power

**filum** a filament or threadlike structure

**phylum** a major taxonomic unit comprising organisms sharing a fundamental pattern of organization and presumably a common descent

**fin** a membranous appendage resembling a wing or paddle in fish and certain aquatic mammals

**Finn** a native or inhabitant of Finland

**finally** eventually; conclusively; decisively  
**finely** precisely; admirably; in an impressive or elegant manner

**find** to come upon or locate

**fined** punished by assessment of a monetary penalty

**finds** comes upon by searching or effort

**fines** finely crushed or powdered material; monetary penalties imposed as punishment

**fined** (see **find**)

**finely** (see **finally**)

**fines** (see **finds**)

**finick** to become excessively dainty or refined in speech or manner

**Finnic** relating to the Finns

**finish** to bring to an end or terminate

**Finnish** relating to Finland or its inhabitants

**Finn** (see **fin**)

**Finnic** (see **finick**)

**finnie** to lay claim to; to latch on to

**finny** having or characterized by membranous appendages resembling a paddle in fish

**Finnish** (see **finish**)

**finny** (see **finnie**)

**fireboat** a boat equipped for fighting fire

**firebote** a tenant's right to take from land occupied by the tenant sufficient wood to maintain fires in the tenant's house

**firelight** the illumination from a domestic fire or campfire

**fire-light** to engage in a night hunt in which torches or other illumination devices are used

**fireplow** to make furrows to protect against fires

**fire-plow** a stick that is rubbed in a wooden groove to produce fire

**firm** securely or solidly fixed in place; a business unit or enterprise

**firme** a cross pattee that extends to each side of the shield or covers the entire shield

**firry** made of or abounding in any of several evergreen trees

**furry** consisting of or resembling the fine soft thick hairy covering of mammals

**firs** evergreen trees

**furs** fine soft thick hairy coverings of mammals; pieces of a dressed animal's pelt

**furze** a spiny evergreen shrub common throughout Europe

**fis** (see **fees**)

**fish** (see **fiche**)

**fisher** a person or animal that fishes; a large dark brown somewhat vulpine arboreal carnivorous mammal

**fissure** a narrow crack or cleft

**phisher** an identity thief; a person who lures another person to phony internet websites in order to steal passwords, account information, or other sensitive and private data.

**fishery** a fishing establishment

**fissury** abounding in fissures or cleavages

**fissure** (see **fisher**)

**fissury** (see **fishery**)

**fit** shape to conform to the lines of something else

**phit** any sound suggesting one made by a rifle bullet

**fitted** (see **fidded**)

**fizz** to effervesce; a hissing sound

**phiz** the face (by shortening physiognomy)

**Fjäll** a Swedish breed of small white polled dairy cattle

**fjeld** a barren plateau of the Scandinavian plateau

**flack** a professional publicity worker or press agent (slang); the recurrent sound of striking, as of loose tire chains on pavement

**flak** bursting shells fired from anti-aircraft guns; abusive criticism

**flacks** professional publicity workers or press agents (slang); recurrent sounds of striking, as of loose tire chains on pavement

**flax** a plant whose long silky bast fibers are the source of linen

**flagellate** to whip, scourge, or flog; having or bearing various elongated filiform appendages of animals

**flageolet** a small flute resembling a treble recorder

**flair** a discriminating sense; instinctive discernment

**flare** to flame up brightly

**flayer** a person who strips off the skin or the surface of

**flak** (see **flack**)

**flamboyance** the quality or state of being ostentatious

**flamboyants** showy tropical trees native to Madagascar, but now widely planted

**flan** a large open pie usually with straight sides filled with custard

**flawn** a tropical Asiatic grass used more recently in America as a lawn grass

**flare** (see **flair**)

**flask** a somewhat narrow-necked container

**flasque** an heraldic bearing narrower than a flanch

**flavan** an aromatic heterocycle compound from which all flavonoids are derived

**flavin** a yellow dye extracted from the bark of the quercitron tree

**flavine** a yellow crystalline base obtained artificially

**flawn** (see **flan**)

**flax** (see **flacks**)

**flay** to strip off the skin or the surface of  
**vley** a temporary lake

**flayer** (see **flair**)

**flea** a wingless bloodsucking insect

**flee** to run from

**flèche** a slender spire above the intersection of a church's nave and transept

**flesh** parts of an animal body composed chiefly of skeletal muscle, fat, and connective tissue

**flecks** spots, blemishes, or flakes

**flex** to bend repeatedly

**flee** (see **flea**)

**Flem** a member of the Germanic people inhabiting northern Belgium

**phlegm** viscid mucus secreted in abnormal quantity in respiratory passages

**flesh** (see **flèche**)

**fleuret** a light fencing sword

**fleurette** a small decorative floral motif

**fleury** having the ends of the arms of a cross broadening out into the heads of fleursdelis; in heraldry, having the heads of fleursdelis projecting out from the edge

**flurry** a spasmodic agitation or nervous commotion

**flew** moved through the air

**flu** influenza (by shortening), an ill-defined transitory disease

**flue** an enclosed passageway for directing a gas or air current

**flews** pendulous lateral parts on a dog's upper lip

**flues** enclosed passageways for directing a gas or air current

**flex** (see **flecks**)

**flicks** light sharp strokes, often with something flexible; quick sudden movements; movies (slang)

**flics** police officers, especially in Paris (slang)

**flix** flax, a slender erect annual plant

**flighting** a system of flights, as on a conveyor belt



**flyting** a dispute or exchange of personal abuse or ridicule in verse form

**flix** (see **flicks**)

**flocks** natural assemblages of animals, as sheep or geese

**flocs** woolly masses formed by aggregation of fine suspended particles

**Phlox** a large genus of American herbs

**phlox** any plant of the genus *Phlox*

**floe** a floating ice sheet

**flow** to issue or run in a stream

**flooder** something that floods

**flutter** to move about agitatedly, irregularly, or with great bustle

**floor** the lower inside surface of any hollow structure

**flor** a coating of microorganisms that is allowed to form on the surface of some sherry wines

**florescence** being in a state of bloom or flourishing

**fluorescence** the emission by a substance of electromagnetic radiation, especially of visible light

**florin** an old gold coin first struck in Florence in 1252 weighing about 54 grains

**fluorene** a colorless crystalline cyclic hydrocarbon that has a violet fluorescence

**fluorine** a nonmetallic univalent element belonging to the halogens

**flour** finely ground meal of wheat or other cereal grain

**flower** the part of a seed plant that normally bears reproductive organs

**flow** (see **floe**)

**flower** (see **flour**)

**flu** (see **flew**)

**flue** (see **flew**)

**flues** (see **flews**)

**fluorene** (see **florin**)

**fluorescence** (see **florescence**)

**fluorine** (see **florin**)

**flurry** (see **fleury**)

**flutter** (see **flooder**)

**fly** to move in or pass through the air with wings; a winged insect

**vlei** a marsh

**flyboy** a worker who removes printed sheets from a handpress

**fly-boy** an aircrewman or airplane pilot

**flyting** (see **fighting**)

**foaled** brought forth a young horse

**fold** to lay one part over another part; a sheep pen

**foamie** a beer drinker

**foamy** frothy

**focal** relating to or having a focus or central point

**phocal** relating to or resembling seals

**foe** (see **faux**)

**foehn** (see **fern**)

**foehns** (see **fends**)

**foes** enemies or adversaries

**phose** a subjective visual sensation

**fold** (see **foaled**)

**Fon** (see **faun**)

**fond** (see **fawned**)

**fono** a Samoan council constituting the central political structure of a village, district, or island

**phono** a phonograph player (by shortening); spelling based on pronunciation (by shortening **phonology**)

**foodie** a person fond of culinary products

**footie** an action of flirting or becoming friendly or intimate

**footy** paltry or insignificant; foolish or simpleminded

**for** sent to; in connection with; to the extent that

**fore** previous, former, or earlier; situated in front of something else

**four** a number between three and five

**foram** one of the order of Rhizopoda comprising large chiefly marine protozoas

**forum** a public meeting place for open discussion

**forced** compelled, coerced, or constrained

**Forst** a white wine of the Palatinate region in Bavaria

**forcene** in heraldry, a rearing horse

**forescene** a preliminary view, sight, or vista

**foreseen** anticipated or known beforehand

**forcite** a variety of dynamite

**forecite** to call to attention preliminarily

**foresight** an act or the power of foreseeing; foreknowledge

**fore** (see **for**)

**forecite** (see **forcite**)

**forehanded** mindful of the future; thrifty or prudent

**four(-)handed** having four hands; designed for execution by four hands or four persons

**foreheaded** characterized by a brow

**four(-)headed** having extraordinary mental power

**fores** things that occupy a front or anterior position

**fours** races for the four-oared shells, with or without coxswain

**forescene** (see **forcene**)

**foreseen** (see **forcene**)

**foresight** (see **forcite**)

**forestage** the part of the platform on which actors or musicians perform that is nearest the audience, and which usually projects beyond the curtain

**fore-stage** the part of the upper deck of a vessel forward of the foremast

**forewarn** to caution in advance

**foreworn** exhausted by effort

**foreword** a preface

**forward** situated in advance of or before something; toward the future

**foreworn** (see **forewarn**)

**form** the shape and structure of something

**forme** a low bench on which shoemakers formerly sat when working; a pattern for the upper of a shoe

**formal** following or according to established form, custom, or rule

**formyl** the radical HCO of formic acid that is also characteristic of aldehydes

**formally** in a prescribed or customary form; explicitly

**formerly** in a previous time

**forme** (see **form**)

**formerly** (see **formally**)

**formyl** (see **formal**)

**Forst** (see **forced**)

**fort** a strong or fortified place

**forte** a person's strong point

**forte** in music, loudly

**forty** a number between 39 and 41

**forth** onward in time or place

**fourth** the number four in a countable series

**forty** (see **forte**)

**forum** (see **foram**)

**forward** (see **foreword**)

**fother** (see **father**)

**foul** offensive to the senses; wet and stormy, as weather; an infringement of a game's rules

**fowl** a gallinaceous bird, as a chicken or turkey

**fouler** one of the several rounds fired before a rifle match to warm the barrel

**fowler** a person who hunts wild fowl for sport or food

**fouling** a deposit of powder or metallic fragments in the bore of a gun after firing

**fowling** the sort of hunting wild game-birds

**founderous** likely to cause a person to become disabled

**foundress** a female that establishes or builds

**four** (see **for**)

**four(-)handed** (see **forehanded**)

**four(-)headed** (see **foreheaded**)

**fours** (see **fores**)

**fourth** (see **forth**)

**fowl** (see **foul**)

**fowler** (see **fouler**)

**fowling** (see **fouling**)

**frage** the lowest bid in a card game, such as skat

**frog** any of various smoothskinned web-footed tailless agile leaping amphibians

**fraid** afraid (shortened slang); a ghost or spectre

**frayed** unraveled or worn

**fraise** a fluted reamer; in heraldry, a strawberry blossom; an obstacle used in fortifications

**frays** commotions; wears off by rubbing

**fraze** a small milling cutter used to cut down the ends of canes or rods to receive a ferrule

**phrase** a mode or form of speech; a group of words or musical notes expressing a thought

**franc** the recent basic monetary unit of France, Belgium, and Luxembourg

**Frank** a member of one of the West Germanic peoples entering the Roman provinces in A.D. 253

**frank** candid or open

**frap** to draw tight

**frappe** an iced and flavored semi-liquid mixture served in a glass

**fraser** an heraldic representation of a strawberry blossom

**frazier** a person who cuts or shapes to receive a ferrule

**phraser** a person who utters finesounding but often meaningless and unoriginal phrases

**frater** a monastery's refectory

**freighter** a ship or airplane used chiefly to carry goods

**phrator** a member of a social tribal subdivision or totemic clan

**fratry** the residential quarters of a monastery

**phratry** a social tribal subdivision or clan

**fray** a clerical title in various religious orders in Spanish countries

**fry** to cook in a pan or griddle over high heat, often in hot fat

**frayed** (see **fraid**)

**frays** (see **fraise**)

**fraze** (see **fraise**)

**frazier** (see **fraser**)

**frazil** ice crystals or granules formed in turbulent water

**frazzle** to reduce to a state of extreme nervous or physical fatigue; to upset

**freak** an odd, unexpected, or seemingly capricious action or event; a person with a physical oddity

**freek** frequency (slang)

**phreak** to use an electronic device without paying the appropriate charge or toll

**freedom** a quality or state of not being coerced or constrained

**fretum** an arm of the sea; a strait

**freek** (see **freak**)

**frees** liberates; rids of something

**freeze** to become congealed by extreme cold, as water at zero degrees Centigrade

**Friese** a descendant of those that inhabit principally the Netherlands province of Friesland and the Frisian islands in the North Sea

**frieze** in architecture, a sculptured band

between the architrave and cornice; a heavy roughsurfaced durable fabric; to embroider with gold

**freezer** an insulated compartment or room equipped to maintain the temperature below 32°F

**frieser** a person who embroiders with gold

**freighter** (see **frater**)

**frequency** a condition occurring frequently or often

**frequents** familiarizes oneself with another's thoughts or writings

**fret** to cause to suffer emotional wear and tear; irritation; to decorate with interlaced designs

**frett** in ceramics, frit

**frette** a hoop of wrought iron or steel shrunk on a castiron gun to strengthen it

**fretum** (see **freedom**)

**friable** easily pulverized or reduced to powder

**fryable** capable of being cooked in a pan or griddle over direct heat

**friar** a member of a religious order

**fryer** something used in frying; a young chicken

**Friese** (see **freese**)

**frieser** (see **freezer**)

**frieze** (see **freese**)

**frits** materials from which glass is made

**Fritz** a German, often used disparagingly

**fritz** to ruin, spoil, or interfere with; to cause to malfunction

**fro** backward, as "to and fro"

**froe** a steel wedge for cleaving or splitting logs

**frow** a woman or housewife

**froes** steel wedges for cleaving or splitting logs

**frows** women or housewives

**froze** became congealed by extreme cold

**frog** (see **frage**)

**fronds** leaves of a palm or fern

**frons** the upper anterior part of the head capsule of an insect

**frore** frosty, cold, or frozen

**frower** a person who uses a steel wedge for splitting logs

**frow** (see **fro**)

**frower** (see **frore**)

**frows** (see **froes**)

**froze** (see **froes**)

**fry** (see **fray**)

**fryable** (see **friable**)

**fryer** (see **friar**)

**fu** marijuana (slang)

**phoo** an expression of contempt, repudiation, or astonishment

**fuge** an early 19th century hymn characterized by polyphony and imitation

**fugue** a contrapuntal musical composition in which one or two melodic themes are repeated by successively entering voices

**fuhrer** a person in authority or leader

**furor** an angry fit or rage; hectic activity

**Ful** a member of a pastoral and nomadic people scattered from Senegal to Cameroon

**full** completely filled

**fulgid** in zoology, denoting fiery red with metallic reflections

**fulgide** the anhydride of fulgenic acid

**full** (see **Ful**)

**fund** a quantity of resources maintained as a source of supply; a sum of money set aside for a specific purpose

**funned** indulged in banter or play

**funds** money on deposit which is held at a specified place on which checks or drafts can be drawn

**fun** indulges in banter or play

**funned** (see **fund**)

**funs** (see **funds**)

**fur** (see **fer**)

**furor** (see **fuhrer**)

**furred** lined, trimmed, or faced with fur  
**fyrd** the national militia in England prior to the Norman Conquest

**furry** (see **firry**)

**furs** (see **firs**)

**furze** (see **firs**)

**fusel** an acrid oily liquid having an unpleasant odor

**fusile** a rhomboidal heraldic bearing longer in proportion to its width; a light flintlock musket

**fussed** created or was in a state of restless activity

**fust** the shaft of a column or pilaster

**fustee** an offspring of a white and mustee (or octoroon); a person of 1/6 negro ancestry

**fusty** moldy, illsmelling, or without freshness; oldfashioned or rigidly conservative

**futile** (see **feudal**)

**fyrd** (see **feared** or **furred**)

## Group I

**faerie** - **fairly**

**faineance** - **faineants**

**feme** - **femme**

**fermenter** - **fermentor**

**fiancé** - **fiancée**

**figurant** - **figurante**

**finestill** - **fine-still**

**flocculants** - **flocculence** - **flocculents**

**frau** - **frow**

**fucus** - **fucus**

**furor** - **furore**

## Group II

**facial** 'fāshəl

**fascial** 'fashəl

**facundity** fa'kəndədē

**fecundity** fē'kəndədē

**fagot** 'fagət

**fagott** fā'gət

**fairy** 'ferē

**Ferae** 'fe,rē

**fanatic** fə'nadik

**phonetic** fə'nedik

**farci** 'fār,sē

**farey** 'fārsē

**farrier** 'farēər

**ferrier** 'ferēər

**faucet** 'fāsət

**fossette** fā'set

**fern** 'fərn

**firn** 'fīrn

**file** 'fil

**phyle** 'filē

**filii** fi'lē

**filly** 'filē

**foams** 'fōmz

**fomes** 'fōmēz

**forced** 'fōrsd

**forest** 'fōrəst

**foreigner** 'fōrənər

**forerunner** 'fōr'rənər

**forgone** fōr'gōn

**fourgon** fārgō<sup>n</sup>

**formulate** 'fōrmyə,lāt

**formylate** 'fōrmə,lāt

**fourrier** 'fūrēər

**furrier** fūrēər

**freezer** 'frēzər

**friseur** frē'zər

**frison** frē'zō<sup>n</sup>

**frisson** frē'sō<sup>n</sup>

**furfural** 'fɜrfə,ral**furfuryl** 'fɜrfərəl**fusel** 'füzəl**fusil** 'fyüzəl

## G

**gabel** a deep notch in a ridge**gable** the vertical triangular portion of the end of the cornice or eaves to the ridge of the roof**gabian** petroleum or mineral naphtha**gabion** a hollow cylinder of wickerwork or strap iron, like a basket without a bottom, that is filled with earth and used in building fieldworks, mining, or as shelter from fire**gable** (see **gabel**)**gaddad** went or wandered about especially idly or for trivial purposes**gadid** a fish of the family *Gadidae***gade** a gadoid fish, especially a rockling**gayed** behaved gaily; made bright or cheerful**gadid** (see **gaddad**)**gadid** a fish of the family *Gadidae***gated** supplied with an opening for passage in an enclosing wall, fence, or barrier**Gael** a Scottish Highlander**gail** wort in the process of fermentation that is added to a stout or ale**gale** a strong air current with a speed of 32 to 63 mph**Gaelic** characteristic of the Celtic Highlanders of Scotland; the Goidelic speech of the Celts**Gallic** French, especially in quality; relating to Gaul or the Gauls**gaff** an iron hook with a handle used in fishing and logging; an ordeal**gaffe** a social or diplomatic blunder or clumsy mistake**gage** a personal belonging cast on the ground to be taken up by an opponent as an agreement of combat; any of several small cultivated plums of European origin**gauge** a measurement according to some standard or system; an instrument for testing and measuring**gagor** in law, a person who pledges or secures something**gauger** a person who inspects the dimensions of parts in a machine shop**gail** (see **Gael**)**gain** to obtain or increase; a resource or advantage acquired or increased; profit**gaine** a support beneath a sculptured bust or head**gainer** a fancy competitive dive**gainor** tillage or husbandry**gait** a manner of moving on foot**gate** an opening in an enclosing fence, wall, or barrier**gaiter** a leg-covering reaching from the instep to the ankle, mid-calf, or knee**gater** a person that attends to the hole through which liquified metal is poured in the process of casting iron**gator** alligator (by shortening)**gala** a gay and lively celebration**Gal(l)a** any of the several groups of Cushitic-speaking peoples occupying Kenya, Tanzania, and Uganda**galla** any of certain nut galls from oaks that are used in pharmacy for their astringent properties**gallow** to put to flight by frightening

**galant** relating to or composed of the light and elegant free homophonic style of musical composition in the 18th century

**gallant** notably marked by courtesy and attentiveness to women especially in a spirited, dashing, or elaborate way

**gale** (see **Gael**)

**galena** a mineral consisting of lead sulfide

**Gallina** related to an ancient New Mexican culture characterized by painted pottery

**galipot** a crude turpentine oleoresin exuded on the bark of the cluster pine tree

**gallipot** a small ceramic vessel with a small mouth used to hold medicine

**gall** bile; something bitter to endure; brazen boldness with impudent assurance

**Gaul** a member of the Celtic people that inhabited ancient Gaul

**ghol** a sciaenid fish of the Indian coast

**goll** an expression of astonishment (by shortening **golly**)

**Gal(l)a** and **galla** (see **gala**)

**gallant** (see **galant**)

**Gallas** any of several groups of Cushitic-speaking peoples occupying British East Africa and southern Ehtiopia

**gallows** a structure consisting of any upright frame with a crosspiece used in punishment by hanging

**gallein** a metallicgreen crystalline phthalein dye

**galleon** a heavily built squarerigged sailing ship of the 15th to early 18th centuries

**galley** a short crescentshaped sea going ship of classical antiquity propelled chiefly by oars; the kitchen of a ship or airplane; an oblong tray to hold set type

**Galli** a suborder of Galliformes consisting of the megapodes, currasows, pheasants, turkeys, and related birds

**gallie** any of various large North American woodpeckers

**gally** to put to flight by frightening

**Gallic** (see **Gaelic**)

**gallie** (see **galley**)

**Gallina** (see **galena**)

**gallipot** (see **galipot**)

**gallop** a fast natural threebeat horse's gait; to go at great speed

**galop** a lively dance in duple measure performed with sliding steps

**gallow** (see **gala**)

**gallows** (see **Gallas**)

**gally** (see **galley**)

**galop** (see **gallop**)

**gam** a school of whales; a friendly conversation

**gamb(e)** in heraldry, a leg or shank

**gamme** an entire range from one extreme to another

**gama** a tall coarse American grass valuable for forage

**gamma** the third letter of the Greek alphabet

**gamb(e)** (see **gam**)

**gambet** the redshank, a common Old World limicoline bird

**gambit** a remark, comment, or tactical maneuver designed to launch a conversation or make a telling point

**gamble** to play games of chance for money or other stakes

**gambol** playful leaping, frolicking, or cavorting

**gamin** a roguish impudent boy; an urchin

**gamine** a girl of ingratiating qualities, typically slight build, and a pert saucy air or wistful elfish charm

**gammon** a ham or flitch of cured bacon; to fasten to a ship's stem by lashings; to deceive or fool

**gamma** (see **gama**)

**gamme** (see **gam**)



**gammon** (see **gamin[e]**)

**gang** a group of persons drawn together by a common interest, tastes, or activity  
**gang(ue)** worthless rock or vein matter in which valuable metals or minerals occur (seldom **gang**)

**gantlet** a stretch where two lines of railroad track overlap

**gauntlet** a glove designed to protect a hand from injury; a challenge to combat

**gap** a break in continuity; an intervening distance

**gape** to open the mouth wide (although usually 'gāp)

**garbel** the plank(s) in a wooden ship and the plate(s) in a metal ship lying next to the keel

**garble** to mix up through accident, ignorance, or intention

**garret** a room on the top floor of a house; an attic

**garrot** the goldeneye duck; a tourniquet

**gar(r)ote(e)** a Spanish method of execution by strangulation using an iron collar

**garnet** a brittle and transparent to semi-transparent mineral that is used as a semiprecious stone

**garnett** to remove foreign substances from wool or cotton, or to reduce waste to fiber

**garrot** (see **garret**)

**gar(r)ote(e)** (see **garret**)

**garrulous** loquacious, talkative, or wordy

**Garrulus** a large genus of Old World jays including the common jay of Britain and Europe

**garter** a circular elastic band worn to hold up a stocking or shirt sleeve

**guarder** a person who watches or protects

**Gascon** a Romance speech of the area between the Garenne river and the Pyrennes

**gascon** a braggart

**gaskin** a part of the hind leg of a horse between the stifle and the hock

**gatch** a plaster used especially in Persian architectural ornamentation

**gotch** drooping or cropped, as of an animal's ears

**gate** (see **gait**)

**gateau** a fancy cake filled with custard and glacéed fruits and nuts

**gato** an Argentine composition in lively  $\frac{3}{4}$  time for singing and dancing

**gated** (see **gadid**)

**gater** (see **gaiter**)

**gato** (see **gateau**)

**gator** (see **gaiter**)

**gaud** a showy bit of jewelry or finery

**God** the supreme ultimate reality

**god** a superhuman person or being

**gaufre** a very thin crisp wafer baked with a wafer iron

**gofer** an employee whose duties include running errands

**goffer** to crimp, plait, or flute linen or lace with a hot iron

**gopher** a burrowing rodent; a burrowing land tortoise

**gaufre** a very thin crisp wafer baked with a wafer iron

**goffer** to crimp, plait, or flute linen or lace with a hot iron

**golfer** a person who plays the game of golf

**gauge** (see **gage**)

**gauger** (see **gagor**)

**gaugliar** relating to, or like a small cystic tumor containing viscid fluid

**gauglier** more lanky or loosely built

**Gaul** (see **gall**)

**gauntlet** (see **gantlet**)

**gay** excited and merry; bright and lively in appearance



**Ge** Gaia, the earth goddess in Greek mythology

**guay** in heraldry, a horse without a harness and rearing on its hind legs

**gayed** (see **gade**)

**gays** makes bright and cheerful; homosexuals

**gaze** a steady intent look or stare

**Ge** (see **gay**)

**geal** relating to or caused by the earth

**jheel** a pool, marsh, or lake especially remaining after inundation

**gean** the fruit of a wild or cultivated sweet cherry

**gene** a complex protein molecule that transmits hereditary characteristics

**jean** a durable twilled cotton cloth

**gear** personal belongings or equipment; a toothed wheel used in machinery

**Gir** a breed of medium-sized dairy type Indian cattle

**gees** turns a horse or draft animal to the right

**jeez** a mild exclamation of surprise or wonder (slang)

**gel** a semisolid substance

**jell** to take shape; to achieve distinctness

**gelid** extremely cold or icy

**jellied** brought to the consistency of jelly

**gemmae** sexual reproductive bodies that become detached from a parent plant

**gemmy** have characteristics desired in a gemstone

**genapp** to singe so as to remove loose fibers

**genappe** a smooth worsted yarn used with silk in braids and fringes

**gene** (see **gean**)

**genet** a small European carnivorous mammal related to the civet

**jennet** a female donkey; a small Spanish horse

**genus** a class, kind, or group marked by one or more common characteristics

**genys** the lower outline of a bird's bill

**geophilous** living or growing in or on the ground

**Geophilus** a cosmopolitan genus of geophilomorph centipedes

**ger** a circular tent consisting of skin or felt stretched over a collapsible lattice framework and used by the Kirghiz and Mongols

**grr** an exclamation expressing dislike

**germ** a small mass of living substance capable of developing into an animal, plant, organ, or a part

**jerm** a small Levantine sailing vessel with one or two masts and lateen sails

**German** a native or inhabitant of Germany; a person who speaks the German language

**german** a dance consisting of capriciously involved figures intermingled with waltzes

**germen** germ cells and their precursors; a primary sex gland, such as an ovary or testis

**Gerres** the type genus comprising long-bodied compressed marine fishes with protusible mouths and large silvery scales

**jerries** railroad section workers; Germans (slang)

**gest(e)** a notable deed or action

**jessed** attached two short leather straps to a hawk's legs, in falconry

**jest** a prank or act intended to provoke laughter; a jeering remark

**just** exactly or precisely; having a basis in fact or well-founded

**ghat** in India, a mountain range, mountain pass, or landing place on a river bank

**got** gained possession, acquired, or obtained

**ghee** a semifluid clarified butter made in

- India and neighboring countries from buffalo milk
- Gi** a people of the border region between the Ivory Coast and Liberia
- gi** a lightweight, twopiece garment worn by practitioners of the Oriental martial arts
- ghol** (see **gall**)
- ghol** a sciaenid fish of the Indian coast
- goal** an objective or aim
- ghoul** a legendary evil being that robbed graves and fed on corpses
- gool** an illmannered offensive introvert (slang); a goal
- gul** something resembling a rose in form
- ghurry** the 60th part of a day, or 24 minutes
- gurry** refuse from cutting up a whale
- Gi** and **gi** (see **ghee**)
- Ghuz** a descendent of certain early Turkish invaders of Persia
- goos** viscid or sticky substances
- gib** a castrated male cat; a removable machined metal plate that holds other mechanical parts in place
- guib** a small harnessed antelope of western Africa
- gibber** to speak rapidly, inarticulately, and often foolishly
- jibber** a balky horse
- gibbous** the moon when seen with more than half the apparent disk illuminated
- gibbus** the hump of the deformed spine in Pott's disease
- gig** a gigolo (by shortening)
- jig** to give a rapid, jerky up-and-down or to-and-fro motion, as in dancing or fishing
- gil** an insecure or phony person (slang)
- gill** an organ in fish for obtaining oxygen from water
- gild** to overlay with a thin covering of gold
- gilled** having an organ for obtaining oxygen from water
- guild** persons associated in a kindred pursuit
- gilder** a person whose occupation is to overlay with gold or gilt
- guilder** a member of a modern guild or association of artisans; the recent basic monetary unit of The Netherlands
- gilgai** one of the shallow holes that honeycomb parts of the soil in interior Australia, attributed to the burrowing of pademelons
- gilguy** a rope temporarily used as a guy or lanyard
- gill** (see **gil**)
- gill** a U.S. liquid measure equal to  $\frac{1}{4}$  pint
- jill** a female ferret
- gilled** (see **gild**)
- gilt** false glitter; a young female swine
- guilt** a state of one who has committed an offense
- gimbal** a device that permits a body to incline freely in any direction so that it will remain level when its support is tipped
- gimble** to make a face or grimace
- gimel** the third letter of the Hebrew alphabet
- gimmel** joined work whose parts move within each other
- gimmel** made of consisting of interlocked rings or links
- gymel** vocal part writing in medieval music in which the voices usually progress in parallel thirds
- gimp** a flat narrow braid used as trimming or decorative finish for upholstery and clothing; a limp or bobble
- guimpe** a wide usually stiffly starched cloth used to cover the neck and shoulders of some nuns
- gimpy** crippled or limping

**gympie** an Australian nettle tree having foliage and twigs covered with stinging hairs

**gin** any of several machines, as a cotton gin; a strong alcoholic liquor

**jinn** a supernatural spirit

**Kin** a Tatar people that founded an 11th century dynasty in China

**ginney** an Italian (slang), usually used disparagingly

**Guinea** a coastal region in West Africa

**guinea** an English gold coin circulated from 1663 to 1813, equivalent to 21 shillings in 1717

**ginny** affected with a strong alcoholic liquor

**jinni** Islamic spirits believed to inhabit the earth

**jinny** a block carriage on a crane that sustains pulley blocks

**Gir** (see **gear**)

**giro** a rotating winged aircraft

**gyro** a gyroscope or gyrocompass

**girt** bound by a cable; prepared or ready; geared; a heavy timber framed into the second floor corner posts as a footing for roof rafters

**girth** a band or strap encircling the body of a horse or other animal to fasten a saddle, pack, or other article on its back

**gist** the main point or material part

**just** exactly or precisely; having a basis in fact or well-founded

**glace** a frozen dessert

**glass** an amorphous inorganic usually translucent substance consisting typically of a mixture of silicates

**glacier** a large body of ice moving slowly down a slope or valley

**glazier** a person who cuts and sets glass, as in windowpanes

**glacis** a slope used for defense against attack; a buffer state

**glasses** a device used to correct defects of vision; drinking receptacles

**glacis** a slope used for defense against attack; a buffer state

**glassie** a marble made of glass

**glassy** suggestive of glass; having a dull fixedness of expression

**glair(e)** a sizing liquid made from egg white and vinegar

**glare** a harsh uncomfortably brilliant light

**glands** secreting organs of animals or plants

**glans** the conical vascular body forming the extremity of the clitoris or penis

**glare** (see **glair[e]**)

**glass** (see **glace**)

**glasses** (see **glacis**)

**glasseye** a walleyed pike

**glass-eye** any of several African forest warblers

**glassie** (see the second **glacis**)

**glassy** (see **glacis**)

**glaucous** having a powdery or waxy coating that gives a frosted appearance

**Glaucus** a genus of slender elongate pelagic nudibranches with three pairs of lateral lobes

**glaze** a smooth slippery coating of thin ice; a fine translucent glassy film

**gleys** bluish grey or olivegray sticky layers of clay formed under the surface of certain waterlogged soils

**glazier** (see **glacier**)

**gleys** (see **glaze**)

**Glis** a genus comprising the common Old World dormice

**gliss** a rapid series of connective notes played on a stringed instrument by sliding one or more fingers across adjacent strings or keys (slang for **glissando**)

**glissile** capable of gliding

**glycyl** the univalent acyl radical of glycine

**gloam** the twilight

**glome** the prominent rounded part of the frog of a horse's hoof

**glögg** a sweetish Swedish hot punch served usually at Christmas

**glug** a gurgling sound

**glome** (see **gloam**)

**gloom** partial or total darkness; a state of melancholy or depression

**glume** one of two empty bracts at a spikelet's base in grasses

**glossae** tongues; fused lobes of the labium of an insect

**glossy** having a shiny or lustrous surface

**glossed** gave a soft glowing luster or glistering brightness to

**glost** clayware with glaze applied but not yet fired

**glossy** (see **glossae**)

**glost** (see **glossed**)

**glows** becomes incandescent; shines with suffused radiance

**gloze** to make a false or perverse interpretation

**glucide** any of a class of carbohydrates comprising both the glycoses and glycosides

**gluside** saccharin

**glug** (see **glögg**)

**glume** (see **gloom**)

**gluside** (see **glucide**)

**glutenin** glutelin found in wheat

**glutinin** a blocking antibody

**glutenous** characteristic of the tenacious, tough, elastic protein in flour that gives cohesiveness to bread dough

**glutinous** gluey or sticky

**glutinin** (see **glutenin**)

**glutinous** (see **glutenous**)

**glycyl** (see **glissile**)

**gnarred** snarled or growled

**knarred** knotty or gnarled

**nard** rhizomes of several pharmaceutically useful plants

**gnash** to grind or strike the teeth together

**nash** to leave or quit a place or group (slang)

**gnatty** infested with gnats

**natty** trimly neat and tidy

**gnaw** to chew on with teeth

**naw** no (slang)

**gnawer** an animal that gnaws or chews with teeth

**knaur** a knot or burl on wood

**knorr** a single-sail medieval ship of northern Europe

**nor** or not, used with neither as a negative correlative

**gneiss** laminated or foliated metamorphic rock, as granite

**nice** refined, cultured, pleasant, or satisfying

**gnir** a ball of dust

**near** within a short distance or time

**gnome** an ageless often deformed dwarf of folklore; a dry wizened little old man; a maxim or proverb

**Nome** an Alaskan seaport city

**nome** a musical composition of ancient Greece

**gnomic** expressive of pithy wisdom concerning the human condition

**nomie** generally valid, as a statement

**gnomon** an object on a sundial that casts a shadow

**nomen** a grammatical form with functions of a noun

**gnu** a large compact blocky African antelope

**knew** comprehended, understood, or perceived

**new** recent, fresh, or modern

**Nu** TibetoBurman inhabitants of the upper Salween river region in Yunnan

**nu** the 13th letter of the Greek alphabet

**go** to move; a Japanese game

**Ko** a 12th century Chinese porcelain distinguished by dark clay and fine crackle

**goad** a rod pointed at one end used to urge on an animal

**goed** past tense of go (slang)

**goal** (see **ghol**)

**goaled** scored a point in a game

**gold** a malleable, ductile, yellow metallic element

**gob** a lump or mass of indefinite or variable shape; a large amount

**gobbe** a tropical leguminous African creeping herb also known as Bambarra groundnut

**Gobi** an east Asian desert mostly in Mongolia

**gobi** the lenticular mass of sedimentary deposits that occupies a down warp basin

**goby** any of numerous spinyfinned fishes

**God and god** (see **gaud**)

**goed** (see **gaud**)

**goer** a person or animal that moves

**gore** to pierce with a pointed instrument or animal horn; thick or clotted blood; a triangular piece of land or cloth

**gofer** (see **gaufre**)

**goffer** (see **gaufre**)

**Gola** an African people of Liberia and Sierra Leone

**gola** a warehouse for grain in India

**golah** the people of one country dispersed into other countries

**gold** (see **goaled**)

**golfer** (see **gaufre**)

**goll** (see **gall**)

**gon** a railroad gondola; a thief (slang)

**gone** passed from a point; departed or left

**goo** a viscid or sticky substance; sickly sentimentality

**gou** a freshwater drum (the gasper goufish, shortened)

**goût** artistic or literary good taste

**google** to access the Google internet website search engine for information regarding specific topics or persons

**googol** a number equal to 1 followed by 100 zeroes, or  $10^{100}$

**gool** (see **ghoul**)

**goos** (see **Ghuz**)

**goote** a branch of a plant prepared for air layering

**goutte** a small pear-shaped figure occasionally borne as an heraldic charge

**gopher** (see **gaufre**)

**gorce** any obstruction in a river preventing passage of vessels

**gorse** juniper; furze, a spiny ever green shrub

**gore** (see **goer**)

**gored** pierced with a pointed instrument or animal horn

**gourd** a hardrinded inedible fruit of vines

**gourde** the basic monetary unit of Haiti; formerly a dollar in Louisiana

**gorilla** an anthropoid ape

**guerrilla** a member of an independent group engaged in predatory excursions in wartime

**gorse** (see **gorce**)

**got** (see **ghat**)

**gotch** (see **gatch**)

**gou** (see **goo**)

**gourd** (see **gored**)

**gourde** (see **gored**)

**goût** (see **goo**)

**goutte** (see **goote**)

**grace** a short prayer before or after a meal; charming or attractive characteristics

**graisse** a disease of white wines and cider

**grade** a degree of value or quality; a stage in a process

**grayed** became dull or cheerless

**grader** a worker or machine that sorts products according to certain specifications; a person who evaluates students' test papers

**grater** a device for reducing material to small bits of abrasion

**greater** larger or more prominent

**graff** a trench used in fortifications, as a moat

**graph** a diagram comparing one variable to another

**graft** the point of insertion of a scion in plant stock; acquisition of money or position by dishonest or questionable means

**graphed** plotted a curve or line on a graph

**graham** made wholly or largely of whole wheat flour

**gram** a metric unit of mass and weight

**grain** the unhusked or threshed seeds or fruits of various food plants including the cereal grasses

**graine** the eggs of the silkworm

**graisse** (see **grace**)

**gram** (see **graham**)

**Granat** any of several azo dyes giving red colors

**granat** a small bridge or culvert; a strong red or reddish orange color

**granite** a natural igneous rock formation of visibly crystalline texture

**Granth** the sacred scriptures of the Sikhs

**grunt** a deep short sound characteristic of a hog

**graph** (see **graff**)

**graphed** (see **graft**)

**graser** a device that uses gamma rays to produce a highenergy beam

**grazer** an animal that feeds on growing herbage

**grassie** the redbacked parrot of Australia

**grassy** covered or abounding with grass

**grater** (see **grader**)

**grave** an accent mark indicating a vowel is pronounced with a fall in pitch

**Graves** red or white table wines

**gray** to become dull or cheerless

**greige** woven fabric as it comes from the loom and before it is submitted to the finishing process

**grès** a piece of ceramic stoneware, especially when decorated

**griege** a variable color averaging a grayish yellow green

**grayed** (see **grade**)

**grays** becomes dull or cheerless

**graze** to feed on growing herbage

**grèses** pieces of ceramic stoneware, especially when decorated

**grazer** (see **graser**)

**grease** an oily substance; to influence with bribes

**Greece** a country in southeastern Europe

**gr(i)ece** in heraldry, a step in a series

**gris(e)** a costly gray fur used decoratively on medieval costumes

**greased** smeared with a thick lubricant; smoothed or made easy of passage; affected with a chronic inflammation of the skin of the fetlocks and pasterns, as a horse

**grieced** in heraldry, standing on steps

**greater** (see **grader**)

**greave** armor for the leg below the knee

**grieve** to mourn or feel sorrow

**greaves** refuse of tallow melting used as dog food

**grieves** mourns or feels sorrow

**Greece** (see **grease**)

**greeney** a green finch

**greeny** an inexperienced person

**greige** (see **gray**)

**grès** (see **gray**)

**grèses** (see **grays**)

**grew** developed or increased

**grue** a shiver; gruesome quality

**gr(i)ece** (see **grease**)

**grieced** (see **greased**)

**griege** (see **gray**)

**grieve** (see **greave**)

**grieves** (see **greaves**)

**griffes** in architecture, ornaments at the base of a column projecting from the torus toward a corner of the plinth; persons of mixed black and American Indian ancestry

**griffs** white persons newly arrived in the Orient (slang)

**grifts** lives by one's wits; practices methods of obtaining money illicitly

**griffin** a white person newly arrived in the Orient; an untried Chinese racing pony; a fabulous bird typically having the head, forepart, and wings of an eagle and hindparts and tail of a lion

**Griffon** a breed of small shortfaced compact dogs of Belgian origin; a breed of medium-sized longheaded sporting dogs originating in Holland

**Griffon** a breed of small shortfaced compact dogs of Belgian origin; a breed of medium-sized longheaded sporting dogs originating in Holland

**griffone** a woman of  $\frac{3}{4}$  negro and  $\frac{1}{4}$  white ancestry

**griffs** (see **griffes**)

**grifts** (see **griffes**)

**grills** cooking utensils; broils; distresses with continued questioning

**grilse** a young mature Atlantic salmon returning from the sea to spawn for the first time

**grim** stern or forbidding in action or appearance

**grimme** a small African antelope

**grimaced** distorted one's face

**grimmost** fiercest in disposition or anger; most unyielding and relentless

**grimme** (see **grim**)

**grimmost** (see **grimaced**)

**grind** any of several small-toothed whales related to the dolphins

**grinned** drew apart or back the lips usually in merriment or good humor

**grip** to seize tightly; a spasm of pain; a suitcase

**grippe** an acute febrile contagious viral disease similar to influenza

**gris(e)** (see **grease**)

**grisly** dreadful or terrible

**gristly** containing tough fibrous matter

**grizzly** a large powerful brownish yellow bear

**gros** a heavy durable crossribbed silk fabric

**grow** to spring up and come to maturity

**groan** a deep harsh sound indicative of pain or grief

**grown** arrived at maturity; cultivated

**grocer** a dealer in foodstuffs

**grosser** ruder, coarser, or more vulgar

**grommet** an eyelet of material set into a perforation to strengthen the inner circumference of material surrounding the perforation

**grummet** a cabin boy on a ship (also **gromet**)

**groom** a person in charge of tending horses; a bridegroom

**grume** a thick viscid fluid, as a blood clot



**grosser** (see **grocer**)

**grough** impure commercial potassium nitrate

**gruff** rough or stern in manner, speech, or aspect

**grow** (see **gros**)

**growan** decomposed granite

**grown** arrived at maturity; cultivated

**grown** (see **groan**)

**grr** (see **ger**)

**grue** (see **grew**)

**gruff** (see **grough**)

**grume** (see **groom**)

**grummet** (see **grommet**)

**grunt** (see **Granth**)

**Grus** the type genus of Gruidae consisting of the typical cranes

**gruss** a finely granulated rock that has not decomposed by weathering

**guan** any of various large tropical American birds, somewhat resembling turkeys, that are highly regarded for sport and food

**Kuan** a type of Chinese porcelain pottery of the Sung period in the 12th century

**guarder** (see **garter**)

**guay** (see **gay**)

**guddle** to grope for fish in their lurking places

**guttle** to eat or drink greedily and noisily

**guerilla** (see **gorilla**)

**guessed** formed an opinion from insufficient evidence; conjectured

**guest** a person to whom hospitality is extended

**Guhr** a loose earthy deposit from water occurring in the cavities of rocks

**Gur** a branch of the NigerCongo language family centered in the upper Volta river

valley in Ghana and the Upper Volta territory in West Africa

**gur** an unrefined brown sugar made especially from jaggery palm sap

**guib** (see **gib**)

**guide** to lead or steer

**guyed** steadied with a rope or chain; ridiculed goodhumoredly

**guild** (see **gild**)

**guilder** (see **gilder**)

**guile** crafty or deceitful cunning

**gyle** beer produced at one brewing

**guilt** (see **gilt**)

**guimpe** (see **gimp**)

**Guinea and guinea** (see **ginney**)

**guise** external appearance, shape, or semblance

**guys** ropes or chains attached to steady or brace something

**gul** (see **ghoul**)

**gull(e)y** a small valley or gulch

**gullie** a tern (seabird)

**gumbee** a small marble

**gumby** a drum made of skin stretched over a piece of hollowed tree

**gumbo** the okra plant or its edible pods

**gumboe** a small marble

**gum-bow** a slingshot

**gumby** (see **gumbee**)

**gundi** a short-tailed hystricomorphous rodent of North Africa

**gundy** a high-boiling distillate separated in refining shale oil

**Gur and gur** (see **guhr**)

**gurry** (see **ghurry**)

**Guti** a mountain people ruling Sumer and Akkad near Babylon in the 24th century B.C.

**guttly** in heraldry, an ornamental pattern of drops argent



**guttæe** two or more in a series of ornaments in a Doric entablature; gray to brown tough plastic substances obtained from the latex of several Malaysian sapotaceous trees

**gutty** having courage or fortitude; having a significant or challenging substance or quality; in heraldry, an ornamental pattern of drops argent

**guttle** (see **guddle**)

**gutty** (see **guttæe** and **Guti**)

**guyed** (see **guide**)

**guys** (see **guise**)

**gyle** (see **guile**)

**gymel** (see **gimmel**)

**gympie** (see **gimpy**)

**gyro** (see **giro**)

**gyve** to bind or restrain with fetters

**jive** a special slang jargon

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## Group I

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**gager** - **gagor**

**galaks** - **Galax**

**ganging** - **gangion**

**gecko** - **Gekko**

**granter** - **grantor**

**grievance** - **grievants**

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## Group I and II

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**gluten** 'glütən

**glutin** 'glütin

**guarantee** :garən:tē

**guaranty** :garəntē

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## Group II

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**gala** 'galə

**galah** gə'lä

**galerie** gal'rē

**gallery** 'galrē

**galette** gə'let

**gal(I)et** 'galät

**gullet** 'gölät

**Galeus** 'gälēəs

**galleass** 'galēəs

**Galium** 'gälēəm

**gallium** 'galēəm

**gally** 'gölē

**golly** 'gälē

**gambet** 'gambət

**gambette** gam'bet

**gar** 'gär

**guar** 'gwär

**garbill** 'gär.bil

**garble** 'gärbəl

**garnet** 'gärnət

**garnett** gär:nət

**garrott** gārō

**garrot(t)e** ga'rōt

**gauzy** 'gózē

**Ghazi** 'gä.zē

**gebur** ge'bür

**Gheber** 'gabər

**geese** 'gēs

**gies** 'gēz

**genae** 'jē.nē

**genie** 'jēnē

**German** 'jərmən

**germon** zhermō<sup>n</sup>

**ghouls** 'gülz

**gules** 'gyülz

**gizzard** 'gizərd

**Guisard** ge'zärd

**glazer** 'gläzər

**glazier** 'gläzhər

**glossae** 'glä.sē

**glossy** 'gläsē

**gluten** 'glütən

**glutin** 'glütin

**gnawed** 'nód  
**nod** 'näd

**Gobelin** 'góbələn  
**goblin** 'gäblən

**Golo** 'gō.lō  
**goloe** gō'lō

**goody** 'güdē  
**Guti** 'güdē

**gook** 'gük or 'gük  
**guck** 'gək

**gorgeous** 'górjəs  
**gorges** 'górjəz

**Gouda** 'güdə  
**gutta** 'güdə

**grantee** 'gran.tē  
**granthi** 'grantē

**grazer** 'grāzər  
**graizer** 'grāzhər

**greisen** 'grīzən  
**grison** 'grizən

**groat** 'grōt  
**grot** 'grät

**Guiana** gē'anə  
**Guyana** gī'anə

**gusla** 'güslə  
**gusli** 'güslē

**guttie** 'gət.tī  
**gutty** 'gədē or 'güdē

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## H

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**haab** the 365-day year of the Maya calendar

**hob** a level projection at the back or side of a fireplace on which something to be kept warm can be placed

**haaf** deepsea fishing grounds off the Shetland and Orkney Islands

**haff** a long shallow lagoon separated from the open sea by a narrow sandbar or barrier beach

**half** one of two equal parts into which a thing is divisible

**have** to feel compulsion, obligation, or necessity with respect to

**hache** an axe or hatchet

**hash** a mixture, jumble, or hodgepodge; a dish usually consisting of leftover meat chopped into small pieces, mixed with potatoes, and browned

**hachure** a short line used in mapmaking for shading and denoting surfaces in relief; a contour line

**hasher** a worker who feeds unmarketable

meat into a hashing machine so it may be used for byproducts; a waiter or waitress (slang)

**hackee** a chipmunk

**hackie** a cab driver

**hacky** a short and dry manner of coughing

**hade** an angle made by a rock fault plane or vein with the vertical

**hayed** cut and cured grass for hay

**Hadean** characteristic of the abode of the dead or hell

**Haitian** characteristic of the people or the island of Haiti

**haded** in geology, deviated from the vertical, as a vein, fault, or lode

**hated** felt extreme enmity toward

**haem** an iron-containing pyrrole derivative

**hem** a finished edge of a cloth article

**haff** (see **haaf**)

**hagi** a Japanese bush clover

**hoggy** a towpath driver for the early 19th century barge transportation system in parts of the eastern U.S.

**haik** a voluminous piece of cloth worn as an outer garment in northern Africa

**hake** a fish related to cod

**haik** a voluminous piece of cloth worn as an outer garment in northern Africa

**hike** to march, walk, or tramp

**hyke** an exclamation used to urge dogs onward in a chase

**hail** precipitation in the form of small ice balls; to salute or greet

**hale** healthy or sound; to haul, pull, or draw

**hair** a threadlike outgrowth on an animal's epidermis

**hare** a longeared gnawing animal

**hayer** a person that cuts and cures grass, then hauls it to storage

**herr** mister or a gentleman, in German

**hairier** covered with more hair

**harrier** a hunting dog; a crosscountry runner

**hairing** removing or covering with slender threadlike outgrowth of the epidermis

**haring** moving swiftly

**herring** a valuable food fish

**hairry** covered with hair

**harry** to assault or ravage

**Haitian** (see **Hadean**)

**hake** (see **haik**)

**hala** a screw pine native from southern Asia west to Hawaii

**hollow** a depression, a low, or an excavated place

**hale** (see **hail**)

**half** (see **haaf**)

**half-soled** repaired or renewed a shoe by putting on a new partial sole

**half-souled** partially possessing a psychological or spiritual nature

**halide** a binary compound of a halogen with a more electropositive element or radical

**hallowed** consecrated or blessed

**hall** a large assembly room; a passageway; a large building

**haul** to pull, drag, or transport

**hallo** a call used to attract attention

**hallow** to make holy; to venerate

**halo** containing halogen (by shortening)

**hello** an expression or gesture of greeting

**hollo** a call of encouragement or jubilation

**hallocks** rectangular wood veneer berry boxes with straight sides and a raised bottom

**hallux** the first or preaxial digit of the hind limb; the big toe

**hallow** (see **hallo**)

**hallowed** (see **halide**)

**hallux** (see **hallocks**)

**halo** (see **hallo**)

**halve** to divide in two equal parts

**have** to possess or hold

**Hamburg** a city in northern Germany

**Homburg** a man's hat of smooth-finished felt with a stiff curled ribbonbound brim and a high tapered crown creased lengthwise

**hamus** in biology, a hook or curved process

**jemez** a group of Tanoan Amerindian peoples of New Mexico

**hance** a ship's curved contour

**hanse** a trading association in foreign countries; an entrance fee into a merchant guild

**handmade** produced by hand

**handmaid** a female servant

**hands** terminal parts of a vertebrate's forelimb when modified for grasping

**Hans** an Athaspakan people of the Yukon

river district in east central Alaska and the Yukon territory of Canada; members of a people now comprising the dominant culture group of China

**handset** a telephone mouthpiece and ear-piece mounted on a single handle

**hand-set** consisting of or printed or cast from individual pieces of type assembled with fingers

**handsome** attractive or having an impressive and pleasing appearance; of considerable value

**hansom** a two-wheeled covered carriage

**hangar** an enclosed area for housing and repairing aircraft

**hanger** a device from which something is hung; a person who hangs articles

**Hans** (see **hands**)

**hanse** (see **hance**)

**hansom** (see **handsome**)

**harass** to annoy continually or plague; to raid

**harras** a herd of stud horses

**hardtop** an automobile with a metal roof

**hard-top** a hard-surfaced area or road

**hardy** strong or robust; resolute

**heart** exhibiting vigorous good health; exuberant

**hare** (see **hair**)

**haring** (see **hairing**)

**harras** (see **harass**)

**harrier** (see **hairier**)

**harry** (see **hair**)

**hart** a stag or male deer

**heart** a muscular organ which acts as a pump to maintain blood circulation

**hash** (see **hache**)

**hasher** (see **hachure**)

**hatcher** a device to which eggs are trans-

ferred from the incubator shortly before they are due to hatch

**hatchur** a short line used in map-making for shading and denoting surfaces in relief; a contour line (see **hachure** for an alternate pronunciation)

**hated** (see **haded**)

**Hati** in Egyptian religion, the physical heart

**Hatti** a pre-Hittite people of central Anatolia in Asia Minor

**haughty** disdainfully proud or overbearing; arrogant

**hottie** an attractive or sexually promiscuous person of the opposite sex, usually a woman (slang)

**haul** (see **hall**)

**haus** irregularly spreading or shrubby trees widely distributed on tropical shores

**house** to provide with living quarters; to store in a secure place

**hows** ways in which something is or can be done

**how's** the contraction of how is, how has, or how was

**haute** highclass, hightoned, or fancy

**oat** a cereal grass cultivated for its edible seed

**hauteur** (see **auteur**)

**have** (see **haaf** or **halve**)

**hawer** a speaker who pauses while collecting his or her thoughts

**hoar** frost or rime; a grayish coating

**hoer** a person that works the soil with a hoe

**whore** a female prostitute

**hawkbill** a carnivorous sea turtle of tropical and subtropical seas

**hawk's-bill** the pawl for the rack in the striking mechanism of a clock

**haws** pauses made by a speaker when collecting his or her thoughts

**hawse** the distance or space between a ship's bow and its anchor

**hayed** (see **hade**)

**hayer** (see **hair**)

**hays** cuts and cures grass for hay

**haze** dull or cloudy; to subject a person to unnecessary or ridiculous treatment

**he(h)s** the fifth letter of the Hebrew alphabet (plural)

**highs** expressions of cheeriness

**heis** games of cat's-cradle

**heys** expressions of interrogation or attentiongetting

**headward** in the direction of the head

**headword** a word or term often in distinctive type placed at the beginning of a chapter or entry

**heal** to restore to health or cure

**heel** the hind part of a foot; to cause a boat to list

**he'll** the contraction of he will

**heald** a weaving harness or heddle

**healed** restored to health or cured

**heeled** caused a boat to list

**healer** a person or circumstance that cures or heals

**heeler** a local worker for a political boss; a dog that urges lagging animals onward by nipping at their heels

**hear** to perceive with the ear

**heer** an old unit of measure for linen and woolen yarn of about 600 yards

**here** at this point in space

**heard** apprehended with the ear

**herd** several of one kind of animal together; to lead or gather animals into a group

**hearse** a vehicle for conveying the dead; a usually triangular wooden or metal frame used in the Tenebrae service during Holy Week and normally designed to hold 15 candles

**herse** a frame to dry skins, as for parchment

**hirse** broomcorn millet

**hearsed** conveyed in a hearse; buried

**hurst** a grove or wooded knoll; a sand-bank in a river

**heart** (see **hart**)

**heartly** (see **hardy**)

**heated** raised the temperature of

**heeded** had regard for or paid attention to

**heater** a device that generates or retains heat or warmth

**heder** an elementary Jewish school in which children are given religious instruction often in Hebrew

**heeder** a person who pays attention to circumstances, things, or people

**heaume** a large helmet supported by the shoulders

**holm** an evergreen oak of southern Europe

**hom** a sacred plant of the ancient Persians

**home** a principal place of residence

**heaumer** a maker of medieval helmets

**homer** to hit a baseball enabling the batter to make a complete circuit of the bases and score a run

**hecks** wooden gratings set across a stream to obstruct the passage of fish; devices on a vertical frame for controlling warp threads in textile manufacturing

**hex** to practice witchcraft on; hexagonal in shape

**he'd** the contraction of he would or he had

**heed** to have regard for or pay attention to

**heder** (see **header**)

**heed** (see **he'd**)

**heeded** (see **heated**)

**heeder** (see **heater**)

**heel** (see **heal**)

**heeled** (see **heald**)

**heeler** (see **healer**)

**heer** (see **hear**)

**he(h)s** (see **hays**)

**heigh** an expression of cheeriness

**hi** a greeting

**hie** to hasten

**high** tall or having considerable upward extension

**heighs** (see **hays**)

**heinous** hatefully or shockingly evil; abominable

**highness** the quality or state of being high; a person of honor

**heir** (see **air**)

**heiress** (see **arras**)

**heirless** (see **airless**)

**heirship** (see **airship**)

**heis** (see **hays**)

**held** retained in one's keeping

**helled** behaved in a noisy and often dissolute way; caroused

**helicin** a glucoside obtained by partial oxidation of salicin

**helicine** pertaining to the helix of the ear; curled, spiral, or helicoid (in designating certain small arteries of the penis)

**he'll** (see **heal**)

**helled** (see **held**)

**hello** (see **hallo**)

**hem** (see **haem**)

**hep** one, used in counting cadence in marching

**hut** a temporary structure used as living quarters or for storage

**herb** a plant or plant part valued for its medicinal, savory, or aromatic qualities

**urb** an urban area

**herd** (see **heard**)

**herding** the actual work of taking care of livestock

**hurting** painful or distressing

**herds** groups of several people or animals of one kind

**hurds** coarse parts of flax or hemp adhering to the fiber after separation

**here** (see **hear**)

**herl** a barb of feather used in dressing an artificial fly

**hurl** to throw, toss, or cast

**heroin** a bitter white crystalline narcotic made from morphine

**heroine** a principal female character in a drama, novel, or event

**herr** (see **hair**)

**herring** (see **hairing**)

**herse** (see **hearse**)

**hertz** a unit of frequency equal to one cycle per second

**hurts** injuries or damages

**heterogenous** not originating with the body

**heterogynous** having females of more than one kind

**heteronomous** subject to or involving different laws of growth

**heteronymous** having different designations

**heugh** an exclamation expressing surprise

**hoo** an expression of emotional reaction; a call

**Hu** an ancient Tatar people of northwest China

**who** what person(s)

**whoo** the cry of an owl

**hew** to cut with a heavy cutting instrument; to adhere, conform, or stick to

**hue** a color or complexion

**whew** an expression of relief, amazement, or discomfort; to make a halfformed whistling sound

**hewer** a person who cuts or fells with hard rough blows  
**huer** a person who shouts an alarm or signal  
**hure** the head of a bear, boar, or wolf  
**hex** (see **hecks**)  
**heys** (see **hays**)  
**hi** (see **heigh**)  
**hic** a sound of a hiccup  
**hick** an awkward unsophisticated person  
**hickey** a pimple; a defect in a negative or printing plate  
**hicky** unsophisticated, awkward, or provincial  
**hide** to conceal, put out of sight, or keep secret; an outer covering of an animal  
**hied** hastened  
**hie** (see **heigh**)  
**hied** (see **hide**)  
**high** (see **heigh**)  
**highdried** a red herring  
**high-dried** deprived of an unusually high percentage of its moisture by baking or drying  
**higher** taller or having greater upward extension  
**hire** to employ for wages  
**highline** a high-voltage electric transmission line  
**high-line** being a fisherman or fishing boat with a large or the largest catch  
**highly** in or at an elevated place, level, or rank  
**hyle** in philosophy, whatever receives form or determination from outside itself  
**highness** (see **heinous**)  
**hike** (see **haik**)  
**hila** scars on a seed marking the point of attachment of the ovule to the funiculus  
**Hyla** a large genus of archiferous amphibians comprising the typical toads

**hyla** any amphibian of the genus *Hyla*  
**hillie** a small pinch of dirt on which a marble is sometimes elevated  
**hilly** abounding with natural elevations of land; difficult or obscure  
**him** the objective case of he  
**hymn** a song of praise or joy  
**hip** the laterally projecting region of each side of the lower or posterior part of the mammalian trunk; extremely alert and knowing  
**hipp** hippopotamus (by shortening)  
**hipe** in wrestling, a means of throwing an opponent  
**hype** a narcotic addict; to promote or publicize extravagantly  
**hipp** (see **hippie**)  
**hippie** a baby's diaper  
**hippy** having or resembling large haunches or hips  
**hire** (see **higher**)  
**hirse** (see **hearse**)  
**hissed** made the sound by which an animal indicates alarm, fear, irritation, or warning  
**hist** an expression or sound used to attract attention  
**Ho** a people of the northeastern part of the Indian subcontinent south of the Ganges plain  
**ho** an expression of surprise, delight, or derision  
**hoe** an agricultural implement  
**Hoh** an Indian people of the Olympic Peninsula, Washington  
**whoa** a command to a draft animal to stop or stand still  
**hoar** (see **hawer**)  
**hoard** to accumulate something  
**hoared** frosted or rimed; grayish coated  
**horde** a loosely organized group of individuals, animals, or insects; a swarm

**whored** acted as a prostitute

**hoarse** rough sounding, grating, or rasping

**horse** a large solidfooted herbivorous mammal

**hoarsen** to make or become rough sounding, grating, or rasping

**whoreson** a coarse fellow; an illegitimate child

**hob** (see **haab**)

**hobo** a migratory worker; a vagrant

**jobo** a tropical American tree sometimes cultivated for its edible yellow plumlike fruit

**hocker** a person who pledges security for a loan

**hougher** a person who hamstringing cattle

**hockey** a game played on the ice by two sixperson teams

**hocky** having faulty tarsal joints, as a dog

**hocks** tarsal joints or regions in the hind limbs of digitigrade quadrupeds, as a horse; restraints of goods usually as pledges for loans

**hocs** a card game in which a holder gives certain cards any value

**hoks** small pens to contain animals

**hox** to pester or annoy by following

**hocky** (see **hockey**)

**hocs** (see **hocks**)

**hoe** (see **Ho**)

**hoer** (see **hawer**)

**hoes** works the soil with a hoe

**hos** expressions of surprise, delight, or derision

**hose** a cloth leg covering; a flexible tube for conveying fluid or gas

**hoggy** (see **hagi**)

**Hoh** (see **Ho**)

**hokey** characterized by or the product of fakery or false value

**hokie** a large marble

**hoks** (see **hocks**)

**hold** to maintain possession of; to grasp; a ship's interior below decks

**holed** made an opening in something; drove an animal into a hole

**holds** maintains possession of; grasps; a ship's interior below decks

**holes** openings

**wholes** complete amounts or sums

**hole** an opening

**whole** entire or total; free of defect

**holed** (see **hold**)

**holes** (see **holds**)

**holey** having a hole or full of holes

**Holi** a Hindu spring festival characterized by boisterous and ribald revelry

**holy** hallowed, sacred, or venerated

**wholly** to the full extent

**hollo** (see **hallo**)

**hollo** a call of encouragement or jubilation

**hollow** empty; a depression; false or deceitful

**hollow** (see **hala**)

**holm** (see **heahme**)

**holy** (see **holey**)

**hom** (see **heahme**)

**hombre** a man, fellow, or guy

**ombre** shaded, especially of fabrics with a dyed or woven design in which the color is graduated from light to dark

**Homburg** (see **Hamburg**)

**home** (see **heahme**)

**homer** (see **heamer**)

**homily** a discourse on a religious or moral theme

**hommilie** a calf or dehorned cow

**hon** sweetheart, dear, or honey

**Hun** a member of a nomadic Mongolian



- people; a German soldier in World Wars I and II
- honeysweet** a white woolly perennial herb of the desert region in the U.S.
- honey-sweet** sweet with or as if with the viscous material produced by bees
- hoo** (see **heugh**)
- hoey** something false or unacceptable; hokum
- Huey** a U.S. military helicopter, model HU-1B
- hui** a partnership, club, syndicate, or community gathering in Hawaii
- hookie** a meaningless expression or mild expletive
- hooky** truant; full of or covered with metal or tough curved material for holding something
- hoop** a strip of wood or metal bent in circular form and united at the ends
- whoop** an expression of eagerness, exuberance, or jubilation; to arouse sentiment for
- hooper** a person or machine that forms strips of wood or metal into circular form
- whooper** a large white nearly extinct North American crane; a whooping crane
- hoos** expressions of emotional reaction; calls
- hoose** verminous bronchitis of cattle, sheep, and goats
- whos** what persons
- who's** the contraction of who is, who was, or who has
- whose** relating to what person(s)
- horde** (see **hoard**)
- horney** a constable or sheriff
- hornie** a horn agate marble
- horny** hard or callous; easily excited sexually
- horse** (see **hoarse**)
- horsed** handled roughly; played; provided with a horse
- horst** part of the earth's crust separated by faults
- hos** (see **hoses**)
- hose** (see **hoses**)
- hostel** a public house for entertaining or lodging travelers
- hostile** marked by malevolence, antagonism, or unfriendliness
- hosteler** a person who lodges or entertains guests or strangers
- hostler** a person who takes care of horses at an inn or stable; a person who takes charge of a railroad locomotive after a run
- hostile** (see **hostel**)
- hostler** (see **hosteler**)
- hostler** a person who takes care of horses at an inn or stable; a person who takes charge of a railroad locomotive after a run
- hustler** an active, enterprising, sometimes unscrupulous individual
- hottie** (see **haughty**)
- hougher** (see **hocker**)
- hour** (see **Aor**)
- house** (see **haus**)
- houseboat** a yacht, barge, or boat outfitted as a dwelling or for leisurely cruising
- housebote** wood allowed to a tenant for repairing a house
- Hova** the dominant native people of central Madagascar
- Jova** an important division of the Piman peoples of northeastern Sonora, Mexico
- howel** a plane used by a barrel or cask maker
- Howell** a game of duplicate bridge in which matchpoint scoring is used
- howl** to utter a loud sustained doleful sound characteristic of dogs and wolves

**how'll** contraction of how will or how shall

**hows** (see **haus**)

**how's** (see **haus**)

**hox** (see **hocks**)

**hsin** the cardinal Confucian virtue of faithfulness or veracity

**shin** the front part of a leg below the knee

**Hu** (see **heugh**)

**hue** (see **hew**)

**huer** (see **hewer**)

**Huey** (see **hooley**)

**hui** (see **hooley**)

**hum** an isolated residual hill or mass of limestone

**whom** what person or persons, when used as an object of a verb

**human** characteristic of mankind

**humin** a darkcolored insoluble amorphous substance formed in many chemical reactions

**Yuman** a language family of the Hokan stock in Arizona, California, and Mexico; belonging to a culture of western Arizona about A.D. 700–1200

**humbles** brings down the pride or arrogance of a person

**umbels** racemose inflorescences characteristic of the family Umbelliferae, which includes anise, carrot, and parsley

**umbles** entrails of an animal used as food

**humeral** belonging to the shoulder or situated in the region of the humerus

**humoral** relating to a bodily humor, now often used of endocrine factors as opposed to neural or somatic

**humerus** the longest bone of the upper arm or forelimb

**humorous** jocular or funny

**humin** (see **human**)

**humoral** (see **humeral**)

**humorous** (see **humerus**)

**humpie** a humpback salmon; a hump back sucker (fish); a mooneye (fish)

**humpy** covered with protuberances; a California wrasse (fish)

**Hun** (see **hon**)

**hurdle** an obstacle or barrier

**hurtle** to propel violently, move rapidly, or dash headlong

**hurds** (see **herds**)

**hure** (see **hewer**)

**hurl** (see **herl**)

**hurley** an Irish game resembling field hockey

**hurly** confusion or uproar

**hurst** (see **hearsed**)

**hurting** (see **herding**)

**hurtle** (see **hurdle**)

**hurts** (see **hertz**)

**hustler** (see **hostler**)

**hut** (see **hep**)

**hydrocele** an accumulation of serous fluid in a sacculated cavity, especially the scrotum

**hydrocoele** the waternvascular system of an echinoderm, or the pouch or cavity in the embryo from which it develops

**hydrous** containing water

**Hydrus** a fabulous water serpent; a Southern constellation

**hyke** (see **haik**)

**Hyla** and **hyla** (see **hila**)

**hyle** (see **highly**)

**hymn** (see **him**)

**hype** (see **hipe**)

**hypogenous** growing on a leaf's lower side

**hypogynous** inserted on the axis below the carpels in a flower

## Group I

**hamulous** - hamulus  
**hemidactylous** - hemidactylus  
**hippish** - hypyish  
**hoax** - hokes  
**hocker** - hougher  
**horsecollar** - horse-collar  
**humous** - humus  
**hydrocephalous** - hydrocephalus

## Group II

**hairry** 'herē  
**here** 'he, re or 'hir  
**haje** 'hājē  
**hajji** 'hajē  
**haka** 'hākā  
**Hakka** 'hāk'kā  
**halling** 'hālīŋ  
**hauling** 'hólīŋ  
**harpes** 'här, pēz  
**harpies** 'härpēz

**hartin** 'här, tin  
**hearten** 'här, tən

**hawed** 'hód  
**hod** 'häd

**hawk** 'hók  
**hoc(k)** 'häk

**hawker** 'hókər  
**hougher** 'häkər

**heterogeneous** :hetərə; jēnēəs  
**heterogenous** :hetə: rājənəs

**highbred** 'hī, brəd  
**hybrid** 'hībrəd

**hilum** 'hīləm  
**hylam** 'hī, lām

**homage** '(h)ämij  
**ohmage** 'ömij

**hostal** 'höstəl  
**hostel** 'hästəl

**hummus** 'həməs  
**humus** 'hyüməs

**Hungary** 'həngərə  
**hungry** 'hʌŋgrē

**hymeneal** 'hīmə, nēəl  
**hymenial** hī'mēnēəl

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## I

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**I** (see **a(a)h** and **ai**)

**i** (see **ai**)

**Ibo** (see **eboe**)

**icer** (see **Aissor**)

**I'd** (see **eyed**)

**ide** (see **eyed**)

**Idaeon** characteristic of the ancient Greek goddess Rhea or Cybele with whom Mt. Ida was associated

**idaein** an anthocyanin pigment obtained in the form of a greenish brown crystalline chloride

**idem** the previously mentioned or as mentioned above

**item** a detail or particular

**ideogram** a symbol used in a system of writing to represent a thing but not a particular word for it

**idiogram** a diagrammatic representation of a chromosome complement

**ideograph** a symbol used in a system of writing to represent a thing but not a particular word for it (the identical definition as ideogram)

**idiograph** a mark or signature peculiar to an individual

**idle** not occupied; unemployed

**idol** a symbol of a deity, being, or thing used as an object of worship

**idyll** a descriptive work usually dealing with pastoral or rural life

**if** so long as or on condition that

**iff** if and only if, in mathematics

**Igo** (see **ego**)

**ileac** of or pertaining to intestinal obstruction characterized by lack of peristalsis and leading to severe colicky pain and vomiting

**iliac** of, pertaining to, or situated near the broad upper portion of either hip bone

**ileum** the last division of the small intestine constituting the part between the jejunum and large intestine

**ilium** the dorsal and upper one of three bones composing either lateral half of the pelvis

**illium** an alloy containing 60% nickel, 25% chromium, plus some copper, manganese, silicon, and tungsten

**iliac** (see **ileac**)

**ilium** (see **ileum**)

**I'll** (see **aisle**)

**illapse** (see **elapse**)

**illation** (see **elation**)

**ill-born** brought forth by birth with great trouble or difficulty

**ill-borne** not well, or poorly endured or tolerated

**illegit** (see **elegit**)

**illicit** (see **elicit**)

**illiterate** (see **alliterate**)

**illium** (see **ileum**)

**illuded** (see **alluded**)

**illuminate** (see **aluminare**)

**illumine** (see **alumen**)

**illusion** (see **allusion**)

**immanent** confined to consciousness or to the mind; indwelling, inherent, or intrinsic

**imminent** near at hand or impending

**immerge** (see **emerge**)

**immerse** (see **amerce**)

**immersed** (see **emersed**)

**imminent** (see **immanent**)

**immission** (see **emission**)

**impartable** capable of being communicated or transmitted

**impartible** not subject to division

**impassable** incapable of being traveled on or crossed

**impassible** unfeeling or impassive; incapable of suffering or of experiencing pain

**impatience** restlessness or chafing of spirit

**Impatiens** a large genus of widely distributed annual plants

**implastic** (see **emplastic**)

**impressed** aroused strong feeling about; applied with pressure

**imprest** a loan or advance of money

**imu** (see **emu**)

**in** a preposition indicating a place with respect to time or space

**inn** a public house for lodging, feeding, and or entertainment of travelers

**incenter** the center of the circle inscribed in a triangle, or of a sphere inscribed in a tetrahedron

**incentor** a person who or that which stirs up, spurs, or urges on

**incite** to stir up, spur, or urge on; to instigate

**insight** discernment or understanding

**inciter** a person that instigates

**insider** a person having access to confidential information because of his/her position; a person recognized or accepted as a member of some group

**incubous** leaves so arranged that the anterior margin of each overlaps the posterior margin of the next younger

**incubus** an evil spirit believed to lie on sleeping persons; a nightmare

**indict** to formally accuse

**indite** to compose a poem or story

**indie** an organization, such as a motion-picture studio, that is independent (slang); a selfemployed person

**Indy** pertaining to the capital of Indiana or the “Indianapolis 500” car race

**indiscreet** imprudent, inconsiderate, or untactful

**indiscrete** not separated into distinct parts

**indite** (see **indict**)

**Indy** (see **indie**)

**infirmation** the process of making invalid, as opposed to confirmation

**information** knowledge of a particular event or situation; news or intelligence

**influence** an act or power to produce an effect on

**influent** tributary streams; animals having an important effect on an ecological community’s balance

**ifold** (see **enfold**)

**information** (see **infirmation**)

**ingrain** (see **engrain**)

**inlaw** place under the protection of the law

**in-law** a relative by marriage

**inn** (see **in**)

**innumerable** (see **enumerable**)

**insider** (see **inciter**)

**insight** (see **incite**)

**insist** (see **encyst**)

**insolate** to place in sunlight

**insulate** to separate or shield from conducting bodies to prevent transfer of electricity, heat, or sound

**insolent** haughty, contemptuous, or brutal in behavior or language

**insulant** a material that retards the passage of temperature, electricity, or sound

**installation** giving possession of an office, rank, order with the usual ceremonial rites; something that is set up for use or service

**instillation** gradual introduction a drop at a time

**instance** a case, illustration, or example

**instants** points of time

**instillation** (see **installation**)

**insulant** (see **insolent**)

**insulate** (see **insolate**)

**insure** (see **ensure**)

**intendance** the care, control, or management of an administrative department

**intendence** attendance; presence; attention

**intense** extremely marked or pronounced; strained or deep

**intents** proposed ends or objects; meanings

**intension** connotation; determination or intentness

**intention** a purpose, aim, or objective

**intents** (see **intense**)

**intercession** an interposition between parties at variance with a view to reconciliation; a mediation

**intersession** a period between two academic terms or conference meetings

**interdental** situated between the teeth  
**interdentile** in architecture, the space between two dentils under the corona of a cornice

**intern** an advanced student or recent graduate in a professional field who receives practical experience under the supervision of an experienced worker

**in-turn** a moving curling stone that rotates clockwise

**interned** confined within prescribed limits; impounded; acted as an intern

**inturned** turned inward; introverted

**interosseous** situated between bones

**interosseus** a muscle arising from the metacarpals (in the hand) and metatarsals (in the foot)

**interpellate** to question formally a governmental policy or decision

**interpolate** to insert between other things or parts

**intersects** pierces or divides by passing through or across

**intersex** an individual that exists between a typical male and a typical female

**intersession** (see **intercession**)

**intersex** (see **intersects**)

**interval** a space of time between recurrences of similar conditions or states; a space between things

**intervale** lowlying grassland and fields along a watercourse

**intrada** (see **entrada**)

**intrait** one of a class of extracts prepared from plants in which the enzymes are destroyed before drying

**in-tray** a shallow wood, metal, or plastic basket used for holding incoming material

**in-turn** (see **intern**)

**inturned** (see **interned**)

**invade** to overrun with a view toward

conquest or plunder; to enter in a hostile manner; to permeate

**inveighed** complained vehemently

**inverter** a device for converting direct current into alternating current

**invertor** a muscle that turns a limb or part inward

**io** a large hawk that is Hawaii's only indigenous raptorial bird

**iyó** a Philippine woody vine; the stiff coarse bast fiber of an African palm

**ion** (see **ayin**)

**ire** (see **eyer**)

**irrupt** (see **erupt**)

**isle** (see **aisle**)

**islet** (see **eyelet**)

**isotac** a line on a map connecting points where ice melts at the same time in the spring

**isotach** a line on a map connecting points of equal wind speed

**istle** a fiber obtained from various tropical American plants

**iztle** a type of obsidian used by the Mexican Indians to make knives and arrow points

**item** (see **idem**)

**its** of, associated with, or belonging to it or it has

**it's** the contraction of it is or it has

**ius** a legal principle, right, or power

**use** the act of employing something

**youse** your, or substandard version of you

**ixodic** (see **exotic**)

**iyó** (see **io**)

**iztle** (see **istle**)

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## Group I

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**idrialin** - **indrialine**

**ileal** - **ilial**

**illuminance** - illuminants  
**impatience** - impatient  
**impenitence** - impenitents  
**impertinence** - impertinents  
**impotence** - impotents  
**incidence** - incidents  
**incompetence** - incompetents  
**independence** - independents  
**indifference** - indifferents  
**indigence** - indigents  
**indolence** - indolents  
**ingredience** - ingredients  
**inhabitation** - inhabitants  
**innocence** - innocents  
**insignificance** - insignificants  
**insistence** - insistents  
**insolence** - insolents  
**insurance** - insurants  
**insurgence** - insurgents  
**intelligence** - intelligents  
**intendance** - intendants  
**intervenience** - intervenients  
**intolerance** - intolerants  
**intransigence** - intransigents  
**intrigant** - intrigante  
**invariance** - invariants  
**iridescence** - iridescents

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## Group I and II

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**indemnatee** ən'demnə,tē  
**indemnity** ən'demnətē

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## Group II

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**idea** 'i:dēə  
**itea** id•ēə  
**immortal** 'i'mɔrdəl  
**immortelle** 'i,mɔr,tel  
**inapt** ən,ept  
**inept** ə'nept  
**incendive** in'sendiv  
**incentive** in'sentiv  
**incipit** 'insəpət  
**insipid** ən'sipəd  
**incision** ən'sizhən  
**insition** in'sishən  
**incus** 'in.küs  
**incuse** 'in.kyüs  
**ingenious** ən'jēnyəs  
**ingenuous** ən'jenyəwəs  
**insole** 'in.səl  
**insoul** ən'səl

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## J

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**jacinth** a plant of the genus *Hyacinthus*

**jacinthe** a moderate orange color

**jack** a portable device for raising or lifting heavy objects

**jak** a large East Indian tree

**Jacobean** representing an early 17th century style of architecture, furniture, literature, or drama

**Jacobian** a determinant in which the elements of the first column are partial derivatives of the first of a set of *n* functions with respect to each of *n* inde-

pendent variables, those of the second column are partial derivatives of the second of a set of *n* ... etc.

**jaeger** a large, spirited, rapacious bird inhabiting northern seas

**yager** a largebore rifle formerly used in the U.S.

**Jaggie** the army Judge Advocate General

**jaggy** tipsy from alcoholic drink

**Jain** an adherent of Jainism, a dualistic religion founded in India during the 6th century B.C.

**jane** a girl or woman (slang)

**jak** (see **jack**)

**jam** to press into a close or tight position; a product made by boiling fruit and sugar into a thick consistency

**jamb** an upright piece forming a side of an opening, as a doorway

**jambeau** a piece of plate armor for the leg between the knee and ankle; a spikefish

**jambo** a rose apple tree of the tropics

**jane** (see **Jain**)

**jasmine** any of numerous usually limber and often climbing shrubs of temperate and warm regions that usually have extremely fragrant flowers

**jazzmen** performers of American music developed from religious and secular songs, blues, ragtime, and other popular music

**Jat** an IndoAryan people of the Punjab and Uttar Pradesh

**got** the smallest amount; to write briefly or hurriedly

**jaun** a small Calcutta conveyance similar to a sedan chair for transporting a person on the carriers' shoulders

**john** a fellow, guy, or chap; a toilet

**jay** a noisy, vivacious bird of the crow family; a simpleton

**jeh** a female demon in Zoroastrianism

**jazzmen** (see **jasmine**)

**jean** (see **gean**)

**jeered** spoke or cried out with derision or mockery

**jird** any of several North African gerbils

**jeez** (see **gees**)

**jeh** (see **jay**)

**jeld** castrated

**jelled** congealed or set (gelled is an alternate spelling)

**jell** (see **gel**)

**jelled** (see **jeld**)

**jellied** (see **gelid**)

**jemez** (see **hamus**)

**jen** the cardinal Confucian virtue of benevolence toward one's fellowman

**run** to go by moving the legs quickly

**jen** the cardinal Confucian virtue of benevolence toward one's fellowman

**wren** a small brown singing bird

**jennet** (see **genet**)

**jerm** (see **germ**)

**jerries** (see **Gerres**)

**jes** an African insectivorous animal about the size of a stoat but similar in form and habits to an otter

**jess** a short leather strap used in falconry that is secured to each leg of a hawk

**jessed** (see **gest[e]**)

**jest** (see **gest[e]**)

**jet** a forceful rush of liquid, gas, or vapor through a restricted opening

**Jeth** the second month of the Hindu calendar

**Jew-bait** to persecute or harass members of the Jewish faith

**jubate** fringed with long pendent hairs like a mane

**jewel** a precious stone; an ornament

**jhool** trappings for a horse, elephant, or other animal

**joule** a unit of work or energy equal to .7375 footpounds

**Jewry** part of a population that adheres to Judaism

**jury** a group of persons sworn to give a verdict on some matter

**jheel** (see **geal**)

**jhool** (see **jewel**)

**jibber** (see **gibber**)

**jig** (see **gig**)

**jigger** (see **chigger**)



**jill** (see **gill**)

**jing** (see **ching**)

**jinks** pranks or frolics; moves quickly with sudden turns or changes of direction

**jinx** something that is felt or believed to bring bad luck

**Jynx** a genus of woodpeckers

**jinn** (see **gin**)

**jinni** (see **ginny**)

**jinny** (see **ginny**)

**jinx** (see **jinks**)

**jird** (see **jeered**)

**jive** (see **gyve**)

**jobo** (see **hobo**)

**john** (see **jaun**)

**jook** an establishment having a jukebox

**juke** to make a sound or call like a partridge

**jot** (see **Jat**)

**joule** (see **jewel**)

**joule** a unit of work or energy equal to .7375 footpounds

**jowl** a jaw; a hog's boneless cheek meat; loose flesh surrounding a lower cheek and jaw

**joust** a combat between two persons on horseback

**juiced** supplied with the extractable fluid contents of plant cells or structures

**joust** a combat on horseback between two persons

**just** reasonable, equitable, or fair

**Jova** (see **Hova**)

**jowl** (see **joule**)

**juba** an Haitian dance of African origin having drum and stick accompaniment

**jubba(h)** a long outer garment resembling an open coat, having long sleeves, and formerly worn in Muslim countries

**jubate** (see **Jew-bait**)

**jubba(h)** (see **juba**)

**judding** vibrating with intensity

**jutting** projecting or protruding

**juely** a large swift-moving dull-grayish land crab; a great land crab

**whey** the serum or watery part of milk

**juggler** a person skilled in acts of manual dexterity

**jugular** relating to the throat, neck, or jugular vein (substandard speech)

**juice** the extractable fluid contents of plant cells or structures

**jus** a legal principle, right, or power

**juiced** (see **joust**)

**juke** (see **jook**)

**June** (see **Chün**)

**junkie** a person addicted to heroin or morphine; a person who operates a small boat, especially for the purpose of transporting stolen or illegal merchandise

**junky** extremely inferior; rotten

**Jur** a member of a tribe on the White Nile

**jure** jurisprudence; a right; to impanel as a juror

**jurel** any of several carangid food fishes of warm seas, as the blue runner and crevalle

**xurel** a saurel which includes several elongated compressed fishes having a series of bony plates extending the full length of the lateral line

**jury** (see **Jewry**)

**jus** (see **juice**)

**just** (see **gest(e)**, **gist**, and **joust**)

**jutting** (see **judding**)

**Juvenal** a writer resembling or suggestive of the Roman poet Juvenal in his use of biting satire and pungent realism

**juvenile** psychologically immature or undeveloped; young

**Jynx** (see **jinks**)

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**Group I**

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**jivetime** - **jive-time**  
**jogtrot** - **jog-trot**  
**jurisprudence** - **jurisprudents**

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**Group II**

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**Jews** 'jüz  
**juice** 'jüs  
  
**jingal** 'jिंगòl  
**jingle** 'jिंगəl  
  
**juba** 'jübə  
**jubba(h)** 'jübə or jəbə

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**K**

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**k** (see **cay**)

**kaama** (see **caama**)

**Kabul** (see **cobble**)

**Kadir** (see **cotter**)

**Kaf** (see **calf**)

**Kafa** (see **caffa**)

**Kaffa** (see **caffa**)

**Kai** (see **cay**)

**kains** sarongs

**kinds** natural groupings without taxonomic connotations

**Kaiser** a head of an ancient or medieval empire; the Austrian sovereign from 1804 to 1918; the ruler of Germany from 1871 to 1918

**kayser** a unit of length equal to the reciprocal of 1 centimeter (in spectroscopy)

**kakar** (see **caulker**)

**kaki** (see **cocci**)

**kaligenous** (see **caliginous**)

**kalij** (see **college**)

**kalpa** (see **culpa**)

**Kama** and **kama** (see **caama**)

**kamboh** (see **combo**)

**kame** (see **came**)

**Kami** (see **commie**)

**kamiks** (see **comics**)

**Kannada** (see **Canada**)

**kapelle** (see **Capella**)

**kaph** (see **calf**)

**kapp** (see **cap**)

**kappa** (see **capa**)

**kappie** (see **caapi** and **cappae**)

**kar** (see **car**)

**karat** (see **carat**)

**karate** (see **carate**)

**Karel** (see **carol**)

**karree** (see **choree**)

**karri** (see **carry**)

**karris** (see **caries**)

**kart** (see **cart**)

**kartel** (see **cartel**)

**karusel** (see **car[r]ousel**)

**karyon** (see **carryon**)

**Kasha** (see **Cassia**)

**kat** (see **cat**)

**katar** (see **catarrh**)

**kate** (see **cate**)

**katel** (see **coddle**)

**Kati** (see **cotty**)

**Kaw** (see **caw**)

**Kaws** (see **cause**)

**kaya** a Japanese tree with light red bark and yellow lustrous closegrained wood

**Khaya** a genus of African timber trees with wood closely resembling mahogany

**khaya** any tree of the genus *Khaya*

**k(a)yak** a fully decked in Eskimo skin canoe propelled by a doublebladed paddle

**kyack** a packsack swung on either side of a pack saddle

**kayser** (see **Kaiser**)

**kecks** retching sounds

**kex** a Mayan therapeutic rite in which a sick person pledged to offer food in return for health

**keed** a kid (slang)

**keyed** adjusted, attuned, or fitted; furnished with instruments to open locks

**keel** the longitudinal timber extending from stem to stern along the center of a ship's or boat's bottom

**Kiel** a city in northern Germany

**keelie** (see **chelae**)

**keesh** graphite that separates on a slow cooling of molten cast or pig iron

**quiche** a baked custard pie

**keiki** (see **cak[e]y**)

**kelt** (see **Celt**)

**ken** (see **can**)

**keno** a game resembling lotto and bingo

**kino** the dried juice obtained from the trunk of an East Indian tree; a motion picture theater in Europe

**kepi** (see **cape**)

**Ker** (see **cur**)

**kerasin** a cerebroside which yields liquoric acid

**kerasine** horny or corneous

**kere** (see **choree**)

**keriah** (see **chorea**)

**Kermes** or **kermes** (see **Chermes**)

**kermis** (see **Chermes**)

**kernel** (see **colonel**)

**kerrie** (see **carry**)

**kerril** (see **carol**)

**Kerry** (see **carry**)

**keryl** (see **carol**)

**Ket** a people of the middle Yenisei region of Siberia

**quête** a collection of money, such as a payment to a street musician or a strolling player

**ketch** (see **catch**)

**ketol** a compound that is both a ketone and an alcohol

**kitol** a crystalline alcohol obtained from wholeliver oil containing vitamin A

**kex** (see **kecks**)

**key** (see **cay**)

**keyed** (see **keed**)

**khaki** (see **cocci**)

**khan** (see **can** and **con**)

**khan** a local chieftan or man of rank especially in Afghanistan and Iran

**skarn** contact metamorphic rock rich in iron

**khankah** (see **concha**)

**Khaya** and **khaya** (see **kaya**)

**Khond** (see **cond**)

**khor** (see **core**)

**khud** (see **could**)

**ki** (see the 2nd **cay** sequence)

**kibbets** forms a syndicate of small capitalists to furnish money needed for a business venture

**kibbutz** to look on at a game and make critical or distracting comments, or offer unwanted advice

**kicker** a person or animal that thrusts out a foot or feet with force

**kikar** the gum arabic tree (an acacia) that yields gum arabic

**kidded** made fun of usually good-humoredly

**kitted** gave birth to a smaller fur-bearing animal, as a cat

**kiddle** a barrier that extends across a river designed to deflect water and fish through an opening across which a fishnet is stretched

**kittel** a white cotton robe worn by Orthodox Jews on special occasions

**kiddy** a small child

**kitty** a kitten; a fund in a poker game

**Kiel** (see **keel**)

**kikar** (see **kicker**)

**kike** (see **caique**)

**kill** to put to death; to put an end to

**kiln** an oven or furnace

**Kin** (see **gin**)

**kindal** an Indian tree with hard gray wood resembling walnut

**kindle** to start a fire; to awaken or intensify to awareness

**kinds** (see **kains**)

**kino** (see **keno**)

**kirtle** (see **curdle**)

**kirve** (see **curve**)

**kissar** a fivestringed lyre of northern Africa

**kisser** the face (**slang**)

**kissed** (see **cist**)

**kisser** (see **kissar**)

**kissie** come to rest against or on top of, as in the game of marbles or other game piece

**kissy** a call to cows or calves

**kist** (see **cist**)

**kitar** (see **catarrh**)

**kitchen** a place for cooking and preparing meals

**Kitchin** a business cycle formed by a 3½-year recession during a prosperity phase

**kitol** (see **ketol**)

**kitted** (see **kidded**)

**kittel** (see **kiddle**)

**kitty** (see **kiddy**)

**Klan** (see **clan**)

**Klang** (see **clang**)

**klatch** (see **clatch**)

**Klepths** (see **clefs**)

**klick** (see **click**)

**Kling** (see **cling**)

**klip(pe)** (see **clip**)

**klister** (see **clyster**)

**klomp** (see **clomp**)

**Klucker** (see **clucker**)

**Klux** (see **clucks**)

**knack** a clever or adroit way of doing something

**nak** the stigmatic point of the fruit of the mango

**knaggy** covered with gnarled, knotty protuberances

**naggie** an agate playing marble

**naggy** a little nag, as a pony; characterized by being persistently annoying, fault finding, or scolding

**knarred** (see **gnarred**)

**knaur** (see **gnawer**)

**knave** an unscrupulous person

**nave** the main part of a church's interior; a block or hub in a wheel's center into which the axle is fitted

**knead** to mix into a blended whole by repeatedly working and pressing the mass, as bread dough

**kneed** struck or touched with the knee

**need** to want or desire; poverty

**kneader** a person who mixes into a blended whole by repeatedly working and pressing the mass

**neater** freer from whatever clutters, blurs, or confuses

**knee** the joint in the midpart of a leg

**ne(e)** originally or formerly called

**kneed** (see **knead**)

**kneel** to bend the knee

**neele** any of several grasses of the genus *Lolium*, including bearded darnel

**knell** to ring a bell with slow solemnity

**nell** the second highest trump in various card games

**knew** (see **gnu**)

**knickers** loosefitting kneelength pants gathered at the knee with a band; small balls of baked clay used as marbles

**nickers** neighs, as a horse; persons who notch objects; fabulous water monsters or water sprites; 18th century night brawlers of London who broke windows with a halfpence

**knight** a person on whom a sovereign has conferred a dignity or title; a chess piece

**night** the time from dusk to dawn

**knighthood** the rank or profession of a person on whom a sovereign has conferred a dignity or title

**nighthood** a condom (**slang**)

**knit** to form fabric by interlocking yarn in a series of connected loops; to consolidate

**nit** a parasitic insect's egg, as a louse

**knitted** formed fabric by interlocking yarn in a series of connected loops; consolidated

**nited** bright, glossy, or lustrous

**knitter** a person or machine that makes knit goods

**nitter** an insect that deposits its eggs on horses

**knob** a small rounded projecting mass

**nob** to strike in the head; in cribbage, the jack of the same suit as the starter card

**knobby** having protuberances, projections, or protrusions

**nobby** a stick sometimes used by anglers for stunning or killing fish

**knocks** strikes or raps

**nocks** notches in arrows to accommodate the bowstring

**nox** a unit of lowlevel illumination measurement equal to  $10^{-3}$ lux; nitrogen oxide that is emitted by an energy source into the atmosphere (by shortening)

**knorr** (see **gnawer**)

**knot** a fastening made by intertwining pliant rope or tubing; a unit of nautical or air speed; a sandpiper

**nat** a class of spirits in Burmese folklore

**naught** nothing

**naut** a sea mile of 2,029 yards used as a measure for submarine cables

**not** negative; in no manner

**knote** the point where ropes and cords meet from angular directions in funiculars

**note** to record or fix in the mind or memory

**knottting** fancywork made by twisting and looping thread into knots to form designs

**nodding** bending downward or forward

**knotty** full of difficulties or complications; gnarled or nobby

**naughty** guilty of misbehavior or disobedience

**noddy** a stupid person; a card game resembling cribbage

**knout** a flogging whip with a lash of leather thongs twisted with wire

**newt** any of various small semi-aquatic salamanders

**Nut** the goddess of the sky, in Egyptian religion

**known** comprehended or understood

**None** the canonical ninth hour

**knows** comprehends or understands

**noes** denials; negative votes

**No(h)s** classic Japanese dance-dramas that are heroic in subject and in the use of measured chants and movements

**nose** a prominent part of a mammal's face which bears the nostrils

**knubs** waste silk usually taken from a cocoon's outside

**nubs** knobs or lumps; cores or gists of an argument

**knut** a fop or dandy of the late 19th and early 20th centuries

**nut** a hardshelled dry fruit or seed; a perforated block of metal with an internal screw thread for attachment to a bolt

**Ko** (see **go**)

**kob** (see **Cob**)

**Koch** (see **coach**)

**koel** (see **coil**)

**koel** any of several cuckoos of India, the East Indies, and Australia

**kohol** a preparation used in Arabia and Egypt to darken the edges of eyelids

**koff** (see **calf**)

**Ko(h)l** (see **coal**)

**kohl** (see **coal**)

**kohol** (see **koel**)

**koi** (see **coy**)

**Koko** and **koko** (see **coco**)

**kokoon** (see **cacoon**)

**kola** (see **cola**)

**Koli** (see **coaly**)

**kolm** (see **comb**)

**komatic** (see **comatic**)

**Komi** (see **comby**)

**Konyak** (see **Cognac**)

**kooky** crazy, offbeat, or eccentric

**Kuki** any of numerous hill people in southern Assam, India

**kop** (see **cop**)

**kope(c)k** (see **copek**)

**kopje** (see **caapi**)

**koppa** (see **coppa**)

**kora** (see **Cora**)

**Koran** the book forming the basis of the Islamic world

**korin** a gazelle of West Africa

**Korea** (see **chorea**)

**Korean** (see **chorion**)

**korin** (see **Koran**)

**Kot** (see **cat** and **caught**)

**Kota** (see **coda**)

**koto** (see **Coto**)

**kou** (see **cow**)

**kouse** (see **cous**)

**KP** (see **cape**)

**kraal** (see **crawl**)

**kraft** (see **craft**)

**kral** (see **crawl**)

**krantz** (see **crance**)

**kraton** (see **craton**)

**krewe** (see **crews**)

**krill** (see **crill**)

**kris** (see **criss**)

**crises** (see **creases**)  
**krona** the basic monetary unit of Iceland and Sweden  
**krone** the basic monetary unit of Denmark, and of Austria from 1892 to 1925  
**kroon** (see **croon**)  
**Kruman** (see **crewman**)  
**Krus** (see **crews**)  
**Kuan** (see **guan**)  
**Kuki** (see **kooky**)  
**kuku** (see **cuckoo**)  
**Kulaman** (see **coolamon**)  
**Kulli** (see **coolie** or **cully**)  
**kupper** (see **cupper**)  
**Kurd** (see **curd**)  
**kuttar** (see **catarrh**)  
**Kwa** a branch of the NigerCongo language family that is spoken along the coast and a short distance inland from Liberia to Nigeria  
**qua** in the capacity or character of; a European night heron  
**kweek** a grass of the genus *Cynodon*  
**quaich** a small shallow circular vessel or drinking cup used in Scotland and made of wood, pewter, or silver with two flat ears for handles  
**quake** to shake, vibrate, or tremble

**Kweri** a people of the southern British Cameroons  
**query** a question or inquiry  
**kyack** (see **k[a]yak**)  
**kye** (see **cay**)  
**Kyloe** (see **Chilo**)  
**kyphosis** an abnormal backward curvature of the spine  
**Kyphosus** a genus that includes the Bermuda chub, a gray percoid fish

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## Group I

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**knulling** - **nulling**

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## Group II

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**kennel** 'kenəl  
**quenelle** kə'nel  
**kettle** 'ketl  
**ketyl** 'ketil  
**kibbutz** ki'büts  
**kibitz** 'kibäts  
**knacker** 'nakər  
**nacre** 'näkər  
**koel** 'koəl  
**kohl** 'köl

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## L

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**laager** a defensive position protected by a ring of armored vehicles  
**lager** a beer brewed by bottom fermentation and stored in refrigerators  
**logger** a lumberjack; a device that records data automatically  
**label** an identification tag or stamp  
**labile** changeable or unstable; adaptable

**lablab** hyacinth beans, a large twining vine  
**lab-lab** a mass of microscopic algae used as food by fry  
**Labrus** the type genus of the large and important family of percoid fishes of Labridae, such as the wrasse  
**labrys** an ancient Cretan sacred double ax

**lace** a fine openwork fabric; to thread or intertwine

**laisse** an irregular rhythmic system of Old French poetry

**laces** beats or lashes; adds a dash of alcoholic liquor to food or beverage

**lacis** a squaremeshed lace with darned patterns

**laches** negligence or carelessness

**lashes** whips; binds with rope; moves suddenly or violently

**laches** negligence or carelessness

**latches** devices that hold something in place, as a door; grasps

**lacis** (see **laces**)

**lacks** wants or is in need of

**lacs** resinous substances secreted by the lac insect and used as shellac

**Lak(h)s** members of a division of the Lezghian people in southern Russia on the western shore of the Caspian Sea

**lacks** performances of the male capercaillie (the largest European grouse) during courtship

**lax** not stringent; easygoing

**ladder** a structure for climbing up and down; to scale

**latter** coming after something else

**lade** to put a load or burden on

**laid** put or set down

**lader** a person that loads

**later** tardier; after

**lager** (see **laager**)

**lagopous** having hairy rhizomes suggestive of a hare's foot

**Lagopus** a genus of northern game birds comprising the ptarmigans and red grouse

**laid** (see **lade**)

**lain** rested or remained in a horizontal position

**laine** a woolen cloth

**lane** a narrow passageway; an alley

**lair** a wild animal's living place; a den

**layer** a person that lays something; a hen that lays eggs; a thickness lying over or under another

**lehr** a long oven in which glassware is annealed

**lais** medieval short tales or lyric poems in French literature

**lase** to emit coherent light

**lays** puts or sets down

**laze** to pass in idleness or relaxation

**leas** pastures or grasslands

**leis** garlands or necklaces of flowers

**les** the sixth tones flattened of the diatonic scale

**leys** pewters containing about 80% tin and 20% lead

**Lais** a Mongoloid people of the Chin Hills in Myanmar

**lie** to rest in a horizontal position; to convey an untruth

**lye** a strong alkaline solution

**laisse** (see **lace**)

**laisse** an irregular rhythmic system of Old French poetry

**less** fewer or smaller

**loess** an unstratified deposit of loam ranging from clay to fine sand

**laitance** an accumulation of fine particles on freshly placed concrete

**latents** scarcely visible fingerprints

**Lak(h)s** (see **lacks**)

**Lak(h)s** members of a division of the Lezghian people in southern Russia on the western shore of the Caspian Sea

**lax** various anadromous fishes of the family Salmonidae

**lochs** lakes

**locks** tresses of hair; fastenings for a door or a box

**lox** liquid oxygen (by shortening); smoked salmon (also 'lax)

**lakie** a temporary retrograde movement of



- the tide, especially in the Firth of Forth, Scotland
- laky** resembling hemoglobin dissolved in plasma
- laks** (see **lacks**)
- laky** (see **lakie**)
- lali** a large drum made of a hollowed log to summon people in Western Polynesia and Fiji
- Lally** a concrete-filled cylindrical steel structural column
- lolly** soft ice that is ground down from floes or formed in turbulent seawater
- lam** to flee hastily
- lamb** a young sheep
- Lama** a genus of mammals that includes the alpaca, guanaco, llama, and vicuna
- lama** a Tibetan Buddhist priest or monk
- llama** a South American ruminant
- lamb** (see **lam**)
- lance** a weapon of war consisting of a long shaft with a sharp steel head
- lants** any of several small elongate marine teleost fishes of the genus *Ammodytes* (sometimes **launce**)
- lande** an infertile moor
- lawned** made into or like grass-covered ground
- lane** (see **lain**)
- lang** the grass pea, an Old World pea grown chiefly for forage
- long** extending for a considerable distance; to yearn or pine for
- longue** a large dark North American char that is an important commercial food fish in northern lakes
- lants** (see **lance**)
- Laos** a kingdom of Indochina
- louse** any of various small wingless usually flattened insects that are parasitic on warmblooded animals
- Lapps** people of northern Scandinavia and the Kola peninsula of northern Russia
- laps** folds over or around something; circuits around a racetrack
- lapse** a trivial fault or oversight; to depart from an accepted standard
- lapses** goes out of existence
- lapsus** an accidental mistake in fact, or departure from an accepted norm
- lase** (see **lais**)
- laser** a device that uses natural oscillations of atoms to amplify or generate electromagnetic waves
- lazar** a person afflicted with a repulsive disease
- lashes** (see **laches**)
- Lassa** a systemic arenavirus infection that involves most visceral organs, (Lassa fever, by shortening)
- Lhasa** capital of Tibet
- lat** a separate column or pillar in some Buddhist buildings in India similar to the Greek stela
- lot** a portion of land; a considerable quantity or number
- lotte** any large pediculate fish of the family Lophiidae found along the Atlantic coast of America
- latches** (see **laches**)
- latents** (see **laitance**)
- later** (see **lader**)
- Latin** a language of ancient Latium and Rome
- latten** an alloy of or resembling brass that is hammered into thin sheets
- latter** (see **ladder**)
- laud** to praise or acclaim
- lawed** mutilated an animal so as to prevent mischief, as cut the claws from the forefeet of a cat or dog
- laun** in ceramics, a fine-meshed sieve or silken net through which the clay is passed
- lawn** untilled ground covered with grass

**laureate** a recipient of an honor for pre-eminence in one's field

**loriot** the golden oriole of Europe

**laurel** a tree or shrub, the leaves of which yield a fragrant oil

**lauryl** a mixture of alkyl radicals derived from commercial lauryl alcohol

**loral** related to the space between the eye and bill of a bird, or the corresponding area in a reptile or fish

**lore** relating to a body of knowledge

**lauter** clear or clarified

**louder** more intense sound; noisier

**lawed** (see **laud**)

**lawn** (see **laun**)

**lawned** (see **lande**)

**lawyer** a specialist in or a practitioner of binding customs or practices of a community, the law

**loir** a large European dormouse

**lax** (see **lacks** and **Lak[h]s**)

**laydown** a declarer's hand in bridge that is easily able to fulfill the contract

**lay-down** a turned over object, as a collar

**layer** (see **lair**)

**lays** (see **lais**)

**lazar** (see **laser**)

**laze** (see **lais**)

**lea** a pasture or grassland

**lee** a side sheltered from the wind; dregs or sediment

**Li** an ethnic group that is culturally a branch of the early Tai people of southern China

**li** a cardinal virtue in Confucianism consisting of correct behavior as an outward expression of inner harmony; the solmi-zation syllable for the semitone between the 6th and 7th degrees of the diatonic scale

**leach** to draw out or remove as if by percolation or seepage

**leech** a carnivorous or blood-sucking annelid worm

**leachy** permitting liquids to pass by means of percolation

**lichi** an African antelope somewhat smaller than the related waterbuck

**Litchi** a genus of Chinese trees cultivated for its edible fruit

**litchi** the fruit of a Chinese tree

**lead** a heavy metallic element

**led** guided or marked the way

**leader** an individual who goes before or guides

**lieder** German folk songs

**liter** a metric unit of capacity equal to 1.057 liquid quarts

**leading** a covering or framework of a heavy metallic element

**letting** allowing or permitting

**leadoff** an offensive hit in boxing

**lead-off** starting or opening

**leads** guides or marks the way

**Leeds** a city in Yorkshire, England

**leaf** a lateral outgrowth constituting part of a plant's foliage

**lief** gladly, willingly, or freely

**leag** a kelp

**league** a unit of distance varying from 2.4 to 4.6 statute miles; an association of nations or persons united in a common interest

**leak** an opening that permits escape

**leek** a biennial herb related to garlic and onion

**lean** to deviate from a vertical position; free of fat or rawboned

**lien** a charge on property in satisfaction of a debt

**leaner** a pitched horseshoe that leans against the stake without ringing it

**lienor** a person holding a valid lien

**leap** to project oneself through the air

**leep** to plaster (as a wall) with cow dung

**leas** (see **lais**)

**lease** to rent property from or to another

**lis** a fleur-de-lis

**lisse** silk gauze used for dresses and trimmings

**leased** rented property from or to another

**least** lowest, smallest, or slightest

**leave** to withdraw or depart; to abandon; to bequeath

**lief** gladly or willingly

**leaver** a person who leaves

**lever** a rigid device that transmits and modifies motion when a force is applied and it turns about a point, as a crowbar, oar, or canoe paddle

**levir** the now abolished custom of a husband's brother assuming his place (see **levirate**)

**liefer** more gladly, willingly, or freely

**livre** a former French unit of value worth a pound of silver in Charlemagne's reign

**lechs** prehistoric monumental capstones

**leks** sites where birds regularly resort for purposes of sexual display and courtship

**lex** the law

**Lecythis** a genus of very large South American trees

**lecythus** a cylindrical or round and squat vase used by ancient Greeks for oils and ointments

**led** (see **lead**)

**lee** (see **lea**)

**leech** (see **leach**)

**Leeds** (see **leads**)

**leek** (see **leak**)

**leep** (see **leap**)

**leer** to give a lascivious, knowing, or malicious look

**lehr** a long oven in which glassware is annealed

**leet** a ceremonial English court

**lied** a German folksong

**leggings** coverings for legs, usually of leather or cloth

**leggins** copulation in which the penis is rubbed between the legs of the receptive partner

**lehr** (see **lair** and **leer**)

**leis** (see **lais**)

**leister** a spear with several barbed prongs for catching fish

**lister** a person who itemizes articles or costs of materials and labor; a double-moldboard plow that throws a ridge of earth both ways

**leks** (see **lechs**)

**lends** gives temporarily to another; loans

**lens** an optical instrument consisting of a transparent substance with two opposing regular surfaces

**leopard** a large strong cat with black spots

**lepered** afflicted with leprosy

**Lepas** a widely distributed genus of goose barnacles

**Lepus** a genus comprising the typical hares

**leper** a person afflicted with leprosy

**lepper** a horse skilled in jumping

**lepered** (see **leopard**)

**lepidene** a crystalline compound made by heating benzoin with hydrochloric acid

**lepidine** an oily nitrogenous base found in coaltar

**lepper** (see **leper**)

**leptocephalous** characterized by or exhibiting abnormal narrowness and tallness of the skull

**Leptocephalus** a genus of small pelagic fishes

**leptodactylous** having slender toes

**Leptodactylus** a genus of toothed toads

**Lepus** (see **Lepas**)

**les** (see **lais**)

**less** (see **laisse**)

**lessen** to decrease or diminish

**lesson** a segment of instruction

**letdown** a source of mood or mental depression; discouragement

**let-down** a physiological response of a lactating mammal to suckling or allied stimuli

**Lethean** of, relating to, or causing forgetfulness or oblivion

**letheon** ether when used as an anesthetic

**lets** services in racket and net games that do not count and must be replayed; obstructions; allows or permits

**let's** the contraction of let us

**Letts** people closely related to Lithuanians mainly inhabiting Latvia

**letting** (see **leading**)

**Letts** (see **lets**)

**Leucifer** a genus of freeswimming slender macruran crustaceans

**Lucifer** the devil; a person resembling the devil especially in evil or pride

**leucine** a white crystalline amino acid

**loosen** release from restraint

**leucite** potassium aluminum silicate occurring in igneous rock

**Lucite** an acrylic resin or plastic

**leucon** a sponge or sponge larva

**leukon** a body organ consisting of white blood cells and their precursors

**leud** a feudal tenant in ancient Frankish kingdoms

**lewd** indecent, obscene, or salacious

**lood** methaqualone (slang)

**loood** obligated to contribute an amount to a new pool in the game of loo because of a failure to win a trick

**lowed** made the usually deep sustained sound characteristic of bovine animals

**lude** a capsule or tablet of Quaaludes, trademarked brand of methaqualone

**leukon** (see **leucon**)

**levee** an embankment to prevent flooding; a fashionable party to honor someone

**levy** an imposition of a tax, assessment, or fine; conscription for military service

**lever** (see **leaver**)

**leveret** a hare in its first year

**levirate** the marriage of a widow by the brother or occasionally the heir of her deceased husband (see **levir**)

**levir** (see **leaver**)

**levirate** (see **leveret**)

**levy** (see **levee**)

**lewd** (see **leud**)

**lewder** more indecent, obscene, or salacious

**looter** a person that plunders, sacks, or robs

**loutre** a dark grayish yellowish brown color, such as otter brown

**luter** a person who seals coke oven doors with cement or a clay mixture

**lewdest** most indecent, obscene, or salacious; most sexually unchaste or licentious

**lutist** a maker or player of a stringed musical instrument of Oriental origin

**lex** (see **lechs**)

**leys** (see **lais**)

**Lhasa** (see **Lassa**)

**Li and li** (see **lea**)

**liable** exposed or subject to an adverse contingency or action; likely

**libel** a written or oral defamatory statement or representation

**liar** a person who utters a falsehood; a prevaricator

**lier** a person who lies or waits, as in ambush

**lyre** an ancient Greek stringed musical in-

strument resembling a harp; a triangular area of the ventral surface of the corpus callosum between the posterior pillars of the fornix

**libel** (see **liable**)

**lice** small wingless parasitic insects

**lyse** to cause to undergo the gradual decline of a disease process

**lichen** a thallophytic plant composed of alga and fungus

**liken** to compare; to represent as similar

**lichi** (see **leachy**)

**licker** a person or animal who passes the tongue over

**liquor** a distilled alcoholic beverage; a cooking broth

**lickerish** fond of good food; desirous

**licorice** a dried root of gummy texture with a sweet astringent flavor

**licorice** a dried root of gummy texture with a sweet astringent flavor

**liquorous** resulting from or resembling an intoxicated condition

**lidded** a person who fastens lids on containers

**litter** the offspring at one birth of a multiparous animal; a stretcher for carrying a sick or injured person; refuse or rubbish

**lie** (see **Lais**)

**lied** (see **leet**)

**lied** conveyed an untruth

**lyed** treated with a strong alkaline solution

**lieder** (see **leader**)

**lief** (see **leaf** and **leave**)

**lief** gladly, willingly, or freely

**live** to maintain oneself

**liefer** (see **leaver**)

**liefer** more gladly or more freely

**liver** a large very vascular glandular organ of vertebrates that secretes bile

**lien** (see **lean**)

**lienor** (see **leaner**)

**liens** spleens

**lions** large carnivorous animals of the cat family

**Lyons** third largest city in France

**lier** (see **liar**)

**lies** rests in a horizontal position; conveys an untruth

**lyes** strong alkaline solutions

**lyse** to cause to undergo the gradual decline of a disease process

**lieu** instead

**loo** halloo; an ancient card game; a toilet

**Loup** a member of the Skidi tribe of Pawnee Indians that dwelled from along the Platte river in Nebraska to Arkansas

**loup** a half mask usually of silk or satin

**Lu** a Tai ethnic and Buddhist group inhabiting the extreme southwest part of Yunnan province in southern China

**lieut** a military officer with the rank of lieutenant (slang)

**loot** plunder or booty

**lute** a stringed musical instrument with a large pearshaped body; a packing or caulking compound to make joints impervious to gas or liquid

**lightening** a sense of decreased weight and abdominal tension felt by a pregnant woman on descent of the fetus into the pelvic cavity prior to labor

**lightning** the flashing of light produced by a discharge of atmospheric electricity from one cloud to another or from Earth to cloud

**liken** (see **lichen**)

**lim** a blue pine

**limb** an animal's projecting appendage; a primary tree branch

**limn** to draw or paint on a flat surface; to delineate

**limber** a logger who trims branches or arms from felled trees

**limner** al illuminator of medieval manuscripts

**limbous** with slightly overlapping borders, as of a suture

**Limbus** a region on the border of hell where souls abide who are barred from heaven through no fault of their own

**limbus** the marginal region of the cornea of the eye by which it is continuous with the sclera

**lime** a small globose citrus fruit of the lime tree; to whitewash with a solution of lime and water

**lyme** in heraldry, a leash or a bloodhound

**limen** the point at which a physiological or psychological effect begins to be produced

**limon** a hybrid citrus fruit produced by crossing a lime and a lemon

**limey** an English sailor (slang)

**limy** smeared with or consisting of lime; viscous

**limn** (see **lim**)

**limner** (see **limber**)

**limon** (see **limen**)

**Limousin** a French breed of medium-sized yellowed cattle bred especially for meat

**limousine** a large luxurious sedan or small bus, especially one for hire

**limpet** a marine gastropod mollusk with a low conical shell; a person who clings tenaciously to someone or something

**limpid** completely free from cloudiness or other obstacles to the passage of light

**limps** walks lamely or unsteadily

**lymphs** pale coaguable fluids that bathe tissues

**limy** (see **limey**)

**lin** a female unicorn in Chinese mythology

**linn** a tree of the genus *Tilia*, including the European linden

**lyn** a lake or pool

**linde** a synthetic gemstone, as a sapphire

**lindy** a jitterbug dance originating in Harlem

**linen** a cloth made of flax

**linon** a fine sheer plainwoven cotton fabric

**links** a gold course; connecting structures, as in a chain

**Lynx** the genus of Felidae comprising the lynxes

**lynx** a wildcat, often with tufted ears and a short stubby tail

**linn** (see **lin**)

**linon** (see **linen**)

**lintwhite** a common small Old World finch

**lint-white** of the color of dressed flax

**lions** (see **liens**)

**lippie** lipstick (slang)

**lippy** insolent; brash and arrogant

**liquor** (see **licker**)

**liquorous** (see **licorice**)

**lira** a ridge on some shells resembling a fine thread or hair

**lyra** a glockenspiel with a lyre-shaped frame

**lis** (see **lease**)

**lisse** (see **lease**)

**lisses** silk gauzes used for dresses and trimmings

**lyssas** acute virus diseases of warm-blooded animals that attack chiefly the nervous system; rabies

**lister** (see **leister**)

**Litchi** and **litchi** (see **leachy**)

**liter** (see **leader**)

**literal** adhering to the primary or exact meaning of a term, phrase, or expression

**littoral** a coastal region including land and water near the shoreline

**litter** (see **liddler**)

**littoral** (see **litalal**)

**live** (see **lief**)

**liver** (see **liefer**)

**livre** (see **leaver**)

**llama** (see **Lama**)

**llyn** (see **lin**)

**Lo** a North American Indian

**lo** an interjection used to draw attention or to express wonder or surprise

**low** having relatively little upward extension; a deep sustained sound characteristic of cattle

**Loa** a genus of African filarial worms infesting the subcutaneous tissues and blood of man

**loa** any worm of the genus *Loa*

**lowa** an Indian quail

**loach** any of a family of small Old World freshwater fishes closely related to the Cyprinidae but resembling catfishes in appearance and habits

**loche** a freshwater fish related to the cod, such as the eelpout

**load** a mass or weight; to pack or fill with something

**lode** an ore deposit

**lowed** uttered deep sustained sounds characteristic of cattle

**loam** a clay mixture

**loom** a device for interlacing sets of thread or yarn at right angles to form cloth

**loan** something given temporarily to another, as money at interest

**lone** solitary

**loath** reluctant to do something contrary to one's tastes or ways of thinking

**loathe** to feel strong aversion to, detest, or abhor

**lobelin** a yellowish-green eclectic resinoid used as an emetic and diaphoretic

**lobeline** a poisonous alkaloid used in treating paralysis of respiratory centers

**locale** a place or site

**lo(w)cal** low in calories, as a food or drink

**locater** a person that determines the position of something or someone

**locator** a device used to maintain mechanically the relationship between parts of work during assembly or manufacture

**lochage** the commander of a small division of an ancient Greek army

**lockage** an act or the process of passing a vessel through an enclosure with gates at each end; a toll paid for passing through a canal lock

**loche** (see **loach**)

**lochs** (see **Lakhs**)

**lockage** (see **lochage**)

**locks** (see **Lakhs**)

**locus** a place or locality

**locusts** migratory grasshoppers that often travel in vast swarms and strip all vegetation from areas through which they pass

**lode** (see **load**)

**loess** (see **laisse**)

**logger** (see **laager**)

**logie** a piece of imitation jewelry designed for use in theater productions

**logy** marked by sluggishness and lack of vitality

**loir** (see **lawyer**)

**loir** a large European dormouse

**Loire** the largest river in France

**lolly** (see **lali**)

**lone** (see **loan**)

**long** (see **lang**)



**longe** a lake trout; a muskellunge; a long rope used to lead or guide a horse in training

**lunge** a sudden thrust, pass, or plunge forward

**longer** having greater length; a row of barrels stored fore and aft

**longueur** a dull or tedious passage or section, as in a book, play, or musical composition

**longline** a long heavy fishline with numerous baited hooks

**long-line** of or relating to long-distance communication or transportation

**longue** (see **lang**)

**longueur** (see **longer**)

**loo** (see **lieu**)

**lood** (see **leud**)

**looded** (see **leud**)

**looie** a lieutenant (slang, by shortening)

**louis** a French gold coin used from 1640 to the Revolution; the French 20-franc gold piece issued after the Revolution

**lookdown** any of several deep-bodied compressed silvery caranoid fishes

**look-down** the superficial appearance of paper as seen under reflected light

**loom** (see **loam**)

**loon** a fisheating diving bird; a crazy person

**lune** a hawk's leash; halfmoon shaped

**loons** fisheating diving birds; crazy persons

**lunes** fits of lunacy or frenzy

**loop** the doubling of a line with an aperture between; a turning area for vehicles

**loupe** a small magnifying glass

**loos** halloos; toilets

**lose** to mislay; to fail to win; to fail to keep in sight

**loose** not securely attached; lacking precision

**luce** a fullgrown pike (a fish)

**loosen** (see **leucine**)

**loot** (see **lieut**)

**looter** (see **lewder**)

**looting** plundering or robbing

**luting** a sealant for packing a joint or coating a porous surface to produce imperviousness to gas or liquid

**loral** (see **laurel**)

**lore** a body of knowledge or traditions; something learned

**lower** situated further below or under; to bring down; to reduce

**lorel** (see **laurel**)

**lori** either of two small nocturnal slow-moving lemurs

**lory** any of numerous parrots of Australia, New Guinea, and adjacent islands

**loriot** (see **laureate**)

**lory** (see **lori**)

**lose** (see **loos**)

**loser** a person, animal, or thing that fails to win or lags behind

**luser** an uninformed user of a computer system

**lot** (see **lat**)

**lotte** (see **lat**)

**louder** (see **lauter**)

**loudish** rather marked by intensity or volume of sound

**loutish** clownish or coarse

**louis** (see **looie**)

**Loup** and **loup** (see **lieu**)

**loupe** (see **loop**)

**loure** a dance in slow triple or sextuple time

**Lur** a chiefly nomadic Muslim people inhabiting a wild part of the Zagros mountains in Iran



**lur** a large bronze S-shaped Scandinavian trumpet of the Bronze Age

**lure** a bait, decoy, enticement, or incentive; to attract or entice

**louse** (see **Laos**)

**loutish** (see **loudish**)

**loutre** (see **lewder**)

**low** (see **Lo**)

**lowa** (see **Loa**)

**lo(w)cal** (see **locale**)

**lowdown** the actual facts; inside information

**low-down** contemptible, mean, or base

**lowed** (see **leud** and **load**)

**lower** (see **lore**)

**lox** (see **Lakhs**)

**Lu** (see **lieu**)

**luce** (see **loose**)

**Lucifer** (see **Leucifer**)

**Lucite** (see **leucite**)

**lucks** prospers or succeeds through good fortune or change, as “lucks out”

**lux** a unit of illumination

**luxe** a quality or state of being sumptuous

**lude** (see **lewd**)

**luffed** turned a ship’s bow toward the wind or a sail nearer the wind

**luft** a lieutenant (by shortening “luftenant”)

**luggar** a large dullbrown Asiatic falcon

**lugger** a person who carries materials

**lumbar** related to the abdominal areas on either side of the umbilicus and above the inguinal regions; related to the vertebrae between the thoracic vertebrae and the sacrum

**lumber** timber or logs; to move heavily or clumsily

**lumen** a cavity or passageway in a tubular organ; the bore of a tube

**lumine** to illuminate; to give physical light to

**lune** (see **loon**)

**lunes** (see **loons**)

**lunge** (see **longe**)

**Lur** and **lur** (see **loure**)

**lure** (see **loure**)

**luser** (see **loser**)

**lute** (see **lieut**)

**luter** (see **lewder**)

**Lutheran** a follower or adherent of Martin Luther or of doctrines and practices of the Lutheran Church

**luthern** a dormer window

**luting** (see **looting**)

**lutist** (see **lewdest**)

**lux** (see **lucks**)

**luxe** (see **lucks**)

**lyddite** a high explosive composed chiefly of picric acid

**lydite** basanite, a basaltic extensive rock closely allied to the chert, jasper, and flint; a test or criterion to determine the quality or genuineness of a thing, such as using a touchstone

**lye** (see **Lais**)

**lyed** (see **lied**)

**lyes** (see **lies**)

**lyme** (see **lime**)

**lymphs** (see **limps**)

**Lynx** and **lynx** (see **links**)

**Lyons** (see **liens**)

**lyra** (see **lira**)

**lyre** (see **liar**)

**lyse** (see **lice** and **lies**)

**lysogenic** formed by the breaking down of adjoining cells

**lysogenic** harboring an intracellular form of various bacterial viruses as hereditary materials

**lysin** a substance capable of dissolving bacteria and blood corpuscles

**lysine** a biologically important basic amino acid

**lysogenic** (see **lysogenic**)

**lyssas** (see **lisses**)

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## Group I

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**laggar** - **luggar**

**lapan** - **lapin**

**lapses** - **lapses**

**leadin** - **lead-in**

**lech** - **letch**

**legumen** - **legumin**

**leporid** - **leporide**

**light** - **lite**

**lithodomous** - **lithodomus**

**longwool** - **long-wool**

**lowlife** - **low-life**

**lubbard** - **lubbered**

**lupous** - **lupus**

**lupulin** - **lupuline**

**lustering** - **lustring**

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## Group I and II

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**liqueur** li'kər

**liquor** 'likər

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## Group II

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**la** 'lə

**law** 'lɔw

**languor** 'lan(g)ər

**langur** 'lan'gʊr

**lunger** 'lənʒər or 'lənʒər

**larigo** 'lärə,gō

**larigot** 'larə,gō

**larin** 'lärən

**larine** 'la,rən

**laten** 'lātən

**Latin** 'latən

**lauds** 'lɔdz

**Lodz** 'lädz

**laws** 'lɔz

**Laz** 'läz

**leaven** 'levən

**levan** 'le,vən

**lesser** 'lesər

**lessor** 'le,sər

**leucon** 'lü,kän

**Lucan** 'lükən

**liard** lē'är

**lierre** lē'er

**likeness** 'liknəs

**lychnis** 'liknəs

**likin** 'lē'kən

**leaking** 'lē,kiŋ

**linch** 'linsh

**lynch** 'linch

**lineament** 'linēəmənt

**liniment** 'linəmənt

**linen** 'linən

**linin** 'līnən

**lisa** 'lēsə

**lyssa** 'lisə

**loggia** 'lɔjēə

**logia** 'lɔjēə

**longer** 'längər

**longueur** löŋ'gər

**looies** 'lüēz

**lues** 'lü,ēz

**loose** 'lūs

**lose** 'lüz

**loots** 'lütz

**lutz** 'lütz

**lorry** 'lɔrē**lory** 'lɔrē**loupe** 'lup**lupe** 'lupā**lunare** lu'narē**lunary** 'lünərē**luscious** 'ləʃəs**lushes** 'ləʃəz

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## M

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**ma** mother**maa** a sheep's bleat**maw** a receptacle (as a stomach) into which food is taken by swallowing**maa(e)d** bleated like a sheep**mad** completely unrestrained by reason and judgment**ma'am** madam**malm** a soft friable chalky limestone**Mam** an Indian people of southwestern Guatemala**mom** mother**ma'am** madam**mom** mother**mum** silent; to go about merrymaking in disguise; a chrysanthemum**maar** a volcanic crater in a low relief area**mar** to injure, deface, or damage**macchi** stock characters of Roman comedy representing stupid greedy country fellows**maqui** a Chilean shrub from whose berries wine is made**Maquis** a member of an underground organization**maquis** a thick scrubby underbrush along Mediterranean shores**mach** the ratio of the speed of a body to the speed of sound; a mach number**moc** a moccasin (by shortening)**mock** to deride, treat with scorn, or ridicule; to make a sham of**macher** an active, usually self-important person; an extremely influential person**mock** a person or bird that imitates or parodies another**mackintosh** a lightweight waterproof fabric originally of rubberized cotton**McIntosh** a late-ripening variety of brilliant-red apple**mackle** a blur on a printed sheet**macle** chiastolite, a mineral consisting of andalusite; a twinned crystal**macks** pimps (slang)**Macs** fellow, used informally to address men whose names are unknown**macs** mackinaw coats or jackets**max** a weevil that feeds on henequen buds; the maximum (by shortening)**macle** (see **mackle**)**maco** Egyptian cotton, especially in its natural undyed state**mako** a large vigorous shark of the Atlantic**macrocephalous** having an exceptionally large head; having the cotyledons of a dicotyledonous embryo consolidated**Macrocephalus** a genus of mammals comprising the warthogs**macrurous** having a long tail; relating to the Macrura, a suborder of crustaceans comprising shrimps, lobsters, and prawns**Macrurus** the type genus of Macroridae, a family of fishes comprising the grenadiers**Macs** and **macs** (see **macks**)**mad** (see **maa[e]d**)

**madam** a female head of a house of prostitution

**madame** a female member of a French royal family

**madded** made angry; exasperated

**madid** wet or moist

**matted** having parts adhering closely together

**madder** angrier; an herb whose root was formerly used in dyeing

**matter** the substance of something; a topic under consideration

**madding** inciting into a raving or frenzied state

**matting** interweaving or tangling together so as to make a mat; a dull lusterless surface

**made** manufactured or produced

**maid** an unmarried girl or woman; a female employed to do domestic work

**Madi** a negro people of the upper Nile region north of Lake Albert

**Mahdi** a Muslim leader who assumes a messianic role

**madid** (see **madded**)

**madregal** an amberfish of the West Indies and other warm regions

**madrigal** a polyphonic part-song originating in the 14th century having parts for three or more voices

**maerls** lime-producing red seaweeds used especially in France to reduce soil acidity

**merels** an ancient game for two players in which counters are placed at angles

**maggot** a softbodied legless grub that is the larva of various dipterous insects

**magot** a Barbary ape; a small grotesque figure of Chinese or Japanese style

**magnate** a person of influence, distinction, or prominence

**magnet** something that attracts, especially a body that attracts iron

**magot** (see **maggot**)

**Mahdi** (see **Madi**)

**Mahri** a native or inhabitant of the Mahra region of the Arabian peninsula

**Maori** a native Polynesian population of New Zealand

**Mari** a Baluchi people of Baluchistan; a Finnish people of eastern Russia who are forest dwellers and farmers

**marri** a very large Australian red gum tree

**mahsur** a large Indian freshwater cyprinid food and sport fish

**mosser** a person who gathers or works with a plant of the class Musei

**mai** a slow Japanese folk or theater dance featuring hand gestures

**my** belonging to me

**Maia** a nearly cosmopolitan genus of spider crabs

**Maya** a people of Yucatan, Belize, and northern Guatemala

**maya** an illusioncreating power of a god or demon

**maid** (see **made**)

**mail** postal matter; armor made of metal links or plates

**male** the sex that usually performs the fertilizing function in generation

**mailer** a container in which to mail something

**malar** relating to a cheek or side of the head

**main** the first in any respect; the principal item

**Maine** the northeasternmost state in the U.S.

**mane** neck hair

**mein** Chinese wheatflour noodles

**Mainer** a native or resident of the state of Maine

**mainour** in Old English law, something stolen that is found in the thief's possession

**Mainiac** or **Main(e)iac** a resident of Maine  
**maniac** a lunatic or a person affected with madness

**mainour** (see **Mainer**)

**mais** slow Japanese folk or theater dances featuring hand gestures

**mise** the issue in a legal proceeding upon a writ of right

**Maithili** an Indic dialect of north Bihar, India

**mightily** earnestly, vigorously, or powerfully

**maize** Indian corn; a light yellow color

**Mayes** a variety of dewberry important in northern Texas and the Middle West

**Mays** the fifth month of the Gregorian calendar (plural)

**maze** intricate passages that ramify and interconnect in confusing ways

**maizer** a redwing blackbird

**maser** a device that utilizes the natural oscillations of an atomic or molecular system to amplify or produce electromagnetic waves

**mazer** a large drinking bowl originally of hard wood that is often footed and silver mounted

**mako** (see **maco**)

**mal** a disease or sickness

**mall** a public area for shopping or leisurely strolling

**maul** a heavy hammer; to injure by beating

**moll** a gangster's girlfriend; composed in a minor mode

**malacia** abnormal softening or loss of consistency of an organ or tissue

**Malaysia** a constitutional monarchy in southeast Asia

**malaise** a sense of physical, mental, or moral illbeing or uneasiness

**Malays** members of people of the Malay peninsula, eastern Sumatra, and part of Borneo

**malar** (see **mailer**)

**Malay** a member of the people of the Malay peninsula, eastern Sumatra, and parts of Borneo

**mele** an Hawaiian poem adapted to vocal music

**melee** a confused struggle; a diamond, usually less than 1/8-carat, cut from a fragment of a larger stone

**Malays** (see **malaise**)

**Malaysia** (see **malacia**)

**male** (see **mail**)

**Male** the capital of the Maldives

**Mali** a republic in west Africa

**mal(l)ie** a person belonging to a caste in India whose usual occupation is gardening; a person who frequents shopping malls for social contacts and excitement

**maulie** a fist or hand, in boxing

**molle** in music, lower by a half step; flat

**molly** a pampered darling (slang); a spineless weakling; a gangster's girl friend

**moly** molybdenum, a fusible polyvalent metallic element

**mall** (see **mal**)

**mal(l)ie** (see **Male**)

**malm** (see **ma'am**)

**Mam** (see **ma'am**)

**manacan** the dried root of a shrub of Brazil and the West Indies used in the treatment of rheumatism and syphilis

**manakin** a small bird of Central and South America

**manikin** a little man, dwarf, or pigmy

**mannequin** a representation of a human figure for displaying or fitting clothes

**mannikin** a small weaver bird of Africa, Asia, and Australia

**mand** an East Indian cereal grass

**manned** furnished with a sufficient force or complement of armed personnel

**Mandarin** the primarily northern dialect of Chinese used by the court and the official classes under the Empire

**mandarin** a public office under the Chinese Empire

**mandarine** a sweet liqueur flavored with the dried peel of mandarin (orange)

**mandrel** an axle inserted in a piece of work to support it during machining  
**mandrill** a large fierce gregarious baboon of western Africa

**mane** (see **main**)

**Mangar** a people of Nepal  
**monger** a person engaged in the sale of a commodity; a person engaged in petty or discreditable dealings

**mangel** a large coarse yellow to reddish orange beet extensively grown for cattle food

**mangle** to cut, bruise, or hack with repeated blows or strokes; to maim

**maniac** (see **Maniac** or **Main(e)iac**)

**manikin** (see **manacan**)

**manism** the worship of the spirits of deceased humans

**monism** the metaphysical view that only one kind of substance or ultimate reality exists

**manned** (see **mand**)

**mannequin** (see **manacan**)

**manner** a mode of procedure or way of acting; normal behavior

**manor** a mansion; a lord's house; a large estate

**mannikin** (see **manacan**)

**Mano** a Negro people inhabiting the northern tip of the central province of Liberia and adjacent Ivory Coast

**mano** a handstone used as the upper millstone for grinding grains

**mono** monotype, a typesetting machine; a bullring attendant; containing one atom, radical, or group of a particular kind

**manor** (see **manner**)

**manteau** a loose cloak, coat, or robe

**manto** a nearly horizontal or gently inclined sheetlike body of ore

**mantel** a supporting beam, stone, or arch for masonry above a fireplace

**mantle** a loose sleeveless garment worn over clothing; a part of the earth's interior

**manto** (see **manteau**)

**Mao** a plain shirtlike jacket, usually blue or gray with a high collar

**mow** a contortion of the face or lips especially so as to produce a mocking or derisive expression

**Maori** (see **Mahri**)

**maos** peacocks

**mows** stacks of hay or straw

**Maquis** and **maquis** (see **macci**)

**mar** (see **maar**)

**marabou** a large stork, as an African stork or adjutant bird

**Marabout** a Muslim monk, hermit, or saint

**marabout** a tomb or shrine erected to a Marabout

**maracan** a Brazilian macaw

**maroquin** a fine very firm flexible leather prepared from goatskin

**maray** a Pacific round herring

**moray** any of numerous often brightly colored savage voracious eels

**marc** a residue remaining after fruit (as grapes) has been pressed

**mark** something that records position; the recent basic monetary unit of Germany

**marque** a brand or make of a product; a governmental license granted to a private person to use an armed vessel at sea to plunder the enemy

**mare** a female horse

**Mayer** a person who celebrates May Day

**mayor** the chief magistrate of a municipality

**Mari** (see **Mahri**)

**maria** any of several shrubs and trees of tropical America

**Moraea** a genus of southern African or Australian bulbous or tuberous plants

**marid** one of the most powerful class of jinn in Mohammedan mythology

**married** united in wedlock

**marine** relating to the sea

**moreen** a strong crossribbed upholstery fabric of wool or wool and cotton

**marischal** an earl marshal of Scotland from the 15th century to 1716

**Marshall** the Austronesian language of the Marshall Islands

**marshal(l)** to arrange or assemble according to some scheme; a military commander

**martial** warlike; falling under the astrological influence of Mars

**mark** (see **marc**)

**marl** a loose or crumbling earthy deposit that contains chiefly calcium carbonate or dolomite

**moral** ethical or principled; a lesson taught by a story or fable

**morel** an edible fungus

**marli** an ornamented raised border on a dining plate

**marly** resembling clay

**marlin** a large oceanic gamefish

**marline** a small tarred twostrand line used to cover wire rope

**marly** (see **marli**)

**maroquin** (see **maracan**)

**marque** (see **marc**)

**marquees** permanent canopies over entrances; large field tents formerly used by highranking officers

**Marquis** an important variety of wheat in the U.S.

**marquis** a nobleman of hereditary rank

**marquise** an elliptical gem, ring mounting, or bezel with pointed ends

**marri** (see **Mahri**)

**married** (see **marid**)

**marrier** an official or cleric who performs weddings

**merrier** more cheerful or joyous

**marry** to unite in wedlock

**mere** a Maori war club

**merry** cheerful or joyous

**marshalcy** the rank or position of a marshal

**marshalsea** a former English court held before the lord steward and the knight marshal of the royal household

**Marshall** and **marshal(l)** (see **marischal**)

**marshalsea** (see **marshalcy**)

**marten** a slenderbodied carnivorous mammal

**martin** a swallow or flycatcher

**martial** (see **marischal**)

**martin** (see **marten**)

**maser** (see **maizer**)

**masi** fermented taro or breadfruit stored in an underground pit

**Mossi** a people of the west central Sudan

**mossie** a mosquito, in Australia

**mossy** overgrown or covered with moss or something like moss; antiquated

**Mason** a member of a widespread secret society called Free and Accepted Masons

**mason** a skilled worker who builds with stone or similar material

**maysin** a very soluble globulin in cornmeal

**meson** an unstable nuclear particle first observed in cosmic rays

**massed** gathered into a large quantity

**mast** a long vertical spar rising from a ship's deck

**mat** a flat relatively thin article placed on a horizontal surface

**matte** a mixture of sulfides formed in smelting sulfide ores of metals

**mater** a worker who packs shoes or hosiery in pairs

**Mehter** a member of an harijan caste of sweepers and scavengers in India

**mehter** a groom or stable boy in Iran

**matey** companionable

**maty** a native assistant servant in India

**matte** (see **mat**)

**matted** (see **madded**)

**matter** (see **madder**)

**matting** (see **madding**)

**mat(t)rass** a rounded longnecked glass flask

**mattress** a pad used as a resting place

**maty** (see **matey**)

**maul** (see **mal**)

**maulie** (see **Male**)

**Mauser** a certain type of repeating firearm, or for its parts or ammunition

**mouser** one that catches mice and rats, especially a cat

**maw** (see **ma**)

**max** (see **macks**)

**Maya** and **maya** (see **Maia**)

**Mayer** (see **mare**)

**Mayes** (see **maize**)

**mayor** (see **mare**)

**Mays** (see **maize**)

**maysin** (see **Mason**)

**mazarin** a deep dish often of metal

**mazarine** a hood worn by women in the 17th century

**maze** (see **maize**)

**mazer** (see **maizer**)

**McIntosh** (see **mackintosh**)

**me** the objective case of I, a personal pronoun

**mi** the third note of the diatonic scale

**mead** a fermented drink of water, honey, malt, and yeast

**Mede** a native or inhabitant of ancient Media, a kingdom in what is now northwestern Iran

**meed** a fitting return or just dessert

**mealie** an ear of Indian corn

**mealy** soft, dry, and friable

**mean** displaying petty selfishness; lacking dignity; to have in mind; to signify; an average or measure of central tendency

**mesne** intermediate in time of occurrence or performance

**mien** a person's bearing

**meanings** things a person intends to convey by an act, language, or purpose

**meninx** any of three membranes that envelop the brain and spinal cord

**meat** animal tissue used for food

**meet** to come into contact with or encounter

**mete** to allot or apportion

**meatier** more full of meat; furnishing more solid food for thought

**meteor** a streak of light in the night sky produced by passage through the earth's atmosphere of solid matter in the solar system

**medal** an inscribed medal commemorating a person or event, or awarded for a deed

**meddle** to interfere without right or propriety

**metal** any of a large group of substances that typically are opaque, lustrous, temperature and electrical conductors, and can be fused

**mettle** qualities and abilities relative to a given situation

**meddler** a busybody

**medlar** a small Eurasian tree; a small deciduous tree of southern Africa

**metal(l)er** a person who places metal sheets on sized work

**meddlesome** officiously intruding

**mettlesome** spirited

**Mede** (see **mead**)



**medic** a plant of the genus *Medicago*, which includes the typical clovers; a person engaged in medical work

**metic** an alien resident of an ancient Greek city who had some civil privileges upon payment of a tax

**medlar** (see **meddler**)

**meed** (see **mead**)

**meet** (see **meat**)

**meeter** a person who encounters or comes in contact with

**meter** a unit of length equal to 39.37 inches; an instrument for measuring; a systematically measured rhythm

**Mehter** and **mehter** (see **mater**)

**mein** (see **main**)

**melled** showed or announced a card or combination of cards

**melted** changed from a solid to a liquid state

**mele** (see **Malay**)

**melee** (see **Malay**)

**mellow** relaxed and at ease; pleasantly convivial; fully matured or aged

**Melo** a genus of marine shells, usually designated as *Cymbium*, comprising the melon shells

**melo** a melodrama (by shortening)

**melted** (see **melled**)

**mends** repairs or improves

**men's** the possessive form of human males

**meninx** (see **meanings**)

**menology** an ecclesiastical calendar of festivals celebrated in honor of particular saints and martyrs

**monology** the habit of soliloquizing

**men's** (see **mends**)

**meow** a cat's cry; a spiteful or malicious remark

**Miao** an aboriginal people of China inhabiting southwestern China into northern parts of Vietnam, Laos, and Thailand

**mer** a monomeric unit of polymer

**murre** a narrowbilled auklike bird, as the razorbill

**myrrh** an aromatic bitter gum resin used as an ingredient of incense and perfume

**merc** a mercenary soldier (by shortening)

**murk** darkness, gloom, or thick heavy air

**mere** (see **marry**)

**mere** exclusive of anything else

**Mir** a chief or leader, used especially in India for descendants of Mohammed

**mir** a Russian village community

**mire** a fixed mark due north or south of a meridian

**merels** (see **maerls**)

**merer** more exclusive of or considered apart from anything else; purer; barer

**mirror** a polished or smooth substance that forms images by the reflection of light

**merle** a bluish grey color of the coats of some dogs

**merl(e)** a common English black thrush with an orange bill and eye trim

**murrall** a common freshwater snakehead food fish of southeast Asia and the Philippines

**Merlin** a stocky, sturdy pony

**merlin** a small European falcon

**merlon** the solid interval between embrasures of a battlemented parapet

**murlin** a large brownish black seaweed often eaten as a vegetable in Europe

**merrier** (see **marrier**)

**merry** (see **marry**)

**mesne** (see **mean**)

**meso** a molecule or compound that is optically inactive because it is internally compensated

**miso** a paste made of grinding steamed rice, cooked soybeans, and salt that is used in preparing soups and other foods

**meso** a molecule or compound that is optically inactive

**mezzo** a manner of engraving on copper or steel (mezzotint, by shortening); a woman's voice of medium compass between that of a soprano and contralto (mezzo-soprano, by shortening)

**meson** (see **Mason**)

**metal** (see **medal**)

**metal(l)er** (see **meddler**)

**metanym** a generic name rejected because it is based on a type of species congeneric with the type of a previously published genus

**metonym** a word used for another that it may be expected to suggest

**mete** (see **meat**)

**meteor** (see **meatier**)

**meter** (see **meeter**)

**methene** a bivalent hydrocarbon radical derived from methane

**methine** a trivalent hydrocarbon radical derived from methane

**metic** (see **medic**)

**metonym** (see **metanym**)

**mettle** (see **medal**)

**mettlesome** (see **meddlesome**)

**meuse** a gap through which a wild animal customarily passes

**mews** utters a cry characteristic of a cat or gull; sheds the horns

**mus** bridging groups that join central atoms or ions; the twelfth letter of the Greek alphabet (plural)

**Muse** one's creative spirit (from the Muses of Greek mythology)

**muse** to fall into a state of deep thought or dreamy abstraction

**meute** a cage for molting hawks

**mute** debatable; deprived of practical significance

**mewl** a whine or cry

**mule** a hybrid between a horse and an ass; a very stubborn person

**mews** (see **meuse**)

**mezzo** (see **meso**)

**mhos** units of electrical conductance equal to the reciprocal of the ohm

**mohs** the scale of hardness that is used in grading minerals

**mos** moments (slang); books or volumes (by shortening duodecimo)

**mots** pithy or witty sayings

**mows** cuts down or off

**mi** (see **me**)

**Miao** (see **meow**)

**micks** persons of Irish descent, often used offensively

**mix** to blend or stir

**micropterous** having small or rudimentary fins or wings

**Micropterus** a genus of sunfishes that includes the American freshwater black basses

**Midas** a genus of South American marmosets comprising the tamarins

**mitis** tending to be less than average virulent, such as strains of diphtheria bacilli

**middy** a student naval officer or midshipman

**midi** a skirt or coat of midcalf length

**mien** (see **mean**)

**might** possible or probably; power or authority

**mite** a small to minute arachnid; a very little bit

**mightily** (see **Maithili**)

**mighty** powerful, notable, or extraordinary; extremely

**mity** infested with mites

**mignon** a moderate purple color; a filet mignon (by shortening)  
**mignonne** daintily small or petite  
**mikado** an emperor of Japan; a strong to vivid reddish orange  
**mockado** a woolen fabric made chiefly in the 16th and 17th centuries in imitation of velvet  
**mil** a unit of measurement equal to  $\frac{1}{1000}$  inch; a monetary unit of property tax assessment  
**mill** a factory for manufacturing activity, as grinding grain  
**milch** a domestic animal bred for or suitable for milk production  
**milk** to shuffle cards by drawing one from the top and one from the bottom and simultaneously allowing them to fall face down on the table; to exploit, bleed, or elicit  
**mile** a unit of linear measure equal to 5,280 feet  
**myal** of or relating to a cult among West Indian blacks akin to obeah  
**miliary** accompanied or marked by an eruption or formation of lesions the size of millet seeds  
**milliary** marking the distance of a mile  
**milk** (see **milch**)  
**mill** (see **mil**)  
**millefleur** having an all-over pattern of small flowers and plants  
**millefleurs** a perfume made from extracts of several flowers  
**millenary** a group of a thousand things  
**millinary** women's headwear  
**milliary** (see **miliary**)  
**millinary** (see **millenary**)  
**million** 1000 thousand  
**milyun** either of two soft-fleshed sweet-flavored pepos that are usually eaten as a fruit

**millrace** a canal in which water flows to and from a mill wheel; the current that drives that wheel  
**milreis** a Portuguese unit of value equal before 1911 to 1,000 reis; Brazil's basic monetary unit until 1942  
**milyun** (see **million**)  
**mince** to cut or chop into small bits  
**mints** places where coins are made; confections flavored with peppermint or spearmint  
**mind** the intellect or brain; to obey; to take care of  
**mined** dug or extracted from the earth  
**miner** a person or machine that extracts ore and coal from the earth  
**minor** of lesser or inferior importance; a person younger than majority age  
**mini** something that is small of its kind  
**Minni** a primitive Mongol people inhabiting the foothill region of the southern Caucasus during pre-Babylonian times  
**minnie** a hand barely strong enough for an opening bid in bridge  
**minion** a servile dependent; a piece of light artillery; a person who is highly esteemed and favored  
**Minyan** having characteristics of a prehistoric Greek civilization noted for its pottery  
**minyan** the required number (ten) of males at least thirteen years old to conduct public Jewish worship  
**minks** slenderbodied semiaquatic carnivorous mammals  
**minx** a pert or flirtatious girl  
**Minni** (see **mini**)  
**minnie** (see **mini**)  
**minor** (see **miner**)  
**mintie** a homosexual (slang)  
**minty** having the flavor of an aromatic plant of the family Labiatae

**mints** (see **mince**)

**minty** (see **mintie**)

**minx** (see **minks**)

**Minyan** and **minyan** (see **minion**)

**Mir** and **mir** (see **mere**)

**mire** (see **mere**)

**mirror** (see **merer**)

**mis** dried dung used as fuel

**miss** fail to hit, reach, or make contact with

**misbilled** erroneously charged a customer for merchandise or service

**misbuild** to construct something in error or by mistake

**miscreance** an opinion or doctrine thought to be false

**miscreants** those who behave criminally or viciously

**mise** (see **mais**)

**mises** various dried dungs used as fuel

**misses** fails to hit, reach, or make contact with; girls or unmarried women

**missus** a wife; the mistress of a household

**Miskito** a people of the Atlantic coast of Nicaragua and Honduras

**mosquito** any of numerous two-winged flies

**miso** (see **meso**)

**miss** (see **mis**)

**miss** a young married woman or girl

**Mus** a genus of rodents including the common house mouse

**muss** a state of confusion or disorder

**missal** a book containing what is said and sung at Roman Catholic mass during the year

**missel** a large European thrush which feeds on mistletoe berries

**missile** a weapon or object thrown or projected

**missed** failed to hit, reach, or make contact with

**mist** moisture in the form of minute particles suspended in the atmosphere; a haze or film

**myst** an initiate in a mystery

**missel** (see **missal**)

**misses** (see **mises**)

**missile** (see **missal**)

**missus** (see **mises**)

**mist** (see **missed**)

**mistic** a small lateenrigged sailing ship used in the Mediterranean

**mystic** constituting or belonging to something occult or esoteric

**mite** (see **might**)

**mitis** (see **Midas**)

**mity** (see **mighty**)

**mix** (see **micks**)

**mnemonic** assisting or intended to assist memory

**pneumonic** relating to the lungs or pneumonia

**mo** a moment (slang)

**mow** to cut grass close to the ground

**moa** any of various extinct flightless ratite birds of New Zealand

**mohwa** any of several East Indian trees of the genus *Madhuca*

**moan** a low prolonged sound of pain or grief

**Mon** the dominant native people of Pgu in Myanmar

**mown** cut or cropped close to the ground

**moat** a deep wide trench around a fortified place, often filled with water

**mote** a small particle or speck

**moc** (see **mach**)

**mock** (see **mach**)

**mockado** (see **mikado**)

**mockers** (see **machers**)

**Mod** a meeting to study and perform Gaelic arts

**mode** a form or manner of expression

**mowed** cut grass close to the ground

**model** an example, pattern, or standard

**mottle** an appearance resembling a surface having colored spots, blotchings, or cloudings

**mohels** persons who circumcise male infants

**moyles** types of shoes or slippers

**Moho** a genus of Hawaiian honey eaters; a depth ranging from 3 to 25 miles beneath the ocean floor

**moho** any of several Hawaiian honey eaters having pectoral tufts of yellow feathers

**Mojo** an Arawakan people of northern Bolivia

**mojo** an irregularly spreading or shrubby tree widely distributed along tropical shores; an erect forest tree of the West Indian uplands

**mohr** a gazelle of northern Africa

**moire** a fabric having a wavy watered appearance

**Moore** a member of a darkskinned people of mixed Arab and Berber ancestry inhabiting ancient Mauretania in northern Africa

**moor** an extensive area of open rolling land often covered with heather, moss, and grass; to make fast with cables and lines

**mor** forest humus consisting of a layer of largely organic matter distinct from the mineral soil beneath

**more** larger in size, quantity, or extent

**mohr** a gazelle of northern Africa

**Moore** a member of a darkskinned people of mixed Arab and Berber ancestry

**moor** an extensive area of open rolling land

**more** larger in size, quantity, or extent

**mower** an implement to cut grass or grain

**mohs** (see **mhos**)

**mohwa** (see **moa**)

**moiles** metallic oxide adhering to glass knocked from the end of the blowpipe

**moils** works with grueling persistence; is in continuous agitation

**moire** (see **mohr**)

**moirés** irregular wavy finishes produced on fabric

**morays** savage voracious often brightly colored eels

**mores** customs and folkways of a particular group

**Mojo and mojo** (see **Moho**)

**Moki** a Shoshonean people of Pueblo Indians in northeastern Arizona

**moki** a trumpeter fish

**moky** foggy or hazy

**mol** a molecule (by shortening)

**mole** a congenital mark or discoloration on the skin; a burrowing mammal

**molar** a tooth adapted for grinding

**moler** an animal that catches burrowing mammals of the family Talpidae

**mold** a pattern or template that serves as a guide for construction

**moled** made or traversed an underground passage; burrowed or tunneled

**mould** a membrane-covered opening in bone or between bones

**mole** (see **mol**)

**mole** a highly spiced sauce made principally of chile and chocolate

**moly** a European wild garlic; a mythical herb described by Homer

**moled** (see **mold**)

**moler** (see **molar**)

**moll** (see **mal**)

**molle** (see **Male**)

**molly** (see **Male**)

**moly** (see **Male** and **mole**)

**mom** (see both **ma'am** entries)

**Mon** (see **moan**)

**monac(h)al** relating to or having characteristics of monks or monastic life

**monocle** an eyeglass for one eye

**monger** (see **Mangar**)

**monism** (see **manism**)

**mono** (see **Mano**)

**monocle** (see **monac[h]al**)

**monogeneous** developing without cyclic change of form; the presumed origin of all life from one original entity or cell

**monogynous** having but one wife or mate

**monology** (see **menology**)

**months** measures of time corresponding to the period of the moon's revolution around Earth

**Muntz** an alloy of copper and zinc

**moo** a cow's natural throat noise

**moue** a little grimace or pout

**mu** a bridging group joining central atoms and ions; the twelfth letter of the Greek alphabet

**mood** a feeling, temper, or atmosphere

**moed** made a cow's natural throat noise

**moody** subject to or characterized by depression or discontent

**muti** medicine, in Africa

**moored** (see **mood**)

**moola(h)** money (slang)

**mulla(h)** a learned teacher or expounder of the religious law and doctrines of Islam

**Moonie** a member or follower of the Unification Church founded by Sun Myung Moon

**moony** shaped like the moon; abstracted or dreamy

**muni** a Hindu hermit sage; a bond issued

by a governmental unit (by shortening municipal)

**Moor** and **moor** (see both **mohr** entries)

**Moorish** relating to or in the style characteristic of the Moors

**moreish** causing a desire for more; palatable

**moose** a large ruminant mammal of northern North America

**mousse** a frothy dessert; a food prepared with whipped cream

**mor** (see **mohr**)

**Mora** a small genus of tall half-evergreen forest trees of northern South America

**mora** any tree of the genus *Mora*, especially a tall buttressed tree

**morrow** the next following day

**Moraea** (see **maria**)

**moral** (see **marl**)

**morale** a state of individual psychological wellbeing and buoyancy; a sense of common purpose or degree of dedication to a common task; esprit de corps

**morral** a fiber bag usually used as a food bag for horses

**moray** (see **maray**)

**morays** (see **moirés**)

**mordant** a biting and caustic thought or style; a chemical that fixes dye

**mordent** a melodic musical ornament

**more** (see both **mohr** entries)

**moreen** (see **marine**)

**moreish** (see **Moorish**)

**morel** (see **marl**)

**morelles** counters or disks used in playing a board game

**morels** edible fungi of the genus *Morchella*

**mores** (see **moirés**)

**morn** the beginning of a day

**morne** gloomy or dismal

**mourn** to feel or express deep regret; to grieve

**morning** the early part of the day before noon

**mourning** feeling or expressing deep regret or grief

**Mornay** a white sauce containing cheese, especially Parmesan or Gruyère

**morné** in heraldry, a lion without teeth, tongue, or claws

**morne** (see **morn**)

**Moro** any of several Muslim peoples of the southern Philippines chiefly of the Sulu archipelago

**moro** a thick-billed Afro-Asian finch

**morro** a round hill or point of land

**Moro** any of several Muslim peoples of the southern Philippines chiefly of the Sulu archipelago

**morrow** the next following day

**Morone** a genus of carnivorous fresh and saltwater percoid fishes, including white perch

**Moroni** the angel who appeared on September 21, 1823, in a vision telling Joseph Smith that a record engraved on golden plates contained the history of the ancient inhabitants of America

**morral** (see **morale**)

**morris** a vigorous dance done by men; an ancient game for two persons

**Morus** a widely distributed genus of trees comprising the mulberries

**morro** (see **Moro**)

**morrow** (see **Mora** or **Moro**)

**morsal** relating to the grinding or biting surface of a tooth or occlusion of the teeth

**morsel** a small piece or quantity of food

**Morus** (see **morris**)

**mos** (see **mhos**)

**Moso** a people closely related to the northern Lolo and found mainly in the high plateaus and mountains of southwest China

**mosso** animated and/or rapid, in music

**mozo** a male servant or domestic; a handyman

**mosquito** (see **Miskito**)

**mosser** (see **mahsur**)

**Mossi** (see **masi**)

**mossie** (see **masi**)

**mosso** (see **Moso**)

**mossy** (see **masi**)

**mote** (see **moat**)

**moter** a person or device that removes small underdeveloped seeds or fragments from cotton

**motor** a device that imparts motion or is a source of mechanical power

**mots** (see **mhos**)

**mottle** (see **model**)

**moue** (see **mo**)

**mould** (see **bold**)

**mourn** (see **morn**)

**mourning** (see **morning**)

**mouse** to hunt for or catch mice; explored or snooped

**mows** stacks of hay or straw

**mouser** (see **Mauser**)

**mousse** (see **moose**)

**mow** (see **Mao** and **mo**)

**mowed** (see **Mod**)

**mower** (see **mohr**)

**mown** (see **moan**)

**mows** (see **maos**, **mhos** and **mouse**)

**moyles** (see **mohels**)

**mozo** (see **Moso**)



**mu** (see **moo**)

**mucks** covers with manure or other fertilizing material; clears of manure or filth

**mux** to make a mess of; a device for multiplex transmission of signals

**mudded** made turbid

**muddied** characterized by a confused state

**mudder** a race horse that runs well on a wet or muddy track; or an athlete that performs well in muddy conditions

**mutter** to talk indistinctly or with a low voice

**muddie** a baked clay marble, in the game of marbles

**muddy** covered with a slimy sticky fluid-to-plastic mixture of dirt or other fine divided particles and water

**muddied** (see **mudded**)

**muddy** (see **muddie**)

**muhly** a grass

**muley** hornless or polled, as an animal; stubborn or obstinate

**mule** (see **mewl**)

**muleta** a small cloth attached to a short tapered stick and used by a matador during the faena

**muletta** a Portuguese coasting ship with a lateen sail and pointed bow painted with a human eye

**muley** (see **muhly**)

**mulla(h)** (see **moola(h)**)

**mullar** a die cut in intaglio for stamping an ornament in relief

**muller** a hard relatively flatbased implement for grinding or mixing materials; a pestle

**multichord** two or more chords sounded together

**multicores** having more than a single axial portion or core, as a boiler

**multiply** to find the product of, in mathematics

**multi-ply** composed of several or many layers or strata

**mum** (see **ma'am**)

**muumu** filariasis caused by a slender white filaria transmitted in larval form by mosquitoes

**muumuu** a loose gaily colored and patterned dress worn chiefly in Hawaii

**Muncie** a city in north central Indiana

**Munsee** a Delaware Indian people of northern New Jersey and neighboring parts of New York

**munds** states of peace or security imposed or guaranteed in Anglo-Saxon and early medieval England

**muns** classes of London street roisterers of the mid17th century

**muni** (see **Moonie**)

**muns** (see **munds**)

**Munsee** (see **Muncie**)

**Muntz** (see **months**)

**murderess** a female legally guilty of committing the crime of killing a person

**murderous** characterized by extreme difficulty

**murk** (see **merc**)

**murlin** (see **Merlin**)

**murra** a material thought to be of semiprecious stone or porcelain used to make costly vessels in ancient Rome

**Murrah** an Indian breed of dairy type buffaloes with distinctive coiled horns

**murrain** a pestilence of plague affecting domestic animals or plants

**murrhine** made of semiprecious stone or porcelain

**murrall** (see **merle**)

**murre** (see **mer**)

**murrhine** (see **murrain**)

**Mus** (see **miss**)



**mus** (see **meuse**)

**muscadin** a young French fop, especially one with royalist sympathies during the French Revolution

**muscadine** a tallgrowing grape of the southern U.S.

**Muscat** the capital city of (the Sultanate of) Oman

**muscat** a cultivated vinifera grape used in making wines and raisins

**musket** a heavy smoothbore large caliber shoulder firearm; a male sparrow hawk

**muscle** a tissue of modified elongated cells that produces motion when contracted; strength or brawn

**mussel** a marine bivalve mollusk (seldom **muscle**)

**muscleman** a person hired to enforce compliance by strongarm methods; a goon

**Mus(s)ulman** a Muslim

**Muse** and **muse** (see **meuse**)

**musket** (see **Muscat**)

**muss** (see **miss**)

**mussed** untidy or wrinkled

**must** is required, compelled, or obliged to

**musth** a murderous frenzy of a bull elephant usually occurring during rut

**mussel** (see **muscle**)

**Mus(s)ulman** (see **muscleman**)

**must** (see **mussed**)

**mustard** a plant from whose seeds a pungent yellow condiment is made

**mustered** convened, assembled, or accumulated; enlisted

**mustee** the offspring of a white and a quadroon; a person of 1/8 negro ancestry; an octoroon

**musty** impaired by damp or mildew; moldy

**mustered** (see **mustard**)

**musth** (see **mussed**)

**musty** (see **mustee**)

**mute** (see **meute**)

**muti** (see **moody**)

**mutter** (see **mudder**)

**mutual** shared in common

**mutuel** the parimutuel, a system of betting on a (horse) race whereby those who bet on the winner share the total stakes, less a small percentage for the management

**muumuu** (see **mumu**)

**mux** (see **mucks**)

**my** (see **mai**)

**myal** (see **mile**)

**myatonia** lack of muscle tone or muscular flabbiness

**myotonia** a tonic spasm of one or more muscles

**myrrh** (see **mer**)

**myst** (see **missed**)

**mystic** (see **mistic**)

## Group I

**magnificence** - **magnificents**

**malevolence** - **malevolents**

**malfeasance** - **malfeasants**

**marasmous** - **marasmus**

**marcescence** - **marcescents**

**mauveine** - **mauvine**

**metis** - **metisse**

**microcephalous** - **microcephalus**

**militance** - **militants**

**milktoast** - **milquetoast**

**modern** - **moderne**

**monoculous** - **monoculus**

**monticulous** - **monticulus**

**mucous** - **mucus**

**multivalence** - **multivalents**

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## Group I and II

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**massif** ma:sɛf  
**massive** 'masiv

**material** mə'tirēəl  
**materiel** mə:tirē'el

**Mousquetaire** :müskə:ter  
**musketeer** :mæskə:tir

**myrtle** 'mɔrtəl  
**myrtol** 'mɔrtəl

**mystic** 'mistɛk  
**mystique** mi'stɛk

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## Group II

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**Macá** mə'kä  
**macaw** mə'kó

**macabi** :mäkə:bē  
**Maccabee** 'makə,bē

**madge** 'maj  
**mage** 'māj

**Mahri** 'märe  
**Maori** 'maüre

**maidan** mi'dän  
**maiden** 'mäðn

**maidou** mi'dü  
**maidu** 'midü

**majorat** ,mazhō'ra  
**majorate** 'mäjərät

**malign** mə'lɪn  
**meline** 'me,lɪn

**malo** 'maló  
**mallow** 'maló

**mammae** 'ma,mē  
**mammee** ma'mē  
**mammy** 'mamē

**mana** 'mänə  
**manna** 'manə

**manhattan** mən'hatən  
**menhaden** mən'hadən

**manila** mə'nɪlə  
**manilla** mə'nēlyə

**mara** mə'rä  
**maray** mə'rä

**margarite** 'märgə,rɪt  
**marguerite** 'märgə,rɛt

**marquessate** 'märkwə,zət  
**marquissette** 'märkwə,zet

**martineta** ,märtən'ädə  
**martinete** ,märtən'ädä

**maser** 'mäzər  
**mazar** mə'zär

**matelot** 'mat,ló  
**matelote** 'mat,lót

**matross** mə'träs  
**mattress** 'maträs

**maud** 'mód  
**mod** 'mäð or 'mód

**maulie** 'mólē  
**molly** 'mälē

**megameter** ,me'gamēdər  
**megohmmeter** 'me,gōm,mēdər

**meridian** mə'ridēən  
**meridienne** mə:ride:en  
**Meridion** mə'ride,än

**metamer** 'medəmər  
**metamere** 'medə,mir

**microhmmeter** 'mɪ,krōm,mēdər  
**micrometer** 'mɪkrō,mēdər

**midden** 'midən  
**mitten** 'mitən

**migraines** 'mɪ,gränz  
**migrans** 'mɪ,granz

**milieu** mēl'yü  
**milu** 'mē'lü

**mistaken** mə'stākən  
**Mixtecan** mē'stākən

**mistakes** mə'stāks**mystax** 'mi,staks**misti** 'mis,tī**misty** 'misti**Mohawk** 'mō,høk**Mohock** 'mō,häk**moot** 'müt**mute** 'myüt**mootable** 'müd•əbəl**mutable** 'myütəbəl**moral** 'mōrəl**morale** mō'ral**morrall** mə'ral or mə'räl**morceau** mōr'sō**moreso** 'mōrsō**morro** 'mōrrō**morrow** 'mōrō or 'mōrə**motif** mō'tēf**motive** 'mōtəv**moutan** 'mü:tan**mouton** 'mü.tan**mucic** 'myüsik**music** 'myüzik**mudar** mə'där**mudder** 'mädər**murein** 'myür.ēn**murine** myü'rēn**muscle** 'mäsəl**mussal** mə'säl

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## N

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**nacre** an iridescent inner layer of various mollusk shells; mother-of-pearl**naker** a kettledrum**nade** a grenade (by shortening)**neighed** made the loud prolonged calling cry typical of a horse**naggie** (see **knaggy**)**naggy** (see **knaggy**)**naiad** the distinctive aquatic young of mayflies and dragonflies that differ markedly from the adult counterparts**naid** any of numerous small fresh water annelids constituting Nais**naissant** in heraldry, rising from the middle of an heraldic field, as an animal with only its upper part visible**nascent** beginning to exist**nak** (see **knack**)**naker** (see **nacre**)**nal** the giant reed, a tall European grass with woody stems used in making organ reeds**nul** in law, not any**null** invalid, void, or of no consequence**nance** an effeminate male (slang)**Nantes** a city in west central France**nani** beautiful (in Hawaii)**nanny** a female domestic goat; a nursemaid**Nantes** (see **nance**)**nao** a medium-sized sailing ship of the late middle ages**now** at the present time**nap** to sleep briefly; a soft fuzzy fibrous surface**nape** the back part of the neck**nappe** a sheet of water falling down from the crest of a dam**Nara** relating to the 9th century Buddhist renaissance in Japan**narra** any of several timber trees of the genus *Pterocarpus*

**naras** a spiny southern African desert shrub

**naris** the opening of the nose or nasal cavity of a vertebrate

**narc** a narcotics or illegal drug agent, or police officer

**nark** a decoy or shell, in gambling

**nard** (see **gnarred**)

**naris** (see **naras**)

**nark** (see **narc**)

**narra** (see **Nara**)

**narrow-gage** track of less than standard distance between the heads of the rails

**narrow-gauge** restricted, provincial, or petty

**nascent** (see **naissant**)

**nash** (see **gnash**)

**nat** (see **knot**)

**natty** (see **gnatty**)

**naught** (see **knot**)

**naughty** (see **knotty**)

**naut** (see **knot**)

**naval** relating to ships or a navy

**navel** the midabdomen depression marking the point of attachment of the umbilical cord

**nave** (see **knave**)

**navel** (see **naval**)

**navies** the ships of nations, owners, or gatherings

**navys** variable colors averaging a grayish purple blue

**naw** (see **gnaw**)

**nay** a negative reply or vote

**ne(e)** originally or formally called

**neigh** a horse's typical loud prolonged cry

**Nayar** a people of the Malabar coast of India

**nigher** nearer in place, time, or relationship; closer

**nays** negative replies or votes

**naze** a headland or promontory

**neighs** typical loud prolonged cries of a horse

**near** (see **gnir**)

**neater** (see **kneader**)

**nebbie** a capsule of Nembutal, a trademark name for a brand of pentobarbital

**neby** pitifully ineffectual

**necklace** a string of beads or other small objects worn about the neck as an ornament

**neckless** having no neck

**neddy** a bludgeon or billyclub; a sling shot

**netty** resembling a meshed arrangement of threads, cords, or ropes

**ne(e)** (see **knee** or **nay**)

**need** (see **knead**)

**neele** (see **kneel**)

**neigh** (see **nay**)

**neighed** (see **nade**)

**neighs** (see **nays**)

**nell** (see **knell**)

**nephrocele** hernia of the kidney

**nephrocoele** the cavity of a vertebrate embryo

**nervous** tending to produce agitation; jerky, jumpy, or unsteady

**nervus** nerve

**nester** an animal that builds or occupies a nest; a homesteader or squatter who takes up rangeland for farming

**Nestor** a wise elder counselor; a grand old patriarch of a particular field; a genus of large parrots in New Zealand

**nestor** a homesteader or squatter who takes up rangeland to cultivate

**netty** (see **neddy**)

**neuma** a symbol in musical notation of the middle ages

**pneuma** an ethereal fiery stuff or universal spirit held by the ancient Stoics to be a cosmic principle

**neumatic** characterized by symbols in the musical notation of the middle ages, or square symbols in the plainsong notation of the Roman Catholic Church

**pneumatic** relating to or using air, wind, or other gas; having cavities filled with air

**neuter** belonging to neither of two usually opposed classes; sexless

**nuder** more devoid of clothing

**new** (see **gnu**)

**Newcomb** a game resembling volleyball

**newcome** recently come or arrived

**newer** more recent or fresher

**Nuer** a Nilotic people in the Sudan

**newk** a newcomer, especially in the military

**nuke** to destroy with nuclear bombs; a nuclearpowered electric generating station

**nuque** the back of the neck

**newsie** a young person that peddles newspapers; a newsdealer

**newsy** given to gossip; filled with news items

**Nuzi** a dialect of Akkadian used in Iraq

**newt** (see **knout**)

**nibble** a small bite or morsel of food

**nybble** a group of binary digits (in computing) consisting of four bits or onehalf byte

**nice** (see **gneiss**)

**Nice** a city on the southeast coast of France; a grayishblue color (also called Quimper)

**niece** a daughter of one's sister, brother, sisterinlaw, or brother-inlaw

**nickel** a nearly silverwhite hard malleable

ductile ferromagnetic metallic element; a five-cent U.S. coin

**Nicol** a clear calcite prism for producing and analyzing polarized light

**nickers** (see **knickers**)

**nicks** notches

**nix** not or nothing; to cancel or reject; a supernatural creature in Germanic folklore

**Nyx** an ancient Greek goddess personifying night

**Pnyx** the place where regular meetings of the Athenian ecclesia or public assembly of voters were held

**Nicol** (see **nickel**)

**nide** a group of pheasants

**nighed** approached

**nigher** (see **Nayer**)

**nidor** a strong smell, especially of cooking or burning meat or fat

**niter** potassium nitrate, especially occurring naturally in northern Chile

**niece** (see **Nice**)

**niepa** an East Indian tree whose bark contains a bitter principle similar to quassia

**Nipa** a monotypic genus of creeping semi-aquatic palms

**nipa** an alcoholic beverage made from fermented sap of an Australian palm; any palm of the genus *Nipa*

**niggard** a miser

**niggered** divided a log by burning

**nigger** a steamoperated capstan for warping river steamboats over snags and shallows; any of several darkcolored insect larvae; a negro, usually taken to be offensive

**negre** a darkcolored water solution of soap and impurities formed during soap manufacture

**niggered** (see **niggard**)

**nighed** (see **nide**)

**nigher** (see **Nayar**)

**night** (see **knight**)

**nighthood** (see **knighthood**)

**nigre** (see **nigger**)

**nimbed** having a halo around the head

**nimmed** stolen or filched

**Nipa** and **nipa** (see **niepa**)

**nisse** a friendly goblin or brownie of Scandinavian folklore that frequents farm buildings

**nyssa** a small genus of American and Asiatic trees, including the black gum and tupelo

**nit** (see **knit**)

**nited** (see **knitted**)

**niter** (see **nidor**)

**nitrite** characterized by the presence of the cyanogen group, CN

**nitryl** the nitro group, radical, or cation, especially in names of inorganic compounds

**nytril** a synthetic fiber composed chiefly of a longchain polymer of vinylidene

**nitter** (see **knitter**)

**nix** (see **nicks**)

**nob** (see **knob**)

**nobby** (see **knobby**)

**nocks** (see **knocks**)

**nocturn** one of three principal divisions of the office of matins in Roman Catholicism

**nocturne** a musical or artistic night piece

**nodal** relating to or located near a node or nodes

**notal** belonging to the back; dorsal

**nodding** (see **knotting**)

**noddy** (see **knotty**)

**noded** having or divided into thickened or swollen enlargements; nobbed

**noted** wellknown by reputation; provided with musical notation or score

**nodous** knotty

**nodus** a center or central point; a complication of difficulty; a hinge on the front margin of the wings of insects of the order Odonata

**notice** an announcement

**Notus** the ancient Greek personification of the south wind

**noes** (see **knows**)

**nog** a beverage made with beaten eggs, usually with alcoholic liquor; to fill in with brickwork

**nog** in carpentry, a shave for shaping dowels and handles

**No(h)s** (see **knows**)

**Nome** and **nome** (see **gnome**)

**nomen** (see **gnomon**)

**nomie** (see **gnomic**)

**noncereal** a foodstuff prepared without grain

**nonserial** not arranged in spatial or temporal succession; not appearing in successive parts

**None** (see **known**)

**none** not any

**nun** a woman belonging to a religious order, especially under vows of poverty, chastity, and obedience

**nonfeudal** not founded upon or involving a lordvassal relationship

**nonfutile** serving a useful purpose; fruitful

**nonserial** (see **noncereal**)

**nontidal** not tidal or involving the tides, as a waterway

**notitle** a nondescriptive name, title, or designation; a pseudolegal document that does not substantiate a legal claim to ownership

**noon** the middle of the day when the sun is on the meridian

**nun** the 14th letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**noose** a loop with a running knot that binds closer the more it is drawn; to execute by hanging

**nous** the highest intellect

**nor** (see **gnawer**)

**nose** (see **knows**)

**nosy** of a prying or inquisitive disposition; intrusive

**Nozi** an extinct Indian people of the Pitt river valley of northern California

**not** (see **knot**)

**notal** (see **nodal**)

**note** (see **knote**)

**noted** (see **noded**)

**notice** (see **nodous**)

**Notus** (see **nodous**)

**nous** (see **noose**)

**now** (see **nao**)

**nox** (see **knocks**)

**Nozi** (see **nosy**)

**Nu** and **nu** (see **gnu**)

**nubbie** a saffron bun

**nubby** having a small bunch of fibers; consisting of small or immature ears, as on corn

**nubs** (see **knubs**)

**nuder** (see **neuter**)

**Nuer** (see **newer**)

**nuke** (see **newk**)

**nul** (see **nal**)

**null** (see **nal**)

**nulla** a hardwood club used by Australian aborigines

**nullah** a watercourse that is often dry

**nun** (see **none** or **noon**)

**nuque** (see **newk**)

**Nut** (see **knout**)

**nut** (see **knut**)

**Nuzi** (see **newsie**)

**nybble** (see **nibble**)

**nymphs** minor divinities of nature that are represented by beautiful maidens; women of loose morals; artificial fishing flies

**nymss** a mongoose, especially the North African mongoose highly regarded for supposedly devouring crocodile eggs

**nyssa** (see **nisse**)

**nytril** (see **nitriole**)

**Nyx** (see **nicks**)

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## Group I

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**negligence** - **negligents**

**Nellie** - **nelly**

**nescience** - **nescients**

**nonadherence** - **nonadherents**

**nonassonance** - **nonassonants**

**nonexistence** - **nonexistents**

**nonresidence** - **nonresidents**

**nudest** - **nudist**

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## Group I and II

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**nebulous** 'nebyə,lōs

**Nebulous** 'nebyələs

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## Group II

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**nasi** 'nāsē or 'nā,sī

**Nazi** 'nāzē

**nautch** 'nóch

**notch** 'näch

**navy** 'nāvē

**névé** nā'vā

**nectarous** 'nektərəs

**Necturus** nek'tyúrəs

**Nobelist** nō'beləst**noblest** 'nōb(ə)ləst**noel** nō'el**nowel** 'nōəl**nonpros** 'nän:präs**nonprose** 'nän:prōz

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## O

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**oak** a tree or shrub of *Quercus*  
**oke** any of three units of weight varying around 2.8 pounds and used in Bulgaria, Egypt, Greece, and Turkey

**oar** a long wooden pole with a broad flat blade at one end for propelling a boat

**o'er** the contraction of over

**or** a conjunction indicating an alternative or choice; either

**ore** a natural usually unrefined mineral that can often be mined

**oat** (see **haute**)

**oater** a horse opera, a movie or show about the frontier days in the U.S. West

**Oder** a major river of central Europe

**odor** a scent, fragrance, or aroma

**obe** (see **aube**)

**obeyance** (see **abeyance**)

**Occident** related to or situated in the West, as opposed to the Orient

**oxidant** an oxidizing agent

**ocellate** having minute simple eyes or eyespots

**oscillate** to move to and fro like a pendulum, to vibrate

**ocelot** a mediumsized American wildcat

**osselet** a bony outgrowth on the leg of a horse

**octroi** a tax on commodities brought into a city, especially in certain European countries; a municipal customs duty

**octroy** to grant or concede as a privilege

**od** a natural power underlying hypnotism and magnetism and held by some to reside in certain persons and things

**odd** unusual or peculiar

**od** a natural power underlying hypnotism and magnetism and held by some to reside in certain persons and things

**ode** a lyric poem

**owed** was obligated to pay; was indebted to

**odal** an estate owned by Scandinavian individuals or families

**odyl** a force or natural power formerly held by some to reside in certain individuals and things, and to underlie hypnotism and magnetism

**odd** (see **od**)

**odder** (see **attar**)

**odds** the difference favoring one of two opposed things

**ods** forces or supernatural powers

**ode** (see **od**)

**Oder** (see **oater**)

**odeum** a contemporary theater or music hall

**odium** hatred and condemnation often marked by loathing or contempt

**odor** (see **oater**)

**ods** (see **odds**)

**odyl** (see **odal**)

**oe** (see **eau**)

**o'er** (see **oar**)



**offal** (see **awful**)

**offed** moved away from shore or started out to sea; departed or went away

**oft** often (by shortening), used chiefly in compound adjectives

**oh** (see **eau**)

**OK** or **okay** to approve, authorize, or sanction; all right

**oke** an alcoholic liquor distilled from ti or taro root

**oke** (see **oak**)

**oleo** oleomargarine, a butter substitute (by shortening)

**olio** a miscellaneous mixture of hodge-podge

**olive** the oblong or ovoid drupaceous fruit that is eaten as a pickle or relish

**ollav(e)** a learned man in ancient Ireland

**ombre** (see **hombre**)

**omission** (see **emission**)

**omit** (see **emit**)

**on** (see **awn**)

**once** one time and no more

**wants** desires or wishes; suffers from a lack of

**wonts** customs or habits; has the habit or custom of doing something

**one** a single unit; the first whole number between zero and two

**won** gained victory, achieved, prevailed, or succeeded

**oner** a heavy blow with a fist (slang)

**owner** a person who has legal or rightful title to something

**oohs** expressions of amazement, satisfaction, or excitement

**ooze** soft mud or slime typically in the bed of a river or estuary; to pass slowly or in small amounts through the pores or small openings of a body

**whos** what persons

**who's** the contraction of who is, who was, or who has

**whose** relating to what person(s)

**oppose** (see **appose**)

**oppositive** (see **appositive**)

**oppressed** (see **appressed**)

**or** (see **oar**)

**oracle** (see **auricle**)

**oral** (see **aural**)

**orc** a cetacean that is widely distributed in the seas of the northern hemisphere; a gampus

**orch** (or **ork**) an orchestra or orchestration (by shortening)

**ordinance** an authoritative decree or directive; a public enactment

**ordnance** military supplies

**ordinance** an authoritative decree or directive; a public enactment

**ordonnance** an arrangement of a composition's parts with respect to one another and the whole

**ordnance** (see **ordinance**)

**ordonnance** (see **ordinance**)

**ore** (see **oar**)

**Oregon** a state in northwestern continental U.S.

**origan** any of various aromatic mints, as wild marjoram

**oriel** a large bay window

**oriole** a colorful American bird

**origan** (see **Oregon**)

**orinthorhynchous** having a beak like that of a bird

**Orinthorhynchus** a genus of egg-laying mammals

**orinthorhynchus** the platypus, a small flat-footed aquatic mammal

**oriole** (see **aureole** and **oriel**)

**orion** (see **Arion**)

**orle** (see **aural**)

**orris** (see **aurous**)

**os** an esker, a long narrow often sinuous ridge or mound of sand, gravel, and boulders

**ose** glycose, a simple sugar

**oscillate** (see **ocellate**)

**ose** (see **os**)

**osselet** (see **ocelot**)

**Ossetic** (see **acetic**)

**Ostrea** (see **Austria**)

**ostria** (see **Austria**)

**Ostrya** (see **Austria**)

**Otis** a genus of typical bustards, including the great bustard

**Otus** a genus of rather small-eared owls

**otter** (see **attar**)

**Otus** (see **Otis**)

**ouf** an expression of discomfort, aversion, or impatience

**ouph** an elf

**ought** (see **ought**)

**oui** yes, in French

**we** a group including me

**wee** very small

**whee** an expression of delight or general exuberance

**oui-oui** a French person, often used derisively

**wee-wee** to urinate

**ouph** (see **ouf**)

**our** (see **Aor** and **are**)

**outcast** regarded with contempt or despised; exiled from one's domicile or country

**outcaste** a person who has been ejected from his/her caste for violating its customs or rules

**outlimb** an extremity of the body

**outlimn** to represent or delineate in sharpness of detail above some norm or another person's performance

**outpraise** to exceed or surpass in commending or applauding

**outprays** surpasses in entreating, imploring or praying

**outright** completely; instantaneously

**outwrite** to surpass in ability to write

**outrode** traversed on an animal or vehicle better than someone else

**outrowed** propelled a boat by oars better than another person or group

**outsea** an open part of a sea or ocean

**outsee** to surpass in power of vision or insight

**outside** in the open air; situated outside a particular place

**outsighed** exceeded another person's grieving or lamenting

**outsighs** exceeds another person's grieving or sorrowing

**outside** a size larger than standard

**outsole** the exterior or outside sole of a boot or shoe

**outsoul** a spirit or intelligence exterior to man

**outturn** an amount of something produced; yield

**out-turn** a moving curling stone which is rotating counter clockwise

**outwrite** (see **outright**)

**ovendry** dried at a temperature at or above 100°–110° centigrade

**oven-dry** to make free or relatively free of water or liquid in a heated enclosure for baking or roasting

**overbilled** charged more than the full amount

**overbuild** to build beyond actual requirements; to supply with buildings in excess of demand

**overchute** an overhead flume  
**overshoot** to pass swiftly beyond or ahead of; to overstate a case or point  
**overdo** to do too much or in excess  
**overdue** delayed; unpaid; more than ripe  
**overflour** to sprinkle with excess flour  
**overflow** to cover over with flowers; to put forth flowers beyond strength or wellbeing  
**overhigher** exceedingly taller or more above  
**overhire** to employ more personnel than necessary to accomplish a task  
**overite** a mineral consisting of hydrous basic phosphate of aluminum and calcium  
**overwrite** to produce words or symbols on paper in too literary, diffuse, or labored style  
**overlade** to load with too great a burden  
**overlaid** superimposed; covered  
**overmeddled** interfered excessively without right or propriety  
**overmettled** exhibited qualities of courage or ardor exceeding those required by a given situation  
**overpaid** compensated, rewarded, or paid beyond what was due  
**overpayed** allowed an excessive amount of rope or line to run out  
**overpassed** managed to get through; surmounted  
**overpast** ended or over  
**overpayed** (see **overpaid**)  
**overseas** beyond or across oceans or seas  
**oversees** supervises; looks down on  
**oversew** to sew books by a machine that simulates hand overcasting; to top-sew  
**oversow** to plant or scatter too much seed  
**overshoot** (see **overchute**)  
**oversow** (see **oversew**)

**overstaid** overly sober, sedate, or serious  
**overstayed** remained beyond the time or limits of  
**overtaught** instructed beyond the point of proficiency  
**overtaut** tightened or stretched excessively  
**overwrite** (see **overite**)  
**owe** (see **eau**)  
**owed** (see **od**)  
**owl** (see **aoul**)  
**own** (see **aune**)  
**owner** (see **oner**)  
**ox** (see **Akhs**)  
**oxen** adult castrated males of domestic bovine usually used as draft animals  
**oxin** a crystalline phenolic base that is used in analysis  
**oxyn** a solid product (as linoxyn) formed when a drying oil is oxidized  
**ox-eyed** having oxlike eyes  
**oxhide** the outer skin of an ox  
**oxide** a binary compound of oxygen with an element  
**oxidant** (see **Occident**)  
**oxide** (see **oxeyed**)  
**oxin** (see **oxen**)  
**oxyn** (see **oxen**)

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## Group I

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**obedience** - **obedients**  
**obsequence** - **obsequents**  
**occupance** - **occupants**  
**occurrence** - **occurents**  
**omnipotence** - **omnipotents**  
**omniscience** - **omniscients**  
**operance** - **operants**  
**ordinance** - **ordinants**

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**Group II**


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**obdurate** 'äbdərät**obturate** 'äbtə,rät**obliger** ə'blijər**obligor** 'äblə,gòr**Octans** 'äk,tanz**octanes** 'äk,tänz**ohm** 'öm**om** 'öm**oho** ó'hō**oo** 'ō,ō**OK** ó:kā**oke** 'okā**orchestral** ór'kestrəl**orchestrelle** órkə'strəl**origin** 'órəjən**orogen** 'órəjən**osteal** 'ästēəl**ostiole** 'ästē.öl**ostracean** ä'strāshən**ostracion** ä'strashē,än**overate** òvər,rät**overrate** òvər,rät**oxine** 'ak,sən**oxyn** 'aksən

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**P**


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**pa** father**pah** an expression of disdain, contempt, or disgust**pas** dance step(s) forming a pattern or figure**pa** father**paw** a quadruped's foot; to touch clumsily or rudely**paar** a depression produced by crustal blocks moving apart**par** a common level or value**parr** a young salmon**pace** proceed with a slow or measured step; to regulate the speed of**pes** a part resembling a foot**paced** went with a slow or measured step; regulated the speed of**paste** a glue or cement; a dough used for pastry crust**packed** stowed in a container; carried**pact** a treaty or agreement**packs** bundles of goods; stows in a container; carries**PACS** political action committees, corporations, or unions that distribute money to political candidates (an acronym)**pac** laced heelless sheepskin or felt shoes worn inside boots or over shoes in cold weather**pacts** treaties or agreements**Paks** individuals from Pakistan (sometimes regarded as offensive)**Pax** a period characterized by the absence of major wars**pax** a tablet or board decorated with a figure of Christ or a religious person**pact** (see **packed**)**pacts** (see **packs**)**padded** lined, covered, or stuffed with material that serves to cushion, protect, fill out, or heighten**patted** stroked or tapped gently with the hand to soothe, caress, or show approval

**padder** a person or machine that makes sheets of paper into pads, or places ordered tobacco leaves in boxes

**patter** to repeat in a rapid manner; a quick succession of slight sounds; a relatively meaningless chatter

**paddle** a rather short light wooden, metal, or plastic pole with a broad fairly flat blade at one end that is used to propel and stop a canoe or other watercraft

**padle** a soft thick clumsy marine fish of both coasts of the northern North Atlantic ocean, also called lump fish

**paddlefoot** a member of the airforce that lacks distinctive rating and is usually occupied with ground duties

**paddle-foot** a cottontail rabbit

**paddy** a heavily irrigated piece of land for growing rice

**patty** a small pie or pasty

**paty** in heraldry, a cross with the ends splayed or spread out

**padle** (see **paddle**)

**paean** a joyously exultant song or hymn

**paeon** a metrical foot of four syllables with one long or stressed, and three short or unstressed syllables

**peon** a person in a position of subordination or servility

**paeon** (see **paean**)

**pah** (see **pa**)

**paid** received compensation; discharged an obligation

**pate** the top of the head

**payed** allowed a rope or line to run out

**pail** a bucket

**pale** deficient in color or intensity; pallid or wan

**pain** physical or mental discomfort or agony

**pane** a window or door section

**peine** punishment (shortening of **peine forte et dure** or hard punishment)

**paeon** (see **paean**)

**pair** a set of two items

**pare** to trim off or peel

**pear** a fleshy oblong pome fruit

**paier** a person who matches like or related articles

**parer** a mechanical device for peeling fruits and vegetables

**pairle** an heraldic ordinary in the form of a Y extending to the upper corners and base of the field

**parol** an oral declaration or statement

**parrel** a rope loop or sliding collar by which a yard or spar is held to a mast

**pairle** an heraldic ordinary in the form of a Y extending to the upper corners and base of the field

**peril** exposure to the risk of being injured, destroyed, or lost

**pais** in law, the country

**pay** to discharge an obligation

**pe** the 17th letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**Paks** (see **packs**)

**palace** the official residence of a sovereign

**pallas** loose outer women's garments formed by wrapping or draping a large square of cloth

**palar** resembling a stake

**paler** more deficient in color or intensity

**palate** the roof of the mouth

**palette** a thin oval board with a thumb-hole on which a painter lays and mixes pigments

**pallet** a strawfilled mattress; a portable platform for storing materials

**pallette** a usually rounded plate at the armpit of a suit of armor

**Palau** the Austronesian language of the Palau islands

**pilaf** rice cooked in stock and usually combined with meat and vegetables

**pale** (see **pail**)

**paleing** soldering

**paling** the act of building a fence or enclosing with pickets

**palely** with an effect of dimness or pallor

**paly** in heraldry, divided into four or more equal parts by perpendicular lines

**paler** (see **palar**)

**palette** (see **palate**)

**Pali** an Indic language found in the Buddhist canon

**pali** an Indian timber tree; a steep slope in Hawaii

**palli** a member of a Sudra caste of field laborers

**paling** (see **paleing**)

**pall** to lose strength, vigor, or effectiveness

**pawl** a small doublepoled tent with steep sloping sides

**pol** a politician (slang)

**poll** a college or university degree without honors

**pallae** loose outer garments worn by women in ancient Rome

**pally** informally intimate

**polly** a poll parrot

**poly** a polymorphonuclear leukocyte (by shortening)

**pallar** a member of a depressed caste in India

**pallor** a wan or blanched appearance

**pallas** (see **palace**)

**palled** covered with a cloak or drape

**pawled** checked by a pivoted tongue or sliding bolt

**pallet** (see **palate**)

**palette** (see **palate**)

**palli** (see **Pali**)

**pall-mall** a 17th century European game resembling croquet

**pell-mell** mingled confusion or disorder; indiscriminately

**pallor** (see **pallar**)

**pally** (see **pallae**)

**palm** the somewhat concave part of the human hand between the bases of the fingers and the wrist; a plant of the family *Palmae*

**pom** a pomeranian dog; an ornamental ball or tuft on clothing; the characteristic noise of a small caliber cannon

**pomme** in heraldry, a rounded green area

**palmar** involving the palm of the hand

**palmer** a person wearing two crossed palm leaves to denote having made a pilgrimage to the Holy Land

**paly** (see **palely**)

**pament** a tile or brick used to pave malt-house floors

**payment** something given or received to discharge a debt or obligation

**pampas** extensive generally grass-covered plains of temperate South America east of the Andes

**pompous** ornately showy and pretentiously dignified

**pamper** to treat with excessive care and attention

**pampre** an ornament of vine leaves and grapes

**Pan** a genus of anthropoid apes including the chimpanzee

**pan** a shallow container; to rotate a camera in any direction; to wash earth deposits in search of precious metal

**panne** a finish for velvet or satin

**pan** a betel palm leaf; a card game resembling rummy

**paon** a greenish blue color called peacock blue

**pawn** to deposit something with another as collateral for a loan; the least powerful chess piece

**pon** upon (by shortening)

**pandit** a Brahman expert in Sanskrit and in the science, laws, and religion of the Hindus

**pundit** a person who announces judgments, opinions, or conclusions in an authoritative manner

**pane** (see **pain**)

**panel** a group of persons selected for some service or activity; a distinct part of a surface, as a fender or door

**pannel** a saddle blanket

**paniele** a compound racemose fluorescence

**panniele** the brainpan or skull

**panne** (see **pan**)

**pannel** (see **panel**)

**panniele** (see **paniele**)

**pans** betel palm leaves

**pawns** the least powerful chess pieces

**pons** a broad mass of chiefly transverse nerve fibers conspicuous on the ventral surface of the brain

**paon** (see **pan**)

**pap** soft pulpy food for infants or invalids

**pape** the painted bunting, a brightly colored finch of the southern part of the U.S.

**papagallo** a large brightly colored food fish related to the amberfishes and found from northern California to Peru

**papagayo** a violet often tornadic northerly wind occurring along the Pacific coast of Central America

**pape** (see **pap**)

**pape** the painted bunting, a brightly colored finch of the southern part of the U.S.

**pop** to strike or knock sharply

**pappi** appendages or tufts of appendages crowning the ovary or fruit in various seed plants

**pappy** pulpy, soft, or succulent

**par** (see **paar**)

**Para** native rubber obtained from South American trees

**para** of, relating to, or being a diatomic molecule in which the nuclei of the atoms spin in opposite directions

**parra** any of several wading birds that chiefly frequent coastal freshwater marshes and ponds in warm regions

**parachute** the wing membrane of a mammal or reptile

**parashoot** to attack an invading parachutist by shooting

**parade** (in rapid speech) a ceremonial formation of troops; to march ceremoniously; a formal display

**prayed** entreated or implored; made application to

**preyed** made raids for the sake of booty

**parados** a bank of earth behind a fortification trench

**parodos** the first choral passage in an ancient Greek drama recited or sung as the chorus enters the orchestra

**paragnathous** having both mandibles of equal length with the tips meeting, especially of a bird

**paragnathus** one of the paired lobes of the hypopharynx in various insects

**paragon** a model of excellence or perfection

**perigon** an angle obtained by rotating a half line in the same plane once around the point from which it extends

**paraphrase** a restatement of a work or section giving the meaning in another form, usually for clearer and fuller exposition

**periphrase** the use of a negative, passive, or inverted construction in place of a positive, active, or normal construction

**parashoot** (see **parachute**)

**parasite** an organism living in or on another organism; a sycophant or toady

**Parisite** a native of Paris, France



**parisite** a mineral consisting of a carbonate and fluoride of calcium, cerium, and lanthanum

**parasite** an organism living in or on another organism; a sycophant or toady

**pericyte** an adventitious cell of connective tissue about capillaries

**pard** a partner or chum (slang)

**parred** placed on an equal footing or par; made a golf score equal to par

**pardoner** a person who forgives or excuses

**partner** an associate or colleague

**pare** (see **pair**)

**parer** (see **pairer**)

**Paridae** a large family of passerine birds that includes the titmice

**parity** close equivalence or likeness

**parody** a literary style characterized by reproducing stylistic peculiarities of a work for comic effect or ridicule

**parrotty** like or of the nature of a zygodactyl bird (parrot)

**Paris** a small genus of Eurasian herbs; the capital of France

**parous** having produced offspring

**Parus** a type genus comprising common titmice

**parish** an ecclesiastical area committed to one pastor

**perish** to die; to pass away completely; to become destroyed or ruined

**Parasite** or **parasite** (see **parasite**)

**parity** (see **Paridae**)

**parlay** to transform into something of greater value

**parley** a discussion or discourse; a conference held to discuss points in dispute

**parodic** having the character of parody or caricature

**parotic** adjacent to the ear

**parodos** (see **parados**)

**parody** (see **Paridae**)

**parol** (see **pairle**)

**parol** an oral declaration or statement

**parole** a conditional and revocable release of a prisoner serving an unexpired sentence

**pyrrole** a colorless toxic liquid heterocyclic compound

**parolee** a prisoner serving an unexpired sentence who is conditionally and revocably released

**paroli** a betting system in which a bettor leaves staked money and its winnings as a further stake

**parotic** (see **parodic**)

**parous** (see **Paris**)

**parr** (see **paar**)

**parra** (see **Para**)

**parred** (see **pard**)

**parrel** (see **pairle**)

**parrot** a zygodactyl (two toes in front and two behind) bird

**perit** a unit of weight equal to  $\frac{1}{20}$  droit, formerly used by coiners of money

**parrotty** (see **Paridae**)

**parrs** young salmon

**pars** makes a golf score equal to par

**parse** to divide speech into component parts and describe them grammatically; to analyze critically

**parry** to turn aside or otherwise avert; to dodge

**perry** a fermented liquor made from pears

**pars** (see **parrs**)

**parse** (see **parrs**)

**parshall** a device for measuring flow in conduits

**partial** favorably disposed toward someone or something

**Parthenopean** of or belonging to Naples, especially to the short-lived republic es-



- tablished there in 1799 by French revolutionary forces
- Parthenopian** a crab of the genus *Parthenope*
- parti** the basic concept of an architectural design; a person eligible to enter into marriage and viewed with regard to his/her advantages or disadvantages as a marriage partner for a prospective mate
- party** persons forming a constituency; a social gathering for entertainment or pleasure
- partial** (see **parshall**)
- partner** (see **pardonner**)
- party** (see **parti**)
- Parus** (see **Paris**)
- pas** (see **pa**)
- pase** a maneuver by a bullfighter with the cape to gain the bull's attention
- passé** a ballet movement in which one leg passes behind or in front of the other; past one's prime; no longer fashionable
- passable** able to be crossed, traveled, or passed on; able to pass inspection
- passible** capable of feeling or suffering
- passé** (see **pase**)
- passed** proceeded; went by
- past** belonging to a former time; gone by
- passes** proceeds along a specified route or beyond a particular point
- passus** a division or part of a narrative or poem
- passible** (see **passable**)
- passus** (see **passes**)
- past** (see **passed**)
- paste** (see **paced**)
- pastiche** a musical composition or piece of writing made up of selections from different works
- postiche** false hair or a toupee
- pastie** small round covering for a woman's nipples
- pasty** a meat pie or turnover; pallid and unhealthy in appearance; sickly
- pat** to stroke or tap gently with the hand
- patte** a decorative band, strap, or belt to fasten garments
- patchily** in spots, bits, or pieces
- pa(t)chouli** an East Indian shrubby mint that yields a fragrant oil
- pate** (see **paid**)
- pâte** a plastic material for pottery
- pot** a deep rounded container; a common resource or fund; marijuana (slang)
- pott** a size of paper about 13" × 16" used in printing
- patens** metal plates used for bread in the eucharistic service; thin metal disks
- patents** government grants of a monopoly right to inventors or discoverers of new processes or devices
- pattens** shoes, often with devices to elevate the foot
- Pattons** a type of tanks named after General George S. Patton
- Pater** a recital of the Lord's Prayer in any language except Latin
- pater** the socially acknowledged or legal father among some primitive people
- potter** a person who makes clayware or earthenware
- patience** a capacity to endure pain, adversity, or evil with fortitude; forbearance
- patients** sick persons awaiting treatment
- patte** (see **pat**)
- patted** (see **padded**)
- pattens** (see **patens**)
- patter** (see **padder**)
- Pattons** (see **patens**)
- patty** (see **paddy**)
- paty** (see **paddy**)

**pau** in Hawaii, completed, consumed, or finished

**pow** a sound of a blow or explosion

**pause** a temporary stop, hesitation, or respite

**paws** a quadruped's feet; touches clumsily or rudely

**paw** (see **pa**)

**pawl** (see **pall**)

**pawled** (see **palled**)

**pawn** (see **pan**)

**pawned** deposited something with another as collateral for a loan

**pond** a small body of water

**pawns** (see **pans**)

**paws** (see **pause**)

**Pax** and **pax** (see **packs**)

**Pax** a period characterized by the absence of major wars

**pax** a tablet or board decorated with a figure of Christ or a religious person

**pocks** holes or pits

**pox** a virus disease characterized by pustules or eruptions; a disease of sweet potatoes

**pay** (see **pais**)

**Paya** an Indian people of northern Honduras

**pia** the delicate and highly vascular membrane of connective tissue investing the brain and spinal cord

**pyre** a combustible heap usually of wood for burning a dead body as a funeral rite

**payed** (see **paid**)

**payment** (see **pament**)

**PC's** personal computers (by shortening)

**Pisces** the 12th sign of the zodiac; a variously limited class of vertebrates comprising all the fishes

**pe** (see **pais**)

**peace** freedom from civil clamor, confusion, and war; serenity of spirit

**piece** a fragment or part of a whole

**peaceable** tranquil, quiet, or undisturbed

**pieceable** capable of being repaired or extended

**peaced** became quiet or still

**pieced** repaired, renewed, or completed by adding component parts or pieces

**piste** a beaten track or trail made by an animal; a hard packed ski trail

**peachy** unusually fine; resembling a peach

**pichi** a small armadillo of southern South America

**peak** a sharp or pointed end; the top of a hill or mountain; to grow thin or look sickly

**peek** to look slyly or furtively; to peep

**peke** a pekingese dog

**pique** to stimulate by wounding pride, or inciting jealousy or rivalry

**peaky** pointed or sharp; having peaks; sickly

**piki** maize bread baked in thin sheets by Indians of the southwestern U.S.

**peal** to ring a bell or chime

**peel** to strip off an outer layer; to pare

**piel** an iron wedge for boring stones

**pean** an heraldic fur of gold ermine spots on a black field

**peen** the formed head of a hammer opposite the face; to flatten by hammering

**pien** the sharp edge or salient angle formed by the meeting of two surfaces

**pear** (see **pair**)

**pearl** a dense concretion of calcium carbonate formed around a small foreign particle in various mollusks

**perle** a soft gelatin capsule enclosing volatile or unpleasant tasting liquids

**purl** a type of knitting stitch

**pearler** a person who dives for the dense

- concretions that are formed in various mollusks
- purler** a worker who finishes raw edges of knitted garments with decorative stitching
- pearlite** a lamellar mixture of ferrite and cementite occurring in steel and iron
- perlite** volcanic glass with a concentric shelly structure
- peas(e)** small round edible vegetables produced by a variable annual leguminous vine
- pees** urinates
- pes** a part resembling a foot; the ground bass of a canon
- peat** partially carbonized vegetable matter
- pete** a metal box sometimes built into a wall or vault to protect valuables against fire or theft (slang)
- peavey** a stout lever equipped with a sharp spike that is used in lumbering
- peavie** a newly enlisted person in the Civilian Conservation Corps (slang)
- peckie** a semi-palmated and other small sandpipers
- pecky** tedious and intricate, requiring patience and attention to detail
- pecks** U.S. units of dry capacity equal to 537.605 cubic inches; makes holes in a material with quick movements of the beak
- pecs** pectoral muscles (slang)
- pecky** (see **peckie**)
- pecs** (see **pecks**)
- pecten** an animal's body part resembling a comb
- pectin** a colorless amorphous methylated pectic substance used as an ingredient of fruit jellies
- pectous** resembling the consistency of jelly
- pectus** a bird's breast
- pedal** a footactivated lever
- peddle** to travel about with wares for sale
- petal** a leafshaped part of a flower
- pedaler** a person who moves a part or lever with the foot
- peddler** a person who sells goods in different places
- peddle** (see **pedal**)
- peddler** (see **pedaler**)
- peek** (see **peak**)
- peeking** looking slyly or furtively; peeping
- Peking** capital of China (Beijing since 1949)
- peel** (see **peal**)
- Peelite** one of a group of 19th century British Tories supporting Peel in the repeal of the Corn Laws
- pelite** a rock composed of fine particles of clay or mud
- peen** (see **pean**)
- peened** drew, bent, or flattened by hammering with the hammer head opposite the face
- piend** a sharp edge formed by the meeting of two surfaces, as in moldings
- peepee** to urinate
- pee-pee** a call to chickens and turkeys
- pipi** a bivalve mollusk
- peer** a person of equal standing; to look intently or curiously
- pier** a structure built on piles into water as a landing place or pleasure resort
- Pierre** the capital of South Dakota
- pir** a Muslim saint or spiritual guide
- pirr** a gust of wind or a flurry
- pyr** a unit light intensity equal to .954 candles
- peerage** nobility
- pierage** the charge for using a wharf for freight handling or ship dockage
- peery** inquisitive or suspicious
- peri** a supernatural being, as a fairy or elf
- pees** (see **peas[e]**)

**peewee** a small, usually cheap marble

**pee-wee** a bluet, a delicate plant of the U.S.

**pe(e)wee** any of various small alivaceous flycatchers

**peine** (see **pain**)

**peke** (see **peak**)

**Peking** (see **peeking**)

**pekoe** a tea made from the first three leaves on the spray

**picot** one of the small ornamental loops forming the edging on ribbon or lace

**pelisse** a long cloak or coat made of, or trimmed or lined with fur

**police** a government unit concerned with maintaining public order and safety

**pelite** (see **Peelite**)

**pell-mell** (see **pall-mall**)

**pelorus** a navigational instrument resembling a mariner's compass without magnetic needles and having two sight vanes

**pylorus** the opening in a vertebrate from the stomach into the intestine

**penal** prescribing, enacting, or threatening punishment

**penile** relating to the penis

**penance** sorry or contrition for sin; repentance

**pennants** nautical flags usually tapering to a point

**pence** a former British coin representing one penny

**pents** penthouses or smaller structures joined to a building

**pencil** an implement for writing, drawing, or marking; a small narrow flag or streamer borne by a man-at-arms in late medieval or Renaissance times

**pensile** suspended from above

**pend** to be undecided or unsettled

**penned** placed in an enclosure to prevent straying; recorded in writing

**penni** a unit of value Finland equal to one hundredth markka

**penny** a cent of the United States or Canada; a trivial amount

**penetrance** the ability of a gene to express its specific effect in the organism of which it is a part

**penetrants** things that pass into or through, or are capable of doing so

**penile** (see **penal**)

**pennants** (see **penance**)

**penned** (see **pend**)

**penny** (see **penni**)

**pensile** (see **pencil**)

**pentamerous** divided into or consisting of five parts

**Pentamerus** a genus comprising Paleozoic brachiopods

**pents** (see **pence**)

**peon** (see **paean**)

**people** human beings

**pipal** a fig tree of India remarkable for its great size and longevity

**pepless** without energy or spirit

**Peplis** a genus of chiefly aquatic herbs

**peplos** a garment worn by women of ancient Greece

**per** by means of; through

**pirr** to blow with a whiz; to speed along

**purr** a cat's low vibrating murmur

**perches** bird roosts; small fresh water spiny-finned American fish

**purchase** to buy merchandise by payment of money or its equivalent; a position from which to exert power or leverage

**peri** (see **peery**)

**pericyte** (see **parasite**)

**perigon** (see **paragon**)

**peril** (see **pairle**)

**periodic** occurring at regular intervals

**periotic** situated around the ear

**periphrase** (see **paraphrase**)

**perish** (see **parish**)

**perit** (see **parrot**)

**perjury** a deliberate giving of false testimony

**purgery** the part of a sugarhouse where molasses is drained from sugar

**perle** (see **pearl**)

**perlite** (see **pearlite**)

**permeance** the reciprocal of magnetic reluctance

**permeants** animal influents ranging widely within an ecological community of which they are a part

**pern** a honey buzzard

**pirn** bobbins on which filling yarn for weaving is wound before insertion into the shuttle

**perpetuance** perpetuation or perpetuity

**perpetuants** in mathematics, a semi variant which cannot be expressed rationally in terms of other semivariants

**perry** (see **parry**)

**perse** a dark grayish blue color

**purse** a receptacle used to carry money and small objects

**pertinence** relevance

**pertinents** things belonging to an estate that pass to a new owner of the estate

**purtenance** the heart, liver, and lungs of an animal

**pervade** to spread throughout

**purveyed** obtained or supplied for use; provided

**pes** (see **pace** and **peas[e]**)

**petal** (see **pedal**)

**pete** (see **peat**)

**petrel** a sea bird

**petrol** gasoline; petroleum

**petti** a woman's underskirt that is full and often trimmed and ruffled and of decorative fabric; a half slip

**petty** minor or subordinate

**Peul** a member of a Sudanese people of African Negroid stock and Mediterranean Caucasoid admixture

**pool** a small body of water

**poule** a prostitute; the third figure of a quadrille

**pew** a long-handled hooked prong for pitching fish (also pugh)

**piu** in music, more of something

**phallaceous** (see **fallacious**)

**phanar** (see **fanner**)

**pharaoh** (see **faro**)

**phare** (see **fair**)

**pharming** (see **farming**)

**phase** (see **fays**)

**phaser** a person who introduces or carries out an activity in stages

**phasor** a vector whose angle from the polar axis to the radius vector represents a phase or phase difference

**phasis** (see **faces**)

**phasor** (see **phaser**)

**phenetic** relating to classificatory systems and procedures that are based on overall similarity without regard to the evolutionary history of the organisms involved

**phonetic** representing the sounds and other phenomena, as stress and pitch of speech

**phenology** a branch of science concerned with relationships between climate and periodic biological phenomena

**phonology** the science of speech sounds

**phenyl** (see **fennel**)

**phew** (see **few**)

**phi** (see **fie**)

**phial** (see **faille**)

**Philander** and **philander** (see **filander**)

**Philippines** (see **fillipeens**)

**Philly** (see **filly**)

**philogeny** the racial history of a specified kind of organism

**philogyny** fondness for women

**philopena** (see **Filipena**)

**philter** (see **filter**)

**phis** (see **fees**)

**phisher** (see **fisher**)

**phit** (see **fit**)

**phiz** (see **fizz**)

**phlegm** (see **Flem**)

**Phlox** or **phlox** (see **flocks**)

**phocal** (see **focal**)

**phon** (see **faun**)

**phonetic** (see **phenetic**)

**phono** (see **fono**)

**phonology** (see **phenology**)

**phoo** (see **fu**)

**phose** (see **foes**)

**phosphene** a luminous impression due to excitation of the retina of the eye by some cause other than the impingement of light rays

**phosphine** a colorless very poisonous gaseous compound that may ignite spontaneously when mixed with air or oxygen

**photogen** a light oil obtained by distilling bituminous shale, coal, or peat

**photogene** an afterimage or retinal impression

**phrase** (see **fraise**)

**phraser** (see **fraser**)

**phrator** (see **frater**)

**phratry** (see **fratry**)

**phreak** (see **freak**)

**phthalic** derived from phthalic acid

**thallic** relating to or containing thallium

**phthalin** any of a group of colorless compounds obtained by reduction of the phthaleins

**thalline** a crystalline base derived from quinoline; consisting of or constituting a plant body that is characteristic of the thallophytes

**phthiocol** a yellow crystalline quinone with vitamin K activity

**thiokol** any of a series of commercially produced polysulfide rubbers, closely related liquid polymers, or water-dispersed lattices

**phyla** (see **fila**)

**phylar** (see **filar**)

**phyllade** (see **filleted**)

**phylliform** (see **filiform**)

**phyllin** a complex magnesium derivative of a porphyrin or phorbin

**phylline** leaflike

**phylum** (see **filum**)

**physocarpous** having bladderly fruit

**Physocarpus** a genus of chiefly North American shrubs

**pi** the ratio of a circle's circumference to its diameter (3.1416); spilled or mixed type; the 16th letter of the Greek alphabet

**pie** meat or fruit baked in, on, or under dough

**pia** (see **Paya**)

**pial** related to the membranous connective tissues investing the brain and spinal cord

**pile** things heaped together; a cylinder or slender rod driven into the ground to support a vertical load

**Pica** a genus containing magpies

**pica** a typesetting unit equal to 1/6 inch

**pika** a small lagomorph mammal inhabiting rocky parts of high mountains; a cony

**piced** prodded or thrust, say at a bull with a picador's lance

**picked** selected as being the best obtainable or best for the purpose

**Pict** one of a possibly non-Celtic people once occupying Great Britain

**pitch** a West Indian shrub or small tree

**pitch** any of various black or dark-colored viscous semisolid to solid substances or residues in the distillation of tars; to throw or cast

**pichi** (see **peachy**)

**picine** of or relating to woodpeckers

**piscine** relating to or having the characteristics of fish

**picked** (see **piced**)

**pickel** an ice ax

**pickle** a brine or vinegar for preserving or corning fish, meat, or other foodstuffs

**picul** any of various weights used in China and southeast Asia

**pickerel** any of several fishes of the genus *Esox*

**picryl** the univalent radical derived from picric acid by removing the hydroxyl group

**picketer** a person posted by a labor organization at an approach to the place of work

**picqueter** a person who bunches artificial flowers

**picketty** choppy, as the sea

**pickety** fussy or hypocritical

**pickle** (see **pickel**)

**picks** chooses or selects; heavy curved metal tools with both ends pointed

**pics** photographs or motion pictures

**Picts** members of a possibly non-Celtic

people who once occupied Great Britain

**pix** photographs or motion pictures

**pyx** an ecclesiastical container holding the reserved sacrament on the altar

**picnic** an outing with food eaten in the open

**pyknic** characterized by short stature, broad girth, and powerful muscles

**picot** (see **pekoe**)

**picqueter** (see **picketer**)

**picryl** (see **pickerel**)

**pics** (see **picks**)

**Pict** (see **piced**)

**Picts** (see **picks**)

**picul** (see **pickel**)

**pie** (see **pi**)

**piece** (see **peace**)

**pieceable** (see **peaceable**)

**pieced** (see **peaced**)

**piel** (see **peal**)

**pien** (see **pean**)

**piend** (see **peened**)

**pier** (see **peer**)

**pielage** (see **peerage**)

**Pierre** (see **peer**)

**pierrot** a standard comic character of old French pantomime, usually with whitened face and loose white clothes

**Piro** a Tanoan people of Pueblo Indians in central New Mexico and the state of Chihuahua, Mexico

**pignon** the nutlike seed of the European stone pine

**pinion** the distal part of a bird's wing; to disable or restrain by binding the arms; a gear

**piñon** any of various low-growing nut pines

**pika** (see **Pica**)



**piki** (see **peaky**)

**Pila** the type genus of the family Pilidae comprising the apple and dextral snails

**pila** heavy javelins of a Roman foot soldier

**pyla** the opening from the third ventricle into the aqueduct of Sylvius in higher vertebrates

**pilaf** (see **Palau**)

**pilaf** rice cooked in stock and usually combined with meat and vegetables

**pillow** a head support while resting or sleeping

**pilar** hairy

**piler** a person that heaps things up

**pylar** of or relating to an opening on either side from the cavity of the optic lobe

**pile** (see **pial**)

**pileous** hairy

**pileus** an umbrella-shaped upper cap of many fungi; a cloud resembling a cap that sometimes appears above and partially obscures the bulging top of a cumulus cloud

**piler** (see **pilar**)

**pileus** (see **pileous**)

**piley** having a strong development of hair

**pily** divided into a wedge-shaped heraldic charge

**piline** hairy

**pylon** a tower for supporting either end of a wire

**pillary** resembling or formed into a pillar

**pillory** a means by which to expose or hold up a person to public ridicule

**pillow** (see **pilaf**)

**pily** (see **piley**)

**pimento** the wood of the allspice tree; a vivid red color

**pimiento** a thick-fleshed sweet pepper

used as a stuffing for olives and as a source of paprika

**pincer** one of the central incisors of a horse or other equine

**pincher** one that presses hard between the ends of the finger and thumb

**pinion** (see **pignon**)

**pinkie** a rabbit bandicoot

**pinky** tinged with pink color

**pinnulate** having one or more secondary branches of a plumelike organ

**pinulate** being or having the form of a pentact sponge spicule

**piñon** (see **pignon**)

**pintoes** toes that turn inward

**pintos** chronic skin diseases endemic in tropical America

**pinulate** (see **pinnulate**)

**pipal** (see **people**)

**pipi** (see **peepee**)

**pique** (see **peak**)

**piqué** a durable ribbed cotton, rayon, or silk clothing fabric; inlaid, as a knife handle; a ballet movement; a glove seam

**piquet** a twohanded card game

**pir** (see **peer**)

**pirn** (see **pern**)

**Piro** (see **pierrot**)

**pirr** (see **peer** and **per**)

**piscan** of or relating to fishes

**piskun** a steep cliff used by American Indians for driving buffalo to their slaughter

**Pisces** (see **PC's**)

**piscine** (see **picine**)

**pishpash** an India rice broth containing bits of meat

**pishposh** nonsense



**piskun** (see **piscan**)

**piste** (see **peaced**)

**pistil** a seed plant's ovulebearing organ

**pistol** a short firearm fired with one hand, as a revolver

**pitch** (see **pich**)

**pitchi** a large shallow elongated wooden receptacle much used by Australian aborigines as a container for food and drink

**pitchy** coated, smeared, or sticky with pitch

**pitiless** without mercy or compassion

**Pitylus** a genus of Central and South American grosbeak birds

**piu** (see **pew**)

**pix** (see **picks**)

**place** a space or area; a specific portion of a surface; to put into, set, or position

**plaice** a European flounder fish

**plack** a small billon coin of Scotland

**plaque** a film of mucus harboring bacteria on a tooth; an inscribed usually metal tablet placed on a building or post

**plaice** (see **place**)

**plain** unadorned or simple; an extensive area of level or rolling countryside

**plane** to make smooth or even; a tree of the genus *Platanus*; to soar on wings or skim across water

**plainer** more unadorned or simpler

**planar** having a flat two-dimensional quality

**planer** a power tool for surfacing wood

**plaining** the process of freeing molten glass of bubbles usually with the addition of certain chemical agents

**planing** making smooth or even

**Plains** of or belonging to North American Indians of the Great Plains or to their culture

**plains** extensive areas of level or rolling countryside

**planes** makes smooth or even; soars on

wings or skims across water; trees of the genus *Platanus*

**plainsman** an inhabitant of an extensive area of relatively flat land

**planesman** a person who operates the bow and/or stern horizontal rudders on a submarine

**plait** to interweave strands of yarn, fabric, or locks of hair

**plat** a detailed map of an area; a small tract of land

**Platt** a colloquial language of northern Germany comprising several Low German dialects

**Platte** a major river flowing through central Nebraska

**platte** a resistant knob of rock in a glacial valley or rising in the midst of a glacier

**plait** to interweave strands of yarn, fabric, or locks of hair

**plate** a piece of domestic hollowware, as a dish; a flat sheet or metal

**Platt** a colloquial language of northern Germany comprising several Low German dialects

**played** engaged in recreational activity or frolicked

**plait** a braid of hair or straw

**pleat** a fold of cloth

**plaiter** a person or machine that interweaves strands of yarn, fabric, or locks of hair

**plater** a worker that plates metal objects with gold or silver; an inferior race horse

**plaiter** a person or machine that interweaves strands of yarn, fabric, or locks of hair

**platter** a large shallow plate; a phonograph record

**planar** (see **plainer**)

**plane** (see **plain**)

**planer** (see **plainer**)

**planes** (see **Plains**)

**planesman** (see **plainsman**)

**planing** (see **plaining**)

**planter** related to the sole of the foot

**planter** a person who cultivates plants; a container in which plants are grown; a farmer

**plaque** (see **plack**)

**plastic** pliable, pliant, or adaptable

**plastique** a technique of statuesque posing in dancing

**plat** (see **plait**)

**platan** a tree of the genus *Platanus*

**platen** a flat plate usually designed to press against something, as in a printing press

**platten** to flatten and make into sheets or plates of glass

**plate** (see **plait**)

**platen** (see **platan**)

**plater** (see **plaiter**)

**Platt** (see both **plait** entries)

**Platte** and **platte** (see **plait**)

**platten** (see **platan**)

**platter** (see **plaiter**)

**played** (see **plait**)

**play-right** an author's proprietary right of performance of a musical or dramatic composition

**playwrite** a person who writes plays

**pleader** an intercessor; a person who conducts pleas, especially in court

**pleater** a person that makes pleats in cloth, paper, or other material

**pleas** appeals or petitions

**please** a word to express politeness in a request; to give delight, satisfaction, or pleasure

**pleat** (see **plait**)

**pleater** (see **pleader**)

**pleural** related to sides of the thorax

**plural** more than one

**plurel** the aggregate resulting from categorizing or statistical analysis

**pliers** a small pincers with roughened jaws for holding objects or cutting wire

**plyers** a balance or timbers used in operating a drawbridge; persons working diligently or steadily

**plodder** a person who proceeds or works slowly, steadily, or unimaginatively

**plotter** a person or device that marks on a map or display board the positions of airplanes or ships in transit; a schemer

**plots** conspiracies or intrigues; small areas of ground

**plotz** to collapse or faint from surprise, excitement, or exhaustion (slang)

**plotter** (see **plodder**)

**plotz** (see **plots**)

**plum** a tree and shrub that bear globular smoothskinned fruit

**plumb** a small weight attached to a line to indicate vertical direction

**plumber** a person who installs and maintains piping and fixtures

**plummer** a block of material serving as a bearing plate

**plumbing** a natural or artificial system of tubes, conduits, or channels

**plumming** degradation of a silver photographic image

**plummer** (see **plumber**)

**plumming** (see **plumbing**)

**plural** (see **pleural**)

**plurel** (see **pleural**)

**pluripotence** in heraldry, having several flat bars across the ends of the arms in a cross

**pluripotents** in heraldry, having several rows of interlocking upright and inverted shortstemmed Tshaped panes

**plyers** (see **pliers**)

**pneuma** (see **neuma**)

**pneumatic** (see **neumatic**)

**pneumatics** spiritual beings held by Gnostics as belonging to the highest of the three classes into which mankind is divided; a branch of mechanics that deals with the mechanical properties of gases

**pneumatiques** letters or messages transmitted by compressed air dispatch

**pneumatophorous** having the characteristics of a submerged or exposed root that often functions as a respiratory organ of a swamp or marsh plant

**Pneumatophorus** a genus of small warm-water mackerels

**pneumonic** (see **mnemonic**)

**Pnyx** (see **nicks**)

**Po** the longest and largest river in Italy

**poh** an expression of contempt

**poak** waste (consisting of hair, lime, and oil) that arises from the preparation of skins

**poke** a quick thrust, jab, or dig

**poque** ground cone, a parasite on the roots of alder

**pocks** (see **Pax**)

**podded** assembled in a protective envelope

**potted** preserved in a closed jar, can, or container; drunk or inebriated

**poe** a predominantly glossy black New Zealand honeyeater, also called the parson bird

**poi** an Hawaiian food made of cooked and pounded taro root

**poem** a composition in verse form

**pome** a fleshy fruit (as an apple) with a central core of usually five seeds

**pomme** in heraldry, a rounded vert

**pogey** a package of food, candy, or other treats

**pogye** menhadden, a marine fish of the

family *Clupeidae*; black perch, a common surf fish of the Pacific coast

**poh** (see **Po**)

**poi** (see **poe**)

**pois** Hawaiian food made of taro roots

**poise** easy composure of manner marked especially by assurance and gracious dignity

**poke** (see **poak**)

**pokey** a jail; annoyingly slow

**pokie** type of vitreous ware playing marble

**poky** spooky, scary, or eerie

**pol** (see **pall**)

**polar** related to one of the Earth's poles; diametrically opposite in nature or action

**poler** a person who propels a boat with a long staff or rod

**poller** a person who lops or trims trees; a person who asks questions in a poll or canvass

**Pole** a native or inhabitant of Poland

**pole** a long slender cylindrical piece of wood or metal

**poll** a voting at an election; to cut off the head, horns, or treetops

**poler** (see **polar**)

**police** (see **pelisse**)

**policies** definite courses or methods of action selected from among alternatives

**pollices** thumbs, or the inner most digit of forelimbs

**poling** a process used in refining some metals such as copper

**polling** casting ballots at an election

**politic** expedient or judicious; sagacious in devising or promoting a policy

**politick** to engage in political discussion or activity

**poll** (see **pall** and **Pole**)

**pollan** a whitefish of the Irish lakes

**pollen** microscopes in a seed plant

**poller** (see **polar**)

**pollices** (see **policies**)

**polling** (see **poling**)

**pollster** a person who conducts or asks questions in a poll or canvas

**polster** a cushion plant

**polly** (see **pallae**)

**polster** (see **pollster**)

**poly** (see **pallae**)

**polydactylous** having more than the normal number of toes or fingers

**Polydactylus** a genus of fishes found in warm seas

**polygenist** a person who accepts the doctrine that existing human races have evolved from two or more distinct ancestral types

**polygynist** a person that practices or advocates having more than one wife or female mate at one time

**polygenous** consisting of or containing many kinds of elements

**polygynous** having many pistils

**polygynist** (see **polygenist**)

**polygynous** (see **polygenous**)

**polymathy** the character or attainments of encyclopedic learning

**polymythy** the inclusion of several stories or plots in one narrative or dramatic work

**polypous** relating to or characteristic of a polyp

**Polypus** a genus of octopuses

**pom** (see **palm**)

**pomace** a substance resulting from crushing by grinding

**pumice** a porous powdered volcanic stone used for smoothing and polishing

**pummice** the head and entrails of a sheep or other animal

**pome** (see **poem**)

**pomme** (see **palm** or **poem**)

**pommée** a cross having the end of each arm terminating in a ball or disk

**pommy** an English immigrant recently arrived in Australia

**pommel** an ornamental terminal knob, as a saddle horn; a removable handle on a gymnastic horse

**pummel** to thump or pound

**pommy** (see **pommée**)

**pompous** (see **pampas**)

**pon** (see **pan**)

**pon** upon (by shortening)

**pun** a play on words

**pond** (see **pawnd**)

**ponds** small bodies of water

**pons** a broad mass of transverse nerve fibers

**pone** a player on the dealer's right who cuts the cards

**pony** a small horse; a translation used as an aid in learning a language

**pons** (see **pans** and **ponds**)

**pontil** a solid metal rod used for fashioning hot glass

**pontile** appropriate for a bridge

**pony** (see **pone**)

**poof** an expression of disdain, disapproval, or contempt

**pouf** something inflated or insubstantial, as clothing or furniture accessories

**pooh** an expression of contempt, disapproval, or impatience

**pugh** an interjection used to express disgust or disdain

**pooka** a mischievous or malignant goblin specter in Irish folklore

**puka** a hole or tunnel, in Hawaii; either of two New Zealand trees that are sometimes epiphytic

**pool** (see **Peul**)

**pooli** a tropical African timber tree

**pooly** swampy; having many pools

**poo-poo** excrement or feces

**pupu** any hot or cold usually bite-size

Polynesian-Hawaiian appetizer

**poor** lacking material possessions, destitute, or needy

**pore** to look searchingly; a minute opening on an animal or vegetable

**pour** to diffuse, discharge, or decant

**poort** a pass between or across mountains

**port** a place where ships may ride secure from storms; a harbor or haven

**Porte** formerly the Ottoman court; the government of the Turkish Empire

**pop** (see **pape**)

**popery** Roman Catholicism, especially its government and forms of worship

**potpourri** a general mixture of often disparate or unrelated materials or subject matter

**populace** the total number of people; the common people

**populous** numerous; filled to capacity; popular

**Populus** a genus of trees native to the Northern Hemisphere

**poque** (see **poak**)

**pore** (see **poor**)

**porous** full of holes; capable of absorbing moisture or permeable to liquids

**porus** a pit on an insect's body connected with its sense organs

**porphyrin** any of a group of reddish brown to purplish black metal-free usually octa-substituted derivatives of porphyrin

**porphyrine** an alkaloid obtained as a bitter amorphous powder from Australian fever bark

**port** (see **poort**)

**Porte** (see **poort**)

**porus** (see **porous**)

**positivest** most positive

**positivist** an adherent of the philosophy of positivism

**posthole** nothing, empty space, or a nonexistent item (slang)

**post-hole** to walk in snow, sinking deeply with each step

**postiche** (see **pastiche**)

**pot** (see **pâte**)

**potence** a supporting watchwork bracket; the integrated dominance effect of a group of polygenes

**potents** in heraldry, rows of interlocking upright and inverted short-stemmed T-shaped panes

**potpourri** (see **popery**)

**pott** (see **pâte**)

**potted** (see **podded**)

**potter** (see **Pater**)

**pouf** (see **poof**)

**poule** (see **Peul**)

**pour** (see **poor**)

**pouter** a person that sulks; a domestic pigeon that is characterized by long legs, slender body, erect carriage, and remarkably distensible crop

**powder** dry pulverized earth or disintegrated matter

**pow** (see **pau**)

**powder** (see **pouter**)

**pox** (see **Pax**)

**praise** to commend, applaud, glorify, or laud

**prase** greenish chalcedony

**prays** entreats or implores

**preys** makes raids for booty or food

**praiss** a fluid extract of tobacco

**press** to squeeze or crowd

**pram** a small lightweight nearly flatbottomed boat usually with a squared-off bow

**prom** a formal dance given by a high school or college class

**prase** (see **praise**)

**prau** one of several usually undecked Indonesian boats propelled by sails, oars, or paddles

**pro** the bow of a ship

**prayed** (see **parade**)

**prayer** a person who prays; a supplicant

**preyer** a person, animal, organism that hunts and preys on others

**prays** (see **praise**)

**preaccept** to take or suggest taking without protest prior to the actual occurrence

**preexcept** to omit something prior to another event

**preaffect** to influence or make an impression on beforehand or in preparation of another event

**preeffect** to cause to come into being or accomplish prior to another occurrence

**precedential** having the force or character of a precedent

**presidential** related to a president

**precession** a comparatively slow gyration of the rotation axis of a spinning body about another line intersecting it so as to describe a cone

**pre session** occurring before a session of a legislative body, committee, or group

**precipitance** headlong haste

**precipitants** agents that cause the formation of a precipitate

**precision** exactness or definiteness

**precission** the act of detaching for purposes of thought

**preeffect** (see **preaffect**)

**preexcept** (see **preaccept**)

**premier** a prime minister; the first in importance or rank; a bluishwhite diamond

**premiere** a first performance or exhibition

**preon** any of various hypothetical constituents of a quark or a lepton that determines its particular character

**prion** an infectious agent about 100 times smaller than a normal virus

**precission** (see **precision**)

**presence** a state of being in one place and not elsewhere

**presents** donations or gifts

**pre session** (see **precession**)

**presidential** (see **precedential**)

**press** (see **prais**)

**pressed** crowded, forced, or squeezed

**prest** a duty formerly paid by a sheriff on his/her account into the exchequer

**presser** a person or device that shapes, molds, or irons items

**pressor** involving or producing an increase in blood pressure

**prest** (see **pressed**)

**pre vision** foresight or foreknowledge

**provision** a stipulation made in advance

**preyed** (see **parade**)

**preyer** (see **prayer**)

**preys** (see **praise**)

**pride** a sense of one's worth or self-esteem; a group of lions

**pried** peered curiously; moved or opened with a lever

**prier** a person who peers curiously; an inquisitive person

**prior** earlier in time or order; the rank below an abbot in a monastery

**pries** moves or opens with a lever

**prize** something offered or striven for in a contest or competition

**primer** an elementary instruction book

**primmer** more formal in manner or appearance; neater or trimmer

**prince** a male member of a royal family

**prints** makes an impression or mark on; copies of paintings or photographs

**principal** the most important or salient; main; a person who has a leading position, as in a school

**principle** a general or fundamental truth, law, doctrine, or assumption

**prints** (see **prince**)

**prion** (see **preon**)

**prior** (see **prier**)

**prize** (see **pries**)

**procellas** a glass manufacturing tool for imparting a characteristic shape to an object as it is rotated by the punty

**procellous** stormy

**profit** the excess of returns over expenditures; net income (revenues and gains less expenses and losses)

**Prophet** the accredited leader of a religious group, as the Mormons or Muhammad, the founder of Islam

**prophet** a person gifted with extraordinary spiritual and moral insight; a spiritual seer

**projiciance** reference of a perceived quality or modification of consciousness to an external reality

**projicients** persons who project or thrust forward

**prom** (see **pram**)

**prominence** the quality of being notable or eminent

**prominents** moths of the family Notodontidae

**proon** to breed

**prune** to cut down or reduce; a plum

**proper** appropriate; in accord with established traditions and feelings of rightness

**propper** a person or device that prevents something from falling or collapsing; a supporter

**Prophet** and **prophet** (see **profit**)

**propodeum** a part of the thorax of a hymenopteran

**propodium** the sixth or penultimate leg joint of a crustacean

**propper** (see **proper**)

**pros** arguments favoring a position or argument; affirmative sides of a question or position; professionals (by shortening)

**prose** a literary medium distinguished from poetry; a language intended primarily to give information or communicate ideas

**prosar** a service book in the Roman Catholic church of sequences, hymns, or rhythms

**proser** a person who talks or writes tediously; a writer of prose

**prose** (see **pros**)

**proser** (see **prosar**)

**protean** exceedingly variable; capable of change

**protein** a natural complex combination of amino acids

**proud** having or displaying inordinate self-esteem

**prowed** having a bow, stem, or beak

**Provençal** relating to Provence, a region of southeastern France

**provençale** cooked with garlic, olive oil, onion, mushrooms, and herbs

**provision** (see **prevision**)

**prow** (see **prau**)

**prowed** (see **proud**)

**prune** (see **proon**)

**prunell** a milled cashmere

**prunelle** a small yellow dried plum



**Psalter** the Psalms as printed in the Book of Common Prayer

**psalter** a translation or version of the Psalms

**salter** a person that manufactures or deals in sodium chloride; a person or device that applies salt

**psaltery** an ancient and medieval stringed musical instrument that is played by plucking its stretched strings

**saltery** an establishment in which fish are salted for market

**psammite** sandstone

**samite** a rich medieval fabric of silk interwoven sometimes with gold or silver threads

**psephite** a coarse fragmental rock composed of rounded pebbles

**psephyte** a lake bottom deposit consisting mainly of coarse, fibrous plant remains

**pseud** a person of fatuously earnest intellectual, artistic, or social pretensions

**sued** brought action against or prosecuted judicially

**pshaw** an expression of disapproval or disbelief

**sha** the urial, a wild sheep of the uplands of southern and central Asia

**Shah** a sovereign of Iran

**psicose** a syrupy ketohexose sugar in the unfermentable residue of cane molasses

**psychos** persons with emotional disorders

**psion** (see **Cyon**)

**psis** (see **cees**)

**psis** plural of the 23rd letter of the Greek alphabet

**scyces** armhold shapes or outlines

**sighs** expresses weariness, relief, or grief

**size** the area, magnitude, or volume of something

**xis** plural of the 14th letter of the Greek alphabet

**psittaceous** like a parrot

**setaceous** consisting of or resembling bristles

**psora** a chronic skin disease characterized by circumscribed red patches covered with white scales

**sora** a small short-billed North American rail

**psoriasis** a chronic skin disease characterized by circumscribed red patches covered with white scales

**siriasis** sunstroke

**psorosis** (see **cirrhosis**)

**psorous** pertaining to or affected by the itching disease (psora) of the skin

**sorus** a cluster of reproductive bodies or spores on a lower plant, such as ferns

**psych** (see **cyke**)

**psychal** (see **cycle**)

**psychos** (see **psicose**)

**psychosis** a profound disorganization of the mind, personality, or behavior

**sycosis** a chronic inflammatory disease of hair follicles, especially of the bearded part of the face

**Psylla** a genus of jumping plant lice

**psylla** any insect of the family Psyllidae

**Scilla** a large genus of Old World bulbous herbs comprising the squills

**scilla** any plant, bulb, or flower of the genus Scilla

**Scylla** a destructive peril

**Psyllia** (see **cilia**)

**psyllium** (see **cilium**)

**Ptelea** a small genus of North American shrubs or small trees including the hop tree

**telea** aggregations of teliospores, often stalked

**ptere** a wing-like organ or part, especially in sponges

**tear** a drop of fluid secreted by the lacrimal gland near the eye



**tier** a row, rank, or layer of articles  
**Tyr** the Norse god of war and son of Odin  
**Tyre** principal maritime city of ancient Phoenicia

**pteric** relating to or resembling a wing  
**terek** a sandpiper of the Old World

**Pteris** a genus of coarse ferns  
**teras** a grossly abnormal organism  
**terrace** a raised embankment with a leveled top; a gallery or portico

**pterocarpous** having winged fruit  
**Pterocarpus** a genus of tropical flowers  
**pteron** a side (as of a temple) in classical architecture  
**Teh(e)ran** the capital of Iran

**ptisan** a decoction of barley with other ingredients  
**tisane** an infusion of dried leaves or flowers that is used as a beverage or for mild medicinal benefits

**pudding** boiled or baked soft food with the consistency of custard or thick cream

**putting** placing in a specified position

**puddy** short and plump; chubby or squat  
**puttee** a leg covering from the ankle to the knee  
**putty** a pliable cement for fastening glass in sashes

**puer** a dog dung mixture used in tanning hides and skins  
**pure** free from admixture; containing no added substance

**puerer** a tannery worker who treats hides to remove lime that was used for unhairing  
**purer** freer from admixture

**pugh** (see **pooh**)

**puisne** in law, of a subsequent date or later; junior or subordinate  
**puny** weak, insignificant, or sickly

**puka** (see **pooka**)

**puli** an Hungarian breed of intelligent vigorous medium-sized farm dog  
**pulley** a mechanical device for lifting a heavy weight

**pumice** (see **pomace**)

**pummel** (see **pommel**)

**pummice** (see **pomace**)

**pun** (see **pon**)

**pundit** (see **pandit**)

**punkie** a biting dipterous insect of the family Ceratopogonidae  
**punky** decayed, soft, or unsound wood

**puny** (see **puisne**)

**pupal** related to the pupa stage in an insect's life cycle

**pupil** a student; the contractile aperture in the eye's iris

**pupu** (see **poopoo**)

**purchase** (see **perches**)

**pure** (see **puer**)

**puer** (see **puerer**)

**purgery** (see **perjury**)

**puri** a light fried wheatcake of India  
**purie** a transparent clear or colored glass marble without inclusions  
**purree** an Indian yellow color

**purl** (see **pearl**)

**purler** (see **pearler**)

**purr** (see **per**)

**purree** (see **puri**)

**purree** an Indian yellow color  
**purry** like a low vibratory murmur of a cat

**purse** (see **perse**)

**purtenance** (see **pertinence**)

**purveyed** (see **pervade**)

**put** a blockhead or dolt

**putt** a golf stroke made on or near a putting green

**puts** sets, lays, or places in a specific position

**putz** a decoration built around a representation of the Nativity scene; a crèche

**putt** (see **put**)

**puttee** (see **puddy**)

**putting** (see **pudding**)

**putty** (see **puddy**)

**putz** (see **puts**)

**pyknic** (see **picnic**)

**pyla** (see **Pila**)

**pylar** (see **pilar**)

**pylon** (see **piline**)

**pylorus** (see **pelorus**)

**pyr** (see **peer**)

**pyr** a unit of light intensity equal to .954 candles

**pyre** a combustible heap usually of wood for burning a dead body as a funeral rite

**pyre** (see **Paya**)

**pyric** resulting from or associated with burning

**Pyrrhic** relating to or resembling that of Pyrrhus, king of Epirus

**pyrrhic** an ancient Greek martial dance; a foot in prosody consisting of two short or unaccented syllables

**pyrrole** (see **parol**)

**pyx** (see **picks**)

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## Group I

**palmar** - palmer  
**panfried** - pan-fried  
**pappous** - pappus  
**pediculous** - **Pediculus** - **pediculus**  
**pedipalous** - **pedipalpus**

**penitence** - penitents  
**pentine** - pentyne  
**percipience** - percipients  
**perivitellin** - perivitelline  
**permanence** - permanents  
**petit** - petty  
**petulance** - petulants  
**phaser** - phasor  
**phosphorescence** - phosphorescents  
**phosphorous** - phosphorus  
**phylostomous** - phylostomus  
**pilous** - pilus  
**pincer** - pincher  
**planar** - planer  
**pledger** - pledgor  
**plumae** - plumy  
**policlinic** - polyclinic  
**pollenize** - pollinize  
**polyvalence** - polyvalents  
**porcelainous** - porcelanous  
**postulance** - postulants  
**preadolescence** - preadolescents  
**precedence** - precedents  
**precisian** - precision  
**predominance** - predominant  
**presidence** - presidents  
**prevalence** - prevalents  
**prodromous** - prodromus  
**proestrous** - proestrus  
**profluence** - profluents  
**protégé** - protégée  
**ptisan** - tisane  
**pungence** - pungents  
**pursuance** - pursuants  
**pyruvil** - pyruvyl

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## Group I and II

**paracardiac** 'parə+  
**pericardiac** 'perə+  
**parahepatitis** 'parə+  
**perihepatitis** 'perə+  
**paramastitis** 'parə+  
**perimastitis** 'perə+  
**parametrium** 'parə+  
**perimetrium** 'perə+

**paraneural** 'parə+  
**perineural** 'perə+  
**paraoral** 'parə+  
**perioral** 'perə+  
**pignon** 'pēn,yän  
**pinon** 'pēn,yōn  
**poser** 'pōzər  
**poseur** pō'zər  
**princes** 'prinsəz  
**princess** 'prinsəs  
**promiser** 'präməsər  
**promisor** 'prämə,sər

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## Group II

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**paean** 'pēən  
**pion** 'pi,än  
**pacifist** 'pasə,fəst  
**passivist** 'pasə,vəst  
**palea** 'pālēə  
**pallia** 'palēə  
**pall** 'pəl  
**pol** 'päl  
**papa** 'päpə  
**pawpaw** pə'pə  
**paragraph** 'perə,graf  
**perigraph** 'peri,graf  
**parotid** pə'rätəd  
**parroted** 'parətəd  
**pase** 'pä,sä  
**passee** pa'sä or 'päs  
**pastoral** 'pastərəl  
**pastorale** ,pastə'räl  
**pastourelle** ,pastə'rel  
**pastural** 'paschərəl  
**pau** 'paü  
**pa'u** 'pä,ü  
**pauper** 'pópər  
**popper** 'pápər

**pavilion** pə'vilyən  
**pavillon** 'pävē,yōn  
**pawed** 'pód  
**pod** 'päd  
**pearlish** 'pərlēsh  
**perlèche** 'per,lesh  
**peeking** 'pēkiŋ  
**Peking** 'pē,kiŋ  
**pekan** 'pekən  
**Pekin** 'pē,kin  
**penal** 'pēnəl  
**pennal** 'penəl  
**pinal** pē'näl  
**perilless** 'perəlləs  
**perilous** 'perələs  
**periodic** :pirē:ädik  
**periotic** :perē:ädik  
**pew** 'pyü  
**phew** 'fyü  
**phenol** 'fē,nöl  
**phenyl** 'fēnəl  
**physic** 'fizək  
**physique** fə'zək  
**physiogeny** 'fizējənē  
**physiogyony** ,fizē'ägənē  
**picarel** ,pikə'rel  
**pickerel** 'pikərəl  
**picker** 'pikər  
**piqueur** pē'kər  
**picture** 'pikchər  
**pitcher** 'pichər  
**pillory** 'pilərə  
**pilori** pə'lərə  
**pincher** 'pinchər  
**pinscher** 'pinshər  
**pinnae** 'pi,nē  
**pinny** 'pinē  
**pi(c)quet** pē'kə  
**piquette** pē'ket

**Piro** 'pɪrō  
**pyro** 'pɪrō

**pisciform** 'pɪsə.fɔrm  
**pisiform** 'pɪsə.fɔrm

**pistol** 'pɪstəl  
**pistole** pə'stɔl

**placate** 'plɑ.kət  
**placket** 'plækət  
**plakat** plə'kɑt  
**plaque** 'plɑ.ket

**plaintiff** 'plɑntɪf  
**plaintive** 'plɑntɪv

**planchet** 'plɑnʃət  
**planchette** plɑn'shet

**plastic** 'plɑstɪk or 'plɑstɪk  
**plastique** plɑ'stɪk

**Polacks** 'pɔ.læks  
**pollacks** 'pɔ.læks  
**pollex** 'pɔ.leks

**pooch** 'pʊtʃ  
**putsch** 'pʊtʃ

**posit** 'pɔzət  
**posset** 'pɔsət

**poulette** 'pʊ:let  
**pullet** 'pʊlət

**precent** prɛ'sent  
**present** prɛ'zent

**Precis** 'prɛsəs  
**precise** prɛ'sɪs

**precisian** prɛ'sɪzən  
**precision** prɛ'sɪzən

**premonition** ,prɛmən'ɪnɪʃən  
**premuniton** ,prɛmɪə'ɪnɪʃən

**promoter** prə'mɔdər  
**promotor** prɔ'mɔdər

**psammon** 'sɑ.mən  
**salmon** 'sɑmən

**pulley** 'pʊlə  
**pulli** 'pə,lɪ

**puree** pyu're  
**purey** 'pyu're  
**puri** 'pʊrɪ  
**purree** 'pʊrɪ

**putti** 'pʊtɪ  
**putty** 'pʊdɪ

**putto** 'pʊdɪ  
**puttoo** 'pʊtʊ

**pyrite** 'pɪ,rɪt  
**pyrrhite** 'pɪ,rɪt

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## Q

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**Qatar** (see **catarrh**)

**qre** (see **Cree**)

**qua** (see **cay** and **Kwa**)

**quack** (see **couac**)

**quad** a block of type metal; a quadrangle on a college campus

**quod** a prison (slang)

**quadrat** a game in which printer's quads are thrown like dice; a small usually rec-

tangular plot laid off for the study of vegetation or animals

**quadrate** relating to a bony or cartilaginous element of each side of the skull

**quaff** (see **coif**)

**quai** (see **cay**)

**quaich** (see **kweek**)

**quaily** an upland plover

**quale** a feeling having its own particular

quality without meaning or external reference

**quake** (see **kweek**)

**quale** (see **quaily**)

**qualmish** affected by scruples, compunction, or conscience

**quamish** a plant of the genus *Camassia* of the western U.S.

**quarl(e)** a large brick or tile

**quarrel** a dispute, conflict, or altercation; to argue

**quart** (see **cart**)

**quartan** recurring at approximately 72-hour intervals, as chills and fever of malaria

**quartern** a fourth part of various units of measure

**quarte** (see **cart**)

**quarten** (see **quartan**)

**quatre** (see **cotter**)

**quarts** U.S. liquid measures equal to two pints or ¼ gallon

**quartz** a mineral consisting of silicon dioxide

**quashee** any negro

**quashy** wet or swampy, as land

**quay** (see the first two **cay** entries)

**quayed** (see **cade**)

**qubit** (see **cubit**)

**'que** (see **cu**)

**quean** a prostitute

**queen** a female monarch; a king's wife; the most privileged chess piece

**queer** (see **cuir**)

**queerest** strangest, most curious, most eccentric, or most unconventional

**querist** a person who inquires or asks questions

**query** (see **cuirie** or **Kweri**)

**quester** a person that makes a search or goes in pursuit of something or someone

**questor** an agent of a pope or bishop charged with collecting alms

**quetch** to break silence or utter a sound

**quetsch** a dry white Alsatian brandy distilled from fermented plum juice

**quête** (see **Ket**)

**queue** (see **cu**)

**quiche** (see **keesh**)

**quickset** a single slip or cutting of a plant

**quick-set** a rapid-setting material

**quidder** a horse that drops chewed food from the mouth due to an inability to swallow

**quitter** a person who gives up, admits defeat, or stops trying; a coward

**quittor** a pus-filled inflammation of the feet of horses

**quila** (see **chela**)

**quince** a fruit of a widely cultivated central Asiatic tree

**quints** sequences of five playing cards of the same suit; quintuplets (by shortening)

**quint** (see **cant**)

**quintain** an object to be tilted in a sport during the middle ages

**quintan** occurring as the fifth after four others

**quintin** a kind of fine, sheer, plain-woven linen

**quintal** a metric unit equal to 100 kilograms

**quintile** any of the four values that divides the items of a frequency distribution into five classes each containing one-fifth of the total number of items

**quintan** (see **quintain**)

**quinte** (see **cant**)

**quintile** (see **quintal**)

**Quintillian** one of a party of Montanists of the 2nd century A.D.

**quintillion** a number  $10^{30}$

**quintin** (see **quintain**)

**quints** (see **quince**)

**quire** (see **choir**)

**quis** (see **cuisse**)

**quite** to a considerable extent; rather; positively

**quyte** a triplet of adjacent nucleotides that is part of the genetic code (also codon)

**quitter** (see **quidder**)

**quittor** (see **quidder**)

**quod** (see **quad**)

**quoin** (see **coign**)

**quotaed** divided or fixed by a proportional part or share

**quoted** spoke or wrote from another's work verbatim and with due acknowledgment

**quyte** (see **quite**)

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## Group I

**quercin** - **quercine**

**quiescence** - **quiescents**

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## Group II

**quadrans** 'kwā.dranz

**quadrants** 'kwādrənz

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# R

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**Ra** the great sun god and principal deity of historical Egypt

**ra** a music syllable in the sol-fa sequence

**rah** to cheer or express joy, approbation, or encouragement

**rath** a circular earthwork serving as a stronghold for an ancient Irish chief

**raab** a plant with slightly bitter dark green leaves, and clustered edible flower-buds (also called broccali **ra[a]b**)

**rob** to take something away from by force

**raad** an electric catfish; a legislative assembly in a South African Boer republic prior to British administration

**rahed** cheered or expressed joy or encouragement

**rathed** a hill residence that has been fortified with an earthen wall

**rod** a slender pole for fishing, measuring, hanging, or lightning protection

**rodd** a crossbow for shooting stones

**rabat** a polishing material made from potter's clay

**rabbet** a channel or groove cut from the edge of material

**rabbit** a small grayish brown mammal related to hares

**rabot** a hardwood block used for rubbing marble before polishing

**rabban** a Jewish title or honor higher than a rabbi and given to heads of the Sanhedrin

**Rabbin** a scholar who developed the Talmudic basis of orthodox Judaism

**rabbīn** a Jew qualified by study of the Jewish civil and religious law forming the halakah to expound and apply it

**rabbet** (see **rabat**)

**Rabbin** and **rabbīn** (see **rabban**)

**rabbit** (see **rabat**)

**rabot** (see **rabat**)

**race** a speed contest; descendants of a common ancestor

**reis** monetary units in Portugal before 1911, and in Brazil before 1942

**res** in law, a particular thing

**rack** a frame on which articles are placed; a pair of antlers; a device for inflicting pain by pulling or straining

**wrack** to wreck beyond repair; a piece of wreckage

**racket** a confusing clattering noise; a light bat used in tennis and badminton

**rackett** a bass instrument of the oboe family

**racquet** a grayish brown to grayish yellowish brown color

**raddle** to interweave; a red ocher; to color with rouge

**rattle** a rapid succession of sharp clattering sounds; a noisemaker

**radiance** a deep pink color; vivid brightness; splendor

**radiants** organisms that have reached their present geographical location as a result of dispersal from a primary place of origin

**radical** the considerable departure from the usual or traditional; a fundamental constituent of chemical compounds

**radicle** the lower portion of the axis of a plant embryo or seedling

**radish** the pungent fleshy root of a plant

**rattish** resembling or having characteristics of a rat

**raffes** usually triangular topsails set above square lower sails

**raffs** coarse, disreputable persons

**rafts** collections of logs or timber fastened together for transportation by floating

**raggee** an East Indian cereal grass from whose seeds is ground a somewhat bitter flour that is an Oriental staple food

**raggy** rough or ragged

**rah** (see **Ra**)

**rah** to cheer or express joy, approbation, or encouragement

**raw** being in or nearly in the natural state

**rahed** (see **raad**)

**raid** a hostile or predatory incursion

**rayed** having lines that appear to radiate from a bright object

**raider** a person involved in hostile incursions; a fast unarmored lightly armed ship for capturing or destroying merchant ships

**rater** a person who scores (examination papers) or estimates (premiums on property insurance)

**rail** a long piece of wood, metal, or other material used as a structural member or support; a wading bird related to the crane; to rant or utter abusive language

**ral** syphilis (slang)

**rayl** a unit of specific acoustical impedance equal to the sound pressure of one dyne per square centimeter divided by the sound particle velocity of one centimeter per second

**raiment** clothing or garments

**rament** any of the thin brownish often fringed or laciniate scales that are borne upon the leaves or young shoots of many ferns

**rain** water falling in drops from the atmosphere

**reign** a monarch's power or rule

**rein** a line fastened to the bit through which a rider or driver directs a horse or other animal

**Rais** a Mongoloid people of Nepal who speak Kiranti

**rais** a Muslim chief, ruler, or ship captain; a person in charge in Muslim countries

**reis** monetary units in Portugal before 1911, and in Brazil before 1942

**rice** an annual cereal grass widely cultivated in warm climates for its seeds

**raise** to lift or set upright; to grow plants or animals

**rase** to erase; to incise by carving or engraving

**rays** lines that appear to radiate from a bright object

**raze** to level to the ground; to destroy

**rehs** mixtures of soluble sodium salts appearing as an efflorescence on the ground in arid or semiarid regions in India

**reis** monetary units in Portugal before 1911, and in Brazil before 1942

**res** second notes of the diatonic scale

**reys** kings or male monarchs that reign over major territorial units

**raiser** a person who lifts, sets upright, or grows plants or animals

**raser** a person who erases; a person that forms by carving or engraving

**razer** a person who demolishes structures

**razor** a keen-edged cutting instrument

**raki** a Turkish liqueur distilled usually from fermented raisins

**rocky** abounding in or consisting of extremely hard dense stones; unstable; hard

**ral** (see **rail**)

**Raleigh** the capital of North Carolina; of the style prevalent in Raleigh

**rawly** in or nearly in a natural state

**ram** a male sheep; a device for exerting considerable pressure or driving force on another subject

**rhamn** a buckthorn tree or shrub

**rament** (see **raiment**)

**ramie** a tall perennial herb of eastern Asia or its strong lustrous bast fiber

**rammy** resembling a ram

**ramous** (or **ramose**) relating to or resembling branches

**ramus** the posterior vertical part of each lower jaw which articulates with the skull

**ran** to go by moving the legs quickly

**rann** a stanza of a song

**rance** a dull red Belgian marble with blue and white markings

**rants** talks noisily, excitedly, often extravagantly

**ranch** an establishment where live stock is raised

**ranche** a pin pool stroke that leaves only the center pin standing

**rancor** vehement hatred or ill will

**ranker** a person who draws up in line or serves in military ranks

**randem** three horses harnessed to a vehicle, one behind the other

**random** lacking a regular plan or order; haphazard

**rangle** bits of gravel fed to hawks

**wrangle** an angry, bitter, noisy, or prolonged dispute or quarrel

**ranker** (see **rancor**)

**rann** (see **ran**)

**rants** (see **rance**)

**rapped** struck with a quick sharp blow

**rapt** lifted and carried up or away; enraptured

**wrapped** enclosed in a covering

**rappel** to descend a cliff by means of a double-rope arrangement

**repel** to drive back, repulse, or turn away

**rapport** a relationship characterized by harmony and accord

**report** a record or something that provides information

**rapt** (see **rapped**)

**ras** a cape or headland; a ruler of an Ethiopian province; a local Italian Fascist boss

**ross** the rough often scaly exterior of tree bark

**rase** (see **raise**)

**raser** (see **raiser**)

**rasse** a grizzled black-marked semiarboreal civet



**wrasse** a brilliantly colored marine fish related to parrot fish

**ratal** an amount by which a person is rated with reference to assessment

**ratel** any of several powerful nocturnal carnivorous mammals resembling the badger

**rater** (see **raider**)

**rath** (see **Ra**)

**rath** a car or chariot used to carry an image of a god

**rut** a track made by the continual passage of anything; sexual excitement in a mammal, especially a male deer

**rath** a circular earthwork serving as a stronghold for an ancient Irish chief

**wrath** an enraged feeling expressed vehemently and accompanied by bitterness; righteous indignation and condemnation

**wroth** moved to intense anger; highly incensed; turbulent

**rathed** (see **raad**)

**rattish** (see **radish**)

**rattle** (see **raddle**)

**ravelin** a detached work formerly used in fortifications

**raveling** a thread that is detached from a fabric

**raven** a large glossy black bird

**raving** irrational, incoherent, wild, or extravagant utterance or declamation

**raw** (see **rah**)

**rawer** more unprepared or more imperfectly prepared for use or enjoyment

**roar** to utter or emit a full loud heavy prolonged sound, as a lion

**rawly** (see **Raleigh**)

**rayed** (see **raid**)

**rayl** (see **rail**)

**rays** (see **raise**)

**raze** (see **raise**)

**razer** (see **raiser**)

**razor** (see **raiser**)

**re** regarding or concerning

**Ree** a Caddo people west of the Missouri river in the Dakotas

**ree** a female ruff, a European sandpiper

**rhe** the unit of fluidity equal to the reciprocal of one dyne-second per square centimeter

**ri** a music syllable in the sol-fa sequence

**rig** an ancient Irish king

**rea** a person required to provide an answer in an action or suit in law, equity, or a criminal action

**Rhea** a genus of large tall flightless South American birds resembling but smaller than the African ostrich

**rhea** any bird of the genus Rhea; the ramie plant or fibre

**ria** a long narrow inlet that gradually gets shallower inward

**rya** a Scandinavian handwoven rug with a deep resilient comparatively flat pile

**react** to exert a reciprocal or counteracting force or influence

**re-act** to perform a second time

**reactance** impedance of an AC circuit that is due to capacitance and or inductance

**reactants** chemically reactive substances

**read** mentally formulated words or sentences

**red** a color

**redd** the spawn of fish

**read** to mentally formulate words or sentences as represented by letters or symbols

**reed** a tall grass with a slender stem; a device on a loom resembling a comb

**reader** a person who reads; a book for instruction in reading; a textile worker who records a design that is read from a card

**reeder** a person who thatches with reeds;

- a textile worker who tapes a reed or wire on sweatband leathers
- rhetor** a master or teacher of rhetoric; a person concerned with rhetoric
- Reading** a city in southeast Pennsylvania
- redding** material which is, or is used to make red color; a compound used to redden the hearth and sides of a fireplace; the action of arranging, tidying, or clearing up
- retting** soaking or exposing (as flax) to moisture in order to promote the loosening of fiber from woody tissue by bacterial action
- reading** looking at or scanning letters or symbols with mental formulation of the words or sentences represented
- redding** corrugations on the edge of a coin
- ready** prepared for something about to be done or experienced
- Reddi** a Munda-speaking migratory agricultural people of southeast Hyderabad, India
- reddy** reddish in color
- real** actual, true, or objective
- reel** a device to wind yarn, thread, string, or line
- riel** Cambodia's basic monetary unit from 1954
- real** actual, true, or objective
- rill** a very small brook; a rivulet or streamlet
- realer** more actual or truer
- reeler** a leather worker who uses a beam machine to transfer hides from one vat of solution to another
- realest** most actual or truest
- realist** an adherent or advocate of a philosophical doctrine that universals exist outside the mind
- reamer** a rotating finishing tool with straight or spiral cutting edges used to enlarge or shape a hole
- rimur** a complex form of versified saga or treatment of episodes from the sagas popular in Iceland from the 15th century
- reams** bundles of 500 sheets of book paper or newsprint; widens a hole opening
- reems** horned wild animals, probably wild oxen
- rhemes** semantic units or elements of speech
- R(h)eims** a city in northern France famous for its Gothic cathedral
- riems** pliable strips of rawhide; thongs
- reaper** a machine or person that cuts a crop and drops it in unbound piles
- reeper** a strip of wood used in India as a batten or lath
- rear** the back part of something; to rise up to an erect position
- rier** in whaling, a small oil cask of about ten gallons stowed at the end of tiers
- reason** a horizontal timber over a row of posts supporting a beam
- resin** any of various hard brittle solid to soft semisolid amorphous fusible flammable substances
- re bait** to place another lure in a trap or on a fishing line; to attach in speech or writing, usually with malice
- rebate** retroactive credit, discount, abatement, or refund
- rebilled** reissued notice to a customer for payment
- rebuild** to restore to a previous condition
- reboard** to reenter a ship, plane, bus, or train
- rebored** pierced or drilled a hole again
- rebuild** (see **rebilled**)
- rec** recreation (by shortening)
- reck** to take heed or thought
- wreck** a thing that is disabled, shattered, or ruined
- receded** departed, withdrew, or retreated; granted or yielded again to a former possessor

**receipted** gave a written acknowledgment of goods or money delivered

**reseated** sat again; fitted with a new seat, as a chair

**reseeded** replanted or resowed

**recesses** interrupts the course or sitting of for a comparatively short period

**recessus** a cleft in a living body; a sinus

**recite** repeat from memory or read aloud

**re-site** to place at another location

**reciting** repeating from memory or reading aloud, especially before an audience

**re-siding** placing new siding on a structure

**resighting** looking carefully again in a certain direction

**re-siting** placing on a new site

**reck** (see **rec**)

**recks** is apprehensive or fearful; considers, deems, or regards

**rex** a genetic variation of a domestic rabbit and various rodents

**wrecks** things that are disabled, shattered, or ruined

**reclaim** to rescue from an undesirable or unhealthy state

**re-claim** to demand the return of, as a right

**recoated** covered with a finishing or protective layer

**recorded** put in the form or symbols of meaningful communication

**recoil** to fall or draw back under the impact of force or pressure

**re-coil** to rewind into rings laid within or on top of one another or wound spirally

**recover** to get or win back

**re-cover** to provide with new concealment or protection

**rect** an element analogous to a right line in a geometrical system

**wrecked** ruined or damaged

**recta** terminal parts of the intestines

**rekhta** a very highly Persianized form of Urdu used in Urdu poetry

**red** (see **read**)

**redd** (see **read**)

**redder** having a deeper or more red color

**retter** a person who soaks flax to loosen fiber from the woody tissue

**rhetor** a master or teacher of rhetoric

**Reddi** (see **ready**)

**redding** (see **Reading**)

**reddy** (see **ready**)

**redeye** a rock bass; a smallmouth black bass

**red-eye** cheap whiskey; a large black Australian cicada

**redo** to execute again or do over

**redue** something that is again owed or due

**redocks** cuts short again; comes or goes again into a wharf or pier

**redox** oxidation-reduction (by shortening)

**reducts** to reduce

**redux** brought back; resurgent

**redue** (see **redo**)

**redux** (see **reducts**)

**Ree and ree** (see **re**)

**reed** (see **read**)

**reeder** (see **reader**)

**reeding** (see **reading**)

**reedy** abounding in or covered with reeds; having the tone quality of a reed instrument

**rete** a circular plate with many holes on the astrolabe to indicate positions of the principal fixed stars; a network of blood vessels or nerves

**reek** to emit a strong or disagreeable fume or odor

**wreak** to bring about, cause, or inflict

**reel** (see **real**)

**reeler** (see **realer**)

**reemerge** to appear again after concealment, retirement, or suppression

**reimmerge** to plunge into or sink again

**reems** (see **reams**)

**reentrance** the action of reentering the earth's atmosphere after traveling into outer space

**reentrants** indentations between two salients in a horizontal plane

**reeper** (see **reaper**)

**rees** female ruffs; European sandpipers

**res** a particular thing, in law

**rhes** cgs units of fluidity

**rigs** ancient Irish kings

**reffed** administered, arbitrated, or refereed a game or match

**reft** a cleft or fissure; seized

**refind** to recover or rediscover

**refined** reduced to a fine, unmixed, or pure state; free of impurities

**reflects** turns, throws, or bends back at an angle; thinks about or considers

**reflex** a reaction to a stimulus, often unconscious

**reft** (see **reffed**)

**refuse** to show or express a positive unwillingness to do or comply with

**re-fuse** to melt again; to replace a detonating device in

**refusion** the act of pouring back

**re-fusion** a second or fresh melting

**regal** of notable excellence or magnificence; stately; splendid

**regle** a groove or channel for guiding a sliding door

**riegel** a low transverse rock ridge on the floor of a glaciated valley

**regard** consideration, heed, or concern

**reguard** to protect or shield again from

danger; watch over again to prevent escape

**regence** related to a furniture style prevalent between about 1680 to 1725

**regents** persons who govern in the absence, disability, or minority of a sovereign

**regle** (see **regal**)

**reguard** (see **regard**)

**reheal** to again care or restore to health

**reheel** to place the rear part of a shoe sole

**rehs** (see **raise**)

**reign** (see **rain**)

**reimmerge** (see **reemerge**)

**rein** (see **rain**)

**reis** (see **race**, **Rais**, and **raise**)

**reis** a Muslim ruler, chief, or ship captain

**rice** an annual cereal grass widely cultivated in warm climates for its seeds

**reiter** a German cavalry soldier of the 16th and 17th centuries

**rider** a person who rides a vehicle or form of transportation; an addition to a legislative bill

**righter** a person who does justice or redresses wrongs

**writer** a person who produces symbols or words on paper

**rejecter** a person that refuses or rejects

**rejector** a circuit that combines inductance and capacitance in parallel

**rekhta** (see **recta**)

**relaid** put to set down again

**relayed** passed along by successive reliefs or relays

**relaps** folds over or around some thing anew or again

**relapse** to slip or fall back into a former state of illness; to backslide

**relater** a narrator or storyteller

**relator** a private person in whose behalf a mandamus is filed

**relayed** (see **relaid**)

**release** discharge from obligation or responsibility

**re-lease** to rent or lease again

**releaser** a stimulus in lower organisms serving as an initiator of complex reflex behavior

**releasor** a person giving a release

**relegate** to consign to insignificance or oblivion

**religate** to bind together

**remand** to return a case from one court to a lower court or an administrative agency

**remanned** supplied with people or a crew again or anew

**remark** an expression in speech or writing

**remarque** a sketch done on the margin of a plate and removed before regular printing

**remittance** money sent to another person or place

**remittents** fevers the symptoms of which temporarily abate and moderate at regular intervals

**remitter** a person who sends a remittance; a legal principle concerning a person who obtains possession of property under a defective title

**remittor** a sending back of a case or some portion of a verdict from an appellate or superior court to a trial or inferior court for further proceedings or reconsideration

**rends** pulls violently from a person or thing; wrenches

**reyns** an abstract number characteristic of the flow of a fluid in a pipe or past an obstruction, used especially in testing airplane models in a wind tunnel; a unit of dynamic viscosity of a fluid equal to 14.8816 poise; Reynolds numbers (by shortening)

**wrens** small brown singing birds

**repand** a plant leaf having a slightly undulating margin

**repanned** rewashed earth deposits in search of precious metals

**repassed** crossed or traveled again

**repast** something taken as food; a meal

**repel** (see **rappe**)

**repleaded** filed a new legal petition appropriate under the circumstances

**repleted** stuffed or filled to satiety; replenished

**report** (see **rappo**)

**repress** to check by or as if by pressure or coercion

**re-press** to again exert steady pressure on

**reroot** to reattach or replant a tree or shrub

**reroute** to replan an itinerary

**res** (see **race**, **raise** and **rees**)

**resail** to sail again

**resale** selling again or as second hand

**research** to investigate exhaustively

**re-search** to look into or over again

**reseated** (see **receded**)

**reseeded** (see **receded**)

**resew** to stitch again

**resow** to replant with seed

**re-siding** (see **reciting**)

**resighting** (see **reciting**)

**resin** (see **reason**)

**resinate** to impregnate or flavor with various hard brittle solid to soft semisolid amorphous fusible flammable substances

**resonate** to produce or exhibit the ability to sound or echo back

**resister** a person who strives or reacts against

**resistor** a device used in an electrical circuit for protection or control

**re-site** (see **recite**)

**re-siting** (see **reciting**)

**resold** sold again or as second hand

**resoled** put a new sole on a shoe

**resonate** (see **resinate**)

**resow** (see **resew**)

**respondence** answering or correspondence

**respondents** the prevailing parties in a lower court

**responder** the part of a transponder that transmits a radio signal

**responsor** the receiver component of an interrogator

**rest** relaxation, repose, or leisure for body or mind

**wrest** to move by violent wringing or twisting movements

**restaur** the legal recourse that insurers have against each other

**restore** to put or bring back

**resteal** to again take another's property illegally

**resteel** to equip with new steel

**restore** (see **restaur**)

**resultance** something that results as a consequence, effect, or conclusion, as a resolution of a legislative body

**resultants** mathematical vector sums

**retailer** a merchant middleman who sells goods mainly to ultimate consumers

**retailor** to remake or alter to suit a special need or purpose

**retard** to delay or impede progress

**retarred** recovered with tar

**ritard** a gradually slackening musical tempo

**retch** to strain to vomit

**wretch** a miserable person

**rete** (see **reedy**)

**retracked** traced or tracked again

**retract** to draw or pull back; to remove; to withdraw

**retread** a person returned to military service after a period as a civilian

**re-tread** to refurbish with a new thickened face of a tire

**retreat** to retire, withdraw, or recede

**re-treat** to reconsider

**retter** (see **redder**)

**retting** (see **Reading**)

**revere** to regard with profound respect and affection

**revers** a lapel on women's garments

**review** to inspect or examine

**revue** a light theatrical entertainment

**reviver** a stimulant; a person who restores, reestablishes, or reintroduces something

**revivor** revival under law of a suit that is abated

**revue** (see **review**)

**rex** (see **recks**)

**reyns** (see **rends**)

**reys** (see **raise**)

**rhamn** (see **ram**)

**rhe** (see **re**)

**Rhea and rhea** (see **rea**)

**R(h)eims** (see **reams**)

**rhemes** (see **reams**)

**rhes** (see **rees**)

**rhesus** a pale brown Indian monkey

**risus** laughter; mockery

**rhetor** (see **reader** and **redder**)

**rheum** a watery discharge from the mucous membranes of the eye or nose

**room** space; part of a building's interior

**Rum** a term originally applied by Moslems in medieval times to peoples of the Byzantine empire

**rum** a blue dye resembling indigo obtained from an East Indian shrub

**rheumy** affected with or subject to catarrh or rheumatism

**roomy** spacious; roommate

**roumi** a non-Muslim, often used disparagingly

**Rhine** a major river in western Germany

**rine** Russian hemp; a ditch

**RHM** a unit of gammaray source intensity

**rhumb** a line on the earth's surface making equal oblique angles with all meridians; a point on a mariner's compass

**rum** an alcoholic liquor prepared from fermented molasses

**rhodose** an aldose sugar

**roadeos** a contest featuring events that test driving skills of professional truck drivers

**rodeos** public performances featuring such contests as bareback bronco riding, calf roping, and steer wrestling

**Rhodes** a person attending Oxford University who holds a (Cecil J.) Rhodes scholarship

**roads** passageways or highways for vehicles

**Rhodes** a person attending Oxford University who holds a (Cecil J.) Rhodes scholarship

**roadster** an open-bodied automobile having one cross seat and a rear luggage compartment or rumble seat

**rhoding** the journal bearing of a pump brake

**roading** highway construction and maintenance

**roding** the anchor line of a dory or similar small fishing boat

**rhodite** a native alloy of gold and rhodium

**roadite** a person addicted to driving (slang)

**Rhoeo** a monotypic genus of herbs, including the oyster plant

**Rio** Rio de Janeiro, a city on the southeast coast of Brazil

**rhomb** an equilateral parallelogram

**rom** a small computer memory that cannot be changed by the computer and that contains a special-purpose program (shortening of "read-only memory")

**Rhône** a major river flowing through southeastern France into the Mediterranean sea

**roan** a moderate reddish-brown; a roan-colored animal

**rohun** an East Indian tree having hard durable wood and tonic bark

**rowan** a Eurasian tree; an American mountain ash

**rhos** the 17th letter (plural) of the Greek alphabet

**roes** small European and Asiatic deer

**Ros** artificial languages intended to be international, such as esperanto

**rose** a flower; a perfume; a moderate purplish red color

**rows** propels a boat with oars; continuous lines or stripes

**rhumb** (see **RHM**)

**Rhus** a genus of shrubs and trees native to temperate and warm regions

**ruse** a stratagem or trick intended to deceive

**rhyme** identical or similar sounding words or lines of verse

**rime** granular ice tufts on the windward side of an exposed object

**ryme** the surface of water

**ri** (see **re**)

**ria** (see **rea**)

**ribband** a long narrow strip or bar used in shipbuilding; a single bendlet that surrounds outer heraldic bearings

**ribbon** a narrow band of material often used as adornment or trimming

**rice** (see **Rais** and **reis**)

**rick** a pile of cordwood, stave bolts, or other material split from short logs



**rikk** a small tambourine used in Egypt

**wrick** a strain or sprain of muscles

**ridder** a person that removes, clears off, or takes away

**ritter** a member of one of the lowest orders of German or Austrian nobility

**ride** to sit or be carried on the back of an animal or in a vehicle

**wried** twisted around

**rider** (see **reiter**)

**riegel** (see **regal**)

**riel** (see **real**)

**riems** (see **reams**)

**rier** (see **rear**)

**rified** discharged from government service for reasons of economy

**rift** a fissure or split

**rig** (see **re**)

**rigger** a person who manipulates or fits ship riggings, or works on oil and gas well rigs

**rigor** severity, sternness, or exactness

**right** good or just; a privilege or prerogative; the position opposite to left

**Rite** the liturgy, especially an historical form of eucharistic service

**rite** a ceremonial act

**wright** a carpenter

**write** to produce symbols or words on paper

**righter** (see **reiter**)

**rigor** (see **rigger**)

**rigs** (see **rees**)

**rikk** (see **rick**)

**rill** (see **real**)

**rime** (see **rhyme**)

**rimur** (see **reamer**)

**rine** (see **Rhine**)

**ring** a circular or curved band

**wring** to compress by squeezing or twisting

**ringer** a game of marbles

**wringer** a machine or device for pressing out liquid or moisture

**Rio** (see **Rhoeo**)

**riot** a noise, uproar, or disturbance; persons acting in a turbulent and disorderly manner

**ryot** a peasant, in India

**ripe** ready for harvesting

**rype** the ptarmigan, a grouse of northern regions having completely feathered feet

**rise** to assume an upright or standing position; to get up from resting or sleeping

**ryes** hardy annual cereal grasses; whiskies distilled from rye; gypsy gentlemen

**wrys** twists around or wrings

**rist** to engrave, scratch, mark, or wound

**wrist** the joint or region of the joint between the human hand and the arm

**risus** (see **rhesus**)

**ritard** (see **retard**)

**Rite** and **rite** (see **right**)

**ritter** (see **ridder**)

**ritz** to snub or behave superciliously toward

**writs** written documents; legal instruments or mandatory processes

**road** a passageway or highway for vehicles

**rode** traveled by vehicle or animal

**roed** filled with fish eggs; mottled or streaked

**rowed** propelled a boat with oars

**roadeos** (see **rhodeose**)

**roader** a craft anchored in a roadstead or quasi-harbor; a stationary donkey engine for dragging

**roter** logs along a skid road; a person who repeats mechanically or by memory



**rotor** a part that rotates within a stationary part

**roading** (see **rhoding**)

**roadite** (see **rhodite**)

**roads** (see **Rhodes**)

**roadster** (see **Rhodes**)

**roam** to wander or rove

**rom** a male gypsy

**Rome** the capital of Italy; Roman Catholicism

**roan** (see **Rhône**)

**roar** (see **rawer**)

**roar** a full loud heavy prolonged sound; to utter such a sound

**rower** a person who uses oars to propel a boat

**roaster** a machine or contrivance for cooking by exposure to radiant heat

**roster** an itemized listing of a group or collection

**rob** (see **raab**)

**roband** a small piece of spun yarn or marline used to fasten the head of a sail to a spar (also **robbin**)

**robin** a large North American thrush; a small European thrush

**rober** a person who covers or invests with a robe

**robur** an English oak

**robin** (see **roband**)

**robur** (see **rober**)

**roc** a legendary bird of great size and strength

**rock** a large fixed stone; to move a child back and forth, as in a cradle

**ROK** a member of the armed forces of the Republic of South Korea

**rocellin** a red monoazo dye

**rocelline** resembling plants of the genus *Rocella*

**rock** (see **roc**)

**rocky** (see **raki**)

**rod** (see **raad**)

**rodd** (see **raad**)

**rodder** a textile worker who folds double-width goods

**rotter** an unprincipled, lazy, or weak person

**rode** (see **road**)

**rodeos** (see **rhodeose**)

**roding** (see **rhoding**)

**roed** (see **road**)

**roer** a heavy long-barreled gun formerly used for hunting big game in southern Africa

**Ruhr** a mining and industrial region centered in western Germany

**roes** (see **rhos**)

**roey** having a mottled or streaked grain

**roi** the root stock of a fern roasted and eaten by the Maoris

**rowy** of uneven texture or appearance

**rohun** (see **Rhône**)

**roi** (see **roey**)

**roil** to make turbid by stirring up sediment or dregs

**royal** magnificent or regal; of kingly ancestry

**ROK** (see **roc**)

**roke** a seam or scratch filled with scale or slag on the surface of an ingot or bar

**roque** croquet played on a hardsurfaced court having a raised border to cushion bank shots

**role** a character assumed by a person

**roll** a list of names or items; to revolve by turning over and over

**rom** (see **rhomb** and **roam**)

**Rome** (see **rhomb** and **roam**)

**rondeau** a fixed form of verse  
**rondo** a dance composition with a recurring movement theme  
**rondel** a short poem of fixed form  
**rondelle** a small disk of glass used as an ornament in a stained-glass window  
**rondo** (see **rondeau**)  
**Rong** a Mongolian people of Sikkim, India  
**wrong** a principle, practice, or conduct contrary to justice, goodness, equity, or accepted law  
**rood** a crucifix symbolizing the cross on which Christ died  
**rude** lacking craftsmanship or artistic finish; raw, unpolished, coarse, or uncouth  
**rued** regretted; repented  
**rookie** a novice or beginner  
**rooky** full of common Old World gregarious birds similar to the American crow  
**room** (see **rheum**)  
**roomer** a lodger  
**rumor** a belief having no discernible foundation; heresy  
**roomy** (see **rheumy**)  
**roos** kangaroos  
**roux** mixtures of flour and fat or butter used as thickening agents  
**ruer** regrets or repents  
**ruse** a stratagem or trick designed to deceive  
**root** a portion of a plant growing underground; to dig in search of something; to fix or firmly attach  
**route** a pathway, road, or highway  
**rooter** a heavy plowing device for tearing up the ground surface, especially for a roadbed; an enthusiastic supporter  
**ruder** more ill-mannered, discourteous, impolite, or uncivil  
**roque** (see **roke**)

**Ros** (see **rhos**)  
**rosary** a string of beads used in counting prayers  
**rosery** a bed or bush of plants of the genus *Rosa*  
**rose** (see **rhos**)  
**rosery** (see **rosary**)  
**roset** a dark reddish-orange color, often called brazil red  
**rosette** an ornament or structure resembling a rose  
**ross** (see **ras**)  
**roster** (see **roaster**)  
**rosy** characterized by or tending to promote optimism; having a rose-colored complexion  
**Rozi** a Bantu-speaking people in Zambia known for their woodworking  
**rote** a thing learned by memorizing; the mechanical repetition of a pattern  
**wrote** produced symbols or words on paper  
**roter** (see **roader**)  
**rotor** (see **roader**)  
**rotter** (see **rodder**)  
**rough** coarse, shaggy, or harsh  
**ruff** a fringe of long hair or feathers about a bird's or animal's neck  
**rougher** a poultry dresser that pulls out tail and wing feathers only  
**ruffer** a coarse type of flax hackle consisting of a board studded with long teeth  
**roughneck** a crew member that builds and repairs oil wells; an uncouth person, especially one markedly inclined to violent, quarrelsome, or mischievous behavior  
**ruffneck** a devotee of rap music  
**roumi** (see **rheumy**)  
**rouse** to awaken or stir  
**rows** noisy disturbances; heated arguments

**rout** to expel by force or eject

**route** a road, highway, or pathway

**route** (see **root**)

**roux** (see **roos**)

**rowan** (see **Rhône**)

**rowan** a Eurasian tree; an American mountain ash

**rowen** a stubble field left unplowed until late autumn

**rowed** (see **road**)

**rowen** (see **rowan**)

**rower** (see **roar**)

**rows** (see **rhos** and **rouse**)

**rowy** (see **roey**)

**royal** (see **roil**)

**Rozi** (see **rosy**)

**rubicand** red bay, sorrel, or black with flecks of white or gray, especially on the flanks of horses

**Rubicon** a bounding or limiting line that once crossed commits a person to an irrevocable change or decision

**rubicon** the winning of a card game before the loser has reached a certain prescribed score

**rubiconed** to defeat, as in bezique or piquet, with a score so low that it is added to the winner's

**rubicund** inclining to redress

**ruck** horses that run in a group behind those that set the pace

**rukh** a forest or jungle

**rucks** draws or works into wrinkles or creases; large quantities indistinguishable from the aggregate

**rux** to worry; to play or sport (slang)

**rud** to redden

**rudd** a European freshwater cyprinid fish

**rudder** a ship's or airplane's steering mechanism

**rutter** a plow for cutting ruts in a logging road for sled runners; a person or animal that ruts; a set of sailing instructions used by ship captains and pilots

**ruddy** having a reddish color associated with the glow of good health or a suffusion of blood

**rutty** full of tracks worn by a wheel or the habitual passage of something

**rude** (see **rood**)

**ruder** (see **rooter**)

**rued** (see **rood**)

**rues** (see **roos**)

**ruff** (see **rough**)

**ruffer** (see **rougher**)

**ruffneck** (see **roughneck**)

**Ruhr** (see **roer**)

**rukh** (see **ruck**)

**Rum** (see **rheum**)

**rum** (see **rheum** and **RHM**)

**Ruman** a native or inhabitant of Romania or Wallachia

**rumen** the large first compartment of a ruminant's stomach from which food is regurgitated

**rumor** (see **roomer**)

**run** (see **jen**)

**rundown** an item-by-item check, investigation, or summary

**run-down** in poor health or physical condition

**rung** a ladder crosspiece; a stage in an ascent; sounded clearly as a bell

**wrung** compressed by squeezing or twisting

**runover** typeset matter that exceeds the space estimated or allotted

**run-over** worn at one side

**ruse** (see **Rhus** and **roos**)

**rusot** an extract from the wood or roots of various shrubs of the genus *Berberis* that is mixed with opium and applied to infected eyelids

**russet** a reddish or yellowish brown or reddish gray color

**russel** a strong twilled woolen cloth

**rustle** to steal cattle; a quick succession of small clear sounds, like leaves in a breeze

**russet** (see **rusot**)

**rustle** (see **russel**)

**rut** (see **rath**)

**rutter** (see **rudder**)

**rutty** (see **ruddy**)

**rux** (see **rucks**)

**rya** (see **rea**)

**ryes** (see **rise**)

**ryme** (see **rhyme**)

**ryot** (see **riot**)

**rype** (see **ripe**)

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## Group I

**ramulous** - **ramulus**

**reactance** - **reactants**

**recalcitrance** - **recalcitrants**

**recipience** - **recipients**

**recision** - **rescission**

**reclaim** - **re-claim**

**recount** - **re-count**

**recreance** - **recreants**

**recumbence** - **recumbents**

**recusance** - **recusants**

**reentrance** - **reentrants**

**reference** - **referents**

**reform** - **re-form**

**registerer** - **registrar**

**remanence** - **remanents**

**reminiscence** - **reminiscent**

**remonstrance** - **Remonstrants** -  
**remonstrants**

**repellence** - **repellents**

**residence** - **residents**

**resistance** - **resistants**

**resonance** - **resonants**

**respondence** - **respondents**

**responser** - **responsor**

**resurgence** - **resurgents**

**retardance** - **retardants**

**rumdum** - **rum-dum**

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## Group I and II

**ramose** 'rā.mōs

**ramous** 'rāmās

**relic** 'relik

**relict** 'relikt

**Renaissance** :renə:sāns

**renascence** rə'nasəns

**resin** 'rezən

**rosin** 'rəzən or 'rōzən

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## Group II

**racy** 'rāsē

**recit** rā'sē

**radical** 'radəkəl

**radicel** 'radəsel

**rail** 'rāl

**rale** 'ral

**rainy** 'rānē

**ranny** 'ranē

**raisoné** ,rāzə'nā

**raisonné** ,rāzə'nā

**raki** rə'kē or 'rakē or 'rākē

**Reki** 'rākē

**rami** 'rā.mī

**ramie** 'rāmē

**rapee** 'rāpē

**rappee** ra'pē

**ras** 'rās or 'rəs**rasse** 'ras**rath** 'rā or 'rāth**raw** 'rō**raucous** 'rōkəs**Roccus** 'rākəs**rawed** 'rōd**rod** 'rād**recent** rēsənt**resent** rē'zent**reclaim** re'klām**réclame** rā'klām**recognizer** 'rekəg,nīzər**recognizer** rə:kəgnə:zər**recoverer** rə'kəvərər**recoverer** rə:kəvə:rər**registrar** 'rejə,strār**registrer** 'rejəstrər**relais** ,re'lā**relay** 'rē,lā**renin** 'rēnən**rennin** 'renən**resole** rē'sōl**rissole** 'ri,sōl**rhesis** 'rēsis**rhesus** 'rēsəs**rhyton** 'rī,tān**righten** 'rītən**rillet** 'rilət**rillet(e)** rə'let**rival** 'rīvəl**rivel** 'rivəl**rocket** 'rākət**roquette** rō'ket**roer** 'rūər**ruer** 'rūər**roily** 'rōilē**royally** 'rōiəlē**rot** 'rāt**wrought** 'rōt**royal** 'rōiəl**royale** 'rōi,əl**rundale** 'rən,dāl**rundle** 'rəndəl**rupia** 'rüpēə**Ruppia** 'rəpēə**rushee** rə'shē**rushy** 'rəshē

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## S

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**Saar** (see **czar**)**saba** fine textile from the fiber of the saba plant**sabha** a public meeting in India**sabbat** a midnight assembly of witches and sorcerers held in medieval and Renaissance times to renew allegiance to the devil**sabot** a strap or wide band fitting across the instep in a shoe of the sandal type**sabe** street smart; shrewdness**salvy** resembling an unctuous adhesive composition in texture or oiliness**savvy** expertness in a particular field**sabha** (see **saba**)**sabot** (see **sabbat**)**sabra** a reddish prickly edible fruit of cacti growing on the coastal plains of Palestine; a prickly pear; a native-born Israeli**zabra** a 16th and 17th century Spanish sailing vessel resembling a small frigate

**Sacae** an ancient people settled in eastern Iran

**Sakai** a forest people of Malaya

**sockeye** a small but very important Pacific salmon

**saccharin** a crystalline cyclic imide, remarkable for its sweetness and no food value

**saccharine** overly or affectedly pleasant; syrupy

**sacci** soft-walled cavities usually having a narrow opening or none at all

**sake** a Japanese alcoholic beverage made from fermented rice

**saki** any of several South American monkeys having a bushy non-prehensile tail

**sachet** a small bag or packet

**sashay** to strut about in a conspicuous manner

**Sacs** members of an Indian people of the Fox river valley and shores of Green Bay, Wisconsin

**sacs** pouches within an animal or plant

**sacks** plunders; large rectangular bags of coarse strong material

**sacques** baby jackets

**sax** a saxophone (by shortening)

**Saxe** a grayish blue color

**sadder** more unhappy or mournful

**satyr** a lecherous man; a hairy desert demon

**saddest** most unhappy or mournful

**sadist** a person who delights in physical or mental cruelty

**sad(h)e** the 18th letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**soddy** covered with or abounding in turf or sward

**sadist** (see **saddest**)

**saeter** a pasture high in the Norwegian or Swedish mountains

**satyr** a lecherous man; a hairy desert demon

**Seder** a Jewish ceremonial dinner held on the first evening of Passover

**saeter** a pasture high in the Norwegian or Swedish mountains

**setter** a large bird dog; a person that sets, as traps

**safe** secure from threat of danger; a receptacle to keep articles secure

**seif** a long narrow sand dune or chain of dunes

**Sagai** a group composed of the Beltir, Koibal, and other peoples on the Abakan river in south central Russia that speak a Turkic dialect

**sagaie** a Paleolithic bone javelin point

**sail** an expanse of fabric using wind to propel boats and ships

**sale** a transfer of property title for a consideration

**sailable** capable of being moved forward on water

**sal(e)able** marketable

**sailer** a sailing ship

**sailor** a member of a ship's crew

**Sakai** (see **Sacae**)

**sake** (see **sacci**)

**saki** (see **sacci**)

**sal** salt (in chemistry)

**salle** spoiled paper

**sal** an East Indian timber tree

**Sol** the sun

**sol** the sunny side or section of a bullfight arena; a fluid colloidal system; gold, as used in alchemy

**salah** a Muslim ritual prayer made five times daily

**selah** an exclamation used in the Psalms, possibly as a direction to temple musicians to play music or sing

**sale** (see **sail**)

**sal(e)able** (see **sailable**)

**salle** (see **sal**)

**salon** (see **Ceylon**)

**saloop** a hot drink made from sassafras, milk, and sugar or from dried tubers of various East Indian or European orchids

**salop** a widely distributed English breed of dark-faced hornless mutton-type sheep

**salter** (see **Psalter**)

**saltery** (see **psaltery**)

**saltie** an ocean-going sailor (slang)

**salty** engagingly provocative; experienced or sophisticated

**salver** a tray for serving food or beverages

**salvor** a person who engages in salvage

**salvy** (see **sabe**)

**sama** a snapper (fish) of the warmer parts of the western Atlantic; an eelpout

**somma** the rim of a volcanic crater or caldera

**samara** a dry indehiscent usually one-seeded winged fruit

**samarra** a Spanish Inquisition garment resembling a scapular

**sambar** a large Asiatic deer

**somber** gloomy, sullen, or melancholy in appearance or mood

**same** something identical with or similar to another

**Sejm** Poland's lower house of parliament

**samite** (see **psammite**)

**sandhi** modification of the sound of a morpheme conditioned by the context in which it is uttered, as in "dontcha" for "don't you"

**sandy** full of or resembling sand; an Australian swimming crab

**sandhi** modification of the sound of a morpheme conditioned by the context in which it is uttered, as in "dontcha" for "don't you"

**sundae** ice cream served with a topping of fruit, nuts, or syrup

**Sunday** the Christian sabbath; the first day of the week

**sands** small loose grain resulting from a rock's disintegration

**sans** without; deprived of

**sandy** (see **sandhi**)

**sane** mentally sound

**Seine** a major river in France that flows through Paris

**seine** a large net

**saner** more mentally sound

**seiner** a person or boat that fishes with a large net

**sang** produced musical tones with the voice

**sangh** an association whose goal is to unify different groups in Hinduism

**sang** a Persian harp of the middle ages

**sangh** an association whose goal is to unify different groups in Hinduism

**Sung** of, relating to, or having the characteristics of the period of the Sung dynasty (A.D. 960–1279)

**sung** produced musical tones with the voice

**sangh** (see both **sangs**)

**sank** (see **cinque**)

**sann** an East Indian plant the fiber of which closely resembles true hemp

**son** a male offspring

**sun** a star around which Earth revolves

**sun** an East Indian plant, the fiber of which is used for rope and bags

**sans** (see **sands**)

**Saracen** (see **ceresin**)

**sara(h)** the painted trillium plant, a perennial herb of northeastern North America

**sera** the watery portion of animal fluids remaining after coagulation

**serra** a sawlike organ or part of a sawfish or sawfly

**saran** a tough flexible thermoplastic made of copolymerized vinylidene chloride

**serein** a mist or fine rain falling from an apparently clear sky

**serin** a small European finch related to the canary

**sarcel** a pinion feather of a hawk's wing  
**sarcelle** any of the short-necked river ducks of America and Europe, such as the teal

**sarcophagous** carnivorous  
**sarcophagus** a coffin made of stone

**sarcophilous** fond of flesh  
**Sarcophilus** a genus of marsupials consisting of the Tasmanian devil

**sardonics** disdainful or skeptically humorous remarks  
**sardonyx** onyx marked by parallel layers of sard and another colored mineral

**sari** a lightweight cloth garment worn by Hindu women  
**sorry** feeling regret, penitence, or sorrow

**sarsen** a large loose residual mass of stone left after the erosion of a once continuous bed or layer

**sarson** an Indian cole resembling rape

**sashay** (see **sachet**)

**sass** back talk  
**sauce** pert or insolent language or actions

**sassy** given to back talk; impertinent  
**saucy** smart or trim, as a ship or automobile

**satem** constituting a part of the Indo-European language family in which palatal stops became palatal or alveolar fricatives

**Sodom** a place notorious for vice and corruption

**satina** the wood of an Australian tree of the family Myrtaceae

**satiné** a timber tree of Brazil and the Guianas

**satiric** fond of or skilled at ironic or ridiculing comment

**satyric** related to a lecherous man or hairy desert demon

**satyr** (see **sadder** or **saeter**)

**satyric** (see **satiric**)

**sauce** (see **sass**)

**saucy** (see **sassy**)

**sault** a fall or rapid in a river

**sew** to become grounded, as a ship

**Sioux** a language stock of central and eastern North America; a group of peoples speaking Siouan languages

**sou** the smallest piece of money

**sous** of subordinate rank

**su** a mild, slightly sweet rice vinegar

**sue** to bring action against or prosecute judicially

**saurel** a horse mackerel (fish)

**sorel** a male fallow deer in its third year

**sorrel** a light bright chestnut horse

**saury** a slender long-beaked fish related to needle fish

**sorry** feeling regret, penitence, or sorrow

**saver** a person who economizes or hoards

**savor** to taste or smell with pleasure

**savvy** (see **sabe**)

**sawder** to flatter or praise excessively

**solder** a metallic alloy which, when melted, joins metallic surfaces; to unite with solder

**sawer** a person who cuts with a saw

**soar** to fly aloft; to rise

**sore** painful or tender; angered or vexed

**sawt** a group of lions

**sought** went in search of or looked for

**sax** (see **Sacs**)

**Saxe** (see **Sacs**)

**say** to express in words

**se** the seventh tone flatted of the diatonic scale

**sei** a widely distributed small white-spotted whalebone whale

**sayyid** an Islamic leader

**side** a direction or place with respect to the center; a surface that encloses or bounds space

**sighed** made a sound expressing weariness, relief, or grief



**Sbrinz** a hard cheese suitable for grating  
**sprintz** runs or goes at top speed especially for a relatively short distance  
**scag** heroin (slang)  
**skag** a vessel's keel near the sternpost; a cigarette (slang)  
**scalar** having an uninterrupted series of steps; a quantity in vector analysis having no direction, as time or mass  
**scaler** a climber; a person who removes scale from metal or fish scales  
**scald** to burn with steam or hot liquid  
**skald** an ancient Scandinavian poet  
**scaler** (see **scalar**)  
**scallop** a marine bivalve mollusk whose shell is characteristically radially ribbed and the edge undulated  
**scolop** the thickened distal tip of a vibration-sensitive organ in insects  
**scary** frightening or alarming  
**skerry** a rocky isle  
**scends** heaves upward under the influence of a natural force  
**sends** dispatches to a destination  
**sens** Japanese monetary units each equal to  $\frac{1}{100}$  yen  
**scene** a subdivision of a dramatic presentation; a display of passion or temper  
**seen** perceived or verified by sight  
**sin** the 21st letter of the Hebrew alphabet  
**scenery** a picturesque view or landscape  
**senary** consisting of six parts of things  
**scent** (see **cent**)  
**scenter** (see **center**)  
**scents** (see **cense**)  
**scepter** (see **cepter**)  
**(s)chappes** (see **chaps**)  
**schapping** a European method of fermenting and removing gum from silk wastes  
**shopping** searching for, inspecting, or buying goods or services

**schick** (see **chic**)  
**schih** dry grasslands of northern Africa  
**she** a female person or animal  
**shea** a rough-barked tropical African tree  
**sidhe** an underground fort in which Gaelic fairies live  
**schilling** the recent basic monetary unit of Austria  
**shilling** a unit of value equal to  $\frac{1}{20}$  pound in many countries in or formerly in the British Commonwealth  
**skilling** any of various old Scandinavian units of value equal to some small fraction of the Danish, Norwegian, or Swedish rix-dollars  
**schiz** a schizophrenic or schizoid person  
**skits** satirical or humorous stories or sketches often outwardly serious; parodies  
**skitz** to go insane or crazy; to "flip out" (slang)  
**schout** a Dutch sheriff  
**scout** to explore an area to obtain information  
**schouw** a light-draft open pleasure boat of the Netherlands  
**scow** a large flat-bottomed boat for transporting materials; to fasten an anchor by its crown to the end of a cable  
**schuyt** a bluff-bowed Dutch boat fitted with leeboards  
**skate** a device worn on foot to glide on ice or roll over smooth ground; a ray (fish)  
**schwa** an unstressed mid-central vowel that is the usual sound of the first and last vowels of "America"  
**Tswa** a southeastern African people chiefly of northern Transvaal province and southern Mozambique  
**Scilla** and **scilla** (see **Psylla**)  
**Scilly** (see **cilly**)  
**(s)cion** (see **cyan** and **Cyon**)

**scirrhus** (see **cerous**)

**scissel** metal clippings remaining after various mechanical operations

**scissile** able to be smoothly or easily split

**Sicel** a member of an ancient people occupying part of Sicily

**sisal** a strong durable white fiber used for cordage and twine

**sisel** a large short-tailed ground squirrel

**sysse** an Icelandic administrative district

**scissel** metal clippings remaining after various mechanical operations

**scissile** able to be smoothly or easily split

**sizzle** to burn up or sear with scorching heat or heated language

**scissile** (see both **scissels**)

**scold** to utter a harsh reprimand or rebuke

**skoaled** drank an alcoholic beverage as a toast

**scolop** (see **scallop**)

**scoot** to go suddenly and swiftly

**scute** an external bony or horny plate

**scoot** to go suddenly and swiftly

**skout** a guillemot (bird)

**scop** an Old English poet

**scope** a general range of cognizance, activity, or influence

**scout** (see **schout**)

**scow** (see **schouw**)

**scrapie** a virus disease of sheep

**scrapy** sounding like harsh grating

**screwee** one of the partners engaged in sexual intercourse; a person being swindled or taken advantage of

**screwy** crazily absurd, eccentric, or unusual; winding or spiral

**scrips** paper currencies or tokens issued for special or temporary use in an emergency

**scripts** written texts of a stage play, screen play, or radio or television broadcast

**scudder** a leather worker who scrapes skins by hand or machine

**scutter** to move with a brisk rapidly alternating step; to damage severely or destroy completely

**scuff** to walk with a scraping movement without lifting the feet

**squff** to eat heavily (slang)

**scull** an oar used to propel a boat; a long narrow very light racing shell

**skull** the skeleton of a vertebrate's head

**scur** a small rounded portion of horn tissue attached to the skin of the horn pit of a polled animal

**skirr** a whirring, rasping, or roaring sound

**scuse** excuse (by shortening)

**skews** moves or turns aside

**scute** (see **scoot**)

**scutter** (see **scudder**)

**scyes** (see **psis**)

**Scylla** (see **Psylla**)

**se** (see **say**)

**sea** (see **C**)

**sea-born** originating in or rising from the sea

**seaborne** transported by ship

**seafoam** a brilliant to light green

**sea-foam** froth on the sea; a mineral (meerschaum) consisting of a hydrous magnesium silicate used for tobacco pipes

**seal** (see **ceil**)

**sealer** (see **coeler**)

**seam** a line of junction

**seem** to appear

**seaman** a person whose occupation is association with ships and the sea; a sailor

**semen** a viscid whitish fluid containing spermatozoa produced in a male's reproductive tract

**seamer** a person who fastens by stitches of thread or filament

**seemer** a pretender

**sear** (see **cere**)

**seas** (see **cees**)

**season** a period of time characterized by a particular feature or event

**seisin** a possession of land or chattels

**seat** (see **cete**)

**seated** situated or located

**seeded** sown; an area planted with seed

**seater** (see **cedar**)

**seau** a pottery pail used in typical 18th-century dinner service

**sew** to fasten with stitches of thread or filament

**so** in the manner indicated; conforming with actual fact(s); the fifth tone of the diatonic scale

**sow** to plant or scatter seed

**sec** a second (by shortening)

**seck** barren; unprofitable

**secque** a shoe similar to a sabotine, but lighter; a clog

**Seckel** (see **cycle**)

**second** to remove a person temporarily from one position for employment

**seconde** a parry or guard fencing position defending the lower outside right target

**secque** (see **sec**)

**sects** groups holding similar political, religious, or socio-economic views

**sex** one of two divisions of organisms designated as male or female; gender

**sedent** (see **cedent**)

**Seder** (see **saeter**)

**seeded** (see **seated**)

**seeder** (see **cedar**)

**seedy** abounding in seeds; shabby in dress or appearance

**sidi** an African Muslim holding a high position under a King of the Deccan

**seek** to search, look for, or hunt

**sic** intentionally so written

**Sikh** an adherent of the religion of Sikhism

**seel** (see **ceil**)

**seem** (see **seam**)

**seemer** (see **seamer**)

**seen** (see **scene**)

**seep** (see **cepe**)

**seer** (see **cere**)

**seeress** (see **cerous** and **cirrhus**)

**sees** (see **cees**)

**sei** (see **say**)

**seidel** a large beer glass or mug

**sidle** to move sideways

**seif** (see **safe**)

**seignior** a feudal lord of a manor (or **seigneur**)

**senior** an older person in age or service

**Seine** and **seine** (see **sane**)

**seiner** (see **saner**)

**seisin** (see **season**)

**seize** (see **cees**)

**seizer** (see **Caesar**)

**seizor** (see **Caesar**)

**Sejm** (see **same**)

**sela** rice that is heated before milling

**selah** an exclamation used in the Psalms, possibly as a direction to temple musicians to play or sing

**selah** (see **salah**)

**sell** (see **cell**)

**sella** (see **cella**)

**seller** (see **cellar**)

**seller** (see **cellar**)

**sematic** serving as a warning of danger

**somatic** relating to or affecting the body of an organism

**semen** (see **seaman**)

**semens** viscid whitish fluids containing spermatozoa produced in the male reproductive tract

**siemens** the unit of electrical conductance equal to the reciprocal of the ohm

**semi** a trucking rig composed of a tractor and a semitrailer; a second-year student at some Scottish universities

**semy** in heraldry, having a pattern of small charges

**semidouble** having more than the normal number of petals or disk florets

**semi-double** a feast of the Roman Catholic church

**semmel** a bread roll with a crisp crust

**semul** a tree that produces silk cotton

**semy** (see **semi**)

**senary** (see **scenery**)

**senate** an assembly with legislative functions

**senit** a game of ancient Egyptian origin resembling backgammon

**sen(n)et** any of several barracuda fish

**sennet** a signal call on a trumpet or cornet for exit or entrance on the stage

**sinnnet** a signal call on a trumpet or cornet for entrance or exit on a stage

**sends** (see **scends**)

**senhorita** an unmarried Portuguese or Brazilian woman

**senorita** a slender compressed cream and brown wrasse (fish)

**senior** (see **seignior**)

**senit** (see **senate**)

**senn** a herdsman of the Swiss Alps

**Zen** a Japanese school of Mahayana Buddhism

**sen(n)et** and **sennet** (see **senate**)

**senorita** (see **senhorita**)

**sens** (see **scends**)

**sense** (see **cense**)

**senser** (see **center**)

**senses** (see **ensus**)

**senso** (see **censo**)

**sensor** (see **center**)

**sensorial** (see **ensorial**)

**sensual** (see **ensual**)

**sent** (see **cent**)

**sentry** (see **centry**)

**Seoul** the capital of South Korea

**sol** the fifth tone of the diatonic scale

**sole** the undersurface of a foot or shoe; a flatfish

**soul** the immortal part of a person

**seps** a lizard of an Old World genus of the family Scincidae

**septs** branches of a family, members of which are believed to have descended from a single ancestor; partitions in a screen or railing that mark off an enclosed area set aside for a special purpose

**sept** (see **'cept**)

**septime** a parry or guard position in fencing

**septum** a dividing wall or membrane

**septs** (see **seps**)

**septum** (see **septime**)

**sequence** a continuous or connected series

**sequents** conclusions resulting from reason or argument

**sera** (see **sara[h]**)

**seral** (see **cirral**)

**seraph** a fiery six-winged angel guarding God's throne

**serif** a short line stemming from and at an angle to strokes of a letter

**sere** (see **cere**)

**serein** (see **saran**)

**Seres** (see **ceres**)

**serf** a person belonging to the lower class in various feudal systems

**surf** a sea swell that breaks on shore

**serge** a durable twilled fabric with a smooth clear face

**surge** to swell, roll, or sweep forward

**serial** (see **cereal**)

**sericin** (see **ceresin**)

**series** (see **ceres**)

**series** a group that has or admits an order of arrangement exhibiting progression

**siris** climbing (betel) peppers

**serif** (see **seraph**)

**serin** (see **saran**)

**serious** (see **Cereus**)

**serous** (see **ceras** and **cerous**)

**serra** (see **sara[h]**)

**serval** a common African wildcat

**servile** related to or befitting a slave

**service** (see **cervus**)

**servile** (see **serval**)

**session** (see **cession**)

**sessionary** (see **cessionary**)

**set** to place with care or deliberate purpose

**sett** a Scottish tartan pattern; a small rectangular paving stone

**setaceous** (see **cetaceous** and **psittaceous**)

**setal** (see **cetyl**)

**seton** (see **cetin**)

**sett** (see **set**)

**setter** (see **saeter**)

**settle** (see **cetyl**)

**settler** a colonist; a person who establishes a residence or community

**settlor** a person who creates a trust of property

**Sevillian** (see **civilian**)

**sew** (see **sault** and **seau**)

**sewer** a person who fastens by stitches of thread or filament

**soar** to fly aloft; to rise

**sore** painful or tender; angered or vexed

**sower** a planter of seed

**sewer** a conduit to carry off waste material

**soor** a mycotic disease of the upper digestive tract in infants and young children; a purulent degenerative inflammation of the frog in a horse

**suor** a person who seeks justice from another by legal process

**sewn** fastened with stitches

**son** a folk song of Cuba, Mexico, and Central America; a Latin American ballroom dance

**son** a subjective measure of loudness

**sown** planted or scattered seed

**sex** (see **sects**)

**sexed** having sexual instincts or sex appeal

**sext** the fourth of the seven canonical hours

**sextan** a fever characterized by paroxysms that occur every six days

**sexton** a church custodian

**sferics** atmospheric; an electronic detector of storms using devices for plotting electrical discharges

**spherics** spherical geometry or spherical trigonometry

**sha** (see **pshaw**)

**Shah** (see **pshaw**)

**shake** to undergo vibration; to quiver or tremble

**sheik(h)** a head of an Arab family, tribe, or village

**sham** (see **cham**)

**shames** the candle used to light the other candles in a Hanakkah menorah; the sexton of a synagogue

**shamus** a detective or police officer (slang)

**shammy** (see **chamois**)

**shamus** (see **shames**)

**shanker** (see **chancre**)

**shant** a large stein or pot

**shan't** a contraction of shall not

**shanty** (see **chant[e]y**)

**sharki** a southeasterly wind of the Persian gulf

**shirky** disposed to avoid a task because of laziness, lack of courage, or distaste

**sharky** (see **charque**)

**sharpie** (see **charpie**)

**shaup** a shell, pod, or husk

**shop** to search for, inspect, or buy goods or services

**shay** (see **chay**)

**shays** (see **chaise**)

**she** (see **schih**)

**shea** (see **chay** and **schih**)

**shear** to cut, clip, or sever something

**sheer** of very thin or transparent texture; absolute or pure

**shire** an administrative subdivision of land, as in colonial America

**sheas** (see **chaise**)

**sheas** rough-barked tropical African trees

**she's** the contraction of she is, she has, or she was

**sheave** (see **chive**)

**sheen** (see 'chine)

**sheer** (see **shear**)

**sheik(h)** (see **chic** or **shake**)

**sherd** a brittle piece or fragment

**shirred** gathered cloth together along two or more parallel lines; baked until set, as of eggs

**she's** (see **sheas**)

**shier** more timid, bashful, or modest; a horse given to starting aside suddenly

**shire** an administrative subdivision of land, as in colonial America

**shiever** a double-crosser (slang)

**shiver** to tremble, quake, or vibrate, especially from an abnormally cold temperature

**Shik** (see **chic**)

**shilling** (see **schilling**)

**shin** (see **hsin**)

**Shin** and **shin** (see 'chine)

**shine** to emit rays of light

**sinh** the hyperbolic sine

**shinnery** (see **chenier**)

**shire** (see **shear** and **shier**)

**shirky** (see **sharki**)

**shirr** to gather cloth together along two or more parallel lines; to bake until set, as of eggs

**sure** certain, positive, or reliable

**shirred** (see **sherd**)

**shiv** (see **chive**)

**shive** (see **chive**)

**shiver** (see **shiever**)

**shivy** (see **Chivey**)

**shoal** a sandbank or sandbar; a shallow place in a body of water

**shole** a plate placed beneath an object

**shoddy** inferior, vulgar, shabby, or disreputable

**shotty** hard and round, like a pellet of shot

**shoe** (see **chou**)

**shoed** put on or furnished with a shoe

**shood** rice husks used in adulterating linseed cake

**shooed** drove or sent away; dispelled

**shoer** a horseshoer

**sure** certain, positive, or reliable

**shoes** (see **chou**)

**shofars** (see **chauffeurs**)

**shole** (see **shoal**)

**shone** emitted light rays; gleamed

**shown** displayed or exhibited

**shoo** (see **chou**)

**shood** (see **shoed**)

**shooed** (see **shoed**)

**shoos** (see **choux**)

**shoot** (see **chute**)

**shop** (see **shaup**)

**shopping** (see **schapping**)

**shor** a salt lake, marsh, or pond

**shore** land bordering a large body of water

**shore** land bordering a large body of water

**shower** a person that exhibits or demonstrates

**shortstop** a workman at a rod mill who diverts the rod for winding in a coil

**short-stop** an acid rinse bath between a photograph developer and the fixing bath

**shortswing** a skiing technique developed for maximum speed

**short-swing** of or relating to capital assets held for less than six months

**shot** (see **chott**)

**shott** (see **chott**)

**shotty** (see **shoddy**)

**shous** (see **chose**)

**shower** (see **shore**)

**shown** (see **shone**)

**shows** (see **chose**)

**shrewd** marked by cleverness, discernment, or sagacity

**shrewed** treated with ill-tempered and intractable abuse

**shu** (see **chou**)

**shudder** to tremble or shake convulsively

**shutter** a movable cover or screen for a window or door

**shute** (see **chute**)

**shutter** (see **shudder**)

**shy** (see **Chi**)

**si** (see **C**)

**sibyl** (see **cibol**)

**sic** (see **seek**)

**sic** intentionally so written

**sick** diseased or unwell

**Sicel** (see **cycle** and **scissel**)

**Sicilian** (see **Caecilian**)

**Sicily** (see **cicely**)

**sick** (see **sic**)

**sickle** (see **cycle**)

**sics** incites or urges to attack, as a dog

**sicks** vomits

**six** the whole number between five and seven

**Siddha** one who has attained perfection, in Hinduism

**siddha** rice that is soaked in water and then boiled before milling

**Sitta** the type genus of Sittidae comprising various typical nuthatches

**siddur** a Jewish prayer book containing both Hebrew and Aramaic prayers

**sitter** a broody hen; a person who sits for a portrait or a bust

**side** (see **sayyid**)

**sided** (see **cited**)

**sideliner** a small pale-colored desert rattlesnake of the southwestern U.S.

**side-liner** a person who catches bass by forcing them to leap into the boat

**sider** (see **cider**)

**siderous** (see **Cidaris**)

**sidhe** (see **schih**)

**sidi** (see **seedy**)

**sidle** (see **seidel**)

**siemens** (see **semens**)

**Siena** a strong reddish brown color; a city in central Italy

**sienna** any of various earthy substances that are brownish yellow when raw

**sig** (see **cig**)

**sighed** (see **sayyid**)

**sigher** a person who makes a sound expressing weariness, relief, or grief

**sire** a male parent

**sighs** (see **psis**)

**sight** (see **cite**)

**sighted** (see **cited**)

**sighter** (see **cider**)

**sign** a signal, mark, or gesture

**sine** a trigonometric function

**sinh** the hyperbolic function analogous to the sine

**tsine** a wild ox of the Malay peninsula sometimes used for draft

**signate** (see **cygnet**)

**signet** (see **cygnet**)

**sika** (see **ceca**)

**Sikh** (see **seek**)

**sil** yellow ocher, a mixture of limonite usually with clay and silica used as a pigment

**sild** young herring canned as sardine

**sill** a horizontal member at the base of a door or window opening

**Silicea** (see **Cilicia**)

**siliceous** (see **cilicious**)

**sliques** (see **cylix**)

**sill** (see **sil**)

**silly** (see **cilly**)

**sima** (see **cyma**)

**sin** (see **scene**)

**sin** a transgression of religious law; a serious offense

**syn** characterized by certain atoms or groups on the same side of the molecule

**sine** (see **sign**)

**sinewous** marked by strong or prominent tendons

**sinuous** a serpentine or wavy form

**single** (see **cingle**)

**single-seated** a vehicle with one seat only, or seats suitable for one person to a seat

**single-seeded** a plant bearing fruit that contains one seed

**singular** (see **cingular**)

**sinh** (see **cinch** and **shine**)

**sinical** (see **cynical**)

**Sinicism** (see **cynicism**)

**sink** (see **cinque**)

**sinnet** (see **senate**)

**sinter** (see **cinter**)

**sinuous** (see **sinewous**)

**Sion** (see **cyan**)

**Sioux** (see **sault**)

**sip** (see **cyp**)

**sipe** (see **cepe**)

**sir** a respectful form of address

**sur** in law, on or upon

**sire** (see **sigher**)

**Sirian** resembling or relating to the star Sirius, a star in the constellation Canis Major and the brightest star in our sky



**Syrian** a native or inhabitant of Syria

**siriasis** (see **psoriasis**)

**siris** (see **cerise** and **series**)

**Sirius** (see **Cereus**)

**sirred** addressed as sir

**surd** lacking reason or rationale; in mathematics, an irrational radical with rational radicands

**sis** (see **cees** and **cis**)

**sisal** (see **scissel**)

**sisel** (see **scissel**)

**sis** (see **cis**)

**sissed** (see **cist**)

**sistern** (see **cistern**)

**Sistine** and **sistine** (see **cyst[e]in**)

**sit** (see **cit**)

**site** (see **cite**)

**sitology** (see **cytology**)

**Sitta** (see **Siddha**)

**sitter** (see **siddur**)

**six** (see **sics**)

**sixte** a parry or guard position in fencing

**sixth** the number six in a countable series

**sixteen** the whole number between fifteen and seventeen

**Sixtine** relating to any of the popes named Sixtus; relating to the Sistine chapel in the Vatican

**sixth** (see **sixte**)

**Sixtine** (see **sixteen**)

**size** (see **psis**)

**sizer** (see **cisor**)

**sizzle** (see **scissel**)

**skag** (see **scag**)

**skald** (see **scald**)

**skarn** (see **khan**)

**skate** (see **schuyt**)

**skating** gliding along on skates propelled by alternate action of the legs

**skeyting** a Scandinavian tribal ceremony used in making conveyances of land

**skee** whiskey (slang)

**ski** one of a pair of narrow strips of wood, metal, or plastic that are used to glide over snow

**skeet** trapshooting in which clay targets are thrown to simulate bird flight

**skete** a settlement of Eastern Orthodox monks inhabiting a group of small cottages around a church

**skerry** (see **scary**)

**skete** (see **skeet**)

**skews** (see **scuse**)

**skeyting** (see **skating**)

**ski** (see **skee**)

**skidder** a person or machine that skids or uses a skid, as with logs

**skitter** to pass or glide lightly or hurriedly

**skiddles** a game in which sticks are thrown at pins

**skittles** enjoyment or play

**skiffed** navigated in a small light sailing ship

**skift** a thin layer of snow or frost on the ground, or of ice on water; a wisp of clouds

**skil** a large elongated scorpaenid food fish of the Pacific coast from Alaska to southern California

**skill** a developed or acquired aptitude or ability

**skilling** (see **schilling**)

**skirr** (see **scur**)

**skits** (see **schiz**)

**skitter** (see **skidder**)

**skittles** (see **skiddles**)

**skitz** (see **schiz**)

**skoaled** (see **scold**)

**skout** (see **scoot**)

**skull** (see **scull**)

**sky** an expanse of space surrounding Earth  
**Skye** a Skye terrier dog

**slack** not tight, tense, or taut; lacking in firmness

**slake** to bring thirst to an end with refreshing drink

**slade** the sole of a plow

**sleighed** traveled over snow or ice in a vehicle on runners

**sleyed** separated and arranged the warp threads in a loom's reed

**slain** put to death violently

**slane** an L-shaped spade for cutting out peat in blocks

**slake** (see **slack**)

**slay** to kill or slaughter

**sleigh** a vehicle on runners for transportation over snow or ice

**sley** to separate and arrange warp threads in the reed of a loom

**slambang** exceptionally good or outstanding

**slam-bang** with violence and noise

**slane** (see **slain**)

**sleave** to separate into filaments

**sleeve** a part of a garment covering an arm

**sleigh** (see **slay**)

**sleighed** (see **slade**)

**sleight** cunning, trickery, or deftness

**slight** having a slim or delicate build; scanty or meager

**slew** a large number or quantity; killed or slaughtered

**slough** a marshy place

**sley** (see **slay**)

**sleyed** (see **slade**)

**slide** to go with a smooth continuous motion; to glide

**slied** moved shrewdly or with covert cunning

**slider** a person that coasts over a slippery surface

**slighter** a person who disregards the significance of

**sliding** going with a smooth continuous motion; gliding

**slighting** characterized by disregard or disrespect

**slied** (see **slide**)

**slight** (see **sleight**)

**slighter** (see **slider**)

**slighting** (see **sliding**)

**slipe** pulled wool removed from skins by a lime process

**slype** a narrow passage

**slipslop** shallowness, or meaningless talk or writing

**slip-slop** to move about in loose slippers

**sloe** a small dark-colored plum with as-tringent green flesh

**slow** mentally dull; lacking speed

**slough** (see **slew**)

**slough** something shed or cast off

**sluff** to discard a playing card; to eat (slang)

**slow** (see **sloe**)

**sluff** (see **slough**)

**slype** (see **slipe**)

**smellie** a motion picture having odors synchronized with the action

**smelly** malodorous

**Smokey** an officer or officers of the state highway patrol (slang)

**smoky** emitting gaseous products of burning carbonaceous materials made visible

- by the presence of small particles of carbon
- snees** cuts
- sneeze** a sudden violent audible spasmodic expiration through the nose and mouth
- snide** slyly disparaging or subtly derisive
- snyed** bent upward, especially the edge of a plank near a ship's bow or stern
- snook** any of several vigorous active marine fishes, as the barracuda
- snook** a gesture of derision consisting of thumbing the nose
- snoose** snuff
- snooze** to take a nap or doze
- snubbee** a person that is checked or stopped with a cutting retort or remark
- snubby** having a snub-nose; blunt, stubby, or stumpy
- snyed** (see **snide**)
- so** (see **seau**)
- soak** to saturate
- soke** the specific territory or group of men included in a specific jurisdiction, in Anglo-Saxon law
- soaper** a serial drama performed usually on daytime radio or television (slang); a person that makes or deals in a cleansing agent made from fats and oils
- sopor** a profound or lethargic sleep
- soar** (see **sawer** and **sewer**)
- soared** flew aloft; rose
- sord** a group of mallards
- sword** a long-bladed weapon for cutting, slashing, and thrusting
- soccer** a game whose object is to manipulate a ball into a goal without using hands or arms
- socket** a hard puncher
- socketeye** (see **Sacae**)
- socks** hits or strikes forcefully
- sox** cloth foot coverings
- sodded** covered with the upper stratum of soil that is filled with roots of grass or other herbs
- sotted** wasted in drunkenness
- soddy** (see **sad(h)e**)
- Sodom** (see **satem**)
- softs** silly persons
- sophs** second-year students in a four-year high school or college (by shortening sophomore)
- soja** a widely distributed genus of trailing climbing herbs
- soya** an erect bushy hairy annual legume, the soybean
- soke** (see **soak**)
- Sol** and **sol** (see **sal**)
- sol** (see **Seoul**)
- solace** alleviation of grief or anxiety
- solus** without companions; in solitude
- soulless** lacking greatness or nobleness of mind or feeling
- solan** a large white gannet with black wing tips
- Solen** a genus of razor clams
- solen** a razor clam
- solon** a member of a legislative body
- solar** relating to the sun
- soler** a person who soles footwear
- sold** exchanged goods or services for money or the equivalent
- soled** put soles on footwear; having so many soles, as "double-soled"
- souled** having a soul
- solder** (see **sawder**)
- sole** (see **Seoul**)
- soled** (see **sold**)
- Solen** and **solen** (see **solan**)
- soler** (see **solar**)
- solon** (see **solan**)

**solus** (see **solace**)

**somatic** (see **sematic**)

**somber** (see **sambar**)

**some** part of a number of things

**sum** a total or aggregate

**somma** (see **sama**)

**son** (see **sann** and **sewn**)

**son** (see **sewn**)

**sonny** a young boy

**sunny** full of sunshine; optimistic

**soogee** clean rope yarns used to wash with; to wash down, as the deck of a ship

**suji** wheat granulated but not pulverized

**soor** (see **sewer**)

**soot** a black substance (chiefly carbon) formed by combustion

**suit** a set of garments; cards in a pack of playing cards bearing the same symbol, as diamonds

**suite** a retinue or set; an instrumental musical form

**sute** a flock of mallards

**tzut** a brightly patterned square of cotton used as a head cover

**sooter** a person who removes soot, as from a boiler

**suitor** a person who courts a woman; a pleader

**sophs** (see **softs**)

**sopor** (see **soaper**)

**sora** (see **psora**)

**soras** small short-billed North American rails

**sorus** a cluster of reproductive bodies or spores on a lower plant

**sorbate** a salt or ester of sorbic acid; a substance taken up and held either by absorption or adsorption

**sorbet** a sherbet made with a mixture of fruits

**sord** (see **soared**)

**sordid** covered with filth; dirty; vile

**sorted** arranged according to some characteristics; classified

**sworded** armed, wounded, or killed with a sword

**sordor** refuse or dregs

**sorter** a person or machine that classifies or arranges things

**sore** (see **sawer** and **sewer**)

**sorel** (see **saurel**)

**sorosis** (see **cirrhosis**)

**sorrel** (see **saurel**)

**sorry** (see **sari** and **saury**)

**sorted** (see **sordid**)

**sorter** (see **sordor**)

**sortes** types of divination by lots

**sorties** sudden issuings of troops from a defensive position to attack or harass the enemy

**sorus** (see **psorous** and **soras**)

**sotted** (see **sodded**)

**sou** (see **sault**)

**sough** a moaning or sighing sound

**sow** an adult female swine

**sought** (see **sawt**)

**soul** (see **Seoul**)

**souled** (see **sold**)

**soulless** (see **solace**)

**souma** a disease of animals caused by insect vectors such as the tsetse and stable flies

**Suma** a people or group of people of the state of Chihuahua, Mexico

**summa** one or more treatises encompassing an entire field of learning

**soup** a liquid food having meat, fish, or vegetables as a base

**sup** in mathematics, a least upper bound

**supe** a supernumerary; a superintendent

**souper** a person who takes or distributes a broth of meat and/or vegetable(s)

**super** a person in a position of authority or superiority (by shortening superintendent); of great worth, value, or excellence

**souple** partially degummed silk

**supple** limber or lithe

**sous** (see **sault**)

**sous** the space outside the white ring of an archery target

**souse** to steep in a preservative; to pickle; to soak or submerge

**sow** (see **seau** or **sough**)

**sower** (see **sewer**)

**sown** (see **sewn**)

**sox** (see **socks**)

**soya** (see **soja**)

**spade** a tool for digging or turning soil; a card of one of the four suits in a deck of playing cards

**spayed** removed ovaries of a female animal

**sparable** a small headless nail used by cobblers to reduce wear on shoe soles

**spareable** that which can be relieved of the necessity of doing or undergoing

**spatterdash** a usually knee-high legging worn as protection from water and mud

**spatter-dash** a finish produced by scattering paint of a different color on a ground coat

**spawn** to produce or deposit eggs of an aquatic animal

**spon** money (slang)

**spay** to remove ovaries of a female animal

**spet** a small barracuda fish

**spayed** (see **spade**)

**spear** a long-shafted sharp-pointed throwing or thrusting weapon

**spier** a fixed and often architecturally treated screen

**specks** spots or stains; tiny bits

**specs** spectacles; specifications (or **spex**)

**speel** to climb

**spiel** to play music; to talk in a voluble often extravagant manner

**speiss** a mixture of impure metallic arsenides

**spice** any of various aromatic vegetable products used in cookery to season and flavor foods

**spet** (see **spay**)

**spherics** (see **sferics**)

**Sphinx** the type genus of Sphingidae moths

**sphinx** an enigmatic monster in ancient Greek mythology having a lion's body, wings, and the head and bust of a woman

**Sphynx** a hairless cat recognized as a breed in 1971

**spicae** spiral reverse plain or plaster bandages used to immobilize a limb or joint

**spic(e)y** somewhat scandalous, salacious, piquant, or racy; flavored with various aromatic vegetable products

**spice** (see **speiss**)

**spic(e)y** (see **spicae**)

**spick** spotlessly clean; quite new or fresh (spick-and-span, by shortening)

**Spik** Spanish American, especially Mexican (usually offensive)

**spiel** (see **speel**)

**spier** (see **spear**)

**spier** a person that watches in a furtive or stealthy manner

**spire** a steeply tapering roof surmounting a tower; a steeple

**Spik** (see **spick**)

**spinner** a person or machine that spins fibers

**spinor** in mathematics, a quantity that resembles a vector with complex components in a two- or four-dimensional space

**spinous** having spines, thorns, or prickles

**Spinus** a genus of small active often brightly colored finches

**spiracle** the blow-hole of a cetacian

**spiricle** one of the minute coiled threads in the coating of some seeds

**spire** (see **spier**)

**spiricle** (see **spiracle**)

**spiritous** impregnated with alcohol obtained by distillation; containing the nature of spirit

**spiritus** either of two marks used in writing Greek, the one to indicate aspiration, the other to indicate absence of aspiration

**spits** slender pointed metal rods for holding meat or other food while cooking; expectorates

**spitz** a dog native to northern areas, as a chow or pomeranian

**spon** (see **spawn**)

**spoor** a sign or mark left by an animal that has passed

**spore** a minute unicellular reproductive body

**sprints** (see **Sbrinz**)

**sprite** an elf, fairy, or goblin

**spruit** a sprout; young plant growth

**sprits** spars that cross a fore-and-aft sail diagonally from the mast

**spritz** a quick brief spray of liquid or rain

**spruit** (see **sprite**)

**spudder** a person that sets up and operates well-drilling machinery

**sputter** confused or excited speech; to

expel particles from the mouth with mildly explosive sounds

**squadder** a member of a police squad

**squatter** a person that settles on land without right or title

**squaller** a baby that cries excessively

**squalor** corruption; crassness; degradation

**squatter** (see **squadder**)

**scuff** (see **scuff**)

**squirl** a curlicue or flourish

**squirrel** an arboreal rodent with a bushy tail

**stable** not decomposing readily; resistant to chemical change

**stable** a building or part of a building in which domestic animals are lodged and fed

**stade** a stadium; a period of time represented by a glacial deposit

**staid** sober, sedate, or serious

**stayed** paused or remained; brought a ship about to the other tack

**staff** a long stick carried for support; personnel responsible for operating an organization

**staph** a staphylococcus bacteria (by shortening)

**staggard** a male red deer in its fourth year

**staggered** reeled from side to side; tottered; placed alternately on either side of a midline

**staid** (see **stade**)

**stain** a discoloration or blemish; a dye or pigment used to alter color or shade

**steen** a line with solid material to prevent soil caving in or washing away

**stair** a series of steps for moving from one level to another

**stare** to look fixedly

**stere** a metric measure of volume equal to one cubic meter

**stake** a pointed rod designed to be driven into the ground; a wager

**steak** a slice of meat cut from a fleshy part of a carcass

**stamen** the organ of the flower that gives rise to the male gamete

**Stayman** a variety of apples

**staph** (see **staff**)

**star** a self-luminous gaseous celestial body of great mass

**starr** a Jewish deed or bond releasing or discharging a debt

**stare** (see **stair**)

**starlet** a young movie actress who is being coached and publicized for starring roles; a little star

**starlit** lighted by the stars

**starlight** the light emitted by stars

**starlite** a blue zircon mineral

**starlit** (see **starlet**)

**starlite** (see **starlight**)

**starr** (see **star**)

**stater** an ancient gold or silver coin of the Greek city-states

**stator** a stationary part in a machine in or about which a rotor revolves

**Statice** a genus of low-growing usually coastal herbs

**statice** sea lavender or thrift, a tufted scapose herb of seacoasts and the mountains of the north temperate zone

**status** a comparative position of rank or condition

**stationary** immobile, stable, or static

**stationery** materials for writing or typing

**stator** (see **stater**)

**status** (see **Statice**)

**stayed** (see **stade**)

**Stayman** (see **stamen**)

**steaded** assisted or supported

**stetted** annotated with the word “stet” to nullify a previous direction to delete or amend

**steak** (see **stake**)

**steal** to take property of another illegally; to pilfer

**steel** commercial iron containing carbon; an instrument for sharpening knives

**stele** an arrow’s shaft; the cylindrical central portion of a vascular plant

**stealer** a person that robs or steals

**steeler** a smith who steels edged tools; a person that inserts steels

**stellar** located in or resembling a stele

**steel** (see **steal**)

**steeler** (see **stealer**)

**steelie** the steelhead, a silvery rainbow trout that migrates to the sea before returning to spawn in fresh water

**steely** resembling or containing steel

**stelae** slabs or pillars of stone, usually carved or inscribed and used for commemorative purposes

**stele** the cylindrical central portion of the axis of a vascular plant

**steen** (see **stain**)

**steer** a bull castrated before sexual maturity; to guide or control

**stere** a metric measure of volume equal to one cubic meter

**stelae** (see **steelie**)

**stellar** (see **stealer**)

**stele** (see **steal** or **steelie**)

**step** a degree in a scale or range; a movement made by raising the foot and bringing it down in a different position

**steppe** arid land characterized by xerophilic vegetation

**stere** (see **stair** and **steer**)

**sterling** having a fixed standard of purity from admixture that is usually defined



- legally as represented by an alloy of 925 parts of silver with 75 parts of copper; conforming to the highest standard
- Stirling** an external-combustion engine in which heat from outside the cylinder causes air confined in the cylinder to expand and drive the pistons
- stetted** (see **steaded**)
- stichs** measured parts of something written in verse; tricks in various card games
- sticks** wood parts of a tree or shrub; twigs; pierces with something pointed; adheres to
- Styx** a river in Hades
- stichtite** a mineral consisting of a hydrous carbonate and hydroxide of chromium and magnesium
- sticktight** any plant of the genus *Bidens*; a bur(r) marigold
- sticks** (see **stichs**)
- sticktight** (see **stichtite**)
- Stieng** a people related to the Cambodians and inhabiting Thudaumot province, Vietnam
- sting** something that causes a keen pain or stimulation of the mind
- stile** a set of steps over a fence
- style** a manner, method, or mode
- stilo** in the style of, with reference to the calendar
- stylo** a stylographic pen (shortened)
- sting** (see **Stieng**)
- Stirling** (see **sterling**)
- stoep** a covered entrance to a building usually with separate roof
- stoop** to bend the body forward and downward; to lean or bow; a basin at the entrance of a Roman Catholic church containing holy water
- stupe** a cloth with hot water wrung out for external application
- stolen** obtained by theft
- stollen** a repeated section in a meistersong; a rich, dried fruit-filled yeast bread often topped with icing and decorated with candied cherries
- stolon** a horizontal branch from a plant's base that produces new plants, as a runner
- stoop** (see **stoop**)
- stooper** a person who bends the body forward, or one who is bent forward
- stupor** numbness or stupefaction
- store** to accumulate; a business establishment where goods are kept for retail sale
- stower** a person who stores, especially a stevedore
- straddle** to stand, sit, or walk with the legs wide apart
- stratal** relating to a bed or layer
- straight** free from curves, bends, or angles; direct and uninterrupted; upright
- strait** a comparatively narrow passageway connecting two bodies of water; difficulty
- straighten** to alter from being crooked or bent to a straight form; to make correct
- straiten** to afflict physically or mentally; to continue in a narrow space
- strait** (see **straight**)
- straiten** (see **straighten**)
- stratal** (see **straddle**)
- streak** an irregular strip or line of contrasting color or texture; a narrow band of light
- streek** to stretch out
- stricks** bunches of hackled flax, jute, or hemp
- Strix** the type genus of the family Strigidae comprising owls that lack ear tufts
- strix** a fluting of a column
- strider** a person or animal that moves with long steps



**stridor** a harsh, shrill, or creaking noise

**Strix and strix** (see **stricks**)

**studder** a person who inserts hair springs into watches

**stutter** to speak with involuntary disruption or blocking of speech

**stupe** (see **stoep**)

**stupor** (see **stooper**)

**stutter** (see **studder**)

**stylar** leading to a seed plant's ovary; related to an elongated process

**styler** a person who designs, develops, or advises on fashions or styles

**style** (see **stile**)

**styler** (see **stylar**)

**stylo** (see **stilo**)

**Styx** (see **stichs**)

**su** (see **sault**)

**subaural** situated beneath the ear

**suboral** situated beneath the mouth

**subbase** another foundation below that which ordinarily forms the base

**sub-base** a mooring site or base for submarines

**subbass** a 16- or 32-foot pipe organ stop used in a pedal organ

**subcast** a secondary swarm of bees

**subcaste** a subdivision of an hereditary class in Hinduism

**subhyalin** beneath or under the opalescent substance resembling chiton which is the chief constituent of the wall of a hydatidcyst

**subhyaline** being somewhat less transparent than glass

**suboral** (see **subaural**)

**subsequence** a later or following event

**subsequents** streams that developed along a belt or belts of underlying weak rock

**subsistence** an irreducible minimum necessary to support life

**subsistents** abstract entities; things having existence

**subtle** delicate, refined, or skillful

**subtle** the weight remaining after the weight of a vehicle or container is deducted; net weight

**subtler** more delicate, refined, or skillful

**sutler** a provisioner to an army

**succor** help or assistance

**sucker** a person or device that draws something into itself by producing a partial vacuum; a shoot originating from roots or a lower part of a plant's stem

**succubous** leaves arranged so that the posterior margin of each overlaps the anterior margin of the next older

**succubus** a demon assuming female form

**sucker** (see **succor**)

**sudds** floating vegetable matter composed of papyrus stems and aquatic grasses

**suds** froth or bubbles formed on a soapy water or beer

**sue** (see **sault**)

**sued** (see **pseud**)

**suede** leather finished by buffing the flesh side with an emery wheel

**swayed** moved in rhythmic back and forth oscillations; influenced a course of action or viewpoint

**suer** (see **sewer**)

**suit** (see **soot**)

**suite** (see **soot**)

**suite** a retinue or set; an instrumental musical form

**sweet** charming or nice; pleasing to the taste, as opposed to sour or bitter; sugary

**suitor** (see **sooter**)

**suji** (see **soogee**)

**sulfinyl** the bivalent group or radical SO occurring in sulfoxides, sulfenic acids, and derivatives of the acids

**sulfonyl** the bivalent group or radical SO<sub>2</sub> occurring in sulfones, sulfonic acids, and derivatives of the acids

**Sullan** of, pertaining to, or connected with the Roman dictator Lucius Cornelius Sulla

**sullen** gloomily or resentfully silent or repressed

**sum** (see **some**)

**Suma** (see **souma**)

**sumac** a shrub or tree of the genus *Rhus*

**Sumak** a smooth-faced pileless carpet from eastern Transcaucasia, woven in a peculiar form of tapestry weave with a herringbone effect

**summa** (see **souma**)

**summarize** present briefly, sum up, or recapitulate

**summerize** to make ready for summer use

**summary** a short restatement of the main points

**summery** relating to the season between spring and autumn

**summerize** (see **summarize**)

**summery** (see **summary**)

**sun** (see **sann**)

**sundae** (see **sandhi**)

**Sunday** (see **sandhi**)

**sundri** an East Indian tree with tannin-rich bark

**sundry** an indeterminate number

**Sung and sung** (see **sang**)

**sun** (see **sann**)

**sunny** (see **sonny**)

**sup** (see **soup**)

**supe** (see **soup**)

**super** (see **souper**)

**superepic** extraordinarily heroic

**superepoch** an extraordinary memorable event or date

**supple** (see **souple**)

**sur** (see **sir**)

**sura** the fermented juice of various East Indian palms

**surra(h)** a severe Old World febrile and hemorrhagic disease of animals transmitted by biting insects

**surculus** (see **circulus**)

**surd** (see **sirred**)

**sure** (see **shirr** and **shoer**)

**surf** (see **serf**)

**surface** one of the faces of a three dimensional object

**Syrphus** a genus of cyclorrhaphous dipterous flies

**syrphus** any of numerous active day-flying flies that feed on nectar; the hoverfly

**surge** (see **serge**)

**surgency** a personality factor characterized by quickness and cleverness

**surgeoncy** the office or position of a medical specialist who performs surgery

**surplice** a loose white ecclesiastical vestment

**surplus** the excess of receipts over disbursements; more than sufficient

**surra(h)** (see **sura**)

**sute** (see **soot**)

**sutler** (see **subtler**)

**suttle** (see **subtle**)

**swallo** a large holothurian, a worm-like aquatic animal

**swallow** to take through the esophagus into the stomach; to devour; to engulf; a small long-winged bird

**swanneck** an orchid of the genus *Cycnoches*  
**swan-neck** a bend in a handrail of a stair consisting of a ramp terminating in a knee  
**swansdown** a soft thick cloth of wool mixed with rayon, silk, or cotton  
**swan's-down** the fine soft feathers of the swan  
**swath** a stroke of a scythe  
**swathe** to wrap or cover tightly in enveloping material  
**swatter** a device to kill insects  
**swotter** a student who studies hard and constantly, especially for examinations in Great Britain and New Zealand  
**swayed** (see **suede**)  
**swayer** a person that moves in usually slow and rhythmic back and forth oscillations  
**swear** to take an oath  
**Swedish** related to Sweden  
**sweetish** pleasing to the taste, as opposed to sour or bitter; sugary  
**sweet** (see **suite**)  
**sweetish** (see **Swedish**)  
**sword** (see **soared**)  
**sworded** (see **sordid**)  
**swotter** (see **swatter**)  
**sycolosis** (see **psychosis**)  
**syenite** (see **cyanite**)  
**syke** (see **cyke**)  
**sylvanite** a telluride of gold and silver occurring in crystals or masses with luster  
**sylvinitic** an evaporite rock consisting of halite and sylvite  
**symbol** (see **cymbal**)  
**syn** (see **sin**)  
**sync(h)** (see **cinque**)

**synechological** pertaining to a continuum  
**synecological** involving a branch of ecology that deals with the structure, development, and distribution of ecological communities in relation to the environment

**sypher** (see **cipher**)

**Syria** (see **ceria**)

**Syrian** (see **Sirian**)

**Syrphus** and **syrphus** (see **surface**)

**syssel** (see **scissel**)

**Szis** (see **cees**)

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## Group I

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**salience** - **salients**

**scaena** - **scena**

**scalenous** - **scalenus**

**schedular** - **scheduler**

**scirrhous** - **scirrhus**

**seer** - **see-er**

**semblance** - **semblants**

**semul** - **simal**

**senhor** - **senor** - **signor**

**senhora** - **senora** - **signora**

**sentience** - **sentients**

**septal** - **septil**

**serai** - **serail**

**shortchange** - **short-change**

**sibilance** - **sibilants**

**sibilous** - **sibilus**

**significance** - **significants**

**Silence** - **silence** - **silents**

**silvan** - **sylvan**

**slowpoke** - **slow-poke**

**somnolence** - **somnolents**

**sonance** - **sonants**

**sorceress** - **sorcerous**

**speluncar** - **spelunker**

**sphacelous** - **sphacelus**

**spondylous** - **spondylus**

**stabile** - **stable**

**stairstep** - **stair-step**

**steroptican** - **steropticon**

**stimulance - stimulants**  
**stratous - stratus**  
**strepsipteran - strepsipteron**  
**subdominance - subdominants**  
**subservience - subservients**  
**subtile - subtle**  
**subtiler - subtler**  
**succulence - succulents**  
**sugarloaf - sugar-loaf**  
**superintendence - superintendents**  
**suppliance - suppliant**  
**surculous - surculus**  
**surveillance - surveillants**  
**susurrous - susurrus**  
**syngnathous - Syngnathus**

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## Group I and II

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**salon** sa:lɒn  
**saloon** sə'lju:n  
  
**sclerose** 'skli:rɔs  
**sclerus** 'sklirəs  
  
**sherif** shə'ref  
**sheriff** 'sher,ɪf  
  
**spinose** 'spɪ.nɔs  
**spinous** 'spɪnəs  
  
**squamose** 'skwā.mɔs  
**squamous** 'skwāməs  
  
**stratose** 'stra.tɔs  
**stratus** 'stratəs

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## Group II

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**Sa'an** 'sæn  
**sawn** 'sɔn  
  
**sabaean** sə'bēən  
**sabian** 'səbēən  
  
**sabal** 'sā.bəl  
**sable** 'səbəl  
  
**sago** 'sāgō  
**sego** 'sēgō

**salad** 'saləd  
**salade** sə'ləd  
  
**salleeman** 'sālemən  
**sallyman** 'salimən  
  
**samba** 'sāmbə  
**tsamba** 'tsāmbə  
  
**sapience** 'sapēəns  
**sapiens** 'sapē.ɛnz  
  
**sappare** 'sa.pər  
**sapper** 'sapər  
  
**sasin** 'sāsən  
**sasine** 'sāsən  
  
**sauce** 'sɔs  
**sose** 'səs  
  
**Sauk** 'sɔk  
**sock** 'sək  
  
**sawed** 'sɔd  
**sod** 'səd  
  
**scion** 'sɪən  
**zion** 'ziən  
  
**scissel** 'sisəl  
**scissile** sisəl or sizəl  
**sessile** 'sesəl  
**sistle** 'sisl  
  
**scur** 'skər  
**skyr** 'skɪr  
  
**second** 'sekənd  
**secund** 'se.kənd  
  
**secret** 'sēkrət  
**secrete** sə'krēt  
  
**seem** 'sēm  
**xeme** 'zēm  
  
**seese** 'sē.sē  
**tsetse** 'sēsē  
  
**seigneur** 'sānyərē  
**seignory** 'sēnyərē  
  
**septenate** 'septē.nət  
**septennate** 'septən.nāt  
  
**serene** sə'rēn  
**serine** 'se.rēn

**serra** 'serə  
**sirrah** 'sirə

**servant** 'sɜrvənt  
**sirvente** sɜr'vent

**shaikh** 'shā,kē  
**shaky** 'shākē

**shall** 'shal  
**shell** 'shel

**sharki** 'shərkē  
**sharky** 'shərkē

**shivaree** 'shivə,rē  
**shivery** 'shivərə

**silicon** 'siləkən  
**silicone** 'silə,kōn

**simbil** 'simbil  
**symbol** 'simbəl

**similar** 'similər  
**similor** 'similōr

**Sinapsis** sə'nāpsəs  
**synapsis** 'sə,napsəs

**sing** 'siŋ  
**singh** 'siŋ

**skeletin** 'skelətin  
**skeleton** 'skelətən

**slaughter** 'slɔdər  
**slotter** 'slɔdər

**soared** 'sɔrd  
**sword** 'swɔrd

**solan** 'sɔlən  
**so-lun** 'sɔ,lən

**solely** 'sɔlē  
**solī** 'sɔ,lē

**solemn** 'säləm  
**solum** 'sɔləm

**sori** 'sɔr,i  
**sorry** 'sɔrē

**sot** 'sät  
**sought** 'sɔt

**sowar** 'sɔ'wār  
**sower** 'sɔər

**spiritual** 'spirətchəwəl  
**spirituel** :spirət'chə:wəl

**stadic** 'stātik  
**static** 'statik

**stalk** 'stɔk  
**stock** 'stāk

**stamen** 'stāmən  
**stamin** 'stamən

**stearic** 'stē,arik  
**steric** 'sterik

**sterile** 'sterəl  
**sterol** 'ste,rəl

**stigma** 'stigmə  
**stigme** 'stigmē

**stirrup** 'stirəp  
**stir-up** 'stir,əp

**stoop** 'stüp  
**stupp** 'stəp

**succus** 'səkəs  
**succuss** ,sə'kəs

**sudor** 'südōr  
**suiter** 'südər

**summand** 'sə,mənd  
**summoned** 'səmənəd

**sunglo** 'süŋ'lō  
**sunglow** 'sən,glō

**suni** 'sünē  
**Sunni** 'sүнē  
**sunny** 'sənē

**superaffluence** ,süpər'afliüəns  
**supereffluence** ,süpər'efliüəns

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**taar** an Arabian tambourine

**tahr** a Himalayan beardless wild goat

**tar** a dark brown or black bituminous odorous viscid liquid obtained by the destructive distillation of organic materials

**tabaret** a stout upholstery silk with satin stripes

**taboret** a cylindrical seat or stool without arms or back

**tachs** tachometers, devices indicating speed of rotation (by shortening)

**tacks** attaches or joins; nail-like fastening devices; changes direction of a sailing vessel

**tacts** sensitive mental or aesthetic perceptions; diplomacies or delicacies

**tax** a pecuniary charge imposed by a public authority

**tacit** unspoken or implicit

**tasset** one of a series of overlapping plates in a suit of armor that forms a short skirt

**tacked** attached or joined; changed direction of a sailing vessel

**tact** diplomacy; considerateness; poise

**tacks** (see **tachs**)

**Tacoma** a city in west central Washington

**Tecoma** a genus of tropical American shrubs and trees having large showy flowers

**tact** (see **tacked**)

**tacts** (see **tachs**)

**tahr** (see **taar**)

**tailer** a person or animal that follows another

**tailor** a person who makes or alters wearing apparel

**talar** an ankle-length robe

**tailles** royal taxes in 15th century France; middle or tenor voices in early choral music

**tails** (plural) the part of a vertebrate's body that is posterior to the portion containing the body cavity

**tales** narratives of events

**tailles** middle or tenor voices in early choral music; royal taxes in 15th century France

**Tais** members of a widespread group of people in south China and southeast Asia associated ethnically with valley paddy-rice culture

**tais** Pacific porgy fish

**Thais** natives or inhabitants of Thailand

**ties** fastens, attaches, or brings together; equal scores in a contest

**tyes** chains or ropes, one end of each of which passes through the mast

**Tyighs** a Shahaptian people of west central Oregon

**tailor** (see **tailer**)

**tails** (see **tailles**)

**taint** to corrupt, defile, or stain

**'taint** the contraction of it ain't (substandard)

**Tais** and **tais** (see **tailles**)

**tait** a honey possum, a small chestnut-brown long-muzzled phalanger of western Australia

**tête** a high elaborately ornamented style of woman's hairdress or wig worn in the latter half of the 18th century

**tet(h)** the ninth letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**takeout** a bridge bid that takes a partner out of a bid

**take-out** designed for the sale of food that is not to be consumed on the premises

**takt** a beat or pulse in music

**tocked** made a sound similar to a tick, but

- slightly lower and there fore more resonant, especially in a clock
- talar** (see **tailer**)
- tales** (see **tailles**)
- talkee-talkee** a broken or corrupted speech
- talky-talky** abounding in or containing too much talk
- talkie** a sound motion picture
- talky** talkative
- tawkee** an arrow arum; an American aquatic plant with a spadix of minute yellow flowers
- talky-talky** (see **talkee-talkee**)
- Tallin(n)** the capital of Estonia
- talon** the claw of an animal, especially that of a bird of prey
- tamar** relating to the last of four recognized ripening stages of the date
- tammar** a dama pademelon, a dark stocky thick-coated wallaby of southern and western Australia
- tamarinds** widely cultivated tropical trees of the family *Leguminosae*
- tamarins** small South American marmosets of the genus *Leoutocebus*
- tamber** quality of tone that distinguishes voices or instruments
- tambor** the red rockfish of the Pacific coast
- tamis** a strainer made of worsted cloth in a plain open weave
- tammy** a plain-woven often glazed cloth of fine worsted or woolen and cotton
- tammar** (see **tamar**)
- tammy** (see **tamis**)
- Tampan** a native or resident of Tampa, Florida
- tampon** a plug of cotton or other material introduced into a body cavity to arrest hemorrhage, absorb secretions, or fill a defect
- Tan** (see **Dan**)
- tang** a sharp distinctive flavor; the extension of a knife blade that connects with the handle
- tangue** any of numerous small often spiny insectivorous mammals of the family Tenrecidae of Madagascar
- tangi** a lamentation or dirge that accompanies a Maori funeral rite
- tangy** suggestive of a sharp distinctive flavor that lingers on the tongue
- tangue** (see **tang**)
- tangy** (see **tangi**)
- tank** a unit of weight for pearls equal to about .15 ounce
- tonk** a heavy unmusical clang; honky-tonk (by shortening)
- tanto** much
- Tonto** one of various subgroups of the Apache people
- tao** the unitary first principle in Taoism from which all existence and change spring; in Confucianism, the right way of life
- tau** the 19th letter of the Greek alphabet; a T-shaped mark or object
- taos** (see **daos**)
- taper** a slender wax candle; gradually narrowing to a point; a person or device that applies tape
- tapir** a large perissodactyl ungulate of tropical America and southern Asia
- tapet** worked or figured cloth such as carpet, wall hanging, or tapestry
- tappet** a lever or projection moved by another device to cause a particular action, as in some forms of an internal-combustion engine
- tapir** (see **taper**)
- tappet** (see **tapet**)
- tar** (see **taar**)
- tard** a mentally challenged person; a retard (by shortening)

**tarred** covered with a dark brown or black bituminous odorous viscid liquid

**tare** a seed of vetch; the weight of a container or vehicle deducted from its gross weight to obtain the net weight of the cargo

**tear** to divide or separate forcibly

**tariff** a system of duties imposed by a government on imported or exported goods

**teraph** an image representing a primitive household god among ancient Jews and other Semitic peoples

**taro** an aroid of the Pacific islands grown for its edible starchy tuberous rootstalks

**tarot** any of 22 pictorial playing cards used for fortune-telling

**tarred** (see **tard**)

**tarrier** a person who lags behind, delays, or dawdles

**terrier** any of various usually small and rather low-built dogs kept chiefly as pets

**tarry** to linger, dawdle, or procrastinate

**terry** a loop forming the pile in uncut pile fabrics

**Tartar** a native or inhabitant of Tataria of Mongolic or Turkic origin; a person of irritable, violent, or intractable temper

**tartar** a reddish acidic compound found in the juice of grapes; an incrustation on teeth

**tarter** more acid, sharp, or piquant to the taste

**tartarous** containing or resembling cream of tartar

**Tartarus** the infernal regions of ancient mythology; hell

**tarter** (see **Tartar**)

**Tass** a Russian news-gathering agency

**tasse** one of a series of overlapping metal plates in a suit of armor that forms a short skirt covering just below the waist

**Tass** a Russian news-gathering agency

**toss** to throw around, heave, or tumble

**tasse** (see **Tass**)

**tassel** a pendent ornament used on clothing, curtains, and other articles

**tosyl** the para isomer of toluene sulfonyl

**tasset** (see **tacit**)

**tat** a coarse fabric especially as stretched on a frame and used for withering of tea leaves

**tot** small child or toddler

**Tatar** a member of one of the numerous chiefly Turkic peoples probably originating in Manchuria and Mongolia

**totter** to oscillate or lean dizzily; to move unsteadily

**tau** (see **tao**)

**tau** the 19th letter of the Greek alphabet; a T-shaped mark or object

**taw** a shooter used in the game of marbles; to convert skin into white leather; the 23rd letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**taught** instructed

**taut** tightly drawn

**taupe** a brownish gray color

**tope** a small shark; to drink intoxicating liquor to excess

**Taurid** any of a group of meteors appearing from 20–23 November

**torrid** giving off intense heat

**taus** T-shaped marks or objects; plural of the 19th letter of the Greek alphabet

**touse** to pull or handle roughly; dishevel

**taut** (see **taught**)

**taw** (see **tau**)

**tawed** prepared with alum, as animal skins for gloves

**tod** a mixture of alcoholic spirits and sweetened hot water, (toddy, by shortening)

**tawkee** (see **talkie**)



**tax** (see **tachs**)

**taxer** a person or authority that levies a tax

**taxor** a former officer at older British universities empowered to regulate the prices of student room and board

**taxes** manual restorations of displaced body parts, as reductions of a hernia; reflex movements by a freely motile and usually simple organism

**taxi(e)s** taxicabs, vehicles for hire (by shortening)

**taxes** pecuniary charges imposed by a public authority

**taxis** a manual restoration of displaced body parts, as the reduction of a hernia; a reflex movement by a freely motile and usually simple organism

**Taxus** a genus of trees and shrubs comprising yews

**taxi(e)s** (see **taxes**)

**taxis** (see **taxes**)

**taxor** (see **taxer**)

**Taxus** (see **taxes**)

**tchus** (see **chews**)

**tea** an aromatic beverage prepared from cured leaves of the shrub *Camellia sinensis*

**tee** a small artificial elevation from which a golf ball is struck; a short piece of T-shaped pipe

**Ti** an early Tatar people related to the Hsiung-Nu

**ti** the seventh tone of the diatonic scale; an Asiatic and Pacific tree

**teach** to direct, as an instructor

**teache** in sugar manufacturing, the last of the series of boilers or evaporating pans

**teaer** a person who drinks tea or attends tea parties

**teer** one who places the ball on a golf tee

**teal** a small short-necked river duck

**teil** a large European linden tree

**til** sesame, an East Indian annual erect herb

**team** a group of persons or animals associated in an activity

**teem** to abound or swarm; present in large quantity

**teamer** a person who drives a motor truck

**teemer** a worker who controls the rate at which stainless steel is poured into molds

**tear** (see **ptere** and **tare**)

**tearable** capable of being torn

**terrible** exiting extreme alarm

**tearer** a person who separates cloth from bolts

**terrar** a bursar of a religious house

**terror** intense fright or stark fear

**teas** aromatic beverages prepared from the cured leaves of the shrub *Camellia sinensis*

**tease** to disturb or annoy by persistent irritating action; to tantalize

**tees** small artificial elevations from which a golf ball is struck

**tis** seventh tones of the diatonic scale; Asiatic and Pacific trees

**teat** a protuberance through which milk is drawn from a mammal's breast

**tit** a titmouse; a small or inferior horse

**tec** a detective (by shortening)

**tech** technician or technology (by shortening)

**TeX** a highly sophisticated computer typesetting program

**thèque** an aggregation of nevocytes in the epidermis

**technology** the science of the application of knowledge to practical problems

**tecnology** the science and study of the life and development of children; soil science

**Tecoma** (see **Tacoma**)

**tedder** a machine for stirring and spreading hay to hasten drying and curing

**tetter** any of various vesicular skin diseases

**tee** (see **tea**)

**teem** (see **team**)

**teemer** (see **teamer**)

**teen** (see **ctene**)

**teer** (see **teaer**)

**tees** (see **teas**)

**teeter** to move unsteadily or waver precariously; to seesaw

**titar** a partridge of southern Asia

**titer** a point of temperature at which fatty acid that is liberated from fat solidifies

**Teh(e)ran** (see **pteron**)

**teil** (see **teal**)

**telea** (see **Ptelea**)

**telestic** mystical

**telestich** a poem in which consecutive final letters of lines spell a name

**tellin** a mollusk of the family Tellinidae; a sunset shell

**telyn** an old Celtic harp

**Tempe** a city in central Arizona

**tempi** rates of motion or activity, especially in musical passages

**tempera** a process of painting in which an albuminous or colloidal medium is employed as the vehicle

**tempora** units of time in mensural music

**tempi** (see **Tempe**)

**tempora** (see **tempera**)

**temps** temporary employees (by shortening); temperatures (by shortening)

**tempt** entices to do wrong; seduces

**tenace** a combination of two high cards in a bridge hand separated in rank by the intervening card held by an opponent

**tennis** a game played with rackets and an elastic ball

**tenant** a person who rents or leases property from a landlord

**tenent** a projecting member of a piece of wood or other material for insertion into a mortise to make a joint; a tenon

**tendance** looking after someone or something

**tendence** tendency

**tends** cares for the wants of; directs toward a particular direction

**TENS** a self-operated portable device used to treat chronic pain by generating electrical impulses (*transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulator*)

**tens** ten-dollar bills

**tenent** (see **tenant**)

**tenner** a ten-dollar bill

**tenor** an intent or substance; the highest natural adult male voice

**tennis** (see **tenace**)

**tenor** (see **tenner**)

**TENS** and **tens** (see **tends**)

**tense** distinction in a verb form; taut or rigid; jittery

**tenths** musical intervals embracing an octave and a third; two or more of ten equal parts into which some thing is divisible

**tents** collapsible shelters of canvas or other material

**tenser** more rigid or jittery

**tensor** a generalized vector with more than three components

**tenths** (see **tense**)

**tents** (see **tense**)

**tenuis** an unaspirated voiceless stop

**tenuous** having little substance or strength; weak; vague

**teraph** (see **tariff**)

**teras** (see **Pteris**)

**terce** the third of the canonical hours

**terse** brief, concise, or devoid of superfluity

**terek** (see **pteric**)

**termen** the outer margin of a triangularly shaped insect wing

**termine** determine (by shortening)

**termon** church land exempt from secular taxation

**termer** a person serving a specific term, such as a prisoner

**termor** a person who has an estate for a specified period of years or life

**termine** (see **termen**)

**termon** (see **termen**)

**termor** (see **termer**)

**tern** a sea bird; something consisting of three items

**terne** sheet iron or steel coated with a lead-tin alloy

**turn** to move in a curved path; to change position

**ternar** a university student assigned to the third and lowest social rank and required to pay the lowest fees

**turner** a person that turns, or a device that is used in turning

**ternary** having three elements

**ternery** a place where flocks of terns breed

**turnery** fashioning material with a lathe

**terne** (see **tern**)

**terneplate** sheet iron or steel coated with a lead-tin alloy

**turnplate** a turntable; a flat steel plate used for turning railway cars from one line to another

**ternery** (see **ternary**)

**ternes** sheets of iron or steel coated with a lead-tin alloy

**terns** sea birds

**turns** a watchmaker's lathe

**terp** a large artificial mound in the Netherlands providing a site for a prehistoric settlement in a seasonally flooded area

**turp** turpentine (by shortening)

**terrace** (see **Pteris**)

**terrain** ground or a geographical area

**terrane** a rock formation or formations

**terrar** (see **tearer**)

**terrene** relating to this world or life; mundane

**terrine** an earthenware jar containing a table delicacy and sold with its contents

**tureen** a deep-footed serving dish

**terrible** (see **tearable**)

**terrier** (see **tarrier**)

**terrine** (see **terrene**)

**terror** (see **tearer**)

**terry** (see **tarry**)

**terse** (see **terce**)

**testae** the hard external coatings or integuments of a seed

**teste** the witnessing or concluding clause of a writ

**testee** a person who takes an examination

**testar** a West Indian clingfish

**tester** the frame on which the canopy of a bed rests; a person who checks the quality and conformance to predetermined specifications

**teste** the witnessing or concluding clause of a writ

**testy** easily annoyed or irritable

**teste** (see **testae**)

**testee** (see **testae**)

**testeas** persons who take an examination

**testes** male reproductive glands; witnessing or concluding clauses of a writ

**tester** (see **testar**)

**testes** (see **testees**)

**testy** (see **teste**)

**tête** (see **tait**)

**tet(h)** (see **tait**)

**tetrastichous** arranged in four vertical rows

**Tetrastichus** a genus of minute chalcid flies comprising numerous hyperparasites

**tetravalence** in chemistry, having a valence of four

**tetravalents** quadruples, groups of four homologous chromosomes each of which is associate in synapsis

**tetrazene** either of two hypothetical isomeric hydrides of nitrogen

**tetrazine** an isomeric parent compound resembling benzene with four methylidene groups replaced by nitrogen atoms

**tetter** (see **tedder**)

**TeX** (see **tec**)

**Thais** (see **tailles**)

**thallic** (see **phthalic**)

**thalline** (see **phthalin**)

**thallous** relating to or containing the metallic element thallium

**thallus** a plant body that is characteristic of the thallophytes

**than** a conjunction used with comparative adjectives and adverbs

**then** at that time

**thwart** a thwart on a boat

**thought** formed in the mind

**the** a definite article preceding a noun

**thee** a form of address; thou

**their** belonging to them

**there** in or at that place

**there're** the contraction of there are

**they're** the contraction of they are

**theirs** what belongs to them

**there's** the contraction of there is or there was

**then** (see **than**)

**theocracy** government by God's direction

**theocrasy** a fusion of different deities in the minds of worshipers

**thèque** (see **tec**)

**there** (see **their**)

**therefor** in return for that

**therefore** because of that

**there're** (see **their**)

**there's** (see **theirs**)

**therm** any of several units of quantity of heat

**thurm** to work a piece of wood with saw and chisel across the grain so as to produce patterns resembling those produced by turning

**thermos** a vacuum bottle or flask

**Thermus** a genus of gram-negative aerobic bacteria

**they're** (see **their**)

**thiokol** (see **phthiocol**)

**thought** (see **thaught**)

**threw** propelled through the air by the hand

**through** denoting penetration or passage

**throes** a condition of struggle, anguish, or disorder

**throws** propels through the air by the hand

**thrombin** a proteolytic enzyme that is formed from prothrombin

**thrombon** the entire body of blood platelets and their precursors that constitute a distinct organ of the body

**throne** a ceremonial seat

**thrown** propelled through the air by the hand

**through** (see **threw**)

**thrown** (see **throne**)

**throws** (see **throes**)

**thruster** a person who intrudes or pushes him or herself forward; a pusher

**thrustor** a combination oil pump and piston cylinder

**Thule** belonging to the Eskimo culture extending over arctic lands from Alaska to Greenland about A.D. 500–1400; a settlement in northwest Greenland

**tule** either of two large bulrushes growing abundantly on overflowed land in the southwestern U.S. and adjacent Mexico

**thurm** (see **therm**)

**thyme** a common garden herb

**time** a measured duration, period, or interval

**thymene** a liquid used for perfuming soap

**thymine** a crystalline compound obtained from fish spermatozoa

**Ti** and **ti** (see **tea**)

**tiaras** decorative bands or ornaments for the head

**tiaris** a tropical American finch

**tiaras** high and erect royal headdresses encircled with a diadem

**tierras** fine material of earth or rock mixed with quicksilver ore

**tiaris** (see **tiaras**)

**tical** the basic monetary unit of Thailand

**tickle** to excite amusement or merriment in

**ticker** something that ticks or produces a ticking sound, as a watch or the heart; a telegraphic instrument that prints stock quotations or news on a paper ribbon

**tikor** a starch or arrowroot made from the tubers of an East Indian herb

**tickle** (see **tical**)

**ticks** bloodsucking arachnids; light rhythmic tapping sounds

**tics** convulsive motions of muscles, especially facial

**tix** tickets (slang)

**tidal** related to the alternate rise and fall of oceans

**title** a descriptive or general heading; the distinguishing name of a book or production

**tiddle** to occupy oneself aimlessly; to putter about

**tittle** an extremely small or least possible amount; a point or small mark used in writing or printing

**tide** the alternate rise and fall of an ocean

**ted** fastened or attached; made an equal score in a contest

**tier** (see **ptere** and **tear**)

**tier** a person who fastens, closes openings, or binds articles

**tire** to become weary or exhausted; a continuous pneumatic rubber cushion encircling a wheel

**tierras** (see **tiaras**)

**ties** (see **tailles**)

**tig** the game of tag

**tyg** a large usually slip-decorated ceramic drinking cup with two or more handles

**tighten** to become tense or taut

**titan** a person gigantic in size or power

**tighter** more taught, tense, or dense

**titer** a point or temperature at which fatty acid that is liberated from fat solidifies

**tigress** a female tiger

**Tigris** a major river in Turkey and Iraq that joins the Euphrates

**tikor** (see **ticker**)

**til** (see **teal**)

**til** sesame, an East Indian annual erect herb

**'til** until

**till** up to a specified time; to work the soil

**tilley** seeds of the croton-oil plant

**tilly** composed of or having the character of clay

**tiltup** to incline or slant a camera

**tilt-up** of or relating to a method constructing concrete walls

**timbal** a kettledrum; a vibrating membrane in a cicada's shrilling organ

**timbale** a creamy mixture of food cooked in a mold or cup

**timber** trees or their wood

**timbre** the quality of sound depending chiefly on various overtones; the crest on a coat of arms

**time** (see **thyme**)

**timpani** a set of usually two or three kettledrums played by one person in a musical group

**tympany** a distention of the abdomen caused by accumulation of air or gas in the intestinal tract

**tincal** a mineral consisting of native borax

**tinkle** a series of short high ringing or clinking sounds

**ting** (see **ding**)

**tinkle** (see **tincal**)

**Tinne** an Athapaskan people occupying most of the interior of Alaska and northern Canada

**tinny** resembling, containing, or suggestive of tin

**tip** an end or extremity; a gratuity

**typp** a unit of yarn size

**tiple** a kind of guitar with ten strings tuned in four groups

**tipple** to indulge in intoxicating drinks habitually

**tippet** a shoulder cape, often with hanging ends

**tippit** the game of "up Jenkins"

**tipple** (see **tiple**)

**tire** (see **tier**)

**tis** (see **teas**)

**tisane** (see **ptisan**)

**tit** (see **teat**)

**titan** (see **tighten**)

**titar** (see **teeter**)

**titer** (see **teeter** or **tighter**)

**title** (see **tidal**)

**tittle** (see **tiddle**)

**titty** a teat or nipple on the breast of a female animal

**tydie** a small bird variously identified as a wren or the blue titmouse

**tix** (see **ticks**)

**to** a preposition indicating a spatial relationship or a relationship suggesting motion

**too** also or moreover

**two** the whole number between one and three

**toa** a tall usually spreading tree of northern Australia and the Pacific islands

**Towa** the language of the Jemez group of Pueblo Indians

**toad** a tailless leaping amphibian

**tode** a rude sled for hauling logs

**toed** reached with a foot's forepart

**towed** hauled or pulled

**toady** a person engaging in excessive deference through self-interest

**toady** a tiny non-passerine insectivorous West Indian bird

**toat** the handle of a joiner's plane

**tote** to transport from one place to another

**tocked** (see **takt**)

**tocsin** an alarm bell

**toxin** a poisonous substance produced by a living organism

**tod** (see **tawed**)

**tode** (see **toad**)

**toady** (see **toady**)

**toed** (see **toad**)

**toey** nervous, anxious, or worried

**towhee** any of numerous American finches

**towie** contract bridge for three to six players

**tois** plural of any of several Asiatic and Pacific trees or shrubs

**toise** an old French unit of length equal to 1.949 meters

**toys** things designed for play, amusement, or diversion

**toke** a puff on a marijuana cigarette (slang); a tip given by a gambler to a dealer in a casino

**toque** a soft hat with a very narrow brim and a full crown pleated into a snug headband worn in the 16th century

**tol** a Sanskrit school or college

**tole** decorative japanned or painted metal

**toll** a tax or fee paid for some liberty or privilege; to sound a bell as a signal or announcement

**told** narrated or recounted

**toled** enticed or allured; lured or decoyed game by arousing curiosity

**tollled** taxed; sounded, as a bell

**tole** (see **tol**)

**toled** (see **told**)

**toll** (see **tol**)

**tollled** (see **told**)

**ton** the prevailing fashion or mode

**tone** a vocal or musical sound; a color quality or value

**ton** a unit of U.S. weight equal to 2000 pounds

**tonne** a unit of mass equal to 1,000 kilograms, or 2,204.62 pounds

**tun** a large cask

**tonal** the force that acts on the mass of a ton to accelerate it equal to one foot per second squared

**tunnel** a covered passageway

**tone** (see **ton**)

**tongue** a fleshy process in most vertebrates' mouths

**tung** a Chinese tree grown for its seeds which yield tung oil

**tonk** (see **tank**)

**tonne** (see **ton**)

**Tonto** (see **tanto**)

**too** (see **to**)

**toodle** to make a continuous low sound, as in cooing or playing a small pipe

**tootle** to sound a short blast continuously or repeatedly on a wind instrument

**tool** an implement used in work

**tulle** sheer and often stiffened machine-made netting

**tooling** a gilt or blind impression stamped in intaglio on ornamental leatherwork

**twoling** a twin crystal

**toon** an East Indian and Australian tree; an animated drawing (cartoon shortened)

**tune** a musical composition

**Toona** a small genus of Old World trees closely related to a genus that includes the Spanish cedar

**toona** a Mexican tree that is a minor source of rubber

**tuna** any of numerous large vigorous scombroid fish; any of various flatjointed prickly pears

**toot** a short blast sounded on a wind instrument; a drinking bout or spree

**tout** to proclaim loudly

**tooter** a person who sounds a short blast on a wind instrument

**Tudor** relating to the English royal family reigning from 1485 to 1603; marked by Tudor arches

**tutor** a person who instructs and guides

**tootle** (see **toodle**)

**too-too** to an affectedly or unpleasantly excessive degree; to produce a flat monotonous tootling sound



**tutu** a very short projecting skirt worn by a ballet dancer; an Hawaiian grandma or grandpa; any of several New Zealand shrubs or small trees

**tope** (see **taupe**)

**topee** a lightweight helmetlike hat often made of sola pith

**topi** a central African antelope

**topline** the outline on the top of an animal's body

**top-line** most featured or prominently advertised; top-level

**topography** the art or practice of detailed graphic delineation on maps or charts of the physical features of a place or region

**typography** the art of letterpress printing

**topology** a branch of mathematics that investigates the properties of a geometric configuration; the history of a region as indicated by its topography

**typology** a doctrine that things in the Christian dispensation are symbolized or prefigured by things in the Old Testament; a study based on types

**toque** (see **toke**)

**tor** a high craggy hill

**tore** divided or separated forcibly

**torr** a measure of pressure equal to 1333.2 bars

**tora** a large reddish hartebeest

**Torah** a scroll of the Pentateuch used in synagogues

**torcel** the larva of a South American botfly that lives beneath human skin

**torsal** of or pertaining to a surface generated by a straight line which constantly turns about some point in its length

**torsel** a piece of stone, iron, or wood supporting the end of a beam or joist

**tore** (see **tor**)

**tore** divided or separated forcibly; a torus, a doughnut-shaped surface

**tower** a person that smooths ceramic

ware; a person or animal that pulls a barge or boat

**tori** large architectural moldings of convex profile commonly occurring as the lowest molding in the base of a column

**Torrey** a tall coniferous tree of California

**Tory** an American upholding the cause of the British Crown against supporters of the American Revolution

**tory** a person who emphasizes order, tradition, stability, or accepted canons of conduct

**torous** having the surface covered with rounded prominences; knobbed

**torus** in mathematics, the surface or solid formed by rotating a conic section about a straight line; an anchor ring

**torr** (see **tor**)

**Torrey** (see **tori**)

**torrid** (see **Taurid**)

**torsal** (see **torcel**)

**torsel** (see **torcel**)

**tort** a wrongful act

**torte** a cake or pastry of ground nuts or bread crumbs

**torta** a flat heap of moist crushed silver ore

**torte** a cake or pastry of ground nuts or bread crumbs

**torte** (see **tor**)

**torulous** somewhat knobbed

**torulus** the socket in which an insect's antenna articulates

**torus** (see **Taurus** and **torous**)

**Tory** and **tory** (see **tori**)

**toss** (see **Tass**)

**tosyl** (see **tassel**)

**tot** (see **tat**)

**tote** (see **toat**)

**totter** (see **Tatar**)



**toughed** endured

**tuft** a clump or cluster

**toughs** rowdy, surly persons

**tuffs** rocks composed of finer kinds of volcanic detritus

**tufts** clumps or clusters

**tour** a journey; a circular trip

**tur** a Caucasian wild goat

**tourbillion** something which whirls spirally, as a whirlwind

**tourbillon** a form of rotary carriage to carry the escapement so that the position errors are eliminated

**tourn** the circuit of an English sheriff to hold a court of record twice a year

**turn** to practice or perform gymnastic exercises

**tournay** a printed worsted upholstery fabric

**tournee** a game of skat

**touse** (see **taus**)

**tout** (see **toot**)

**Towa** (see **toa**)

**towed** (see **toad**)

**tower** (see **tore**)

**towhee** (see **toey**)

**towie** (see **toey**)

**toxin** (see **tocsin**)

**toys** (see **tois**)

**trachycarpous** rough-fruited

**Trachycarpus** a small genus of low East Asiatic fan palms, including the hemp palm

**tracked** pursued; traveled

**tract** a pamphlet or leaflet of exhortation or appeal; a land area

**tracks** trails or pathways

**tracs** tractors (by shortening)

**tracts** pamphlets or leaflets of exhortation or appeal; land areas

**tract** (see **tracked**)

**tracts** (see **tracks**)

**trade** to barter or buy and sell; a means of livelihood

**trayed** arranged on trays, as for drying fruit

**trader** a person who barter, buys, or sells

**traitor** a person who commits treason against his/her country, betrays another's trust, or is false to an obligation

**trail** to track game; to plod or trudge

**treille** in heraldry, a trellis or lattice

**traitor** (see **trader**)

**tramp** the succession of sounds made by the beating of the animal feet on a surface

**tromp(e)** an apparatus in which air is sucked through sloping holes in the upper end of a large vertical wooden tube and led to a furnace by a stream of falling water, as for a Catalan forge

**trance** a daze, stupor, or state of suspended animation

**trans** characterized by atoms on opposite sides of a molecule

**transects** sample areas of vegetation usually in the form of narrow continuous strips

**transsex** to assume the physical characteristics and gender role of the opposite sex

**transladed** transferred cargo, as in transshipping

**translated** converted into another language

**transplantar** lying across the sole of the foot

**transplanter** a person or machine that removes items from one location and introduces in another

**transsex** (see **transects**)

**transverses** lies or passes across

**transversus** a transversalis muscle

**travail** physical or mental exertion, especially of a painful or laborious nature (although usually treval)

**travel** to proceed on a trip or tour

**trave** a frame; to control an unruly horse or ox for shoeing

**tref** a homestead or hamlet acting as a single community

**travel** (see **travail**)

**travois** a primitive transportation device used by the Plains Indians of North America consisting of two trailing poles

**travoy** a small sled often made from the fork of a tree and used as an aid in skidding trees

**tray** a flat-bottomed low-rimmed open receptacle

**trey** a card or side of a die containing three spots or pips

**trayed** (see **trade**)

**treatee** a person who is entertained or treated to something

**treaty** a written agreement or convention between two or more political authorities

**tref** (see **trave**)

**treille** (see **trail**)

**trews** close-cut tartan short drawers worn under a Scottish kilt

**trues** brings to a desired mechanical accuracy

**trey** (see **tray**)

**tri** a dog having a coat of black, tan, and white

**try** to attempt or endeavor; to examine in a court of law

**triaene** an elongated sponge spicule with three divergent rays at one end

**triene** a chemical compound containing three double bonds

**trichi** a cigar made in India

**tricky** deceptively safe, easy, manageable, or orderly; intricate

**tricorn** an imaginary three-horned beast

**tricorn** a hat with brim turned up at three places

**triene** (see **triaene**)

**trigon** an ancient triangular harp; the cutting region of an upper molar's crown

**trygon** a stingray

**triker** a tricycle rider

**trikir** a three-branched candlestick used by bishops in the Eastern Orthodox Church

**triol** a chemical compound containing three hydroxyl groups

**triole** a group of three musical notes or tones performed in the time of two of the same value

**trip** to dance or skip with light quick steps; a journey

**tryp** a member of the genus *Trypanosoma* which comprises parasitic flagellate protozoans that as adults are elongated and somewhat spindle-shaped

**triple** a multiple of three; threefold

**tripple** a horse's gait resembling an amble

**triptik** a series of road maps

**triptych** a picture in three compartments side by side

**tryptic** relating to trypsin, a proteolytic enzyme present in the pancreatic juice, or to its action

**triptych** a picture in three compartments side by side

**triptyque** a customs pass for temporary importation of an automobile

**triter** more hackneyed, threadbare, or shopworn

**tritor** a grinding surface developed on the tooth

**troche** a medicinal lozenge or tablet

**trochee** a prosodic foot of two syllables, the first long and the second short

**trollop** an unkempt slovenly woman; a straggly mass

**trollope** a cry of protest against bad manners or boorish behavior, especially in a theater

**tromp(e)** (see **tramp**)

**troolie** one of the immense leaves of the bussu used for thatching

**truli** round stone buildings made with conical roofs and without mortar

**truly** truthfully; sincerely; realistically; accurately

**troop** a group or body of soliders; to move in an orderly manner

**troupe** a group of stage performers

**trottie** a small child; a toddler

**trotty** lively or brisk

**trough** any of various containers used for some domestic or industrial purpose, as in kneading

**trow** belief, faith, or covenant

**troupe** (see **troop**)

**trousers** outer garments extending from the waist to the ankle, covering each leg separately and worn chiefly by males

**trowsers** long drawers having an attached or detachable ruffle at the bottom of each leg

**trousse** a case for small instruments

**truce** a suspension of fighting; a respite

**trow** (see **trough**)

**trowsers** (see **trousers**)

**truce** (see **trousse**)

**true**s (see **trews**)

**truli** (see **troolie**)

**truly** (see **troolie**)

**trussed** secured closely; tied

**trust** confidence, reliance, or faith

**truster** a person who relies or believes

**trustor** a person creating a trust by transfer of property to a trustee

**try** (see **tri**)

**trygon** (see **trigon**)

**tryp** (see **trip**)

**tryptic** (see **triptik**)

**tsine** (see **sign**)

**Tswa** (see **schwa**)

**tubar** having the form of or consisting of a hollow cylinder

**tuber** a short fleshy, usually underground shoot or stem of a plant

**tucks** gathers in a fold; puts in a snug place

**tux** a tuxedo, a man's formal attire (by shortening)

**Tudor** (see **tooter**)

**tuffs** (see **toughs**)

**tuft** (see **toughed**)

**tufts** (see **toughs**)

**tuille** a hinged plate for the thigh in plate armor

**tweel** a closure of a glass furnace

**tule** (see **Thule**)

**tulle** (see **tool**)

**tumtum** a dog cart

**tum-tum** a reiterated strumming

**tun** (see **ton**)

**tuna** (see **Toona**)

**tune** (see **toon**)

**tung** (see **tongue**)

**tunnel** (see **tonal**)

**tur** (see **tour**)

**turban** a headdress

**turbine** a rotary engine

**Turbit** a breed of fancy pigeons

**turbot** a large European flatfish that is highly esteemed as a food fish

**Turbo** a genus of marine snails that usually have a heavy turbinate shell with a pearly lining

**turbo** turbosupercharger (by shortening)

**turbot** a large European flatfish that is highly esteemed as a food fish

**turbot** (see **Turbit**)

**tureen** (see **terrene**)

**Turkey** a country of southeast Europe and southwest Asia

**turkey** a large American bird

**Turki** relating to the peoples of Turkic speech; one of the Turki peoples

**turn** (see **tern** and **tourn**)

**turner** (see **ternar**)

**turnery** (see **ternary**)

**turnip** a biennial herb whose thick edible root is a vegetable

**turnup** a turned-up part of an article, as a pant cuff; a card turned face up

**turnplate** (see **terneplate**)

**turns** (see **ternes**)

**turnup** (see **turnip**)

**turp** (see **terp**)

**turreted** furnished with or as if with little towers

**turritid** a mollusk of the family Turritidae

**tusch** a flourish or fanfare of brass wind musical instruments and drums

**Tush** a member of a Georgian people north of Tiflis

**tush** buttocks (slang)

**tussal** relating to a cough

**tussle** a struggle or scuffle

**tussic** relating to a cough

**tussock** a small hummock of more solid ground in a marsh or bog

**tussle** (see **tussal**)

**tussock** (see **tussic**)

**tutee** a pupil

**tutti** a musical direction for voices or instruments to play together

**tutor** (see **tooter**)

**tutti** (see **tutee**)

**tutu** (see **too-too**)

**tux** (see **tucks**)

**Twaddell** according to a specific gravity reading of a Twaddell hydrometer

**twaddle** idle chatter; to babble

**twee** a thin or shrill piping note

**Twi** a dialect spoken by the Akwapim people of Ghana

**tweel** (see **tuille**)

**twees** thin or shrill piping notes

**tweeze** to extract, pluck, or remove with a small pincer-shaped tool

**Twi** (see **twee**)

**twice-sold** goods or services that are sold two times

**twice-soled** footwear that has been soled two times

**twice-souled** obtaining a soul on two occasions

**twill** a textile weave

**'twill** the contraction of it will or it shall

**twister** a person who wrings, wrenches, or wrests so as to dislocate or distort; a tornado

**twistor** a non-volatile computer memory element; consisting of a helix of magnetic wire wound under tension

**two** (see **to**)

**twofold** being twice as large, as great, or as many

**two-fold** two stage flats hinged together so that they fold face to face

**twoling** (see **tooling**)

**two-seated** a vehicle or machine equipped with two seats

**two-seeded** an area that is planted with two varieties of seeds

**tydie** (see **titty**)

**tyes** (see **tailles**)

**tyg** (see **tig**)

**Tyighs** (see **tailles**)

**tympany** (see **timpani**)

**typography** (see **topography**)

**typology** (see **topology**)

**typp** (see **tip**)

**Tyr** (see **ptere**)

**tyrannis** absolute rule, as by a dictator

**Tyrannus** the type genus of Tyrannidae  
comprising the kingbird

**Tyre** (see **ptere**)

**tzut** (see **soot**)

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## Group I

**tablet** - **tablette**

**tamis** - **tamise** - **tammy**

**technic** - **technique**

**tele** - **telly**

**termer** - **termor**

**thrash** - **thresh**

**tinplate** - **tin-plate**

**topnotch** - **top-notch**

**toxin** - **toxon**

**traitoress** - **traitorous**

**transcendence** - **transcendents**

**transhumance** - **transhumants**

**transience** - **transients**

**trivalence** - **trivalents**

**tubulous** - **tubulus**

**tumulous** - **tumulus**

**Turkman** - **Turkmen**

**typhous** - **typhus**

**tyrannis** - **tryannous**

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## Group I and II

**thromboses** thrām'bō.sēz

**thrombosis** thrām'bōsās

**tickling** 'tikliŋ

**tikling** tē'kliŋ

**toilet** 'tōilāt

**toilette** 'toi,let

**tortuous** 'tōrchəwəs

**torturous** 'tōrchərəs

**trustee** :trə:stē

**trusty** 'trəstē

**tuberculose** tē'bərkyə,lōs

**tuberculous** tē'bərkaləs

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## Group II

**tacet** 'tä,ket

**tacit** 'tasət

**tassette** 'tōset

**tache** 'tach

**tash** 'täsh

**tailleur** tä'yər

**tailloir** ,tä'ywər

**taipo** 'täē,pō

**type** 'tīpō

**takt** 'täkt

**talked** 'tōkt

**talesman** 'tälzmən

**talisman** 'täləsmən

**talk** 'tōk

**tock** 'täk

**taller** 'tōlər

**t(h)aler** 'tälər

**tambor** 'tam,bör

**tambour** 'tam,bür

**tambourin** 'tambərən

**tombourine** 'tambə,rēn

**tardy** 'tärdē

**tarte** 'tärtē

**tarpan** tä:r:pan

**tarpon** 'tärpən

**tatou** tē'tü

**tattoo** 'ta,tü

**taught** 'tōt

**tot** 'tät

**Tauri** 'tō,rī

**tory** 'tōrē

**Taurus** 'tɔrəs**torose** 'tɔr,ɔs**torus** 'tɔrəs**tawed** 'tɔd**tod** 'tɔd**tear** 'tɪr**teer** 'tɛər**techie** 'tekē**techy** 'techē**tempera** 'tempərə**tempura** ,temp'rɔ**tendence** 'tendənts**tendenz** ten'dents**terete** tə'rɛt**terret** 'terət**testee** 'te:stē**testy** 'testē**tetanic** te'tanik**titanic** tɪ:tanik**tetragenous** tɔ'trɔjənəs**tetragynous** 'tetrə,jɪnəs**tetramine** 'tetrə,mɪn**tetrammine** te'tramɪn**tetrapterous** te'trɔptərəs**tetrapturus** ,te,trap'tʊrəs**thermal** 'θɜrml**thermel** 'θɜr,mel**thigh** 'θɪ**thy** 'θɪ**tippee** tɪ'pē**tippy** 'tɪpē**toastee** tɔ'stē**toasty** 'tɔstē**tohi** 'tɔhē**towhee** 'tɔ,hē**tootsie** 'tʊtsē**Tutsi** 'tʊtsē**torchere** tɔr'sher**torture** 'tɔrchər**torchon** 'tɔr,ʃɒn**torsion** 'tɔrʃɒn**tour** 'tʊr**turr** 'tər**toured** 'tʊrd**turd** 'tərd**tournay** tʊr'nɔ**tourne(e)** 'tʊrnē**tourneur** tʊr'nɔr**turner** 'tʊrnər**traiteur** 'trɔ,tɛr**traitor** 'trɔtər**travail** trə'vɔl**travale** tra'val**treadle** 'tredəl**tredille** trə,dɪl**treaties** 'trɛd•|ēz**treatise** 'trɛd•əs**triste** 'trɛst**tryst** 'trɪst**troche** 'trɔkē**trochi** 'trɔ,kɪ**trophi** 'trɔ,fi**trophy** 'trɔfē**trotter** 'trɔtər**trotteur** trɔ'tɛr**tule** 'tʊlē**tulle** 'tʊl**turnip** 'tɜrnɪp**turnup** 'tɜrn,ɪp**Tyranni** tɔ'ra,nɪ**tyranny** 'tɪrənē

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 U
 

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**uang** a rhinoceros beetle

**wang** a member of the Chinese ruling class before and after the 3rd century B.C.

**Uca** a genus consisting of fiddler crabs

**yuca** any of several plants of the genus *Manihot* yielding a nutritious starch; tapioca plant

**Yucca** a genus of American sometimes arborescent plants

**yucca** any plant of the genus *Yucca*

**udder** a large pendulous organ consisting of two or more mammary glands

**utter** to speak; remote; complete

**ugh** (see **a**)

**ugli** a hybrid between a tangerine or mandarin orange and either a grapefruit or a shaddock

**ugly** unpleasing, disagreeable, or loathsome in appearance

**uhlan** a lancer of the class of Tatarian origin introduced into European armies

**yulan** a Chinese magnolia with large white very fragrant flowers

**ulmous** resembling ulmin, a group of brown to black organic substances found in soil, peat, or coal

**Ulmus** a genus of trees comprising the elms

**umbels** (see **humbles**)

**umber** a grayling fish

**umbre** a dusky brown African wading bird

**umbles** (see **humbles**)

**umbre** (see **umber**)

**unaccepted** not having had responsibility for its maintenance received with consent by the government

**unaccepted** unalterable

**unaffected** free from affectation; genuine, sincere, or unpretentious; not acted upon or influenced

**uneffected** not accomplished, executed, or enforced

**unaired** without air or circulation

**unheired** having no inheritor(s)

**unallowed** not permitted; prohibited

**unaloud** not audible

**unamendable** not capable of reforming oneself

**unemendable** a literary work that is not subject to correction or editing

**unassayed** not analyzed or tested, as a mineral deposit

**unessayed** not made an effort to accomplish or perform

**unbailed** a boat that is not clear of water

**unbaled** an unbundled group of goods

**unbaring** stripping or uncovering

**unbearing** barren or infertile

**unbilled** not charged to a customer

**unbuild** to demolish

**unborn** not yet brought into life

**unborne** not endured or tolerated; not carried

**unbreached** not in violation of a standard or law

**unbreeched** not wearing short pants

**unbuild** (see **unbilled**)

**uncal** relating to a hook or claw; the anterior end of the hippocampal convolution

**uncle** the brother of either of one's parents

**unceded** not surrendered or relinquished

**unseated** having been removed or deposed from a political position; having been dislodged as a (horse) rider; not sitting

**unseeded** unsown, as a field; not selectively placed in the draw for a tournament

**unchased** not following or being followed rapidly and intently

**unchaste** not free from lewdness, obscenity, or indecency

**uncited** not brought to mind or called to attention

**unsided** without surfaces that enclose space

**unsighted** unable to see; unperceived; not aimed by means of a sighting device

**uncle** (see **uncal**)

**uncomplementary** not supplementing; mutually independent

**uncomplimentary** derogatory or unflattering

**uncord** to loosen or release from cords

**uncored** something from which the axial portion has not been removed, as an apple

**undammed** an unobstructed flow of water

**undammed** not condemned

**underbilled** charged less than the full amount

**underbuild** to build a supporting structure underneath; to build be low standard

**underhold** an encircling grip secured advantageously by a wrestler under an opponent's arm

**underholed** cut away the lower portion of or cut under a coal seam

**undermade** manufactured or prepared short of a required standard quality; incompletely made or finished

**undermaid** a domestic worker whose status is below a maidservant

**undersold** exchanged goods or services beneath the usual or competitive price

**undersoled** put a covering beneath the sole of the foot or shoe

**underway** no longer at rest, in port, or at anchor; moving

**underweigh** to fall short of a required or standard weight

**undo** (see **endue**)

**undue** (see **endue**)

**uneffected** (see **unaffected**)

**unemendable** (see **unamendable**)

**unerupted** not yet emerged through the gum, as a tooth not having emerged

**unirrupted** without sudden or violent invasion

**unessayed** (see **unassayed**)

**unexcepted** (see **unaccepted**)

**unexercised** untried or unpracticed

**unexorcised** not driven off or expelled

**unfaded** without loss of freshness, vigor, color, or health

**unfated** not controlled by destiny or fate

**unfeted** not celebrated or entertained

**unfloured** not sprinkled or coated with flour

**unflowered** not covered or decorated with flowers; without flowers

**unfoaled** (see **enfold**)

**unfold** (see **enfold**)

**unfrees** places in bondage; separates from freedom; coerces

**unfreeze** to thaw

**ungild** to remove gold or gilding from

**ungilled** not provided with gills; removed fish from a gill net

**ungraded** not classified according to ranks or grades; not assigned to a specific grade in school; not reduced to a gradual slope

**ungrated** not reduced to small bits by abrasion

**unhealed** not cured or restored to health

**unheeled** without the hind part of the foot or rear part of a shoe

**unheard** not perceived by the ear



**unherd** to disperse or separate from a herd of animals

**unheated** not warmed

**unheeded** disregarded or ignored

**unheeled** (see **unhealed**)

**unheired** (see **unaired**)

**unherd** (see **unheard**)

**uniparous** producing one egg or offspring at a time

**uniporous** having one spore

**unirrupted** (see **unerupted**)

**unkeyed** not provided with a key

**unquayed** not provided with a landing place or wharf beside water

**unkilled** not dead; alive

**unkilned** not cured, fired, or dried in a kiln

**unkneaded** unmixed or unblended, as bread

**unneeded** unnecessary; not needed

**unknocked** not struck or rapped

**unnocked** unnotched, as an arrow

**unlade** to unload

**unlaid** not placed or fixed

**unlead** to remove lead from, as between lines of type

**unled** lacking leadership or guidance

**unlessened** marked by constancy; not diminished

**unlessoned** lacking instruction

**unlimbed** dismembered

**unlimned** undelineated

**unmassed** not gathered or formed into a mass

**unmast** to remove or not furnish a mast

**unmedaled** not honored or rewarded with one or more medals

**unmeddled** not interferred with

**unmissed** not discovered or noticed the absence of

**unmist** to clear away haze, film, or mist

**unneeded** (see **unkneaded**)

**unnocked** (see **unknocked**)

**unpadded** not furnished with padding

**unpatted** not stroked or tapped with the hand

**unpaired** not matched or mated

**unpared** untrimmed or unpealed

**unpatted** (see **unpadded**)

**unpealed** unrung, as bells or chimes

**unpeeled** the outer layer not removed or stripped off

**unpearled** not set or adorned with pearls

**unpurled** not embroidered or edged with gold or silver thread

**unpeddled** not peddled, as a bicycle

**unpetaled** not covered with petals

**unpeeled** (see **unpealed**)

**unpetaled** (see **unpeddled**)

**unplaited** not woven into strands of yarn, fabric, or locks of hair; unbraided

**unplated** not overlaid with metal or other material

**unplaited** not woven into strands of yarn, fabric, or locks of hair; unbraided

**unplatted** not mapped

**unplated** (see **unplaited**)

**unplatted** (see **unplaited**)

**unpoled** not furnished with a pole or poles

**unpolled** not registered, cast, or counted at the voting polls

**unpraying** not addressing or seeking through prayer

**unpreying** not seizing and devouring

**unpurled** (see **unpearled**)

**unquayed** (see **unkeyed**)

**unraided** not victimized by hostile or predatory incursion

**unrated** not rated, scored, or evaluated

**unraised** not raised or elevated

**unrazed** not destroyed, or leveled to the ground; left standing

**unrated** (see **unraided**)

**unrazed** (see **unraised**)

**unreal** artificial or false

**unreel** to unwind

**unreave** to unravel

**unreeve** to withdraw rope from a ship's block or other opening

**unrecked** to be unconcerned; was of no interest

**unwrecked** not disabled or ruined

**unreel** (see **unreal**)

**unreeve** (see **unreave**)

**unrested** tired or exhausted

**unwrested** not forced or moved by violent wringing or twisting movements

**unrhymed** without identical sounding words or lines of verse

**unrimed** not covered with granular ice tufts

**unright** unjust or wrong; an injustice

**unwrite** to obliterate from writing; to expunge, erase, or rescind

**unrimed** (see **unrhymed**)

**unrooted** torn up or out by the roots

**unrouted** not routed or provided with an itinerary

**unrung** not having or wearing a ring; not pealed, as a bell or chime

**unwrung** not painfully affected; unmoved

**unscent** to deprive of scent or odor

**unsent** not dispatched or transmitted

**unseated** (see **unceded**)

**unseeded** (see **unceded**)

**unsent** (see **unscent**)

**unsewn** not stitched together

**unsown** not planted with seed

**unsided** (see **uncited**)

**unsighted** (see **uncited**)

**unsold** something that has not been exchanged for money or its equivalent

**unsoled** wearing apparel without soles

**unsouled** deprived of a soul or spirit

**unsonned** dispossessed of the character of a son

**unsunned** not exposed to sunlight

**unsordid** not covered with filth; not vile

**unsorted** not classified

**unsouled** (see **unsoled**)

**unsown** (see **unsewn**)

**unstaid** not demure, reserved, or well-ordered in behavior

**unstayed** not hindered, checked, supported, or upheld; not fastened with stays

**unsunned** (see **unsonned**)

**unsure** (see **ensure**)

**untacks** unfastens, loosens, or detaches by removing a tack or tacks

**untax** to remove from taxation; to take a tax from

**unthrone** to remove from a throne or ceremonial seat; to dethrone

**unthrown** not propelled through the air by hand

**untold** not related or revealed; not numbered or enumerated

**untolled** not having paid a toll or tax

**unwaived** not relinquished voluntarily

**unwaved** straight or not waved, as hair

**unwanted** not needed or desired; superfluous or unnecessary

**unwonted** unusual or unaccustomed; not made familiar by practice

**unwaved** (see **unwaived**)

**unweaned** not accustomed to the loss of a mother's milk; dependent on the mother for nourishment

**unweened** unbelieved; unimagined

**unwedded** not married

**unwetted** not suffused with tears

**unwhetted** unsharpened or dull

**unweened** (see **unweaned**)

**unwettered** (see **unwedded**)

**unwhettered** (see **unwedded**)

**unwonted** (see **unwanted**)

**unwrapped** (see **enrapt**)

**unwrecked** (see **unrecked**)

**unwrested** (see **unrested**)

**unwrite** (see **unright**)

**unwrung** (see **unrung**)

**uranate** a compound formed by reaction of a uranyl salt with a base

**urinate** to discharge liquid produced in or through the kidney(s)

**Uranian** of, pertaining to, or concerned with the heavens or the science of astronomy

**uranion** a keyboard instrument consisting of a series of pieces of wood, sounded by being pressed against a revolving wheel

**uranous** relating to or containing trivalent uranium

**Uranus** the planet seventh in order from the sun

**urinous** having the qualities or odor of urine

**urb** (see **herb**)

**urd** (see **erred**)

**urea** (see **Eurya**)

**Uria** (see **Eurya**)

**urinate** (see **uranate**)

**urinous** (see **uranous**)

**urn** (see **earn**)

**use** (see **ewes**)

**use** (see **ius**)

**utter** (see **udder**)

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## Group I

**unctious** - **unctuous**

**unrepentance** - **unrepentants**

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## Group I and II

**umbellate** ,em'belət

**umbellet** 'əmbelət

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## Group II

**uranyl** 'yürə,nil

**urinal** 'yürənəl

**ursine** 'ər,sīn

**urson** 'ər,sän

**Uta** 'yüdə

**Utah** 'yütä

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## V

**vagrance** a departure from an expected, normal, or logical order or course

**vagrants** insects or other small arthropods that produce no web, nest, gall, or other protective structure

**vagus** either of the tenth pair of cranial nerves supplying chiefly the viscera

**'Vegas** Las Vegas, the largest city in Nevada and a gambling mecca (by shortening)

**Vai** a Negro people of Liberia

**vie** to strive for superiority; to contend

**vail** to let fall; to lower, as a sign of respect or submission

**vale** a low-lying area usually containing a stream

**veil** to obscure; a curtain

**vain** fruitless or unsuccessful

**vane** a movable device to indicate wind direction

**vein** a blood vessel; a streak or stripe

**vainest** most fruitless or unsuccessful

**Vanist** a follower of Sir Henry Vane who as governor of the Massachusetts colony defended Anne Hutchinson on charges of antinomianism

**vairé** an heraldic vair consisting of tinctures other than argent and azure

**vary** to differ or diversify

**very** extremely

**valance** a pleated drapery or canopy often used for decoration or concealment

**valence** the degree of combining power of a chemical element or radical

**vale** (see **vail**)

**valence** (see **valance**)

**valet** a servant who performs personal services

**valley** an elongated depression of earth commonly situated between hills or mountains

**vali** a governor-general of a chief administrative division of Turkey

**volley** the simultaneous or nearly simultaneous discharge of a number of missile weapons

**vallar** a gold crown with palisades

**valor** bravery or courage

**valley** (see **valet**)

**valor** (see **vallar**)

**valse** a concert waltz

**vaults** burial chambers; arched masonry structures forming a ceiling; leaps or bounds

**vane** (see **vain**)

**Vanist** (see **vainest**)

**variance** the mean square of deviations from the arithmetic mean of a frequency distribution

**variants** cipher elements or code groups having the same significance as another and used to impede cryptanalysis

**varicose** abnormally swollen or dilated

**verrucose** covered with wartlike elevations

**varicosis** the condition of being abnormally swollen or dilated

**verrucosis** a disease of citrus plants caused by an imperfect fungus

**vary** (see **vairé**)

**vasal** relating to an anatomical vessel

**vassel** a dependent, servant, or slave

**vau** a letter of the original Greek alphabet approximating the sound of the English w

**vow** a solemn promise, pledge, or oath

**vault** a burial chamber; an arched masonry structure forming a ceiling; to bound or leap

**volte** a gait in which a horse moves sideways and turns around a center

**vaults** (see **valse**)

**vealer** a calf suitable for veal, especially one less than three months old

**velar** relating to the soft palate

**veer** to change direction

**vire** an arrow used in a crossbow and feathered so as to acquire a rotary motion

**'Vegas** (see **vagus**)

**veil** (see **vail**)

**vein** (see **vain**)

**vela** membranes or membranous parts likened to a veil or curtain

**vila** a supernatural being or fairy of Slavonic lands

**velar** (see **vealer**)

**veldt** (see **felt**)

**velocity** quickness or motion

**villosity** a coating of long slender hairs

**vena** a blood vessel; a streak or stripe

**vina** a four-stringed musical instrument of India

**venous** characterized by veins

**Venus** a genus of marine bivalve mollusk; a beautiful and charming woman; the second planet from the sun

**ventil** a valve in various wind musical instruments

**ventile** in textiles, designed to exclude water while permitting free circulation of air

**Venus** (see **venous**)

**veracious** truthful or accurate

**voracious** greedy or ravenous

**veracity** conformity with truth or fact; accuracy

**voracity** a state of being greedy or ravenous

**verdure** greenness and freshness of growing vegetation

**verger** a church official who serves as usher

**verrucose** (see **varicose**)

**verrucosis** (see **varicosis**)

**versed** familiarized by close association, study, or experience; told or celebrated in metrical language or poetry

**verst** a Russian unit of distance equal to .6629 miles

**verser** a person who creates lines of metrical writing

**versor** in geometry, the turning factor of a quaternion

**verses** lines of metrical writing

**versus** in contrast to; against

**versor** (see **verser**)

**verst** (see **versed**)

**versus** (see **verses**)

**very** (see **vairé**)

**vesical** of or relating to a bladder

**vesicle** a blister or cyst; a small cavity in a mineral or rock

**vev** a yew tree

**view** the act of seeing or beholding

**vial** a small bottle

**vile** morally despicable, contemptible, or base

**viol** a bowed stringed musical instrument of the 16th and 17th centuries

**vice** evil conduct

**vise** a two-jawed tool for holding work

**vie** (see **Vai**)

**view** (see **vev**)

**vila** (see **vela**)

**vile** (see **vial**)

**vilest** of smallest worth; most morally despicable or abhorrent

**violist** a person who plays the viol, a bowed stringed musical instrument chiefly of the 16th and 17th centuries

**villain** a scoundrel or knave

**villein** a free commoner or peasant of a feudal class lower than a thane

**villin** an actin-binding protein that nucleates polymerization of actin filaments

**villosity** (see **velocity**)

**villous** having soft long hair

**villus** a small slender vascular process giving a velvety appearance to the surface of the small intestine's mucous membrane

**vina** (see **vena**)

**vinal** from wine

**vinyl** a univalent radical derived from ethylene

**viol** (see **vial**)

**violet** a plant of the genus *Viola*; a reddish blue hue

**violette** a *viola d'amore*, a tenor viol having usually seven gut strings

**violin** a bowed four-stringed musical instrument

**violine** a moderate to strong violet color

**violist** (see **vilest**)

**vire** (see **veer**)

**viscous** having a glutinous consistency and stickiness

**viscus** an internal body organ

**vise** (see **vice**)

**viviparous** producing living young (instead of eggs) from within the body

**Viviparus** a genus of freshwater snails

**vlei** (see **fly**)

**vley** (see **flay**)

**voder** an electronic device capable of producing a recognizable approximation of speech

**voter** a person who expresses an opinion or casts a ballot in an election

**volant** having the wings extended as if in flight, used of an heraldic bird

**volent** exercising volition

**volé** a ballet step that is executed with the greatest possible elevation

**volet** either folding side compartment or wing of a triptych

**volent** (see **volant**)

**volet** (see **vole**)

**volley** (see **vali**)

**volt** a unit of electrical potential and electromotive force

**volte** a gait in which a horse moves sideways and turns around a center

**volte** (see **vault**)

**voracious** (see **veracious**)

**voracity** (see **veracity**)

**voter** (see **voder**)

**vow** (see **vau**)

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## Group I

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**valiance** - **valiants**

**vesiculous** - **vesiculus**

**villainess** - **villainous**

**villous** - **villus**

**virous** - **virus**

**vitellin** - **vitelline**

**vomitous** - **vomitus**

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## Group I and II

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**venose** 've.nōs

**venous** 'vēnəs

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## Group II

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**vas** 'vas

**vase** 'vās or 'vāz or 'vās

**Veda** 'vādə

**Vedda** 'vedə

**vellum** 'veləm

**velum** 'vēləm

**vervel** 'vərvəl

**vervelle** 'vər'vəl

**vicarious** vī'karēəs

**vicarius** 'vīkār.iəs

**vila** 'vələ

**villa** 'vilə

**virtu** vər'tü

**virtue** 'vərçhü

**visit** 'vizət

**visite** vē'zēt

**vocal** 'vökəl

**vocule** 'väkül

**volable** 'väləbəl  
**voluble** 'välyəbəl

**voyager** 'voijər  
**voyageur** :voii:jər

W

**Wa** a people in the northeastern states of Myanmar and adjoining parts of Yunnan province, China

**wah** an expression of anger, disgust, or grief; a long-tailed Himalayan carnivore related to and closely resembling the American raccoon

**WAACS** members of the *Women's Army Auxiliary Corps*

**wacks** crackpots

**WACS** members of the *Women's Army Corps*

**wax** to increase in size; a natural or synthetic substance resembling beeswax

**whacks** strikes with a smart or resounding blow; chops

**wabble** a botfly larva that destroys squirrel testes

**wobble** to move with an irregular rocking or staggering motion

**wacks** (see **WAACS**)

**WACS** (see **WAACS**)

**wadder** a person that inserts or crowds a small mass or bundle into something, such as a gun

**water** odorless tasteless liquid oxide of hydrogen (H<sub>2</sub>O)

**watter** a light bulb or radio station having a specified wattage

**waddle** to walk with short steps swinging the forepart of the body from side to side, as a duck

**wattle** a fleshy process about the head or neck of an animal; a fabrication of interwoven rods, poles, or branches used in building construction

**waddy** a straight tapered throwing-stick used in hunting and war, especially by Australian aborigines

**wadi** a bed or valley of a stream in arid regions of southwestern Asia and northern Africa

**wade** to proceed slowly among things that hinder, as through water

**wayed** broke or trained a horse to the road

**weighed** determined the heaviness of an object; tested or balanced

**waded** proceeded slowly among hindrances

**waited** delayed or postponed until proper conditions occur

**weighted** made heavy; relatively adjusted

**wader** a person who steps in or through mediums that offer some resistance; a waterproof garment for wading

**waiter** a person who attends, serves, or waits on another; a tray on which something is carried

**weighter** a textile worker who increases the weight of yarns or fabrics by adding substances

**wadi** (see **waddy**)

**WAFS** members of the *Women in the Air Force*

**wafts** causes to move or goes lightly by or as if by the impulse of wind or waves

**wah** (see **Wa**)

**wailer** a person who laments or cries

**waler** a rather large rugged saddle horse of mixed ancestry exported from Australia to India

**whaler** a person or ship employed in whaling

**wails** laments, weeps, or cries

**Wales** the peninsula on the western part of Great Britain

**wales** streaks or ridges made on the skin; extra thick strong planks in the side of a wooden ship

**whales** the largest (aquatic) mammals

**wain** a wagon or cart

**wane** to decrease in size or extent

**waist** a small part of the body between the ribs and hips

**waste** wilderness; useless consumption or expenditure

**waister** a usually green or broken-down seaman stationed in the waist of the ship

**waster** a spendthrift or squanderer

**waistless** unshapely

**wasteless** incapable of being used up

**waited** (see **waded**)

**waiter** (see **wader**)

**waive** to relinquish voluntarily

**WAVE** a woman serving in the U.S.

Navy, especially during World War II

**wave** to flutter in a breeze; to flap; an arm gesture

**waiver** the act of intentionally relinquishing or abandoning a known right, claim, or privilege

**waver** to vacillate irresolutely between options or attractions

**waler** (see **wailer**)

**Wales and wales** (see **wails**)

**walk** to move on foot

**waulk** to shrink and thicken woolen fabric by applying moisture, heat, friction, and pressure until the fibers become felt

**wallah** a person who holds an important position in an organization or particular situation

**wallow** to roll or move oneself about in an indolent ungainly manner

**wands** slender metal or wood rods or staffs

**wans** causes to appear pale or sickly

**wons** basic monetary units of South Korea since 1962

**wane** (see **wain**)

**wang** (see **uang**)

**wans** (see **wands**)

**want** to lack; to desire

**wont** accustomed to doing something

**wants** (see **once**)

**war** an armed hostile conflict

**wore** attached to the body or clothing

**ward** a large hospital room; an administrative division of a municipality; a person under protection

**warred** engaged in armed hostile conflict

**ware** a manufactured or crafted article or articles

**wear** to attach to the body or clothing

**weigher** a person that determines heaviness

**weir** an enclosure placed in a stream or inlet, often for capturing fish

**wer** the value set in Anglo-Saxon and Germanic law on the life of a person according to a fixed scale and paid as compensation to the kin of that person if slain

**where** at or in what place

**where're** the contraction of where are

**warded** took heed of or beware of

**weired** placed an enclosure in a stream or inlet to capture fish

**where'd** the contraction of where had or where did

**wares** merchandise

**where's** the contraction of where is, where does, or where has

**wari** any of various twoperson games widely played in Africa and southern Asia with pebbles or stones

**warree** a white-lipped peccary

**Warli** a people of India inhabiting the region north of Bombay



**whorly** arranged or formed in coiled or spiral shapes

**warn** to put on guard or give notice

**worn** attached to the body or clothing; deteriorated by use

**warred** (see **ward**)

**warree** (see **wari**)

**warren** a place abounding in rabbits

**warrin** an Australian lorikeet

**wart** a horny projection on the skin

**wort** an infusion of malt fermented to form beer; a sweet edible European blueberry

**wary** keenly cautious or watchfully prudent

**weri** a composite structure that occurs in New Zealand that is made up of the mummified body of a caterpillar killed by a fungus

**wherry** a long light rowboat pointed at both ends

**waste** (see **waist**)

**wasteless** (see **waistless**)

**waster** (see **waister**)

**water** (see **wadder**)

**watercourse** a channel through which water flows

**water-course** a layer of defective or poor-quality concrete caused by the accumulation of excess mixing water

**waterie** any of numerous chiefly Old World birds related to the pipits, especially the water wagtail

**watery** consisting of or filled with water

**wats** Buddhist temples in Thailand

**watts** measurements of electrical power equal to one absolute joule per second

**whats** things meant or referred to

**what's** the contraction of what is, what has, or what does

**watter** (see **wadder**)

**wattle** (see **waddle**)

**watts** (see **wats**)

**waulk** (see **walk**)

**WAVE** and **wave** (see **waive**)

**waver** (see **waiver**)

**wax** (see **WAACS**)

**way** a path or road; a manner or style

**Wei** a Tatar dynasty in China during the 4th–6th centuries A.D.

**weigh** to determine heaviness; to test or balance

**wey** any of various old units of weight or capacity used locally in the British Isles

**whey** the watery part of milk separated from curd in making cheese

**wayed** (see **wade**)

**wayman** a railroad laborer employed in laying or keeping in repair the tracks

**weighman** a worker who weighs articles and goods

**we** (see **oui**)

**weak** deficient in strength

**week** a sequence of seven days

**weaken** to lessen the strength of

**weakon** a W or Z particle that is a carrier of the weak interaction (in physics)

**weal** a sound, healthy, or prosperous state

**weel** a wickerwork or slotted trap for eels

**we'll** the contraction of we will or we shall

**wheal** a steep-sided elevation characteristic of urticaria's lesions; a welt

**wheel** a circular frame attached to an axle on which it revolves

**weald** a heavily wooded area

**w(h)ealed** raised lines on the skin with a whip

**wheeled** revolved, rotated, or turned

**wield** to use an instrument with full power; to employ

**wean** to cause to cease to depend on the mother for nourishment

**ween** to believe, conceive, or imagine

**weaner** a device to prevent an animal from suckling

**wiener** a frankfurter

**wear** (see **ware**)

**wearer** a person who wears or carries something as a body covering

**where're** the contraction of where are

**weasand** the musculature associated with the gullet and windpipe; the throat

**wizened** dried up, withered, or shriveled

**weaser** the American merganser

**wheezer** a person who breathes with difficulty and with an audible sibilant or whistling sound

**weather** an atmospheric state at a specific time and place

**wether** a male sheep or goat castrated before sexual maturity

**whether** a conjunction indicating a choice between alternatives

**weave** to form by interlacing strands, as cloth with yarn or thread

**we've** the contraction of we have

**weaver** a person who interlaces strands of yarn or thread to make textiles

**weever** an edible marine fish with upward-looking eyes

**we'd** the contraction of we would or we had

**weed** a noxious plant

**wedder** a person who joins in marriage

**wetter** a worker who wets the work in various manufacturing processes; more damp, moist, or humid

**wedding** a marriage ceremony

**wetting** moistening or soaking with water or other liquid

**whetting** sharpening, as a tool or the appetite

**wedgie** a shoe having a heel extending from the back of the shoe to the front or the shank

**wedgy** resembling a device that tapes to a thin edge and is used to split wood or rock

**wee** (see **oui**)

**weed** (see **we'd**)

**week** (see **weak**)

**weel** (see **weal**)

**ween** (see **wean**)

**weeny** exceptionally tiny

**wienie** a frankfurter (slang)

**weep** to express deep sorrow by shedding tears

**whEEP** the drawn-out shrill cry or whistle of certain birds, as the curlew or plover

**weer** very little

**weir** an enclosure placed in a stream or inlet, often for capturing fish

**wer** wergild

**weet** an exclamation simulative of a small bird's cry

**wheat** a cereal grain that yields a fine white flour

**weetless** unwitting

**wheatless** having no cereal grain that yields a fine white flour

**weever** (see **weaver**)

**wee-wee** (see **oui-oui**)

**Wei** (see **way**)

**weigh** (see **way**)

**weighed** (see **wade**)

**weigher** (see **ware**)

**weighman** (see **wayman**)

**weighted** (see **waded**)

**weighter** (see **wader**)

**weir** (see **ware** and **weer**)

**weir** an enclosure placed in a stream or inlet, often for capturing fish

**wer** the value set in Anglo-Saxon and German law upon the life of a man in accordance to a fixed scale; wergild (by shortening)

**we're** the contraction of we are

**weird** eerie, uncanny, unearthly, or mysterious

**weired** placed an enclosure or dam in a stream or inlet, often to capture fish

**weired** (see **warded**)

**weld** to join closely or inseparably, as in uniting metallic parts by heating their edges to a fluid state

**welled** rose to the surface in a copious stream; constructed with a well

**we'll** (see **weal**)

**welled** (see **weld**)

**wells** holes sunk in the earth to a depth sufficient to reach water supplies

**wels** very large elongated catfish of central and eastern European rivers

**wen** a sebaceous cyst

**when** at which or what time

**wend** to proceed or travel

**when'd** the contraction of when did

**wends** proceeds or travels

**wens** sebaceous cysts

**when's** the contraction of when is, when does, or when has

**wer** (see **ware**, **weer**, and **weir**)

**wer** wergild

**were** existed

**whir(r)** a continuous fluttering sound made by something in rapid motion

**we're** (see **weir**)

**weri** (see **wary**)

**we's** groups whose members consciously feel as a group

**whees** expresses delight or exuberance

**wheeze** a sibilant whistling sound caused by difficult or obstructed respiration

**wet** to soak or moisten with liquid

**whet** to hone, sharpen, or make keen

**wether** (see **weather**)

**wetter** (see **wedder**)

**wetting** (see **wedding**)

**we've** (see **weave**)

**wey** (see **way**)

**whacks** (see **WAACS**)

**whaler** (see **waler**)

**whales** (see **wails**)

**whats** (see **wats**)

**what's** (see **wats**)

**whau** a New Zealand tree of the family *Tiliaceae*

**wow** a sensational hit

**wheal** (see **weal**)

**w(h)ealed** (see **weald**)

**wheat** (see **weet**)

**wheatless** (see **weetless**)

**whee** (see **oui**)

**wheel** (see **weal**)

**wheeled** (see **weald**)

**wheep** (see **weep**)

**whees** (see **we's**)

**wheeze** (see **we's**)

**wheezer** (see **weaser**)

**when** (see **wen**)

**when'd** (see **wend**)

**when's** (see **wends**)

**where** (see **ware**)

**where'd** (see **warded**)

**wherefor** for which

**wherefore** for what reason; an answer or statement that provides an explanation

**where're** (see **ware** and **wearer**)

**where's** (see **wares**)

**wherry** (see **wary**)

**whet** (see **wet**)

**whether** (see **weather**)

**whetting** (see **wedding**)

**whew** (see **hew**)

**whew** to make a half-formed whistling sound; an expression of amazement, relief, or discomfort

**whoop** an expression of sudden excitement, relief, or astonishment

**woo** to seek to gain or bring about; to solicit in love

**Wu** a group of Chinese dialects spoken in the lower Yangtze valley

**why** (see **juicy** and **way**)

**which** a word introducing a relative clause; what one(s) out of a group

**witch** a woman practicing the black arts

**whicker** to neigh or whinny

**wicker** a rod for plaiting basketwork

**whiff** a quick puff or slight gust of air

**wiff** a wife (slang)

**Whig** an American favoring independence from Great Britain during the Revolution

**wig** artificial head hair; a toupee

**Whiggery** the principles, policies, and practices associated with Whigs

**wiggery** a business that deals in wigs

**Whigging** a petty Whig

**wiggling** tending to jiggle or oscillate; wriggly

**whiled** passed time without boredom or in a pleasant manner

**wild** not tamed or domesticated

**wiled** enticed; lured by a magic spell

**whin** a particularly hard rock

**win** to gain victory in a contest; prevail or succeed

**wynn** a type of timber truck or carriage

**whines** utters a high-pitched plaintive or distressed cry

**winds** twists, coils, or curls

**wines** provides with fermented juice of grapes

**whing** a sharp high-pitched ringing sound

**wing** an organ or manufactured structure that enables aerial flight

**whinny** to neigh, especially in a low or gentle fashion

**Winnie** any of several bronze statuettes awarded annually by a professional group for fashion design

**whins** particularly hard rocks; devices for raising ore or water from mines

**winds** natural air movements

**wins** gains victory in a contest

**winze** a steeply inclined opening connecting one mine with another at a lower level

**wynns** timber trucks or carriages

**whiny** whining, querulous, or habitually complaining

**winy** having the taste or qualities of wine

**whirled** moved quickly around an axis; became giddy or dizzy

**whorled** arranged in coiled or spiral shapes

**world** the earthly state of human existence; the planet Earth; a planet, especially one inhabited

**whirley** a crane free to rotate 360 degrees in picking up and depositing its load

**whirly** exhibiting a rotary or whirling motion; a small whirlwind

**whorly** arranged in coils or spirals

**wurley** the nest of the house-building rat of Australia; a native Australian hut

**whir(r)** (see **were**)

**whirred** moved rapidly with a vibrating sound

**word** a written character or characters representing a spoken sound

**whirtle** a perforated steel die through which steel wires or tubes are drawn

**whortle** a sweet edible European blueberry

**whish** a rushing sound

**wish** an unfulfilled desire or want

**whist** a card game

**wist** a unit of land area equal to about 16–18 acres

**whit** the smallest of particles

**wit** intellectual brilliance or astuteness of perception; humor; irony

**white** colorless; free from spot or blemish

**wight** a living creature

**wite** a penal fine for serious crimes

**whiter** more free from color; lighter or more palid in color

**wider** more extensive or broader

**whither** to what place; where

**wither** to shrivel up

**whitish** approaching being white or colorless

**widish** tending to be wide or broad

**whitling** a large sea trout

**whittling** cutting chips from wood with a knife

**witling** a person of little wit or understanding

**whittle** to cut or shape wood with a knife

**wittol** a half-witted person

**whittling** (see **whitling**)

**whiz** to fly or move swiftly with a hissing or buzzing sound

**wiz** one endowed with exceptional skill or able to achieve something held to be impossible; a wizard (by shortening)

**whizbang** one that speeds noisily to a climax

**whiz-bang** excellent, expert, or notable

**whizzled** got by stealth or cunning

**wizzled** being wizened and shriveled

**who** (see **heugh**)

**whoa** (see **Ho**)

**whoa** a command to a draft animal to stop or stand still

**wo** a falconer's summons to a hawk or falcon

**woe** a miserable or sorrowful state

**whoaed** commanded a draft animal to stop

**woad** a European perennial herb formerly grown for the blue coloring matter yielded by its leaves

**whole** (see **hole**)

**wholes** (see **holds**)

**whole-sail** being a breeze or wind that permits the use of full or nearly full sail

**wholesale** relating to the sale of goods in quantity for resale; extensive or massive

**wholly** (see **holey**)

**whom** (see **hum**)

**whomp** a loud slap, crash, or crunch

**womp** an abrupt increase in the illumination of a television screen resulting from an abrupt increase in signal strength

**whoo** (see **heugh** and **whew**)

**whoof** a deep full snorting sound

**woof** threads that cross the warp in woven fabric; the weft

**whoop** (see **hoop**)

**whooper** (see **hooper**)

**whop** to beat, strike, or thrash (seldom **wop**)

**wop** an Italian, used disparagingly

**whore** (see **hawer**)

**whored** (see **hoard**)

**whoreson** (see **hoarsen**)

**whorled** (see **whirled**)

**whorly** (see **Warli** and **whirley**)

**whortle** (see **whirtle**)

**whos** (see **hoos** and **oohs**)

**who's** (see **hoos** and **oohs**)

**whose** (see **hoos** and **oohs**)

**whump** a bang or thump

**wump(h)** a heavy sound caused especially by a falling object

**whydah** any of various African weaver-birds

**widow** a woman whose husband has died and has not since remarried

**whys** reasons or causes of something

**wise** sagacious or prudent

**wyes** things resembling the letter Y in shape; track arrangements with three switches and three legs for reversing the direction of an entire train

**wicked** evil, vicious, or vile

**wicket** a small gate or door; a grilled gate or window; a wire hoop used in croquet

**wicker** (see **whicker**)

**wicket** (see **wicked**)

**wider** (see **whiter**)

**widish** (see **whitish**)

**widow** (see **whydah**)

**wield** (see **weald**)

**wiener** (see **weaner**)

**wienie** (see **weeny**)

**wiff** (see **whiff**)

**wig** (see **Whig**)

**wiggery** (see **Whiggery**)

**wiggling** (see **Whigling**)

**wight** (see **white**)

**wild** (see **whiled**)

**wiled** (see **whiled**)

**wilkeite** a mineral consisting of an hydroxylapatite

**Willkieite** an adherent of Wendell Lewis Willkie, 1940 Republican candidate for the U.S. presidency

**willeys** textile machines with a revolving spike drum that opens and cleans cotton or wool

**willies** waybills for a loaded railroad car; a fit of nervousness or acute mental discomfort

**Willkieite** (see **wilkeite**)

**win** (see **whin**)

**windlass** any of various machines for hoisting or hauling

**windless** marked by the absence of wind

**windroad** a pass for a current of air, often underground as in a mine

**windrode** a moored vessel riding with the force of the wind

**windrowed** raked hay into rows for drying before being rolled or baled

**winds** (see **whines** and **whins**)

**wines** (see **whines**)

**wing** (see **whing**)

**Winnie** (see **whinny**)

**wins** (see **whins**)

**winy** (see **whiny**)

**winze** (see **whins**)

**wise** (see **whys**)

**wish** (see **whish**)

**wist** (see **whist**)

**wistaria** a pale purple or light violet color

**Wisteria** a genus of chiefly Asiatic mostly woody vines

**wit** (see **whit**)

**witch** (see **which**)

**wite** (see **white**)

**with** a word to indicate connection, association, or relationship

**withe** a band consisting of a twisted twig

**wither** (see **whither**)

**witling** (see **whitling**)

**wittol** (see **whittle**)

**wiz** (see **whiz**)

**wizened** (see **weasand**)

**wizzled** (see **whizzled**)

**wo** (see **whoa**)

**woad** (see **whoaed**)

**wobble** (see **wabble**)

**woe** (see **whoa**)

**womp** (see **whomp**)

**won** (see **one**)

**wons** (see **wands**)

**wont** (see **want**)

**wont** accustomed to doing something

**won't** the contraction of will not

**wonts** (see **once**)

**woo** (see **whew**)

**wood** a hard fibrous substance making up the greater part of trees and shrubs

**would** used to express a wish, desire, or intent

**woof** (see **whoof**)

**wop** (see **whop**)

**word** (see **whirred**)

**wore** (see **war**)

**workout** an exercise designed to test or increase one's fitness

**work-out** a market not characterized by firm bids and offers

**world** (see **whirled**)

**worm** any of numerous relatively small, elongated, usually naked and soft-bodied animals resembling an earthworm

**Würm** the fourth and last stage of glaciation in Europe

**worn** (see **warn**)

**worst** most unfavorable, unpleasant, or reprehensible

**wurst** a sausage

**wort** (see **wart**)

**would** (see **wood**)

**wow** (see **whau**)

**wrack** (see **rack**)

**wraith** an apparition of a living person in his/her exact likeness seen usually just prior to the person's death

**wraith** an expansible reed or comb for beaming and warping, in weaving

**wrangle** (see **rangle**)

**wrapped** (see **rapped**)

**wrasse** (see **rasse**)

**wrath** (see **rath**)

**wreak** (see **reek**)

**wreathes** things twisted or intertwined into an approximately circular or spiral shape

**wreaths** causes to writh, twist, or contort

**wreck** (see **rec**)

**wrecked** (see **rect**)

**wrecks** (see **recks**)

**wren** (see **jen**)

**wrens** (see **rends**)

**wrest** (see **rest**)

**wretch** (see **retch**)

**wrick** (see **rick**)

**wried** (see **ride**)

**wright** (see **right**)

**wring** (see **ring**)

**wringer** (see **ringer**)

**wrist** (see **rist**)

**write** (see **right**)

**writer** (see **reiter**)

**writs** (see **ritz**)

**wrong** (see **Rong**)

**wrote** (see **rote**)

**wroth** (see **rath**)

**wrung** (see **rung**)

**wrys** (see **rise**)

**Wu** (see **whew**)

**wump(h)** (see **whump**)

**wurley** (see **whirley**)

**Würm** (see **worm**)

**wurst** (see **worst**)

**wyes** (see **whys**)

**wynn** (see **whin**)

**wynns** (see **whins**)

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## Group I

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**waistcoat** - **weskit**

**wedgie** - **wedgy**

**whirtle** - **wordle**

**windthrow** - **wind-throw**

**winterkill** - **winter-kill**

**wreathes** - **wreaths**

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## Group I and II

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**warrantee** 'wārən:tē

**warranty** 'wārəntē

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## Group II

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**wacke** 'wakē

**whack** 'wak

**wah** 'wä

**waw** 'väv

**wakan** wä'kän

**walkon** 'wök,än

**walk** 'wök

**wok** 'wäk

**wallet** 'wölät

**wallete** wó'let

**warehouse** 'wärə:haüz

**warehouse** 'war:haüs

**warren** 'wörän

**warrin** 'wörin

**weakened** 'wēkənd

**weekend** 'wē:kend

**wherry** 'werē

**worry** 'wərē

**wolfish** 'wulf.fish

**wolfish** 'wulfish

**woold** 'wüld

**wooled** 'wüld

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# X

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**x** (see **ex**)

**xanthene** an isomeric compound that is the parent of the colored forms of xanthene dyes

**xanthine** a feebly basic crystalline nitrogenous compound that is found in animal tissue and plants

**xanthin** a carotenoid pigment that is soluble in alcohol

**xanthine** a feebly basic crystalline nitrogenous compound that is found in animal tissue and plants

**xanthine** (see **xanthene**)

**xanthous** yellowish

**Xanthus** an ancient city of Lycia near the mouth of the Xanthus river in southwestern Asia

**xat** (see **cat**)

**xenia** the effect of genes introduced by a male nucleus on structures other than the embryo; presents given by ancient Greeks and Romans to a guest or stranger

**zinnia** a tropical American herb having showy flower heads



**xeric** (see **ceric**)

**Xiphias** a genus of large scombroid fishes comprising the common swordfish

**Ziphius** a genus of nearly cosmopolitan beaked whales

**xiphioid** resembling or related to the genus *Xiphias*, a genus of large scombroid fishes comprising the common swordfish

**ziphioid** relating to the Ziphiidae, a family of toothed whales

**xis** (see **psis**)

**xurel** (see **jurel**)

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## Group I and II

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**xenodocheum**    zenədə'kēəm

**xenodochium**    zenənədə'kīəm

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## Y

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**yabbi** a Tasmanian wolf

**yabby** a small burrowing crayfish

**yacca** any of several West Indian podocarps

**yakka** work or labor

**yager** (see **jaeger**)

**yahoo** an uncouth or rowdy person

**yahu** a scholarly transliteration of the Hebrew tetragrammaton that constitutes a divine proper name, such as Jehovah

**yak** a laugh, joke, or gag; a large ox of Tibet and central Asia

**yogh** a letter used in Middle English to represent a palatal fricative

**yakka** (see **yacca**)

**y'all** you-all, a direct address indicating two or more persons

**yawl** a fore-and-aft rigged sailboat

**Yap** one of the Caroline Islands in the west Pacific Ocean

**yap** to bark snappishly; to scold; to chatter

**yapp** a bookbinding style often used for Bibles and hymnbooks

**yar** characterized by speed and agility; nimble

**yarr** corn spurrey, a small European weed

**yawed** deviated radically from a course; gaped or yawned

**yod** the voice glide or spirant sound that is the first sound of **yes**; the tenth letter of the Hebrew alphabet (also **yodh**)

**yawl** (see **y'all**)

**yawn** a deep intake of breath through a wide open mouth usually as an involuntary reaction to fatigue or boredom

**yon** yonder; an Indian tree yielding very strong wood

**ye** a second person pronoun still used in selected religious faiths

**yi** in Chinese ethical philosophy, the faithful performance of one's specified duties to society

**yew** (see **ewe**)

**yews** (see **ewes**)

**yi** (see **ye**)

**yippee** an expression of exuberant delight or triumph

**Yippie** Youth International Party (by shortening), a group of radical political active hippies

**yippie** a member of the Yippie group

**yo** (see **ewe**)

**yock** to laugh in a boisterous or unrestrained manner

**yuck** an expression of rejection or disgust

**yod** (see **yawed**)

**yogh** (see **yak**)

**yogh** a letter used in Middle English to represent a palatal fricative

**yoke** a framework joining two draft animals at their necks for working together

**yolk** a yellow spheroidal mass of the egg of a bird or reptile (seldom **yoke**)

**yon** (see **yawn**)

**yore** a time long since past

**your** belonging to you

**you** (see **ewe**)

**you'll** the contraction of you will or you shall

**yule** Christmas

**your** (see **ewer** and **yore**)

**you're** (see **ewer**)

**youse** (see **ewes** and **ius**)

**yu** (see **ewe**)

**yuca** (see **Uca**)

**Yucca** and **yucca** (see **Uca**)

**yuck** (see **yock**)

**yulan** (see **uhlan**)

**yule** (see **you'll**)

**Yuman** (see **human**)

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## Group II

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**Yankee** 'yaŋkē

**Yanqui** 'yänkē

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## Z

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**zabra** (see **sabra**)

**zacs** Caucasian ibexes

**zax** a tool used for trimming and puncturing roofing slates

**zax** (see **zacs**)

**zayin** the seventh letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**Zion** the Jewish homeland that is symbolic of Jewish national aspiration

**Zea** the genus of large grasses having broad ribbon-shaped leaves

**zea** the fresh styles and stigmas of Indian corn formerly used as a diuretic

**Zia** a Keres people occupying a pueblo in northwestern New Mexico

**Zen** (see **senn**)

**Zia** (see **Zea**)

**Zilla** a genus of thorny plants of northern Africa

**zillah** a district or administrative division in India

**zinc** a bluish white crystalline bivalent metallic element

**zink** a Renaissance woodwind instrument used especially with church chorale music

**zinnia** (see **xenia**)

**Zion** (see **zayin**)

**ziphioid** (see **xiphioid**)

**Ziphius** (see **Xiphias**)

**zoo** a collection of animals

**Zu** an evil storm-god, represented as a black bird

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**Group I**

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**zephyrous - zephyrus**

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**Group II**

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**zebras**    'zēbrəz  
**zebrass**   'zē,bras

# Homographs

## A

- a** \ˈɑ\ someone or something arbitrarily or conveniently designated as the first in order or in a class
- a** \ə\ used to replace have or of, as kinda for kind of
- Ab** \äb\ the 11th month of the civil year and the 5th month of ecclesiastical year in the Jewish calendars
- Ab** \ˈab\ the spirit of the physical heart and the seat of the will and intentions
- aba** \aˈbä\ a loose sleeveless Arabian outer garment
- aba** \ˈabə\ a telescopic instrument
- abaisse** \əˈbäsä\ a thin undercrust of pastry
- abaissé** \əˈbäs\ in heraldry, turned downward, as a bird's wingtips
- abate** \əˈbät\ to diminish
- abate** \ˈäbä.rä\ a title of respect for any ecclesiastic without other distinguishing title
- ablative** \ˈablätiv\ in grammar, expressing typically the relation of separation and source, cause, time, place, or accordance
- ablative** \aˈblätiv\ tending to carry away, or remove by cutting, erosion, melting, or evaporation
- absent** \ˈabsənt\ not present or not attending
- absent** \abˈsənt\ to keep away
- acedia** \,asəˈdēə\ an Atlantic ocean flatfish
- acedia** \əˈsēdēə\ sloth or apathy
- acerous** \ˈasərəs\ needle-shaped, as pine leaves
- acerous** \,äˈsērəs\ having no antennae or horns
- Acoma** \äkə mō\ a Keresan pueblo people of New Mexico
- acoma** \ə kōmə\ a tree of Florida and the West Indies used in shipbuilding
- actus** \ˈaktəs\ the right to drive a beast or a vehicle over another's land
- actus** \ˈäk.tüs\ a mental or spiritual act done
- adage** \ˈadij\ a saying usually embodying a common experience
- adage** \ädääh\ an easy graceful manner; in music, adagio
- adduct** \aˈdäkt\ to draw toward or past the median axis of the body
- adduct** \ˈä.däkt\ the cyclic product of the addition reaction of a diene with another unsaturated compound
- Aedes** \äˈedēz\ a large cosmopolitan genus of mosquitoes
- aedes** \ˈedēz\ a building for worship in Roman antiquity not formally consecrated by the Augurs
- Afar** \ˈä.fär\ an Hamitic people of northeast Ethiopia
- afar** \əˈfär\ from or at a great distance
- affricate** \ˈafrikät\ a stop or explosive, followed by a slow separation of the articulating organs, in phonetics
- affricate** \əˈfrikät\ to rub out or grate on
- Agama** \əˈgämə\ a genus of Old World terrestrial lizards
- agama** \əˈgämə\ a lizard of the genus Agama
- agama** \ˈägəmə\ a class of tantric treatises accepted as scripture in Hinduism and Buddhism
- agape** \əˈgäp\ wide open
- agape** \äˈgä.pä\ spontaneous self-giving love
- aged** \äjd\ showed the effects of or underwent change with the passage of time
- aged** \äjäd\ well advanced toward reduction to base level (used in topographic features)
- agnostic** \ägˈnästik\ a person who doubts the existence of a god
- agnostic** \äg:nöstik\ an inability to recognize familiar objects by eye, ear, or touch

**akela** \ə'kālə\ a shrub or climber of

Hawaii

**akela** \ə'kēlə\ a leader of a cub scout pack

**ala** \'ālə\ a winglike process

**ala** \'älä\ a large Sumerian drum

**Alans** \'älanz\ a Scythian people in pre-Slavic Russia and the Black Sea regions

**alans** \'älanz\ in heraldry, short-eared dogs

**Alas** \'ä.läs\ an Indonesian people of northern Sumatra

**alas** \ə'las\ an expression of sorrow, pity, or concern

**alba** \'älbə\ a Provençal lyric dealing with lovers parting at dawn

**alba** \'albə\ the white matter of the brain and spinal cord

**alegrias** \älə'grēəz\ certain herbs of the genus *Amaranthus*

**alegrias** \'älə'grēəs\ a solo flamenco dance performed by a woman

**alem** \'ä.lem\ a shrub yielding medicinal fruit

**alem** \'äl.em\ the imperial standard of the Ottoman empire

**allege** \ə'lej\ to assert without proof

**allège** \ə'lez\ a thinned part of a wall

**allongé** \:ä.lō<sup>n</sup>:zhā\ a ballet movement with both arms and one leg extended to form a long line

**allonge** \ä'lō<sup>n</sup>zh\ paper attached to a bill of exchange for additional endorsements

**allure** \ə'lür\ to lure, sway, or entice with some tempting appeal

**allure** \'äl.ür\ a passagewalk, as the walk along one side of a cloister

**ally** \'ä.lɪ\ someone or something associated with another, as a helper or supporter

**ally** \'älə\ a superior playing marble

**Aloe** \'älə.wē\ a genus of succulent chiefly southern African plants

**aloe** \'älə\ a pale green color

**alp** \'alp\ a very high mountain

**alp** \'älp\ a demon or tomenting witch, in Teutonic folklore

**alum** \'äləm\ a double sulfate of aluminum having a sweetsour astringent taste

**alum** \ə'ləm\ a graduate or former student of an educational institution (by shortening **alumna** or **alumnus**)

**alvar** \'äl.vär\ southern Indian Vaishnara saints of the 7th and 9th centuries

**alvar** \'äl.vär\ mosses growing on overlying Scandinavian limestone

**ambientes** \,ambē'en.tēz\ thigh muscles of certain birds that allow the knees to bend and the feet to clasp the perch on which the bird sits

**ambientes** \'aam byentēs\ atmospheres or environments

**ambos** \'äm.bōz\ large pulpits or reading desks in early churches and in contemporary Greek and Balkan churches

**ambos** \'äm.bäs\ the middle of a chain of three small bones (the anvil) in the ear of mammals

**Ament** \ə'ment\ a Thebian goddess usually represented by a sheep's head, in Egyptian religion

**ament** \'ämənt\ a mentally deficient person; a racemose inflorescence

**amental** \'äməntəl\ resembling an indeterminate spicate inflorescence bearing scaly bracts and apetalous unisexual flowers

**amental** \'ä.mentəl\ devoid of mind

**Anas** \'änəs\ the type genus of *Anatidae* comprising a large number of widely distributed freshwater ducks

**anas** \'änəz\ collections of anecdotes or interesting curious information

**anathema** \,anə'thēmə\ a thing set aside or consecrated for a diety

**anathema** \ə'nathəmə\ any object of intense dislike or loathing

**anay** \ä'nī\ a white ant or termite  
**anay** \a'nī\ a Guatemalan fruit resembling the avocado  
**ancone** \'aŋkōn\ a bracket, elbow, or console used as an architectural support  
**ancone** \'aŋ kōnē\ a domestic fowl of a breed resembling Leghorns  
**Angers** \än'zhā\ of or from the city of Angers, France  
**angers** \'aŋgərz\ strong feelings of displeasure and usually antagonism  
**ani** \ä'nē\ any of several black cuckoos with arched laterally compressed bills found from tropical America to the southern U.S.  
**ani** \'anī\ the posterior openings of alimentary canals  
**anon** \ə'nän\ at another time  
**anon** \ä'nōn\ the sweet pulpy fruit of the sweetsop  
**Anti** \'äntē\ an Arawakan people of the upper valley of the Ucayali river in eastern Peru  
**anti** \'an.tē\ one who is opposed  
**Apache** \ə'pachē\ an Athapaskan people of Arizona, New Mexico, and northern Mexico  
**Apache** \ə'pash\ a member of a gang of criminals, especially in Paris, noted for their violent crimes  
**ape** \'āp\ a monkey; to imitate  
**ape** \'āpā\ an herbaceous ornamental plant of Hawaii  
**aper** \'āpər\ a person that imitates or mimics  
**aper** \'āpər\ a European wild boar  
**Apios** \'āpē äs\ a widely distributed genus of trailing or climbing herbs  
**apios** \'āpē ōz\ tropical American perennial herbs related to carrots  
**apolysis** \ä'pōlē.sēs\ a concluding prayer in the Eastern Church  
**apolysis** \ə'pälēsəs\ the shedding of segments in the neck area of a tape worm

**appropriate** \ə'prōprē.āt\ to take possession of; to take without permission or consent  
**appropriate** \ə'prōprēät\ suitable of fitting for a particular purpose  
**Ara** \'ārə\ a constellation south of the tail of the Scorpion  
**Ara** \'ārə\ a genus of macaws containing the great blue-and-yellow macaw  
**ara** \'ārə\ a macaw; a textile screw pine  
**arête** \a'rāt\ a sharp crested mountain ridge  
**arete** \.arə'tā\ good qualities that make character  
**aria** \ärēə\ an elaborate melody sung in an opera or oratorio  
**aria** \ə'rēə\ a European ornamental tree with corymbose white flowers and red fruits  
**Arkansas** \'ärkän.sò\ a state in south central U.S.  
**Arkansas** \är'kanzəs\ a river flowing through east and southeast Kansas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, and into the Mississippi River  
**arras** \'arəs\ a wall hanging or hanging screen of tapestry  
**arras** \'är.räs\ a gift made by a husband to his wife upon marriage in Spanish cultures  
**arrive** \:arē:vā\ a person who has risen rapidly to success, power, or fame  
**arrive** \ə'rīv\ to reach a destination  
**arses** \'ärsəs\ the bottom end of wooden pulley blocks in which are the score for the rope straps  
**arses** \'är sēz\ the weak or unaccented parts of musical measures  
**As** \'äs\ in music, Aflat  
**as** \'äs\ a Persian card game resembling poker  
**As** \'as\ a chief god of pagan Scandinavia  
**as** \az\ like

**asana** \ˈäsənə\ a manner of sitting in the practice of yoga

**asana** \ˈäsəˈnä\ any of several timber trees of the genus *Pterocarpus*

**ascon** \ˈäskɔ̃n\ an Haitian voodoo fetish

**ascon** \ˈa.skän a sponge

**aspirate** \ˈäspɚ,rät\ to draw or withdraw by suction; to pronounce with an h-sound as the initial element

**aspirate** \ˈäspɚət\ silent but not preceded by liaison or elision

**aspire** \əˈspīər\ to seek to attain or accomplish something

**spiré** \äspəˈrā\ initial in the orthography of a word before which elision and liaison do not occur (without respect to **h** in French)

**assai** \äˈsī\ in music, very

**assai** \:äsä:ē\ a slender pinnate-leaved palm

**assemblé** \äsäˈblä\ a ballet movement

**assemble** \əˈsembəl\ to bring together

**assis** \äˈsē\ sitting down (of animals in heraldry)

**assis** \ˈäsēz\ any of several shrubs or trees of the genus *Ilex*; a holly of the southern U.S.

**Asterias** \äˈstīrēəs\ a genus of echinoderms that includes certain typical starfishes

**asterias** \äˈstīrēəz\ gem stones cut so as to show star-shaped figures

**ate** \ˈät\ consumed food

**ate** \ˈäd•ē\ a blind impulse or reckless ambition

**ates** \ˈä.tēz\ blind impulses, reckless ambitions, or excessive follies that drive people to ruin

**ates** \ˈä.tēs\ the sweet pulpy fruits of a tropical American tree

**Atis** \ˈädēz\ members of the predominantly pagan Negritoid people of Panay, Philippines

**atis** \əˈtēs\ a monkshood found in the Hi-

malayas; any of several trees including the sweetsop

**Atta** \ˈadə\ a New World genus of leaf-cutting chiefly tropical ants often very destructive to crops

**atta** \ˈä.tä\ unsorted wheat flour or meal, in India

**attaches** \əˈtachəz\ makes fast or joins; binds, fastens, or ties

**attaches** \ˈatə.shāz\ experts on duty with the country's diplomatic representative at a foreign capital

**attention** \əˈtenchən\ an act of civility or courtesy; care for the wishes, comfort, or pleasure of others

**attention** \ə:tenˈchən\ a position assumed by military personnel with heels together at a 45° angle, body erect, and eyes to the front

**attribute** \ˈatrə.byüt\ a quality or characteristic belonging to a thing or person

**attribute** \əˈtribyüt\ to explain as caused or brought about by

**August** \ˈögəst\ the eighth month of the Gregorian calendar

**august** \ó:gəst\ marked by majestic dignity

**august** \ˈäü.güst\ a clown, typically one suggesting in appearance or action an awkward waiter

**aval** \äˈval\ a written engagement by one not a drawer, acceptor, or endorser of a note or bill of exchange that it will be paid at maturity

**aval** \ˈäval\ pertaining to a grandparent or grandparents

**ave** \ˈävā\ salutation of greeting or leave-taking

**ave** \ˈav\ avenue (by shortening)

**Aves** \ˈävāz\ Ave Marias or salutations to the Virgin Mary

**aves** \ˈävāz\ salutations of greeting or leave-taking

**Aves** \ˈävēz\ a class of Vertebrata including all fossil and recent birds



**awa** \ˈäwä\ a large active silvery herbivorous food fish widely distributed in the warm parts of the Pacific and Indian oceans

**awa** \ˈävə\ an Australasian shrubby pepper from whose crushed roots an intoxicating beverage is made

**awing** \ˈoiŋ\ frightening or terrifying

**awing** \əˈwiŋ\ flying

**axes** \ˈaksəs\ cutting tools

**axes** \ˈak,sēz\ straight lines around which things rotate

**ayah** \ˈäyə\ a native nursemaid or lady's maid

**ayah** \ˈäyäl\ a sign; a divine portent

**aye** \ˈi\ an affirmative vote

**aye** \ˈä\ for an indefinite time

**acerbate**

**acuminate**

**address**

**adiposes**

**affectionate**

**affix**

**agglomerate**

**agglutinate**

**alternate**

**alveolites**

**ammonites**

**ananas**

**anastomoses**

**ankyloses**

**antipodes**

**approximate**

**arithmetic**

**arsenic**

**ascomycetes**

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## Group I

**abstract**

**abuse**

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## B

**bakkie** \ˈbä.ki\ excrement

**bakkie** \ˈbäki\ anything filthy or distasteful, as spoiled soup or rancid butter

**balance** \bə:länːsäl\ a ballet movement

**balance** \ˈbaləns\ a measuring device; equilibrium; to maintain a state of equipoise

**Balanites** \baləˈnidēz\ a genus of Old World tropical trees

**balanites** \ˈbalə,nitēz\ fossil balanoid shells

**ballet(t)** \ˈbalət\ a partsong often in stanzas with a refrain

**ballet** \ˈba,läl\ artistic dancing

**ban** \ˈban\ to prohibit

**ban** \ˈbän\ a provincial-military governor

of former times in Hungary, Croatia, or Slavonia

**banal** \ˈbänəl\ lacking originality or freshness

**banal** \ˈbänəl\ relating to a provincial governor in Hungary with military powers during war

**bangä** \ˈbängə\ an Australian cycad, the seeds of which are baked and eaten

**bangä** \ˈbanˈäl\ a large spherical water jar made of baked clay

**banged** \ˈbängd\ struck against or bumped

**banged** \ˈbanjd\ lounged about or loafed

**BAR** \ˈbē.äˈär\ a Browning automatic rifle

**bar** \ˈbär\ a straight piece of metal or wood; to confine or shut out

**Baré** \ˈbā.rā\ an Arawkan people in northern Brazil and Venezuela

**bare** \ˈbar\ exposed to view

**Baris** \ˈbārēz\ members of a Nilotic Negro people in the Sudan

**baris** \ˈbārəs\ a Balinese spear or warrior's dance

**barrage** \bəˈrā|zh\ a massive concentrated and continuous discharge or shower of weaponry, speech, or writing

**barrage** \ˈbārij\ an artificial dam to increase water depth or direct it into a channel

**barre** \ˈbār\ a handrail for ballet dancers during exercises

**barré** \bāˈrā\ a striped pattern in fabrics; all strings on an instrument stopped by the forefinger laid across them

**bases** \ˈbā.sēz\ foundations or principal components; the actual yields on bonds; original costs of property used in computing capital gains or losses for income tax purposes

**bases** \ˈbāsəz\ compounds capable of reacting with an acid to form salts; the corner bags, including home plate, in baseball

**basis** \ˈbāsəs\ a fundamental ingredient or essence

**basis** \ˈbā.sēz\ fermented Philippine beverages

**bas** \ˈbās\ a person or instrument able to create the lowest pitched sounds

**bass** \ˈbas\ an edible spiny-finned fish

**Batak** \ˈbəˈtāk\ a small predominantly pagan native group inhabiting northern Palawan, Philippines

**Batak** \ˈbā.tāk\ an Indonesian ethnic group inhabiting the highlands of Sumatra

**Baule** \,bäuˈlā\ a people of the Ivory Coast region of West Africa renowned for their carved wooden statuary

**baule** \ˈból\ or \ˈbōl\ the theoretical amount of nitrogen or a mineral necessary to produce one-half the maximum possible crop yield

**begum** \ˈbāgəm\ a high-ranking Muslim woman, especially a widow

**begum** \bəˈgəm\ to smear, soil, or clog with a gummy substance

**Bel** \ˈbāl\ the god of Earth, in Babylonian religion

**bel** \ˈbel\ a thorny tree of India with aromatic orangelike fruit

**bend** \ˈbend\ to turn from a straight line

**bend** \ˈbē:end\ the end of a railway car on which the handbrake is located

**bene** \ˈbēnē\ well

**bene** \ˈbene\ a wild hog of New Guinea

**benet** \ˈbēnet\ to ensnare or capture with a net

**benet** \ˈbenet\ the third of the four minor orders in the Roman Catholic Church; an exorcist who ranks just below an acolyte

**Beni** \ˈbenē\ a Negro people of southern Nigeria

**beni** \ˈbeni\ sesame oil used primarily for making soap

**berg** \ˈbərg\ an iceberg

**berg** \ˈberk\ a mountain

**Bern(e)** \ˈbərn\ the capital of Switzerland

**berne** \ˈbernə\ a botfly that attacks mammals in warm parts of the Americas

**Beta** \ˈbetā\ a small genus of glabrous succulent herbs, including chard and the beet

**beta** \ˈbetā\ the second letter of the Greek alphabet

**betises** \ˈbədəsəz\ Philippine trees the fruits of which yield an illuminating oil

**bêtises** \bāˈtēzəz\ acts of foolishness or stupidity

**beurre** \ˈbər\ buttered, as “peas au buerre”

**beurré** \ˈbü.ri\ any of many varieties of pear having soft and melting flesh

**bin** \ˈbēn\ a four-stringed musical instrument of India with a long bamboo fingerboard

**bin** \ˈbin\ a box or crib used for storage

**bind** \ˈbɪnd\ to make secure by tying  
**bind** \ˈbɪnd\ a twining stem or flexible shoot  
**binger** \ˈbɪnjər\ a person who goes on a spree, or who engages in food extravaganzas  
**binger** \ˈbɪŋ,ər\ a homerun, in baseball  
**binocle** \ˈbɪnə,kəl\ binoculars  
**binocle** \ˈbɪnək,əl\ a card game of the bezique family  
**bios** \ˈbɪoʊz\ biographies (by shortening)  
**bios** \ˈbɪ,äs\ a mixture of vitamins of the B complex; organic nature  
**bioeses** \ˈbɪ,äsəz\ organic natures; mixtures of vitamins of the B complex  
**bioeses** \ˈbɪ,ösəz\ any of a class of sugars that yield on hydrolysis two monosaccharide molecules  
**birling** \ˈbərliŋ\ the sport of logrolling  
**birling** \ˈbɪrliŋ\ a chieftain's barge used in the Hebrides  
**bis** \ˈbɪs\ in music, to direct repetition of a passage or to request an encore  
**bis** \ˈbɪz\ bisexual persons (slang)  
**blessed** \ˈblest\ praised or glorified  
**blessed** \ˈblesəd\ a person beatified by the Roman Catholic Church  
**blither** \ˈblɪθər\ more light-minded, casual, or heedless  
**blither** \ˈblɪθər\ to talk foolishly or nonsensically  
**blond** \ˈblænd\ flaxen, golden, light auburn, or pale yellow hair; pale white or rosy white skin  
**blond** \ˈblɒn\ a concentrated meat juice or stock added to a sauce to strengthen or color it  
**BO** \ˈbe'ð\ body odor  
**bo** \ˈbɔ\ a hobo; a fig tree of India  
**bola** \ˈbɔlə\ a weapon consisting of two or more heavy balls or stones attached to the ends of a cord that is hurled at an animal and entangles it

**bola** \ˈbɔlə\ either of two malvaceous tropical trees  
**bole** \ˈbɔl\ any cylindrically shaped object or mass  
**bole** \ˈbɔ,lē\ a unit of momentum equal to one gram moving at one centimeter per second  
**Bologna** \bə'lɒnyə\ Italy's fifth largest city  
**bologna** \bə'lɒnē\ a large moist sausage; pretentious nonsense (often baloney, but seldom belonye)  
**bombard** \ˈbäm,bärd\ a piece of heavy ordnance formerly used to throwing stones and other missiles  
**bombard** \ˈbäm'bärd\ to stuff, as a fillet of veal; to croquet a ball so that it displaces another ball  
**bombé** \bäm:bäl\ having an outward swelling curve in furniture  
**bombe** \ˈbäm\ a frozen molded dessert  
**Bon** \ˈbɒn\ a pre-Buddhist animist religion of Tibet; a popular Japanese festival  
**bon** \ˈbän\ the broad or kidney bean; the stiff dried hand-cleaned but not completely degummed fiber of ramie  
**bootee** \ˈbüd•ē\ an infant's sock of knitted or crocheted wool  
**bootee** \ˈbü:tē\ a boot with a short leg  
**bore** \ˈbɔr\ to pierce or drill a hole  
**bore** \ˈbɔ,rē\ a lively old French dance tune in duple meter  
**borism** \ˈbɔr,ɪzm\ boring qualities or behavior; ennui  
**borism** \ˈbɔ,rɪzm\ poisoning caused by the continued use of borax  
**borne** \ˈbɔrn\ endured or tolerated  
**borné** \bɔr:näl\ lacking scope or variety  
**bouché** \bü:shäl\ stopped with the hand, as in French horn playing  
**bouche** \ˈbüsh\ a slit in the edge of a medieval shield; a bushing made of metal or other material

**bought** \ˈbaʊt\ a twist or turn in the grain of a bowstave

**bought** \ˈbɒt\ purchased

**boule** \ˈbül\ a game similar to roulette; a pear-shaped mass of some substance formed synthetically in a Verneuil furnace

**boule** \ˈbülə\ a legislative council of ancient Greece

**bourgeois** \ˈbürzh.wä\ a middle-class person

**bourgeois** \bərˈjóis\ an old size of approximately 9-point type

**bow** \ˈbaʊ\ to bend down; the forward part of a ship or boat

**bow** \ˈbō\ a weapon used to propel an arrow; an implement used to play a stringed musical instrument

**bower** \ˈbaʊər\ a covered place in a garden made with tree boughs or intertwined vines

**bower** \ˈbōər\ a musician who performs with a bow on a stringed instrument

**bowman** \ˈbōmən\ an archer

**bowman** \ˈbaʊmən\ a boatman, oarsman, or paddler stationed at the front of the boat or canoe

**Brahman** \ˈbrämən\ a member of the highest or sacerdotal class among Hindus

**Brahman** \ˈbrämən\ any of several breeds of Indian cattle

**branchier** \ˈbränʃhyä\ a showy American duck which nests in hollow trees, (a wood duck)

**branchier** \ˈbranchēər\ more covered or overgrown with stems growing from the trunk or limbs of a tree

**Brava** \ˈbrävə\ a descendant of immigrants from the Cape Verde islands, resident especially on Cape Cod and around New Bedford, Massachusetts

**brava** \ˈbrävä\ a shout of approval or approbation in applauding a woman

**breathed** \ˈbrēthd\ drew air into and expelled it from the lungs

**breathed** \ˈbreht\ uttered without voice, or voiceless

**broché** \brō:shā\ woven with a raised figure

**broche** \ˈbrōsh\ a shuttle used in handweaving tapestry

**bromide** \ˈbrōmäd\ a binary compound of bromine and usually a more electropositive element

**bromide** \ˈbrō.mīd\ a conventional and commonplace or tiresome person

**bruit** \ˈbrüē\ any of several generally abnormal sounds heard on auscultation

**bruit** \ˈbrüt\ to publicize or tout

**Brut** \ˈbrüt\ a medieval chronicle of Britain

**brut** \ˈbræt\ very dry, as of champagne

**buffet** \ˈbɛfət\ a blow; the vibration of an airplane

**buffet** \:bɛ:fə\ a counter for refreshments and food

**bund** \ˈbænd\ an embanked thoroughfare along a river or the sea used for business or as an esplanade

**bund** \ˈbünt\ a grouping for some evil purpose (slang)

**Bunter** \ˈbüntər\ relating to the lowest division of the European Triassic

**bunter** \ˈbəntər\ a gripping device for a planing machine; a baseball player who bats or taps the ball lightly into the infield

**bure** \ˈbürā\ a large house in the Fiji Islands

**bure** \ˈbyür\ a moderate yellowish brown color

**uri** \ˈbürē\ a Fijian tree which yields a plumlike fruit

**uri** \büˈrē\ a talipot palm, the fiber of which is used in making straw hats

**buro** \ˈbyürō\ the policy-forming committee of the Communist party of the former U.S.S.R.

**buro** \ˈbürō\ a Philippine dish of fish prepared with boiled rice and spicy seasonings

**bustier** \ˈbʌstēər\ having larger breasts  
**bustier** \ˈbüst<sup>ē</sup>yā\ a long-line usually strapless brassiere or foundation garment that uplifts the bosom

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## Group I

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**bacchanal**  
**baculites**

**bamboo**  
**batatas**  
**baton**  
**beloved**  
**bezantee**  
**blessed**  
**Boshas**

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## C

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**cabriole** \ˈkabrē.əl\ a form of furniture leg common in Queen Anne and Chippendale furniture

**cabriole** \ˈkabrē.əl\ a ballet leap in which one leg is extended in mid-air and the other struck against it

**cache** \ˈkask\ a hiding place

**cache** \kăˈshā\ an early device used as an applicator in radio-therapy

**caïque** \kăˈēk\ a Levantine sailing vessel

**caique** \kăˈēkā\ any of various small stocky often brightly colored parrots

**Cajun** \ˈkājən\ one of a people of mixed white, Indian, and Negro ancestry in Alabama and adjoining sections of Mississippi

**cajun** \kəˈhün\ a West Indian fiber plant

**cala** \ˈkalə\ a picnic ham, a shoulder of pork with much of the butt removed commonly smoked and often boned

**cala** \kəˈlä\ a Creole fried cake made mainly of rice

**Caliana** \kalˈyānə\ an Indian people of Venezuela

**calianá** \ˌkalyəːnə\ a Tupi-Guaranian people of northeastern Brazil

**calk** \ˈkók\ a tapered wedge of iron or steel projecting downward on the shoe of a draft animal to prevent slipping

**calk** \ˈkalk\ to copy, by rubbing a sheet of

paper with colored chalk, then placing a clean sheet between the first sheet and the object to be copied and passing a blunt style over the two sheets

**calver** \ˈkavər\ a pregnant cow

**calver** \ˈkal.vər\ to prepare meat a certain way in cooking

**Canada** \ˈkanədə\ a country in North America

**canada** \ˈkanədə\ the Jerusalem artichoke

**canada** \kənˈyädə\ a small canyon or creek

**canal** \kəˈnal\ an artificial waterway designed for navigation, irrigation, or drainage

**canal** \kəˈnäl\ a waterspout or eaves trough

**canard** \kəˈnärđ\ a fabricated report

**canard** \kánär\ the flesh of a duck used as food

**Canarian** \kəˈnerēən\ a native or inhabitant of the Canary Islands

**Canarian** \ˌkăˈnyəriən\ pertaining to a minor linguistic family of South American Indians, comprising the extinct Canaris

**canon** \ˈkanən\ an ecclesiastical law or rule of doctrine or discipline enacted by a council

**canon** \kăˈnōn\ the zither, a musical in-

strument consisting of a shallow sound-board overlaid with 30 to 40 strings

**Canton** \ˈkɑntən\ a city in Ohio

**Canton** \ˈkɑn.tən\ a Chinese city

**canton** \ˈkɑntən\ to divide into parts

**cape** \ˈkɑ.pē\ a judicial writ, now abolished, relative to a plea of lands or tenements

**cape** \ˈkɑp\ an extension of land jutting out into the water; a sleeveless outer garment

**capo** \ˈkɑ.pō\ a bar or movable nut attached to the fingerboard of a guitar or other fretted instrument to uniformly raise the pitch of all the strings

**capo** \ˈkɑp.ə\ or \ˈkɑ.pō\ the chief of a branch of the Mafia

**Cara** \ˈkɑrə\ an ancient Indian people of northern Ecuador

**cará** \kəˈrɑ\ a tropical American yam with small yellow-skinned edible tubers

**caraipe** \kəˈrɪpē\ a Brazilian tree of the family *Rosaceae* the burnt bark of which is pulverized for mixing with pottery clay

**caraipe** \ˌkɑrəːpē\ any of several Brazilian trees of the genus *Catalpa*

**Carandas** \kəˈrɑndəs\ a large genus of spiny shrubs

**carandas** \kəˈrɑndəs\ any plant of the genus *Carissa*

**carandas** \ˈkɑrən.dɑz\ tropical palms that yield a wax similar to carnauba

**carbon** \ˈkɑr.bən\ a nonmetallic chiefly tetravalent element

**carbon** \kɑrˈbɒn\ a Guatemalan timber tree with reddish wood

**casal** \ˈkɑsəl\ of or pertaining to grammatical case

**casal** \kəˈsəl\ a hamlet

**Cassia** \ˈkɑsēə\ a genus of herbs, shrubs, and trees native to warm regions

**cassia** \ˈkɑshə\ any of the coarser varieties of cinnamon bark

**Cassis** \ˈkɑsəs\ a genus of mollusks comprising forms with a very large body whorl

**cassis** \kɑˈsēs\ a syrupy liquor of low alcoholic strength made from black currants

**cat** \ˈkæt\ a shrub cultivated by the Arabs for its leaves which act as a stimulant narcotic when chewed or used in tea

**cat** \ˈkɑt\ a member of the family Felidae

**catchup** \ˈke.tʃəp\ a yellowish moderate red

**catch-up** \ˈkɑ.tʃəp or ˈke.tʃəp\ an activity or move intended to close a gap and attain a theoretical norm

**catted** \ˈkɑd.əd\ built up or bonded with clay

**catted** \ˈkɑdəd\ flogged with a cat-o'-nine-tails; searched for a sexual mate

**cave** \ˈkav\ the sum which each player puts on the table at the beginning of play in such card games as brelan and bouillote

**cave** \ˈkāv\ a hollowed-out chamber in the earth

**cay** \ˈkē\ a small low island or emergent reef

**cay** \ˈki\ a monkey of the genus *Cebus*

**cello** \ˈchelō\ a stringed instrument

**cello** \ˈselō\ made of cellophane

**cénacle** \sānəkl\ a philosophical, literary, or artistic group

**cenacle** \ˈsenəkəl\ a retreat house

**central** \ˈsen.trəl\ basic, essential, principal, or dominant

**central** \senˈtrəl\ a mill for making raw sugar from cane

**centum** \ˈsentəm\ a hundred

**centum** \ˈkentəm\ belonging to the Indo-European language family

**Ceres** \ˈsirēz\ a moderate orange color

**ceres** \ˈsirz\ protuberances or tumid areas at the base of a bird's bill

**Cete** \ˈsē.tē\ an order of aquatic mammals, including whales

**cete** \ˈsēt\ a group of badgers

**Cha-Cha** \ˈshä.shä\ one of a group of poor whites of French ancestry in the Virgin Islands

**cha-cha** \ˈchä.chä\ a fast rhythmic ballroom dance of Latin-American origin

**Cham** \ˈchäm\ a people in central coastal Annam linguistically related to the Cambodians

**cham** \ˈkam\ a local chieftan, especially in Afghanistan, Iran, and some areas of central Asia

**cham** \ˈsham\ champagne (by shortening)

**Chama** \ˈkämə\ a genus of eulamellibranchiate bivalve mollusks of warm and tropical seas

**Chama** \ˈchämə\ a Panoan people of northeastern Peru

**Chamar** \ˈchəˈmär\ a member of a low Indian caste whose occupation is leatherworking

**chamar** \ˈchämər\ a fan typically made of a yak's tail or peacock feathers

**chap** \ˈchap\ a fellow; sore roughening of the skin

**chap** \ˈchäp\ a jaw; (not usually 'chap) or the fleshy covering of a jaw

**charas** \ˈkarəs\ plants of the genus *Chara*

**charas** \ˈchärəs\ a narcotic and intoxicating resin that exudes from the flower heads of hemp

**chargé** \ˈshär:zhä\ a chargé d'affaires

**charge** \ˈchärj\ an instruction; an accusation; an expenditure

**chassé** \ˈsha:sä\ a dance or figure skating step

**chasse** \ˈshäs\ a saint's shrine

**chay** \ˈchī\ the root of an East Indian herb that yields a red dye

**chay** \ˈshä\ a light carriage or pleasure cart

**chebac** \ˈchēˈbek\ a xebec, a Mediterranean sailing ship with a long overhanging bow and stern

**chebac** \ˈshəˈbek\ the least flycatcher

**chela** \ˈkēlə\ a claw, as on a crab or lobster

**chela** \ˈchälä\ a disciple

**Chi** \ˈshī\ Chicago (by shortening)

**chi** \ˈkī\ the 22nd letter of the Greek alphabet

**chi** \ˈchē\ the vital life force in the body supposedly regulated by acupuncture

**chil** \ˈchil\ an Indian kite (a bird)

**chil** \ˈchēl\ the cheer pine

**chimer** \ˈchimər\ a loose sleeveless robe worn by some bishops of the Anglican Communion

**chimer** \ˈchīmər\ a person who plays a set of musically tuned bells

**chimere** \ˈshəˈmir\ a loose sleeveless robe

**chimere** \ˈkiˈmir\ a fabrication of the mind

**China** \ˈkēnə\ a large genus of trees native to the Andean region of northwestern South America

**China** \ˈchīnə\ a country in Asia

**china** \ˈchīnə\ vitreous porcelain wares

**chiné** \ˈshəˈnə\ having a mottled pattern of supposed Chinese fashion

**chine** \ˈchīn\ cut through the backbone

**Choco** \ˈchəˈkō\ a people of northwestern Colombia and Panama

**choco** \ˈchäkō\ an Australian conscript in World War II

**Chol** \ˈchöl\ an Indian people of northern Chiapas, Mexico

**chol** \ˈchäl\ a desolate plain, in central Asia

**chose** \ˈshōz\ a piece of personal property

**chose** \ˈchōz\ selected

**Chosen** \:chō.sen\ the former official name of Korea

**chosen** \ˈchōzən\ marked to receive special favor



**choux** \ˈʃüz\ soft cabbage-shaped ornaments or rosettes of fabric used in women's wear

**choux** \ˈʃü\ darlings, used as a term of endearment

**chunked** \ˈchɛŋkd\ removed heavy pieces of wood from a skid road

**chunked** \ˈchɛŋkəd\ having or characterized by a stout solid body

**citrine** \ˈsɪ.trɛn\ resembling citron or lemon

**citrine** \sɪˈtrɛn\ a semiprecious yellow stone resembling topaz but actually black quartz

**civet** \ˈsɪvət\ a substance found in a pouch of a true civet cat

**civet** \sɛvə\ a highly seasoned game stew

**civil** \ˈsɪvəl\ involving the relations of citizens with one another or with the body politic

**civil** \,sɛˈvəl\ a coarse strong bark fiber derived from a Mexican shrub

**classes** \ˈklasəs\ social ranks; denominations

**classes** \ˈkla.sɛz\ ecclesiastical governing bodies of a district

**claves** \ˈklāvəz\ small cylindrical wooden sticks used as percussion instruments by being struck together

**claves** \ˈklā.vɛz\ keys or glossaries serving as aids to interpretation

**close** \ˈklōz\ to shut or terminate

**close** \ˈklōs\ near; compact

**closer** \ˈklōsər\ nearer; more compact

**closer** \ˈklōzər\ a sewing-machine operator who sews the final seams; the last stone completing a horizontal course

**clothing** \ˈklōθɪŋ\ covering for the human body, or garments in general

**clothing** \ˈklōθɪŋ\ material consisting of leather or cloth in which teeth are set that is used for wrapping the cylinders of carding machines

**coachee** \kōˈchē\ an American carriage shaped like a coach but longer and open in front

**coachee** \ˈkōchē\ a horse used or adapted for drawing a coach

**Coalite** \ˈkō.lɪt\ a smokeless fuel made by heating bituminous coal in a retort

**coalite** \ˈkōə.lɪt\ to unite or associate

**coax** \ˈkōks\ to persuade or influence

**coax** \kōˈaks\ a coaxial transmission line in which one conductor is centered inside and insulated from an outer metal tube that serves as a second conductor

**Cocos** \ˈkō.kəs\ a genus of pinnate-leaved palms

**cocos** \ˈkōkōz\ any of several aggressively woody sedges

**coif** \ˈkwɪf\ a manner of arranging the hair

**coif** \ˈkōɪf\ a cap covering the sides of the head like a small hood

**colla** \ˈkälə\ necks or necklike parts or processes

**colla** \ˈkōlyə\ a period of rainy windy weather from the southwest in the Philippines

**collect** \kəˈlekt\ to bring together

**collect** \ˈkälɪkt\ a short prayer during church service

**collegiate** \kəˈlɛjət\ marked by power or authority vested equally in each of a number of colleagues; a British or Canadian secondary school

**collegiate** \kəˈlɛjēət\ to constitute or organized as a college or a collegiate church

**colleter** \kəˈledər\ one of the mucilage-secreting hairs that clothes many plant surfaces

**colleter** \ˈkälədər\ a worker who attaches the inner coil of a watch hairspring to a collet for assembly to the balance wheel

**colon** \kəˈlɒn\ a colonial farmer, planter, or plantation owner

**colon** \ˈkōlən\ part of the large intestine



that extends from the cecum to the rectum; the punctuation mark “:”

**comal** \ˈkōməɪ\ in botany, having or being an assemblage of branches forming a leafy crown

**comal** \kōˈmäl\ a griddle of earthenware, metal, or a flat slab of sandstone

**comate** \ˈkōmāt\ a companion

**comate** \ˈkō.māt\ covered with hair or filaments

**combine** \kəmˈbīn\ to unite

**combine** \ˈkäm.bīn\ a harvesting machine

**come** \ˈkōm\ or \ˈkūm\ the dried rootlets produced in malting grain

**come** \ˈkəm\ to move toward something or advance

**comes** \ˈkəməz\ moves toward something

**comes** \ˈkō.mēz\ a Roman Catholic service book; the answer in a fugue

**comes** \ˈkōməz\ dried rootlets produced in malting grain

**commit** \ˈkämət\ a card game

**commit** \kə.mit\ to obligate to take some action

**commune** \kəˈmyün\ to receive Communion by partaking of the Eucharist

**commune** \ˈkä.myün\ a small group of people living together

**complicate** \ˈkämplə.kāt\ to make complex, involved, or difficult

**complicate** \ˈkämpləkät\ folded longitudinally one or more times, as of insects' wings

**comport** \kəmˈpört\ conduct or behavior

**comport** \ˈkäm.pört\ a bowl-shaped dish

**compose** \kəmˈpōz\ to calm, settle, or tranquilize; to create by mental or artistic labor

**composé** \ˈkōn.pōzā\ combining harmonious colors or tones

**compress** \kəmˈpres\ to reduce the size, duration, or degree of concentration by pressure

**compress** \ˈkäm.pres\ a covering of folded cloth applied and held firmly by a bandage over a wound

**compromises** \ˈkämprə:mēz\ agreements in Roman civil law between private persons referring a dispute between them to a designated third party for decision

**compromises** \kämprə:mīzēz\ puts in jeopardy

**concha** \ˈkän.kə\ the plain semidome of an apse

**concha** \ˈkän.chə\ a metal disk, usually shell-shaped and silver, used as decoration on clothing and harness

**concinnate** \ˈkän.sə.nāt\ adjust or trim; arrange in good order

**concinnate** \känˈsinət\ put together with neat propriety, as of speech or writing

**Concord** \ˈkän.körd\ the capital of New Hampshire

**concord** \ˈkän.körd\ or \ˈkän.körd\ a state of agreement

**concord** \ˈkənˈkörd\ to act together

**conduct** \ˈkändəkt\ a standard of personal behavior

**conduct** \kənˈdəkt\ to manage, control, or direct

**confect** \kənˈfekt\ to put together; to prepare

**confect** \ˈkän.fekt\ a confection consisting of a solid center that is coated with layers of sugar

**conglomerate** \kənˈglämərət\ in zoology, irregularly grouped in spots, such as eyes

**conglomerate** \kənˈglämə.rät\ to form into a mass or coherent whole

**conjure** \ˈkän.jər\ to call forth or send away by magic arts

**conjure** \kənˈjür\ to entreat earnestly or solemnly; to beseech

**conjuror** \ˈkän.jərər\ a person who practices magic arts, legerdemain, and illusion

**conjuror** \,kən'jərər\ a person bound by a common oath with others; a coswearer

**connex** \'käniks\ constituting one syntactical unit

**connex** \'käneks\ the infinity of points and lines in mathematics

**conserve** \kən'sərv\ to keep in a sound or safe state

**conserve** \'kän,sərv\ a candied fruit preserve

**console** \kən'sōl\ to comfort

**console** \'kän,sōl\ a cabinet or panel

**consort** \'kän,sört\ a group of musicians entertaining by voice or instrument, or the entertainment they afford

**consort** \kən'sört\ to be or come into accord

**consummate** \kän'səmät\ extremely skilled and accomplished

**consummate** \'kän'sə,mät\ to complete marital union by the first act of sexual intercourse after marriage

**conte** \'kōnt\ a short tale, especially of adventure

**conté** \'kōn:tā\ a hard crayon made of graphite and clay

**content** \kən'tent\ pleased or gratified

**content** \'kän,tent\ substance or subject matter

**contest** \kən'test\ to make the subject of litigation

**contest** \'kän,test\ an earnest struggle for superiority or victory

**contract** \'kän,trakt\ to enter into with mutual obligations; an agreement or covenant

**contract** \kən'trakt\ to shorten or draw together

**converse** \kən'vers\ to engage in conversation

**converse** \'kän,vərs\ a thing or idea that is opposite another

**convert** \kən'vərt\ to exchange property or money for a specified equivalent

**convert** \'kän,vərt\ a person that is persuaded or converted to a religious faith or to a particular belief, attitude of mind, or principle

**convict** \kən'vikt\ to find or declare guilty of an offense or crime

**convict** \'kän,vikt\ any of various striped or barred fishes

**cooper** \'küpər\ a person that makes or repairs wooden casks or tubs

**cooper** \'kōpər\ a vessel equipped to supply liquor and tobacco to deepsea fishers in the North Sea

**cooperage** \'küpərij\ casks for draft beer or bulk wine

**cooperage** \'kōpərij\ the business for which a trading vessel (a cooper) is employed

**coops** \'kūps\ small enclosures for small animals

**coops** \'kō,āps\ groups working for mutual benefit; cooperatives (by shortening)

**Coos** \'kūs\ a Kusan people of Oregon

**coos** \'küz\ soft low cries, as of a dove or pigeon

**Coronilla** \,kōrə'nīlə\ a genus of Old World often woody herbs

**coronilla** \,kōrə'nēyə\ a valuable timber tree of Argentina

**corselet** \'kōrslət\ the hard prothorax of a beetle

**corselet** \:kōrsə:let\ a foundation garment combining girdle and brassiere

**couch** \'kauch\ an article of furniture for sitting or reclining

**couch** \'kūch\ a board covered with flannel on which sheets of handmade paper are pressed

**counterchange** \'kauntər,čānj\ the contrast of a dark area against a light ground with a light area against a dark ground in a painting

**counterchange** \:kauntər,čānj\ to cause to change places or characteristics

**countercheck** \ˈkaʊntər,ˌtʃek\ a constraint or restraint

**countercheck** \ˌkaʊntər,ˌtʃek\ to check a second time for verification

**countryman** \ˈkʌntrēˌmən\ an inhabitant or native of a specified nation, province, or district

**countryman** \ˈkʌntrēˌmən\ a person living in a rural area; a farmer

**coupe** \ˈküp\ a dessert; a closed two-door automobile with one seating compartment

**coupe** \küˈpə\ a ballet step

**couped** \ˈküp\ in heraldry, cut off short at the ends so as not to extend to the edges of the field

**couped** \ˈküd\ executed a bridge coup in playing a hand

**cover** \ˈkəvər\ something that protects, shelters, or guards

**cover** \ˈkɒvər\ a person who lives in a small sheltered inlet or bay

**coze** \ˈkəz\ a cousin (by shortening)

**coze** \ˈkɒz\ to shat or gossip

**crabbed** \ˈkræb\ moved sideways or in a diagonal manner

**crabbed** \kræbəd\ difficult to understand or read

**crochet** \krəˈʃɑ\ needlework consisting of interlocked looped stitches

**crochet** \ˈkræʃet\ one of three secondary folds of the crests of lophodont molar teeth

**crooked** \ˈkrūkt\ turned or bent from a straight line, as a crooked neck

**crooked** \ˈkrūkəd\ fraudulent or dishonest

**crotal** \ˈkrɒdəl\ a small spherical rattle on a harness

**crotal** \ˈkrədəl\ a reddish brown color

**crus** \ˈkrüz\ French vineyards that produce wine grapes

**crus** \ˈkrüs\ the part of the hind limb between the thigh and ankle

**cube** \ˈkyüb\ a regular solid having six equal square sides

**cube** \ˈkyüˌbā\ any of several tropical American shrubs or climbers used as fish poisons

**Cuculus** \ˈkükələs\ the type genus of Cuculidae comprising the typical cuckoos

**cuculus** \kyüˈkələs\ the anterior dorsal shield of the cephalothorax in pseudoscorpions

**cumal** \ˈküəl\ a standard of value in ancient Ireland, most often equal to from 3–10 cows

**cumal** \ˈkümal\ the bivalent radical  $C_3H_7C_6H_4CH$

**curé** \kyəˈrā\ a parish priest

**cure** \ˈkyür\ to heal; to age or ripen

**cussed** \ˈkæst\ cursed

**cussed** \ˈkəsəd\ obstinate or cantankerous

**custodes** \küˈstōdəz\ building superintendents; agencies that monitor and take care of securities and assets

**custodes** \küˈstōˌdās\ a superior of a Franciscan province

**cuter** \kyütər\ more attractive or pretty

**cuter** \kyüd•ər\ a 25-cent piece

**cutin** \ˈkætˌin\ something inserted

**cutin** \kyütən\ the insoluble water-impermeable complex aggregate of waxes, soaps, and higher alcohols

**cyanoses** \ˌsīəˈnōˌsēz\ a dusky bluish or purplish discoloration of skin or mucous membranes due to deficient oxygenation of the blood

**cyanoses** \ˌsīəˌnōˌsez\ minerals consisting of copper sulfate

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## Group I

**calamites**

**certificate**

**chassis**

**chromides**

**cicerone**

**cleanly**  
**combat**  
**comex**  
**commiserate**  
**commune**  
**compassionate**  
**concatenate**  
**concrete**  
**confederate**  
**confine**  
**congest**  
**congress**  
**conscript**  
**construct**  
**contrary**  
**convoy**  
**cordon**  
**corporate**

**counterbore**  
**counterbrace**  
**countercharge**  
**countercurrent**  
**counteretch**  
**countermarch**  
**countermark**  
**countermine**  
**countermure**  
**countersink**  
**counterstain**  
**counterstamp**  
**counterweight**  
**counterwork**  
**curate**  
**cursed**  
**curtail**  
**cyclostomes**

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## D

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**Dago** \ˈdägō\ a member of a Negro tribe formerly the most powerful in Darfur

**dago** \ˈdägō\ a person of Italian or Spanish birth or descent, usually considered offensive

**dah** \ˈdä\ a large Burmese knife; a dash in radio and telegraphic code

**dah** \ˈdä\ a Negro nurse

**dancetté** \dan:sed•ā\ in heraldry, having usually three large indentations

**dancette** \danˈset\ a zigzag patterned architectural molding

**das** \ˈdas (sometimes ˈdäs)\ a hyrax of southern Africa

**das** \ˈdäs\ a Hindu slave or servant

**das** \ˈdäz\ valuable fiber plants of the East Indies

**dauphiné** \:dófə:nā\ mashed potatoes shaped into balls and fried

**dauphine** \dóˈfēn\ a dauphin's wife

**decameter** \dēˈkamədər\ a poetic line of ten feet

**decameter** \ˈdekə,mədər\ a metric unit of length equal to ten meters

**decanal** \dēˈkanəl\ relating to a dean

**decanal** \ˈdekə,nəl\ a high-boiling liquid aldehyde

**degrade** \dēˈgrād\ to postpone entering the examination for a degree in honors at Cambridge University beyond the usual or required time

**degrade** \ˈdē,grād\ lumber or a log found to be below quality

**denier** \dēˈnīər\ a person who disavows or contradicts

**denier** \ˈdenyər\ a unit of fineness for silk, rayon, or nylon yarn

**desert** \dēˈzər|t\ a reward or punishment deserved or earned

**desert** \ˈdezert\ a relatively barren tract

**determinate** \dēˈtərmənət\ being, having the form of, or derived from an inflorescence in which the main and secondary axes always terminate in a single flower

**determinate** \də'tərmə,nāt\ to fix the identity of

**devise** \də'vīz\ to develop a plan

**Devise** \də'vezə\ foreign exchange in readily available form

**devote** \də'vōt\ to attach the attention or center the activities wholly on a specific object

**dévôte** \də'vet\ a woman who is an ardent follower or supporter of a cause

**diastases** \dī,əstāsēz\ mixtures of amy-lases obtained usually as yellowish white powders

**diastases** \dī'astə,sēz\ in medicine, abnormal separations of parts normally joined together

**diffuse** \də'fyüz\ to spread out

**diffuse** \də'fyüs\ wordy; unconcentrated or scattered

**digest** \dī,jəst\ a short summation of or the compressed kernel of a body of information

**digest** \də'jest\ to change the nature of a substance by various means

**Diné** \də'nā\ an Athapaskan people of northern New Mexico and Arizona (also called Navaho)

**dine** \dīn\ to eat a meal

**dinged** \dɪŋd\ invoked damnation upon; made a ringing sound

**dinged** \dɪŋd\ made a depression in

**dingy** \dɪŋē\ crazy; groggy or dazed

**dingy** \dɪŋjē\ shabby, mean, or squalid

**dire** \dīər\ exciting horror or terror

**dire** \dīrə\ a fine, whether large or small, in Irish Brehon law

**Dis** \dis\ an underworld god in Roman religion, identical with Greek god Pluto

**dis** \dēs\ any of several superhuman female beings in Norse mythology; the lowest trump in some card games, like pinochle

**dit** \dit\ a dot in telegraphic code

**dit** \dē\ a short usually didactic poem in French literature

**dive** \dīv\ to plunge into water head first; to fall precipitously

**dive** \dē,vā\ prima donnas

**divers** \dī,vərs\ more than one but indefinite in number

**divers** \dīvərz\ persons who plunge into water, or descend or fall precipitously

**Dives** \dī,vēz\ a rich man

**dives** \dīvz\ plunges into water head first; falls precipitously; nightspots, often disreputable

**do** \dü\ to perform

**do** \dō\ the first tone of the diatonic scale

**does** \dōz\ adult females of various mammals, as deer and rabbits

**does** \dəz\ performs or acts

**dogged** \dägd\ hunted or tracked like a hound; loafed on the job

**dogged** \dögäd\ obstinately determined

**dogman** \dögmən\ a person who takes care of kennels

**dogman** \däg,man\ a fancier or specialist of members of the family *Canidae*

**Dom** \döm\ a member of a Hindu caste of untouchables

**dom** \döm\ the doom palm, a large African fan palm important as a soil stabilizer in desert regions

**dom** \däm\ an address of a dignitary of certain monastic orders

**dos** \dōz\ the first tones of the diatonic scale

**dos** \dös\ property settled by a husband on his spouse at the time of marriage

**doublé** \dü:blə\ a bookbinding made with ornamental lining

**double** \dəbəl\ having a twofold character or relation

**dove** \döv\ plunged into water head first; fell precipitously

**dove** \dəv\ a bird

**drawer** \ˈdrɔr\ a sliding box or receptacle  
**drawer** \ˈdrɔər\ a person that draws, as a draftsman or wire-former

**duces** \ˈdü.chāz\ dictators

**duces** \ˈdyü.sēz\ military commanders stationed in a province of the later Roman Empire

**dulce** \ˈdülsā\ a sweet Spanish wine; sweetmeat or candy

**dulce** \ˈdɔls\ any of several coarse red seaweeds found principally in northern latitudes and used as a food condiment

**dun** \ˈdɔn\ dark or gloomy; to ask repeatedly for an overdue payment

**dun** \ˈdün\ a fortified residence in Scotland and Ireland

**dural** \ˈdyürəl\ of or relating to the duramater, the tough fibrous membrane enveloping the brain

**dural** \ˈdyü.rəl\ an alloy of aluminum, copper, manganese, and magnesium

**Durban** \ˈdürbən\ a Mongol people in the western part of the Mongolian plateau

**Durban** \ˈdərbən\ a city in the Union of South Africa

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## Group I

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**debris**

**decode**

**degenerate**

**degras**

**deliberate**

**depauperate**

**desolate**

**desperate**

**diagnoses**

**differentiate**

**digest**

**dimidiate**

**disconcert**

**discorporate**

**discriminate**

**divaricate**

**divorce**

**docent**

**dona**

**doña**

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## E

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**effacé** \:efə:sā\ a ballet movement

**efface** \əˈfās\ to cause to disappear

**effuse** \əˈfyüz\ to flow out

**effuse** \ə:fyüs\ lips of certain shells being separated by a gap

**eject** \əˈjekt\ to drive out, especially by physical force

**eject** \ˈɛ.jekt\ the act of perceiving a mental object as spatially and sensibly objective, or of objectifying what is primarily subjective

**elaborate** \əˈlabərət\ marked by complexity or ornateness; intricate

**elaborate** \əˈlabər.rāt\ to alter the chemical makeup of a foodstuff to that which is more suited to bodily needs

**Elater** \ˈelədər\ the type genus of Elateridae, comprising the beetles

**elater** \ˈelədər\ any beetle of the family Elateridae

**elater** \əˈlādər\ a person who raises the spirits of or inspires

**elegant** \ˈeləgənt\ in pharmacy, pleasant in taste, attractive in appearance, and free from objectionable order

**elegant** \əˈlāgənt\ a fashionable man; a dandy

**Empire** \ˈäm.pīər\ the color cadmium green; furniture characterized by classic and oriental motives; clothing characteristic of the French Directoire style

**empire** \ˈem.pīər\ extended territory usually comprising a group of nations,

states, or people under the domination of a single sovereign power

**engage** \ən'gāj\ to come in contact with or interlock

**engagé** \'ängä'zhä\ committed to or supportive of a cause

**ensign** \'ensən\ the most junior commissioned naval officer ranking just below a lieutenant junior grade and above a chief warrant officer-5

**ensign** \ən'sīn\ to distinguish by a mark or ornament

**Entrance** \'entrəns\ a solemn procession, in the Eastern Church's liturgy, through the body of the church to the altar, bishop's throne, and clergy stalls

**entrance** \'entrəns\ the bow or entire forepart of a ship below the waterline; a place or passage for admission or penetration

**entrance** \ən•'trans\ to put in a trance; to carry away with emotion

**epicrisis** \:epē:krisəs\ a secondary crisis

**epicrisis** \ə'pikrəsəs\ an analytical summary of a medical case history

**erg** \'ərg\ an absolute unit of work in the centimeter-gram-second system (seldom 'erg)

**erg** \'ərg\ a desert region of shifting sand

**ergotism** \'ərgə,tizəm\ logical or sophisticated reasoning

**ergotism** \'ərgəd,izəm\ a toxic condition produced by eating grain products or grasses infected with ergot fungus

**erythrozes** \'erə,thrösəz\ syrupy aldose sugars

**erythrozes** \,erə'thrō,sēz\ red or purplish colors of the skin resulting from vascular congestion

**escort** \ə,skört\ to take or lead by force

**escort** \'e,skört\ a male who goes on a date with a female

**esses** \'esəs\ things resembling the 19th letter of the alphabet

**esses** \'esēz\ actual beings or essential natures

**Eta** \'ā,tä\ an outcast class formerly segregated in Japan

**eta** \'ādə\ the seventh letter of the Greek alphabet

**eye** \'ēv\ evening (by shortening)

**Eve** \'ā,vā\ a Negro people of Ghana, Togo, and border regions of Dahomey

**Even** \'ā,wən\ a member of a Siberian people living in northeast Russia

**even** \'ēvən\ flat or level; truly or indeed

**even** \'ēvəm\ in knitting, without change by increasing or decreasing

**evening** \'ēvniŋ\ the latter part and close of the day, and the early part of darkness and night

**evening** \'ēvəniŋ\ making a surface smooth or uniform

**excuse** \ek'skyüz\ to free from an obligation or duty

**excuse** \ek'skyüs\ an inferior example or instance of a kind

**extract** \ek'trakt\ to draw forth or pull out

**extract** \'ek,strakt\ a certified copy of a document

**Ewe** \'ā,wā\ a Negro people of Ghana, Togo, and Dahomey

**ewe** \'yü\ a female sheep, goat, or smaller antelope

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## Group I

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**eclipses**

**effeminate**

**elegant**

**ellipses**

**enervate**

**exenterate**

**expose**

**extrados**



## F

**fade** \ˈfād\ insipid, vapid, or trite

**fade** \ˈfād\ to recede into indistinctness and lack of clarity of outline and detail

**fakir** \ˈfākər\ a swindler

**fakir** \ˈfākɪr\ a Muslim mendicant or ascetic; a pale orange yellow color

**file** \ˈfɪl\ a hardened steel smoothing tool; to arrange in a particular order

**filé** \fəˈlā\ powdered young sassafras leaves

**fine** \ˈfɪn\ a monetary penalty; superior in character; minute

**fine** \ˈfēnā\ the finish or end

**fine** \fēn\ an ordinary French brandy

**flageolet** \ˈflajəːlet\ or \ˈflajəːlāt\ a small flute resembling a treble recorder

**flageolet** \flāzhōlə\ a green kidney bean of France

**fleeer** \ˈflēər\ a person who runs away

**fleeer** \ˈfliər\ to laugh at contemptuously

**flower** \ˈflaʊər\ the part of a seed plant that normally bears reproductive organs

**flower** \ˈflōər\ a river, stream, or other flowing body of liquid

**fob** \ˈfɒb\ a small pocket just below the front waistband of men's trousers

**FOB** \ˈefˈɒˈbē\ without charge for delivery at a specified place, free on board

**folia** \ˈfɒlə\ processes or parts resembling plates of the cerebellar cortex

**folia** \fɒˈleə\ a noisy carnival dance of Portuguese origin

**footer** \ˈfʊd•ər\ a pedestrian; a hawk that seizes prey with the talons

**footer** \ˈfʊd•ə\ to talk or act foolishly

**forearm** \ˈfɔrˈɑrm\ to arm in advance for attack or resistance

**forearm** \ˈfɔrˌɑrm\ the part of the arm or forelimb between the elbow and the wrist in primates

**forerun** \fɔrˈrən\ to announce or introduce as a harbinger

**forerun** \ˈfɔr.rən\ the most volatile portion of a distilland

**foreset** \fɔrˈset\ to arrange beforehand

**foreset** \ˈfɔr.set\ relating to or forming the steeper slope on the outer margin of a delta

**forestall** \ˈfɔr.stɔl\ an offense under old English law of feloniously waylaying on the highway; a plate of armor attached to a horse's bridle with holes for the eyes and nostrils

**forestall** \fɔrˈstɔl\ to exclude, hinder, or prevent by prior occupation or by measures taken in advance

**forget** \fɔrˈget\ to lose the remembrance of

**forget** \ˈfɔrjət\ the strip or shaved piece used for the sides of the fingers of a glove

**formal** \ˈfɔrməl\ following or in accord with established custom, rule, or form

**formal** \fɔrˈmal\ any acetal derived from formaldehyde and an alcohol

**forme** \ˈfɔrm\ a pattern for the upper part of a shoe; a low bench on which shoemakers formerly sat when working

**formé** \ˈfɔr.mā\ arms of a cross being narrow at the center and expanding toward the ends, as a maltese cross

**forte** \ˈfɔrt\ a person's strong point

**forte** \ˈfɔr|d•ə\ in music, loudly

**fortes** \ˈfɔrtz\ a person's strong points; the parts of swords nearest the hilt

**fortes** \ˈfɔr.tāz\ musical tones or passages played loudly

**fortes** \ˈfɔr.tēz\ consonants produced with stronger expiration and greater articulatory tenseness



**fourchette** \ˈfūr,shet\ a small fold of membrane connecting the labia minora in the posterior part of the vulva

**fourchette** \ˈfôr,shet\ the shaped piece used for the sides of the fingers of a glove

**fourchette** \:fūrshə:tā\ in heraldry, having the end of each arm divided so as to terminate in a V

**frappe** \ˈfrap\ an iced and flavored semi-liquid mixture served in glasses

**frappe** \fraˈpā\ a ballet movement in which the free foot beats against the ankle of the supporting foot

**fray** \ˈfrī\ a clerical title in various religious orders in Spanish countries

**fray** \ˈfrā\ commotion; to wear off by rubbing

**frette** \ˈfret\ a hoop of wrought iron or steel shrunk on a cast-iron gun to strengthen it

**frette** \ˈfre,tā\ in heraldry, covered with narrow interlacing bands

**fronton** \.frən•ˈtōn\ a pediment over a door or window

**fronton** \ˈfrän•,tän\ a court or building for the game of jai alai

**fundī** \ˈfəndē\ a tropical African grass cultivated for its seed that resembles millet

**fundī** \ˈfən,dī\ the lower back parts of bladders

**Fur** \ˈfūr\ a Nilotic-Negro people in Darfur province, western Sudan

**fur** \ˈfər\ the fine soft thick hairy covering of mammals

**fusee** \ˈfyü,zē\ a conical spirally grooved pulley in a timepiece; a wooden match with a bulbous head not easily blown out when ignited; a red signal flare

**fusee** \.füˈzā\ in music, an arbitrary ornament for the performer

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## Group I

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**federate**

**ferment**

**fimbriate**

**finales**

**forefeel**

**foreshadow**

**foretaste**

**foretoken**

**fragment**

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## G

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**gab** \ˈgab\ to talk in an idle, rapid, or thoughtless manner

**gab** \ˈgób\ an East Indian persimmon tree

**galeet** \ˈgālēt\ the fossa, a slender lithe mammal that is the largest carnivore of Madagascar

**galeet** \ˈgālēt\ a chip of stone

**gallant** \gəˈlant\ notably marked by courtesy and attentiveness to women especially in a spirited, dashing, or elaborate way

**gallant** \ˈgalənt\ splendid or stately

**gally** \ˈgalē\ to put to flight by frightening

**gally** \ˈgólē\ marked by bare spots

**ganged** \ˈgænd\ assembled or operated simultaneously as a group of persons or pieces of equipment

**ganged** \ˈganjd\ protected by winding, as the part of the line next to a fishhook

**gaufre** \ˈgōfər\ or \ˈgófər\ a very thin wafer baked with a wafer iron

**gaufre** \ˈgō.frā\ crimped, plaited, or fluted linen or lace by means of a heated iron

**Ge** \ˈgā\ Gaia, the earth goddess in Greek mythology

**Ge** \ˈzhā\ pertaining to or designating an important linguistic family of South American Indians, the Tapuyan

**gee** \ˈjē\ a command to make a horse turn to the right; an expression of surprise, excitement, enthusiasm, or disappointment

**gee** \ˈgi\ a man or guy; gum opium prepared for smoking

**gems** \ˈjemz\ precious or sometimes semi-precious stones cut and polished for ornament

**gems** \ˈgemz\ a small agile goatlike antelope of Europe and the Caucasus

**gender** \ˈjendər\ sex; any of two or more subclasses within a grammatical class of a language

**gender** \ˈgen,dər\ a Javanese percussion instrument like a xylophone

**gene** \ˈjēn\ a complex protein molecule that transmits hereditary characteristics

**gene** \ˈzhen\ embarrassment or uneasiness

**genet** \ˈjenət\ a small European carnivorous mammal related to the civet

**genet** \zhəˈnā\ woodwaxen, a yellow-flowered Eurasian shrub

**genial** \ˈjēnyəl\ diffusing good cheer and warmth

**genial** \jəˈnīl\ relating to the chin

**ger** \ˈgər\ a circular domed tent consisting of skins or felt stretched over a collapsible lattice framework and used by the Kirghiz and Mongols

**ger** \ˈger\ an alien resident in Hebrew territory protected from oppression by a native patron in accordance with early Hebrew law

**gib** \ˈgɪb\ a castrated male cat; a removable machined plate of metal or other material that holds other mechanical parts in place

**gib** \ˈjɪb\ a prison (slang)

**gibber** \ˈjɪbər\ a rapid, inarticulate, and often foolish utterance

**gibber** \ˈgɪbər\ a desert stone polished or sculptured by sandblast

**gig** \ˈjɪg\ a gigolo (by shortening)

**gig** \ˈgɪg\ a musical engagement for a single evening

**gill** \ˈjɪl\ a U.S. liquid measure equal to ¼ pint

**gill** \ˈgɪl\ an organ in fish for obtaining oxygen from water

**gimel** \ˈgɪməl\ the third letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**gimel** \ˈjɪməl\ vocal part writing in medieval music in which the voices usually progress in parallel thirds

**glacé** \glɑːsā\ having a lustrous surface

**glace** \ˈglas\ a frozen dessert

**glower** \ˈgləʊər\ to stare with sullen brooding annoyance or anger

**glower** \ˈglōər\ the luminous element in a Nernst lamp

**Glycine** \ˈglɪsɪn,ē\ a widely distributed genus of trailing or climbing herbs having tuberous roots, as the groundnut

**glycine** \ˈglɪ,sēn\ a poisonous compound used in photography as a fine-grain developer; a sweet crystalline amino acid usually made by the reaction of chloroacetic acid with ammonia

**Gogo** \ˈgōgō\ a Bantu people of the highlands in Tanganyika

**gogo** \gōˈgō\ a vine found in the Philippines the bark of which produces a soap substitute

**gone** \ˈgɒn\ past

**gone** \ˈgɒn\ a germ cell

**goût** \ˈgü\ artistic or literary good taste

**gout** \ˈgaüt\ a painful inflammatory disease of the joints

**granite** \ˈgranət\ a natural igneous rock formation of visible crystalline texture

**granite** \grä.ni'tā\ a frozen dessert of coarse-grained sherbet

**grave** \gräv\ an accent mark indicating a vowel is pronounced with a fall in pitch

**grave** \gräv\ a burial place; a dignified appearance; to practice engraving

**grave** \grävā\ in music, slowly and solemnly

**Graves** \gräv(z)\ red or white table wine(s)

**graves** \grävz\ burial places

**grille** \gril\ a grating or openwork barrier usually with a decorative metal design

**grille** \grē.yā\ having an ornamental bar or grate pattern across open areas of a lace motif

**grind** \grind\ to reduce to powder by friction

**grind** \grind\ any of several small toothed whales related to the dolphins

**grouser** \graüsər\ an habitual complainer

**grouser** \graüzər\ a set of cleats on a tractor wheel

**Gruess** \grüēz\ a suborder of *Gaviformes* consisting of the cranes and trumpeters

**grues** \grüz\ fits of shivering

**gruntling** \grənt'liŋ\ putting in good humor

**gruntling** \grəntliŋ\ a young pig

**Guaná** \gwə'nā\ an Arawakan people of Mato Grosso, Brazil and the Chaco region of Paraguay

**guana** \gwänə\ either of two malvaceous tropical trees, the balibago and the blue mahoe

**Guara** \gwarə\ a genus of ibises containing the New World white and scarlet ibises

**guara** \gwə'rā\ any of several South American wild dogs; a South American crab-eating raccoon

**guara** \gwärə\ a tropical American tree of the genus *Cupania*

**gungy** \gəŋgē\ ultrazealous in carrying out instructions or enforcement of regulations

**gungy** \gəŋjē\ dirty, grimy, or sticky

**gurges** \gərjəz\ surges or swirls; turbulent fountains

**gurges** \gər,jēz\ an heraldic charge consisting of a spiral

**gyro** \jī,rō\ a gyroscope or gyrocompass

**gyro** \zhēr'ō\ or \jēr.ō\ a sandwich of lamb, tomato, and onion on pita bread

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## Group I

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**graduate**

**granulate**

**guesstimate**

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## H

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**habitant** \habədənt\ a resident or inhabitant

**habitant** \:habē:tā\ relating to, characteristic of, or produced by the French farmers of Canada

**hache** \hash\ a hatchet or axe

**hache** \hä'shā\ minced or hashed

**Hades** \hā,dēz\ the abode or state of the dead; hell

**hades** \hädz\ deviates from the vertical, as a vein, fault, or lode

**hakim** \hə'kēm\ a Muslim physician

**hakim** \hä.kēm\ a Muslim ruler

**hale** \hāl\ sound or healthy; to haul, pull, or draw

**hale** \hālā\ an Hawaiian house

**halo** \halō\ containing halogen (by shortening)

**halo** \ˈhālō\ a circle of light surrounding a luminous body

**halter** \ˈhóltər\ a rope or strap for leading or tying a horse or other animal

**halter** \ˈháltər\ one of the modified second pair of insect wings that serve to maintain balance in flight

**Hamburg** \ˈhäm,bürg\ a city in northern Germany

**Hamburg** \ˈham,bərg\ a European breed of rather small domestic fowls

**hamburg** \ˈham,bərg\ a hamburger (by shortening)

**Hamites** \ˈha,mítz\ a group of African peoples including the Berbers, Tuaregs, and Tibbu

**Hamites** \həˈmídez\ a genus of extinct Cretaceous ammonoids

**hartal** \härˈtäl\ concerted cessation of work and business as a protest against a political situation or an act of government

**hartal** \hárˈtòl\ an orange to yellow mineral consisting of arsenic trisulfide

**has** \ˈhász\ utters an expression of surprise, joy, or grief

**has** \ˈhaz\ holds, keeps, or retains

**he** \ˈhē\ a male person or animal

**he** \ˈhā\ the fifth letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**headman** \ˈhed:man\ overseer, foreman, or chief

**headman** \ˈhed,mən\ an executioner or worker who severs heads

**headward** \ˈhedwərd\ in the direction of the head

**headward** \ˈhed,wórd\ a feudal service consisting of acting as a guard to the lord

**heavy** \ˈhevē\ having great weight

**heavy** \ˈhēvē\ affected with heaves, as a horse

**Hebe** \ˈhēb\ an offensive term for a Jew

**Hebe** \ˈhēbē\ a genus comprising the

shrubby evergreen veronicas of the southern hemisphere

**hebe** \ˈhēbē\ any veronica of the genus Hebe

**heigh-ho** \ˈhīˈhō\ used typically to express boredom, weariness, or sadness

**heigh-ho** \ˈhī,hō\ a yellow-shafted flicker

**helios** \ˈhēlē,ōz\ a telescope adapted for viewing the sun

**helios** \ˈhēlē,ās\ the luminous intensity of a surface in a given direction per unit of projected area

**helioses** \ˈhēlē,āsez\ luminous intensities of surfaces in a given direction per unit of projected area

**helioses** \ˈhēlē,sez\ exposures to the sun

**here** \ˈhe,ره\ an invading army in Anglo-Saxon times

**here** \ˈhir\ at this point in space

**heres** \ˈhirz\ at these points in space

**heres** \ˈhā,rās\ the universal successor of a deceased person; an heir

**heres** \ˈhe,rez\ armies of invasion

**hermitage** \ˈhərməd•ij\ a hermit's residence

**Hermitage** \:hermē:tāzh\ a red Rhône Valley wine

**hinder** \ˈhindər\ to interfere with activity

**hinder** \ˈhīndər\ situated behind

**hires** \ˈhīərz\ employs for wages

**hires** \ˈhī,rez\ high resolution (by shortening)

**his** \ˈhiz\ something that belongs to him

**his** \ˈhīz\ expressions of greetings or to attract attention

**horned** \ˈhörnɔd\ having bony processes, usually paired, that arise from the upper part of the head of many ungulate mammals

**horned** \ˈhörnəd\ made a man a cuckold

**house** \ˈhaüs\ a business organization, management of a gambling establishment, or a body of persons forming a deliberative or consultative assembly

**house** \ˈhaʊz\ to encase, enclose, or shelter

**housewife** \ˈhaʊ.swɪf\ a married woman in charge of a household

**housewife** \ˈhəzəf\ a pocket-sized container for carrying small articles

**hum** \ˈhəm\ to make a low prolonged sound like that of an insect

**hum** \ˈhʊm\ an isolated residual hill or mass of limestone

**Huron** \ˈhyʊrən\ an Iroquoian people of the St. Lawrence valley, Ontario, and midwestern U.S.; the second largest of the five Great Lakes in North America in water surface area

**huron** \ˈhyʊrən\ a largemouth black bass

**huron** \üˈrɒn\ the weasel-like South American grison

**hypostases** \ˈhɪpō.stāsəz\ disks of liquified tissue formed at the base of an ovule in certain orders of plants

**hypostases** \hɪˈpästə.sēz\ sediments or deposits

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## Group I

**hautbois**

**heretic**

**hui**

**hyphomycetes**

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## I

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**ID** \ɪˈdɛ\ identification (by shortening)

**id** \ɪd\ the primitive undifferentiated part of the psychic apparatus that reacts blindly on a pleasure-pain level

**impair** \ɪmˈper\ to diminish in quantity, value, excellence, or strength

**impair** \ɪmˈpar\ the odd numbers in roulette when a bet is made on them

**improperiate** \əɪm.pɹɔːpɹi.ət\ to take over and make one's own

**improperiate** \əɪm.pɹɔːpɹi.ət\ lay as distinguished from clerical

**incense** \ɪnˈsens\ material used to produce a fragrant odor when burned

**incense** \ɪnˈsens\ to arouse the wrath or indignation of

**incept** \ɪnˈsept\ to take in or ingest; to receive as a member

**incept** \ɪnˈsept\ the first accumulation of cells in an embryo recognizable as the start of a developing part or organ

**ingenerate** \ɪnˈjɛnə.rāt\ to cause

**ingenerate** \ɪnˈjɛnə.rət\ inborn or innate; not generated

**inscriber** \ənzˈkrɪbər\ a person that writes, engraves, or prints

**inscriber** \ɪnzˈkrɪbər\ a device for transferring data from a punched tape onto a medium for use in an electronic computer

**instar** \ɪnˈstär\ to adorn with stars

**instar** \ɪnzˈtär\ an insect between two successive molts

**interchange** \ɪntərˈtʃɑːnj\ to put each of two or more things in place of the other; to give and take mutually

**interchange** \ɪntərˈtʃɑːnj\ a junction of two or more highways without the crossing at grade of traffic systems; a traffic cloverleaf

**intermediate** \ɪntərˈmɛdɪ.ət\ to come between, or intervene; to mediate

**intermediate** \ɪntərˈmɛdɪ.ət\ lying or being in the middle place or degree; between extremes or limits

**intimate** \ɪntəˈmæt\ to give notice of

**intimate** \ɪntəˈmæt\ very close contact

**intricate** \ˈin•trəˌkæt\ showing complex involvement of detailed considerations requiring precise analysis; difficult to analyze or solve

**intricate** \ˈin•trəˌkāt\ to intermesh or interlock

**invalid** \inˌvələd\ without foundation

**invalid** \ˈinvələd\ sickly or disabled

**invert** \ɪnˈvɜrt\ to turn inside out or upside down

**invert** \ˈinˌvɜrt\ the lowest point in the internal cross section of an artificial channel; a postage stamp having an overprint

**inward** \ˈinwərd\ toward the inside

**inward** \ˈinˌwɜrd\ a king's bodyguard

**irony** \ˈiərnē\ made or consisting of iron

**irony** \ˈiːrnē\ humor, ridicule, or light sarcasm that adopts a mode of speech the intended implication of which is opposite the literal sense of the words (seldom ˈiərnē)

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## Group I

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**impact**

**impersonate**

**implant**

**impound**

**impregnate**

**importunate**

**imprint**

**inarch**

**incarcerate**

**incipit**

**inclined**

**incorporate**

**incurve**

**indurate**

**infatuate**

**infuriate**

**inroad**

**insert**

**insult**

**insurge**

**intercept**

**interlayer**

**interleaf**

**intersect**

**intrados**

**intricate**

**inwall**

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## J

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**Jacana** \ˈjakənə\ the type genus of *Jacanidae* comprising the New World jacanas

**jacana** \ˈjakənə\ a coastal freshwater wading bird

**jacana** \ˈhækənə\ a West Indian timber tree

**jackal** \ˈjakəl\ any of several wild dogs of the Old World

**jackal** \ˈhəkəl\ a crude house or hut in Mexico and southwestern U.S.

**jaeger** \ˈyægər\ a large spirited rapacious bird that inhabits northern seas

**jaeger** \ˈyægər\ a high quality diamond of bluish white grade

**jagged** \ˈjagd\ drunk (slang)

**jagged** \ˈjagəd\ having a sharply uneven edge or surface

**jam** \ˈjam\ to press into a tight or close position; a product made by boiling fruit and sugar to a thick consistency

**jam** \ˈjäm\ the ruler in some northwest Indian states

**Jambos** \ˈjam.bäs\ a genus of woody plants with leathery leaves

**jambos** \ˈjambōz\ any of several tropical plants or their fruits; rose apples

**Job** \ˈjɒb\ a person who sustains patiently a life of poverty and affliction

**job** \ˈjɒb\ a piece of work or performance

**jog** \ˈjɔɡ\ to go at a low leisurely pace; to push or shake by prodding

**jog** \ˈjɔɡ\ yoga

**jube** \ˈjuː.bə\ a gallery above a screen that separates the church chancel from the nave, or the screen itself

**jube** \ˈjüb\ a lozenge like a jujube

**Jubilate** \ˌyü.bəˈlä.tä\ the third Sunday after Easter

**jubilate** \ˈjüb.ə.lät\ to utter sounds or make demonstrations of joy and exultation

**Junker** \ˈyüнк.ər\ a member of the Prussian landed aristocracy

**junker** \ˈjəŋк.ər\ an automobile ready for scrapping

**junkman** \ˈjəŋк.mən\ a crew-member of a junk

**junkman** \ˈjəŋк.man\ a person dealing in resalable junk

**Jura** \ˈjürə\ the Jurassic geological period, or the rocks belonging to it

**jura** \ˈyürə\ legal principles, rights, or powers

**jus** \ˈyüs\ or \ˈjəs\ a legal principle, right, or power

**jus** \ˈjüs\ or \ˈzhüs\ juice or gravy

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## K

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**Ka** \ˈkä\ a people of Negal of mixed Mongoloid and Indo-Aryan blood

**Ka** \ˈkə\ the unknown god, in Hinduism

**ka** \ˈkä\ the personality double believed in ancient Egypt to be born with an individual

**Kachin** \kəˈchɪn\ a Tibeto-Burman ethnic group inhabiting upper Myanmar

**kachin** \ˈkəchən\ pyrocatechol used as a photographic developer

**kaki** \ˈkäkē\ a Japanese persimmon

**kaki** \kəˈkē\ a blackish stilt of New Zealand

**kas** \ˈkäs\ the personality doubles believed in ancient Egypt to be born with individuals

**kas** \ˈkäs\ a Dutch cupboard or wardrobe common in the late 17th and the 18th centuries

**Kasha** \ˈkashə\ a soft napped twilled fabric of fine wool and hair

**kasha** \ˈkəshə\ a mush made from coarse cracked buckwheat or other grains

**Kate** \ˈkätə\ a people of the Huon peninsula in New Guinea

**kate** \ˈkät\ a pileated woodpecker

**ketoses** \ˈkē.tōsəs\ sugars containing one ketone group per molecule

**ketoses** \kēˈtōs.sēz\ nutritional diseases of cattle and sometimes sheep, goats, or swine

**khanda** \ˈkəŋdə\ a double-edged sword

**khanda** \ˈkəŋdə\ the impermanent elements (in Hinduism and Buddhism), which enter into man's constitution, assumed in incarnation

**Kin** \ˈjɪn\ a Tatar people that founded an 11th century dynasty in China

**kin** \ˈkɪn\ one's immediate family or related group

**kiri** \ˈkērē\ a paulownia tree



**kiri** \ˈkē,ri\ a short wooden club with a heavy round knob at one end that may be thrown or used in close combat

**ki-yi** \kī:yī\ an expression of exultation; a bark or yelp of a dog; a small brush used in the U.S. Navy for scrubbing clothing or canvas

**ki-yi** \ˈkē,yē\ a small lake herring abundant in deep water in the Great Lakes

**Kora** \ˈkōrā\ the almost extinct Hottentot dialect of the Korana in South Africa

**kora** \ˈkōrə\ a large gallinule of south eastern Asia and the East Indies

**Kuba** \ˈkübə\ a Bantu-speaking people of the central Congo

**kuba** \küˈbä\ an eastern Caucasian carpet of coarse but firm weave

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## Group I

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### Kanaka

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## L

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**labor** \ˈlābər\ to work or toil

**labor** \ləˈbōr\ an old Texas unit of land measure equal to about 177 acres

**lacet** \lāsˈet\ pertaining to a kind of braid of various widths and patterns

**lacet** \ˈlāset\ a bootlace

**Lais** \ˈlīz\ a Mongoloid people of the Chin Hills in Myanmar

**lais** \ˈlāz\ medieval short tales of lyric poems in French literature

**Lak(h)s** \ˈläks\ members of a division of the Lezghian people in southern Russia on the western shore of the Caspian Sea

**laks** \ˈlaks\ performances of the male capercaillie (the largest European grouse) during courtship

**lamé** \la:mā\ a brocaded clothing fabric

**lame** \ˈlām\ physically disabled

**lamed** \ˈlāmd\ made lame or crippled

**lamed** \ˈlä.med\ the twelfth letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**lances** \ˈlan.səs\ weapons of war consisting of long shafts with sharp steel heads

**lances** \ˈlan.sēz\ or \ˈlän,kās\ an ancient Roman platter, usually of metal

**land** \ˈland\ ground or soil; to catch and bring to shore

**land** \ˈlānt\ a governmental unit in Germany

**landsman** \ˈlanzmən\ an inexperienced sailor below an ordinary seaman

**landsman** \ˈlāntsmən\ a fellow Jew, especially from eastern Europe

**Lari** \ˈlā,ri\ a suborder of the Charadriiformes that includes gulls, terns, jaegers, and skimmers

**lari** \ˈlä,ri\ money consisting of silver wire doubled, either twisted to form a fishhook or straight

**laser** \ˈlä,zər\ a device that uses natural oscillations of atoms to amplify or generate electromagnetic waves

**laser** \ˈlä,sər\ a drastic purgative gum resin obtained from laserwort

**lat** \ˈlät\ a separate column or pillar in some Buddhist buildings in India, similar to the Greek stela

**lat** \ˈlat\ a broad flat superficial muscle on each side of the lower back (latissimus dorsi, shortened)

**latex** \ˈlä.teks\ any of various emulsions in water of a synthetic rubber or plastic obtained by polymerization and used chiefly in paint and other coatings and adhesives



**LaTeX** \ˈlā,tɛk\ a typesetting system, especially used in scientific and mathematical books

**lather** \ˈlathər\ foam or froth

**lather** \ˈlathər\ a person who puts up or makes lathing

**lather** \ˈlāthər\ a person who works with a lathe

**laud** \ˈlód\ to praise; public acclaim

**laud** \ləˈüd\ a lute or cittern

**lax** \ˈlax\ not stringent; easygoing

**lax** \ˈlæx\ salmon

**Laze** \ˈläzə\ a Muslim Kartvelian Sunnite people of Caucasia found along both sides of the Turkish-Soviet frontier

**laze** \ˈläz\ to pass in idleness or relaxation

**lead** \ˈled\ a heavy metallic element

**lead** \ˈlēd\ to guide or precede

**leadman** \ˈledmən\ a person who uses a sounding lead to determine water-depth

**leadman** \ˈlēdmən\ a skilled employee who supervises one or more groups of workers

**leadsman** \ˈledzmən\ a person who uses a sounding lead to determine water-depth

**leadsman** \ˈlēdzmən\ the player who throws the jack and bowls first in lawn bowling, or who throws the first stone in curling

**lech** \ˈlech\ to practice inordinate indulgence in sexual activity (by shortening **lechery**)

**lech** \ˈlɛk\ a prehistoric monument stone

**led** \ˈled\ guided or marked the way

**LED** \,elɛˈdɛ\ a semiconductor diode that emits light

**legate** \ˈlegət\ an emissary or deputy

**legate** \ləˈgāt\ to bequeath

**legged** \ˈlegd\ bestirred oneself for someone or something

**legged** \:legəd\ having (such or so many) appendages that are used for walking

**lied** \ˈlīd\ conveyed an untruth

**lied** \ˈlēt\ a German folksong

**Liege** \lēˈəzh\ a city in Belgium

**liege** \ˈlēj\ bound by obligations resembling those existing between a feudal lord and his vassals

**lien** \ˈlɛn\ a charge on real property in satisfaction of a debt

**lien** \ˈliən\ a spleen

**liken** \ˈlīkən\ to be or become similar or identical

**liken** \ˈlēˈkən\ a former Chinese tax at inland stations on imports or articles in transit

**Lima** \ˈlēmə\ the capital of Peru

**lima** \ˈlīmə\ a bean; a bivalve mollusk

**limbers** \ˈlimərz\ loggers who trim limbs from felled trees

**limbers** \ˈlimbərz\ conduits on each side of ship keels that provide passages for water to the pump well; horse-drawn two-wheel vehicles to which guns may be attached; makes flexible or pliant

**limes** \ˈlīmz\ small globose citrus fruit of the lime tree; whitewashes with a solution of lime and water

**limes** \ˈli,mɛz\ a fortified frontier of the ancient Roman Empire

**limon** \lēˈmōn\ an unstratified deposit of loam ranging from clay to fine sand (loess)

**limon** \ˈlīmən\ a hybrid fruit from crossing a lemon and lime

**lineage** \ˈlīnij\ the number of lines of printed or written matter

**lineage** \ˈlinɛj\ descent in a line from a common ancestor

**lira** \ˈlīrə\ a ridge on some shells resembling a fine thread or hair

**lira** \ˈlērə\ also \ˈlīrə\ a bowed stringed musical instrument; the recent basic monetary unit of Italy

**lis** \ˈlēs\ a fleur-de-lis  
**lis** \ˈlɪz\ an ancient Irish fortification or storage place enclosed by a circular mound and or trench  
**lisses** \ˈlēsəz\ silk gauzes used for dresses and trimmings  
**lisses** \ˈlɪsəz\ ancient Irish fortifications or storage places  
**litre** \ˈlētər\ a metric unit of capacity equal to 1.057 liquid parts  
**litre** \ˈlɛtrə\ a poisonous Chilean shrub whose hardwood is used in cabinetry  
**live** \ˈlɪv\ charged with fissionable material or explosives  
**live** \ˈlɪv\ to maintain oneself; to outlast storm or danger  
**liver** \ˈlɪvər\ a large vascular glandular organ of vertebrates  
**liver** \ˈlɪvər\ more alive  
**loa** \ˈlōə\ an African filarial worm  
**loa** \ləˈwä\ a Haitian voodoo cult deity  
**lores** \ˈlɔrz\ things that are learned  
**lores** \ˈlɔˌrez\ low resolution (by shortening)  
**lower** \ˈlōər\ situated further below or under; to bring down; to reduce  
**lower** \ˈlaʊər\ to look sullen; a dark, gloomy, or sullen look  
**Luger** \ˈlʊgər\ a 9 mm German pistol  
**luger** \ˈlʊzhər\ a person who rides on a small sled (a luge)  
**lung** \ˈlŋ\ one of the usually two compound saccular organs that constitute the

basic respiratory organ of air-breathing vertebrates

**lung** \ˈlʊŋ\ a beneficent supernatural creature in Chinese mythology connected with rain and floods

**lunged** \ˈlʌnd\ having one or more respiratory organs common to air-breathing vertebrates

**lunged** \ˈlɔjd\ made a forceful forward movement, as a thrust or pass with a foil

**lunger** \ˈlɒnjər\ a person who moves forward forcefully

**lunger** \ˈlɒŋər\ a person suffering from a lung disease; a glob of sputum, phlegm, or other expectorant

**lupine** \ˈlʊˌpɪn\ wolfish; ravenous

**lupine** \ˈlʊpən\ a plant of the genus *Lupinus*

**lure** \ˈlʊr\ to entice, tempt, or seduce

**lure** \ˈlʊˌrə\ a long curved trumpet for calling cattle

**lyrist** \ˈlɪrɪst\ a player of the lyre

**lyrist** \ˈlɪrɪst\ a writer of lyrics

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## Group I

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**landwards**

**laureate**

**learned**

**leeward**

**legitimate**

**lip-read**

**litnites**

**lyses**

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## M

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**Macon** \məˈkən\ a city in central Georgia

**Macon** \mäˈkō<sup>n</sup>\ a still Burgundy French wine in both red and white varieties

**Madrilene** \ˈmadrəˌlɛn\ of or from Madrid, Spain

**madrilene** \ˌmadrəːlen\ a consommé flavored with tomato and served hot or cold

**maja** \ˈmäjä\ a lower class Spanish belle  
**Maja** \ˈmäjä\ a nearly cosmopolitan genus of crabs  
**majo** \ˈmähö\ a Spanish dandy of the lower class  
**majo** \ˈmäjö\ a tropical American shrub or tree, the bark of which yields a tonic infusion  
**mala** \ˈmääl\ offenses against right or the law  
**mala** \ˈmääl\ the grinding surface of an insect's mandible  
**Male** \ˈmääl\ a member of a Dravidian animistic people of Bengal; the capital of the Maldiv Islands  
**Male** \ˈmääl\ the capital of the Maldiv Islands (an alternate pronunciation to that immediately above)  
**male** \ˈmääl\ the sex that usually performs the fertilizing function in generation  
**Mam** \ˈmääm\ an Indian people of southwestern Guatemala  
**mam** \ˈmääm\ madam  
**mamma** \ˈmäämə\ mother  
**mamma** \ˈmäämə\ a mammary gland or teat  
**manas** \ˈmäänəz\ impersonal supernatural forces or powers that may be concentrated in persons or objects  
**manas** \ˈmäänəs\ the faculty of mental perception that receives impressions from the senses and transmits them to the atman, according to Hinduism  
**mane** \ˈmään\ neck hair  
**mane** \ˈmäänä\ in pharmacy, in the morning  
**manes** \ˈmäänz\ neck hairs  
**manes** \ˈmä.näs\ ancestral spirits worshipped as gods  
**Mangué** \ˈmängä\ a Chorotegan people of southwestern Nicaragua  
**mangué** \ˈmäŋ\ a small dark brown burrowing carnivorous mammal related to the mongoose

**Manil(ia)** \mäˈnilə\ the capital city of the Philippines; made from Manilla hemp  
**manilla** \mäˈnēlyə\ a piece of metal shaped like a horseshoe used by some peoples of western Africa for ornamental purposes and as a medium of exchange  
**Manis** \ˈmänəs\ the type genus comprising the pangolins  
**manis** \ˈmänəs\ peanuts  
**Mano** \ˈmänö\ a Negro people inhabiting the northern tip of the central province of Liberia and adjacent Ivory Coast  
**mano** \ˈmänö\ a handstone used as the upper millstone for grinding grains  
**mano** \mäˈnö\ any of several large sharks  
**manqué** \mäˈn,kä\ short of fulfilling one's aspirations  
**manque** \mäˈnk\ in roulette, numbers 1–18 when a bet is placed on them  
**Manus** \mä.nüs\ a people inhabiting Manus Island, north of New Guinea  
**manus** \mä.nəs\ the distal segment of a vertebrate's forelimb including the carpus and forefoot or hand  
**maquis** \mäkēz\ Chilean shrubs of the family *Elaeocarpaceae*  
**Maquis** \mäˈkē\ a member of an underground movement or organization  
**maquis** \mäˈkē\ thick scrubby underbrush profuse along Mediterranean shores  
**Mara** \ˈmarə\ of or from Maracaibo, Venezuela  
**mara** \mäˈrä\ a long-legged long-eared rodent closely related to the cavies  
**mare** \ˈmäər\ a female horse  
**mare** \mä|rä\ a dark expanse on the moon or Mars  
**margarita** \märgəˈritə\ the vessel in which the consecrated Host is preserved, in the Eastern Church  
**margarita** \märgəˈrētə\ a low poisonous shrub of the southwestern U.S. and Mexico

**Margarites** \,märgə'ri'dēz\ a genus of minute top shells

**margarites** \'märgə,ritz\ primary forms of rock crystallization in which globules are arranged linearly like beads

**maria** \mä'reə\ any of several shrubs and trees of tropical America

**maria** \'märeə\ dark areas of considerable extent on the surface of the moon or Mars

**Marseilles** \'mär,sä\ of or from the city of Marseilles in southeast France on the Mediterranean sea

**Marseilles** \mär'sälz\ a firm reversible cotton fabric that usually has small fancy designs and is used for vests or trimmings

**mate** \'mät\ one customarily associated with another; to checkmate in chess; a deck officer

**maté** \'mäta\ an aromatic South American beverage

**math** \'math\ the relationship and symbolism of numbers and magnitudes (by shortening **mathematics**)

**math** \'mäth\ a Hindu monastery

**matie** \'mad•ē\ a young fat herring with roe

**matie** \'mäd•ē\ a shipmate or comrade (slang)

**matte** \'mat\ a mixture of sulfides formed in smelting sulfide ores of metals

**matte** \'mäta\ an aromatic South American beverage

**mayoral** \:mäkyə:räl\ an overseer in Spain

**mayoral** \'märeäl\ of or relating to a chief magistrate of a city or that office

**me** \'mē\ myself

**me** \mä\ a sol-fal syllable in the chromatic scale

**Medic** \'mēdik\ the Iranian language of ancient Media

**medic** \'medik\ a plant of the genus *Medicago*; a person engaged in medical work

**melange** \,me'länzh\ to print colors on top of woolen yarn

**melange** \'mä,länzh\ a mixture or medley

**melanoses** \'melə,nōsēz\ diseases of grapevines caused by a fungus

**melanoses** \,melə'nō,sēz\ conditions characterized by abnormal disposition of melanins in body tissues

**Meles** \'mēlēz\ a genus of mustelid mammals comprising the typical Old World badgers

**meles** \'mäläz\ Hawaiian songs or chants

**Melo** \'mē,lō\ a genus of marine shells comprising the melon shells (also 'melō)

**melō** \'melō\ melodrama (by shortening)

**melon** \'me,län\ a yellow powder formed on heating various cyanogen compounds

**melon** \'melən\ a soft-fleshed sweet-flavored fruit with a hard rind such as muskmelon or watermelon; a small reddish or chestnut brown wallaby extensively distributed in Australia and New Guinea

**melos** \'melōz\ melodramas (by shortening)

**melos** \'mē,läs\ characteristic tone succession considered apart from rhythm

**Mensa** \'mensə\ the Table constellation located at about 75° south declination

**mensa** \'mensə\ the central slab on which the eucharistic elements are placed

**mensa** \'mensē\ or \'men,sī\ the grinding surface of a tooth

**mere** \'mir\ exclusive of anything else

**mere** \'merē\ a Maori war club

**meringue** \mä'raŋ\ a mixture of beaten egg whites and powdered sugar baked at low temperature and used as a topping

**méringue** \mä'raŋ\ a popular Dominican and Haitian ballroom dance with a limping step

**meros** \'märoz\ any of several large groupers of jawfishes of warm seas

**meros** \'mē,räs\ the plain surface between

the channels of an architectural ornament in the frieze of the Doric order

**mescal** \me'skal\ a small cactus; a usually colorless Mexican liquor

**mescal** \'me.skäl\ a Mexican elm

**Meshed** \mə'shed\ Iran's fourth largest city

**meshed** \'mesht\ resembling a network; interlaced

**meta** \'metə\ characterized by or being two positions in the benzene ring separated by one carbon atom

**meta** \'mētə\ a column or post, in ancient Rome, placed at each end of a racetrack to mark the turning places

**metra** \'mētrə\ a uterus, the organ in female mammals that contains and usually nourishes the young during development prior to birth

**metra** \'me.trə\ the minimal unit of measure in classical Greek verse

**micrometer** \'mīkrō.mēdər\ a unit of length equal to one millionth of a meter

**micrometer** \mī'krāmədər\ a caliper having a spindle moved by a finely machined screw and used with a telescope or microscope to make precise measurements

**mignon** \'min.yän\ a moderate purple color

**mignon** \mēn'yō<sup>n</sup>\ filet mignon (by shortening), a fillet of beef cut from the thick end of a beef tenderloin

**millet** \'milət\ an annual cereal and forage grass

**millet** \mə'let\ a non-Muslim group in Turkey

**mina** \'mēnä\ a member of a low caste or watchmen

**mina** \'mīnə\ an Asiatic starling that is often tamed and taught to pronounce words

**mind** \'mīnd\ the intellect or brain; to obey; to take care of

**mind** \'min\ a thin gold ornamental plate used by ancient Celts

**minute** \'minət\ a unit of time and angular measurement

**minute** \mī:nyüt\ of very small size or importance

**minutely** \mī'nyütlē\ with precision or exactly

**minutely** \'minətlē\ from minute to minute, or happening every minute

**mire** \'mēr\ a fixed mark due north or south of a meridian

**mire** \'mīr\ wet spongy earth; a bog or marsh

**mises** \'misəz\ dried dung used as fuel

**mises** \'mēzəz\ issues in a legal proceeding upon a writ of right

**Mobile** \mō'bēl\ a large city in southwestern Alabama

**mobile** \'mōbəl\ movable

**mobile** \'mäbəlē\ the lower classes of a community; the masses

**Mod** \'mōd\ a meeting to study and perform Gaelic arts

**mod** \'mäd\ modern (by shortening)

**moderate** \'mädərət\ limited in scope or affect; not severe in effect

**moderate** \'mädərät\ to preside over or act as chairperson

**Moi** \'mōē\ a group of Veddoid or Indo-Australoid people living in the mountain uplands of Annam, Vietnam

**moi** \'mō'ē\ an Hawaiian ruling chief or sovereign

**Mojo** \'mō,hō\ an Arawakan people of northern Bolivia

**mojo** \'mōjō\ a voodoo spell or amulet

**Mole** \'mō.lā\ a people of the west central Sudan

**mole** \'mōl\ a congenital mark or discoloration on the skin; a burrowing mammal

**mole** \'mōlē\ a highly spiced meat sauce

**Moline** \'mōlēn\ a city in northwest Illinois

**moline** \ˈmōlən\ a cross having the end of each arm forked and recurved

**molle** \ˈmälē\ in music, lower by a half step; flat

**molle** \ˈmó,yə\ a Peruvian evergreen tree; a small shrubby New Zealand tree

**moly** \ˈmälē\ molybdenum, a fusible polyvalent metallic element

**moly** \ˈmölē\ a European wild garlic

**Mon** \ˈmōn\ the dominant native people of Pegu in Myanmar

**mon** \ˈmān\ the usually circular badge of a Japanese family; a usually large plank boat resembling a canoe common in Melanesia

**Monas** \ˈmō.nas\ a genus of small aquatic flagellates

**monas** \ˈmō.nas\ a flagellate protozoan; metaphysical entities

**monas** \ˈmōnəz\ small West African guenon monkeys

**Montana** \mānˈtanə\ a state in northwestern U.S.; a sheep bred or raised in Montana

**montaña** \mānˈtanyə\ a forested region of the eastern slopes of the Andes

**montes** \ˈmān.tez\ body parts or areas raised above or demarcated from surrounding structures

**montes** \ˈmantēz\ card games resembling monte bank

**moped** \ˈmō.ped\ a lightweight lowpowered motorbike that can be pedaled

**moped** \ˈmōpd\ acted in a brooding, dull, or dejected manner

**Mora** \ˈmōrə\ a small genus of tall half-evergreen forest trees of northern South America

**mora** \ˈmōrə\ the minimal unit of quantitative measure in temporal prosodic systems

**mora** \mōˈrā\ low wicker stool or footstool

**mora** \ˈmōrə\ delay in the performance of an obligation; an Italian game in which a player extends a number of fingers of

her/his hand in an attempt to match the number of fingers simultaneously extended by the opponent

**Moré** \məˈrā\ a people of the west central Sudan

**more** \ˈmōr\ of larger size or extent

**morel** \məˈrel\ any of various nightshades, especially the poisonous black nightshade

**morel** \ˈmōrel\ an edible fungus of the genus *Morchella*

**Mores** \məˈrāz\ a people of west central Sudan

**mores** \ˈmōrāz\ the fixed customs or folkways of a particular social group

**mores** \ˈmōrz\ additional numbers, amounts, or lengths of time

**morné** \mór:nā\ in heraldry, a lion without teeth, tongue, or claws

**morne** \ˈmōrn\ gloomy or dismal

**mot** \ˈmō\ a pithy or witty saying; an epigram

**mot** \ˈmät\ a grove or clump of trees, especially in open prairie country

**mother** \ˈmæthər\ a woman who gives birth to a child

**mother** \ˈmóthər\ a collector or specialist in identifying any of the various insects that constitute a major division of the order *Lepidoptera*

**mouth** \ˈmaüth\ an opening through which food passes into an organism

**mouth** \ˈmaüth\ to swage the top of a metal can to receive the cover

**mow** \ˈmō\ to cut down or off

**mow** \ˈmaü\ a stack of hay or straw; a contortion of the face or lips especially so as to produce a mocking or derisive expression

**mug** \ˈmæg\ a drinking cup

**mug** \ˈmüg\ the pulse (edible seed) or mung bean of India

**multiply** \ˈmältə.plī\ composed of several or multiple layers of folds

**multiply** \ˈmʌltəˌpli\ to make more numerous; to add quantity to; to calculate the product of two or more numbers

**Mura** \ˈmürə\ an Indian people of northwestern Brazil

**mura** \ˈmürə\ a rural community in Japan

**murid** \ˈmüˈrēd\ a Sufi disciple in Islam

**murid** \ˈmyūrəd\ relating to a very large family of relatively small rodents including the house mouse and common rats

**Mus** \ˈməs\ a genus of rodents including the common house mouse

**mus** \ˈmyüz\ bridging groups that join central atoms or ions; the plural of the 12th letter of the Greek alphabet

**musar** \ˈmyüˌzär\ a 12th century ballad singer of Provence

**musar** \ˈmüˌsär\ a 19th century Jewish religious-ethical movement

**Muter** \ˈmüˈter\ a nomadic Bedouin people in Arabia

**muter** \ˈmyüdər\ more unable to utter articulate sounds; less able to speak

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## Group I

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**macerate**

**maculate**

**mediate**

**medicament**

**mislead**

**misread**

**misuse**

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## N

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**nadir** \ˈnādər\ the lowest point

**nadir** \ˈnäˌdir\ a Malayan light-draft fishing boat

**nag** \ˈnag\ to engage in persistent petty fault finding, scolding, or urging

**nag** \ˈnäɡ\ any of several very venomous Asiatic and African elapid snakes, as a cobra

**Nair** \ˈnīər\ a people of the Malabar coast of India

**nair** \ˈnīər\ a member of the Nayar people

**nair** \ˈnäˌir\ a large percoid fish of river mouths and brackish waters; the common Indian otter

**Nama** \ˈnämə\ one of a Hottentot people of southwestern Africa

**Nama** \ˈnämə\ a genus of blue-flowered perennial herbs

**nana** \ˈnanə\ a child's nurse or nursemaid

**nana** \ˈnəˈnä\ a pineapple; mint

**nana** \ˈnānə\ dwarfish, especially of genetic variants of economic plants

**nance** \ˈnänsə\ a type of tree of the genus Brysonima, or its fruit

**nance** \ˈnans\ an effeminate male

**naos** \ˈnaüz\ medium-sized sailing ships of the late middle ages

**naos** \ˈnäˌäs\ an ancient temple or shrine

**Nasi** \ˈnäse\ the chief presiding officer of the Sanhedrin, according to the rabbinical tradition

**nasi** \ˈnäse\ one of the Scriptural fathers of the human race or of the Hebrew people

**nasi** \ˈnēˌsī\ prolongations on the front of the head of a crane fly or of various termites

**Natal** \nəˈtal\ a province in the eastern part of the Republic of South Africa

**natal** \ˈnädəl\ relating to birth; relating to the buttocks



**nature** \ˈnāchər\ the essential character or constitution of something

**nature** \nəˈtūr\ very dry, usually containing less than 1.5% sugar by volume (brut)

**Nice** \ˈnēs\ a seaport city on the southeast coast of France; a grayish-blue color (also called Quimper)

**nice** \ˈnīs\ refined, cultured, pleasant, or satisfying

**nightman** \ˈnītmən\ a person who empties privies between dusk and dawn

**nightman** \ˈnītˌmən\ a watchman on duty between dusk and dawn

**none** \ˈnən\ not any

**None** \ˈnōn\ the canonical ninth hour

**nudge** \ˈnəj\ to touch or push gently; to prod lightly

**nudge** \ˈnʊj\ to annoy with persistent complaints, criticism, or nagging; a pest

**number** \ˈnəmbər\ a numeral, digit, or integer

**number** \ˈnəmər\ more devoid of sensation

**nun** \ˈnən\ a woman belonging to a religious order, especially under vows of poverty, chastity, and obedience

**nun** \ˈnün\ the 14th letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**Nut** \ˈnüt\ in Egyptian religion, the goddess of the sky

**nut** \ˈnət\ a hardshelled dry fruit or seed; a perforated block of metal with an internal screw thread for attachment to a bolt

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## Group I

necroses

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## O

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**object** \ˈəbjɪkt\ something visible or tangible

**object** \əbˈjɛkt\ to oppose or protest

**odal** \ˈɒdəl\ an estate owned by Scandinavian individuals or families

**odal** \ˈädəl\ an East Indian woody vine, the seeds of which yield an oil used as a cure for rheumatism

**officiate** \əˈfɪʃiē.ət\ to perform a prescribed or traditional ceremony

**officiate** \əˈfɪʃiē.ət\ a body of officials

**oke** \ˈɔk\ any of three units of weight varying around 2.8 pounds and used in Bulgaria, Egypt, Greece, and Turkey

**oke** \ˈɔkə\ an alcoholic liquor distilled from ti or taro root

**Olive** \ˈɒˈlēvə\ an Indian people of north-eastern Mexico

**olive** \ˈälēv\ or \ˈäləv\ a plant of the genus *Olea*, or its oblong drupaceous fruit

**ombre** \ˈämbər\ a European grayling; a three-handed game played in Spain

**ombre** \äm:brä\ shaded, especially in fabrics with a dyed or woven design

**one** \ˈwən\ being a single unit or entire being or thing and no more

**one** \wən\ an individual of a particular kind

**oner** \ˈɒnər\ a heavy blow with a fist (slang)

**oner** \ˈwənər\ one of a kind

**ore** \ˈɔr\ a natural usually unrefined mineral that can often be mined

**öre** \ˈɔr•ə\ a Danish and Norwegian unit of value equal to  $\frac{1}{100}$  krone; a Swedish monetary unit equal to  $\frac{1}{100}$  krona



**Oriental** \:ōrē:entəl\ relating or situated in the Far East

**Oriental** \,ōre,en'täl\ a native or inhabitant of Uruguay

**os** \'äs\ a bone; a mouth

**os** \'ōs\ an esker, a long narrow often sinuous ridge of debris deposited between ice walls by a stream flowing within a stagnant glacier

**outman** \'aütmän\ one living or working outside the limits of a medieval English town

**outman** \,aut'man\ outnumber

**outward** \'aütwərd\ toward the outside

**outward** \'aüt,wörd\ a detached hospital ward; a ward outside the original bounds of a borough

**overage** \:ōvər:āj\ too old

**overage** \'ōverij\ excess or surplus

**overuse** \'ōvəriüz\ to make familiar by excessive repetition or continued practice

**overuse** \'ōvəriyüs\ excessively accustomed or overly unusual procedure

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## Group I

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**obdurate**

**obliterate**

**obstinate**

**orbed**

**osmoses**

**overweight**

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## P

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**pace** \'päs\ a rate of motion or performance

**pace** \'päsē\ with all due respect

**Pala** \'pä.lä\ a language mentioned in the Boghazkeui inscriptions

**pala** \pə'lä\ an ivory tree affording an inferior quality of indigo

**pala** \'palə\ an impala

**Pali** \'pälē\ an Indic language found in the Buddhist canon

**pali** \'pälē\ a steep slope in Hawaii; an Indian timber tree

**pali** \'pä.lī\ upright slender calcareous processes surrounding the central part of the calyculus of some corals

**Palladian** \pə'lādēən\ relating to wisdom or learning

**Palladian** \pə'lādēən\ relating to the classic architectural style based on Andrea Palladio's work

**pallas** \'paləz\ loose outer garments worn by women of ancient Rome

**pallas** \'päyəs\ Incan princesses

**palled** \'pald\ acted as a pal to someone

**palled** \'pöld\ covered with a shroud; lost strength

**palling** \'pōliŋ\ failing in vigor or effectiveness

**palling** \'paliŋ\ keepng company; behaving as an intimate with someone

**palsy** \'pōlzē\ a condition characterized by uncontrollable tremoring of the body or one or more of its parts

**palsy** \'palzē\ having or giving the appearance of having a high degree of intimacy

**Palus** \,pa'lüs\ wines from vineyards planted in the rich alluvial soil of southwest France

**palus** \'päləs\ any of several upright slender calcareous processes surrounding the central part of the calyculus of some corals

- Pan** \ˈpɑn\ a genus of anthropoid apes containing the chimpanzee
- pan** \ˈpɑn\ a shallow container; to rotate a camera in any direction; to wash earth deposits in search of precious metal
- pan** \ˈpæn\ a betel palm leaf; a card game resembling rummy
- panaché** \ˌpɑnəˈʃɑ\ comprised of several foods
- panache** \pəˈnɑʃ\ an ornamental tuft or tufts on a helmet; an heroic flourish of manner
- pane** \ˈpɑn\ a window or door section
- pané** \ˌpɑˈnɑ\ food prepared with bread crumbs; breaded
- papa** \ˈpɑpə\ a father; a potato; a bluish New Zealand clay used for whitening fireplaces
- papa** \pəˈpɑ\ a parish priest of the Eastern Orthodox Church
- papa** \ˈpɑˌpɑ\ a baboon; a king vulture
- papa** \ˈpɑpə\ any of several American shrubs or trees of the genus *Asimina*
- Papio** \ˈpɑpēˌo\ a genus of typical baboons
- papio** \ˈpɑpyo\ a young food fish of Hawaiian waters
- parade** \pəˈrɑd\ a pompous show or formal display
- parade** \pəˈrɑd\ a defensive action made to deflect a thrust or blow from an opponent
- parados** \pəˈrɑdɔz\ boastful swaggering airs
- parados** \ˈpɑrəˌdɑs\ a bank of earth behind a fortification trench
- parison** \ˈpɑrəˌsɑn\ even balance between members of a sentence
- parison** \ˈpɑrəsən\ a gob of glass partially shaped into an object
- Passé** \ˌpɑˈsɑ\ a member of an Arawakan tribe of northwestern Brazil
- passé** \pɑˈsɑ\ past one's prime; no longer fashionable; a ballet movement in which one leg passes behind or in front of the other
- passee** \ˈpäs\ in roulette, the numbers 19–36 when a bet is made on them
- passes** \pɑˈsɑz\ ballet movements in which the leg passes from one position to another
- passes** \ˈpäsəz\ groups of high numbers in roulette when a bet is made on them
- passes** \ˈpasəz\ moves on or proceeds
- pastel** \ˌpɑˈstɛl\ pale and light in color; delicate
- pastel** \ˈpɑstɛl\ a woad plant, of the mustard family
- pasty** \ˈpɑstē\ a pie consisting of a meat and vegetable or fruit mixture
- pasty** \ˈpɑstē\ pallid and unhealthy in appearance; sickly
- pata** \ˈpɑtɑ\ a land grant engraved on metal; a gold plate tied on the forehead in ceremonies of investiture
- pata** \ˈpɑtɑ\ a long straight gauntlet-hilted two-edged sword
- pate** \ˈpɑt\ the top of the head
- pâte** \ˈpɑt\ plastic material for pottery
- paté** \pəˈtɑ\ a cross with arms narrow at the center and expanding toward the ends
- pâté** \pɑˈtɑ\ a spread of finely mashed seasoned and spiced meat
- pathoses** \ˈpɑˌθæsēz\ elements in experience or in artistic representation evoking pity or compassion
- pathoses** \pəˈθɔˌsēz\ diseased states or abnormal conditions
- patron** \ˈpɑˌtrɒn\ a person who is a customer, client, or paying guest
- patron** \pɑˈtrɒn\ a boss or employer
- patte** \ˈpɑt\ a decorative band, strap, or belt to fasten garments
- patté** \ˌpɑˈtɑ\ in heraldry, having arms of a cross narrow at the center and expanding toward the ends
- pau** \ˈpaʊ\ in Hawaii, completed or consumed

**pa'u** \ˈpɑː.ü\ an Hawaiian sarong formerly made of tapa and now of silk and worn by women

**pave** \ˈpāv\ to cover with material making a firm level surface for travel

**pave** \,pəˈvā\ in jewelry, a setting of stones placed close together so as to show no metal between them

**peaked** \ˈpēkt\ pointed

**peaked** \ˈpēkəd\ looked pale, wan, or sickly

**Peba** \ˈpābā\ a member of the Peban tribe of northeastern Peru

**peba** \ˈpebə\ a small armadillo having nine moveable bands of scutes and ranging from Texas to Paraguay

**peer** \ˈpɪr\ a person of equal standing; a member of one of the five ranks of the English peerage

**peer** \ˈpēər\ a urinator

**pension** \ˈpenʃən\ a fixed sum paid regularly to a person, usually following retirement from service

**pension** \pəˈnɜːsɪ.ən\ or \:pənˈsɛː.ən\ a payment for room and board; to receive board and lodging at a fixed rate

**peon** \ˈpēən\ a person in a position of subordination or servility; an unskilled laborer

**peon** \pəˈɒn\ a bullfighter's attendant

**peppier** \ˈpepēər\ more full of energy or initiative; more alert or lively

**peppier** \,pepēˌyā\ a waiter who asks diners if they desire freshly ground pepper on their foodstuffs

**perfect** \ˈpɜːfɪkt\ constituting a form of the verb that expresses an action or state completed at the time of speaking or at a time spoken of; relating to a note in mensural notation equaling three rather than two of the next lower denomination

**perfect** \pɜːrˈfekt\ to bring to a state of supreme excellence (seldom ˈpɜːfɪkt)

**permit** \ˈpɜːr.mɪt\ a large up to three feet long blue and silver pompano (fish)

**permit** \pɜːrˈmɪt\ to make possible; to give an opportunity

**perpend** \pɜːrˈpend\ to reflect on or ponder

**perpend** \ˈpɜːrpænd\ a brick or large stone reaching through a wall and acting as a binder

**pes** \ˈpāz\ the 17th letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**pes** \ˈpēz\ the distal segment of the hind limb of a vertebrate including the tarsus and foot

**phalanges** \fəˈlan.jēz\ bodies of heavily armed infantry in ancient Greece

**phalanges** \fəˈlan.jēz\ segments of an insect's tarsus

**pia** \ˈpiā\ the delicate and highly vascular membrane of connective tissue investing the brain and spinal cord (**pia** mater, by shortening)

**pia** \ˈpēə\ a perennial herb of East India, Australasia, and Polynesia cultivated for its large starch-yielding root

**piano** \peˈänə\ in music, softly or quietly

**piano** \peˈanə\ a stringed percussion instrument

**piazza** \peˈazə\ a portico or single colonnade before a building

**piazza** \peˈatzə\ a town square or open market

**pic** \ˈpɪk\ a motion picture or photograph (slang)

**pic** \ˈpēk\ the top of a hill or mountain; in piquet, the scoring of thirty points before one's opponent scores a point

**Pila** \ˈpɪlə\ the type genus of the family Pilidae comprising the apple snails and dextral shells

**pila** \ˈpɪlə\ heavy javelins of a Roman foot soldier

**pila** \ˈpēlə\ a communal fountain

**pili** \peˈlē\ a nut of any of various trees of the genus *Canarium*

**pili** \ˈpēlē\ a perennial grass of worldwide distribution that is used as forage in southwestern U.S.

**pili** \ˈpī,lī\ a hair or a structure resembling a hair

**pin** \ˈpin\ a usually cylindrical piece of wood or metal used for fastening separate articles together

**pin** \ˈpēn\ to flatten or shape by hammering

**pinches** \ˈpēnchāz\ South American marmosets having tufted heads

**pinches** \ˈpinchəz\ presses hard between the ends of the finger and thumb

**pinite** \ˈpē.nīt\ a compact mineral that is essentially muscovite

**pinite** \ˈpī.nīt\ fossil wood

**piqué** \ˈpēkā\ a durable ribbed cotton, rayon, or silk clothing fabric; inlaid, as a knife handle; a glove seam; a ballet movement

**pique** \ˈpēk\ to stimulate by wounding pride or inciting jealousy or rivalry

**pirr** \ˈpīr\ a gust of wind or a flurry

**pirr** \ˈpər\ to blow with a whiz; to speed along

**piscine** \pəˈsēn\ a stone basin with a drain located near the church altar for disposing of water from liturgical ablutions

**piscine** \ˈpi,sīn\ having the characteristics of a fish

**pita** \ˈpēdə\ the century plant; the yucca

**pita** \ˈpētā\ any of several small South American deer

**placer** \ˈplāsər\ a person that places something

**placer** \ˈplāsər\ a deposit containing a valuable mineral

**Planes** \ˈplā.nēz\ a genus of small pelagic crabs

**planes** \ˈplānz\ makes smooth or even; trees of the genus *Platanus*; soars on wings or skims across water

**plaque** \ˈplak\ an ornamental brooch; an inscribed identification tablet; a film of bacteria-harboring mucus on a tooth

**plaqué** \ˈplɑ:kā\ a seal fixed directly to the face of a document

**plat** \ˈplat\ a detailed plan of an area; a small tract of land

**plat** \ˈplā\ a dish of food

**platy** \ˈplād•ē\ consisting of plates or flaky layers

**platy** \ˈplad•ē\ a small stockily built fish native to southern Mexico

**plebes** \ˈplēbz\ firstyear cadets at a military or naval academy

**plebes** \ˈplē,bēz\ common peoples of ancient Rome

**plies** \ˈplīz\ folds or layers of material

**plies** \ˌplēˈāz\ bendings of the knees by a ballet dancer with the back held straight

**poise** \ˈpóiz\ easy composure or manner marked especially by assurance and gracious dignity

**poise** \ˈpwāz\ an absolute measure of viscosity

**policize** \ˈpālə,sīz\ to act in a politic, diplomatic, or crafty manner

**policize** \ˌpōˈlēsīz\ to govern by means of police

**Polish** \ˈpōlēsh\ of, relating to, or characteristic of Poland

**polish** \ˈpōlēsh\ a lace shoe

**polish** \ˈpālīsh\ to make smooth and glossy by a mechanical process; to burnish

**poll** \ˈpōl\ voting at an election; to cut off the head, horns, or treetops

**poll** \ˈpāl\ a college or university degree without honors

**polos** \ˈpōlōz\ games played by teams of players mounted on horseback, on bicycles, or swimming, the object of which is to drive a ball through goalposts

**polos** \ˈpā,lās\ a high crown or headdress of cylindrical shape

**pone** \ˈpōnē\ an original writ now superseded by the writ of certiorari; a player on the dealer's right who cuts the cards

**pone** \ˈpōn\ a cake of stiff cornmeal

**pose** \ˈpōz\ to put or set in place or in a given position

**posé** \ˈpōzā\ a ballet movement in which the dancer steps from one foot to the other with a straight knee

**potty** \ˈpād·ē\ a small child's pot for voiding

**potty** \ˈpāti\ haughty or supercilious in bearing or speech

**pram** \ˈprām\ a small lightweight nearly flatbottomed boat usually with a squared-off bow

**pram** \ˈpram\ a baby carriage; a milk carrier's handcart

**prayer** \ˈprāər\ a supplicant

**prayer** \ˈpreər\ a slight or minimal chance, say to succeed or survive

**Precis** \ˈprēsəs\ a widely distributed genus of chiefly tropical nymphalid butterflies

**précis** \ˈprā'sē\ a brief summary of essential points, statements, or facts

**predicament** \ˈpredēkəmənt\ the character, status, or classification assigned by an affirmation or assertion

**predicament** \ˈprē'dikəmənt\ a difficult, perplexing, or trying situation

**predicate** \ˈpredəkāt\ the part of a sentence or clause that expresses what is said of the subject

**predicate** \ˈpredəkāt\ to affirm, declare, or proclaim

**present** \ˈpre'zent\ to make a gift or donation

**present** \ˈprezənt\ existent; now

**prima** \ˈprēmā\ the first or leading person or item

**prima** \ˈprīmā\ the word at which reading is to be resumed after an interruption

**primer** \ˈprimər\ an elementary instruction book

**primer** \ˈprīmər\ a device to ignite an explosive charge

**Principes** \ˈprɪŋkə,pās\ *Palmales*, a large order of chiefly tropical monocotyledonous plants

**principes** \ˈprɪnsə,pēz\ the head of the state under the Roman Empire

**principes** \ˈprēnsē,pāz\ eldest sons of Spanish or Portuguese kings

**prion** \ˈprēän\ an infectious agent about 100 times smaller than a normal virus

**prion** \ˈprī.än\ any of several petrels of the southern hemisphere

**proceeds** \prō'sēdz\ moves forward from a point

**proceeds** \ˈprō,sēdz\ a total amount brought in

**process** \ˈprō,ses\ to subject to a particular method, system, or technique

**process** \ˈprō'ses\ to move along; to go

**produce** \ˈprō'dyüs\ to bring forth; to give being, form, or shape to

**produce** \ˈprō.düs\ agricultural products and goods

**product** \ˈprädəkt\ something produced

**product** \ˈprədəkt\ to lengthen out

**project** \ˈprä,jekt\ a devised or proposed plan

**project** \ˈprō'jekt\ to throw or cast forward; to put or set forth

**promoter** \ˈprō'mō,tər\ a Scottish university officer who presents university students for degrees

**promoter** \ˈprə'mōtər\ a person or thing that encourages or furthers

**prosthesis** \ˈprästhəsəs\ the addition of a sound or syllable to a word, especially by prefixing

**prosthesis** \ˈpräs'thēsəs\ an artificial device to replace a missing part of the body

**pud** \ˈpəd\ an animal's paw or child's hand

**pud** \ˈpüd\ a penis

**pugh** \ˈpü\ an expression of disgust or disdain

**pugh** \ˈpyü\ a long-handled hooked prong for pitching fish

**pulvini** \,pəlˈvĕ.nī\ clearly defined blocks resting on the capitals of columns in Byzantine and Romanesque architecture

**pulvini** \,pəlˈvīn.nī\ cushionlike enlargements of the base of a petiole or petiolule

**punto** \ˈpən•tō\ to hit, in fencing

**punto** \ˈpüntō\ the ace of trumps, as in ombre

**Pus** \ˈpūs\ a month of the Hindu year

**pus** \ˈpəs\ thick opaque usually yellowish white fluid matter formed in connection with an inflammation

**pussy** \ˈpūsē\ a catkin of the pussy willow; a cat

**pussy** \ˈpəsē\ full of or like pus

**put** \ˈpət\ a blockhead or dolt; to hit a golf ball

**put** \ˈpút\ to place

**putter** \ˈpüd•ər\ a person who puts or places something

**putter** \ˈpəd•ər\ a golf club

**putting** \ˈpütīŋ\ placing in a specified position

**putting** \ˈpətiŋ\ making a golf stroke on or near the green to cause the ball to roll near or into the cup

**putz** \ˈpüts\ a Nativity scene, especially one placed beneath a Christmas tree

**putz** \ˈpəts\ to fool, mess, or putter around or about

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## Group I

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**paramedic**  
**paraphrases**

**passement**

**periphrases**

**pignorate**

**ponderate**

**precedent**

**predominate**

**preponderate**

**progress**

**proofread**

**proportionate**

**proximate**

**purport**

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## Q

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**quart(e)** \ˈkär|t\ a fencer's parry or guard position; a sequence of four playing cards of the same suit

**quart** \ˈkwör|t\ a U.S. liquid measure equal to two pints or  $\frac{1}{4}$  gallon

**Quiche** \ˈkē.chā\ an Indian people of south central Guatemala

**quiche** \ˈkēsh\ a baked custard pie

**quinate** \ˈkwī.nāt\ composed of sets of five

**quinate** \ˈkwī.nāt\ a salt or ester of quinic acid

**quite** \ˈkwīt\ to a considerable extent

**quite** \ˈkētā\ a series of passes made by a matador to attract the bull away from a horse or fallen picador

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## Group I

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**quintuplicate**

## R

**Rabat** \rə'bat\ the capital of Morocco

**rabat** \'rabət\ a polishing material made from potter's clay

**rabat** \'rabē\ a short cloth breast-piece worn by clergymen

**rabat** \rə'bat\ to rotate a plane about a trace into coincidence with another plane

**rabbi** \'ra,bī\ a Jew qualified by study of Jewish civil and religious law to expound and apply it

**rabbi** \'rabē\ a short cloth breast-piece worn by clergymen

**ragged** \'ragəd\ roughly unkempt

**ragged** \'ragd\ persecuted in petty ways

**Rainier** \,rə'nēr\ the highest mountain in Washington state (14,410 feet), and fifth highest mountain in the 48 contiguous United States

**rainier** \'rānēər\ wetter or more showery

**Raja** \'rājə\ a genus of skates

**Raja** \'rājə\ an Indian prince or king

**raja** \'rājə\ a silk clothing fabric with a rough surface

**Rama** \'rāmə\ a Chibchan people of southeastern Nicaragua

**Rama** \'rā.ma\ either the sixth, seventh (the most famous), or the eighth incarnation of Vishnu

**rams** \'ramz\ male sheep; strikes with violence

**rams** \'rāmz\ a card game similar to loo

**Rana** \'rānə\ a nearly cosmopolitan genus of frogs

**rana** \'rānə\ an Indian prince

**rape** \'rāp\ an annual herb of European origin; illicit sexual intercourse without the consent of the victim; an outrageous violation

**rape** \rə'pā\ a highly seasoned hash used in the Middle Ages

**rath** \'rāth\ a hill residence fortified with an earthen wall

**rath** \'rət\ a car or chariot, especially one used to carry an image of a god

**raven** \'rāvən\ a large glossy black bird

**raven** \'ravən\ to devour eagerly or greedily

**rayon** \'rā,än\ a synthetic textile fiber made from modified cellulose

**rayon** \rā:ōn\ a ray or beam; a radius

**read** \'rēd\ the fourth or true digestive stomach of a ruminant

**read** \'red\ interpreted and performed, such as a musical passage

**Reading** \'rediŋ\ a city in southeast Pennsylvania

**reading** \'rēdiŋ\ mentally formulating written words or sentences

**real** \rē'äl\ a former monetary unit of several Spanish American countries and Spain

**real** \'rēl\ actual, true, or objective

**reason** \'rezən\ a horizontal timber over a row of posts supporting a beam

**reason** \'rēzən\ an explanation or justification; to think; the power of comprehending

**rebel** \,rebəl\ opposing or taking arms against the government or ruler of a country

**rebel** \rē'bel\ to feel or exhibit anger or revulsion

**recollect** \,rekə'lekt\ to recall or remember something

**recollect** \:rē•kə'lekt\ to gather together again

**record** \rē'kórd\ to make an account or note of

**record** \'rēkərd\ an officially, or sometimes nonofficially, attested top performance or achievement



**recreate** \ˈrekrē.āt\ to refresh after toil

**recreate** \:rē:krē:āt\ to form anew or again

**redial** \,rēˈdī(ə)\ to remanipulate a dial, as on a telephone or television

**redial** \ˈrēdēəl\ pertaining to a larva produced within the sporocyst of many trematodes

**refuse** \rəˈfyüz\ to decline to accept; to replace a fuse in; to remelt

**refuse** \ˈre.fyüs\ a useless part of something

**regale** \rəˈgāl\ to entertain

**regale** \rəˈgālē\ a royal prerogative; symbols indicative of royal status

**reis** \ˈrīs\ a Muslim ruler, chief, or ship captain

**reis** \ˈrās\ or \ˈrāz\ a former basic monetary unit of Spain and Spanish-America

**relent** \rəˈlent\ to become less severe; to slacken

**relent** \ˈrē.lent\ loaned money again to a borrower

**relict** \ˈrelɪkt\ a widow

**relict** \rəˈlɪkt\ left behind in the process of change

**relievo** \rēˈlēvō\ a mode of sculpture in which forms and figures are distinguished from the surrounding plane surface

**relievo** \rəˈlēvō\ a game in which members of one team are given time to hide, then are sought by those of the other team

**repent** \rəˈpent\ to feel regret or contrition

**repent** \ˈrēpənt\ creeping

**repetition** \,repəˈtishən\ the act of repeating something that has already been said or done

**repetition** \:rē.pəˈtishən\ to again make a request for something

**repress** \rəˈpres\ to restrain

**repress** \ˈrē:pres\ to press again

**reprise** \rəˈprīz\ an annual deduction or charge to be made out of a manor or estate

**reprise** \rəˈprēz\ to repeat the performance

**res** \ˈrās\ in law, a particular thing

**res** \ˈrāz\ second notes in the diatonic scale

**resaca** \rəˈsəkə\ the dry channel or the former often marshy course of a stream

**resaca** \rəˈzākə\ a rebounding billow

**resent** \rēˈzent\ or \rəˈzent\ to feel, express, or exhibit indignant displeasure

**resent** \rēˈsent\ transmitted by means of a repeater; sent again

**reserve** \rēˈzərv\ to keep in store for future or special use

**reserve** \ˈrē.sərv\ to furnish or supply again or anew

**reside** \rəˈzɪd\ to have one's residence or abode

**reside** \rēˈsɪd\ to install new or different siding on a structure

**resole** \ˈrē.sōl\ to put a new sole on a shoe

**resole** \ˈre.zōl\ a fusible resin soluble in alkali and alcohol

**resoluble** \rəˈzäljəbəl\ able to be resolved

**resoluble** \rē:säljəbəl\ able to be dissolved into solution again

**resound** \rəˈzaund\ to become filled with sound; to become renown

**resound** \re:saund\ to sound again

**résumé** \:re|z|ə:mā\ a condensed statement

**resume** \rəˈzüm\ to begin again

**retail** \rəˈtāl\ to relate in detail or to one person after another

**retail** \ˈrē.tāl\ the sale of commodities or goods in small quantities to ultimate consumers

**retiré** \rə:tē:rā\ a ballet movement

**retire** \rəˈtɪr\ to withdraw from activity



**rheum** \ˈrüm\ a watery discharge from mucous membranes of the eye or nose

**Rheum** \ˈrēəm\ a genus of Asiatic herbs with large leaves

**rig** \ˈrē\ an ancient Irish king

**rig** \ˈrig\ to furnish with apparatus or gear; to equip

**rima** \ˈrīmə\ a long narrow aperture; a cleft or fissure

**rima** \ˈrēmə\ a breadfruit

**rissole** \rəˈsɒl\ minced meat or fish covered with pastry and fried in deep fat

**rissole** \ˈrislə\ browned by frying in deep fat

**Rite** \ˈrīt\ the liturgy, especially an historical form of eucharistic service

**rite** \ˈrīt\ a ceremonial act

**rite** \ˈrɪd•ē\ undistinguished achievement in academic requirements for graduation

**river** \ˈrɪvər\ a watercourse

**river** \ˈrɪvər\ a person who splits blocks of wood

**robin** \ˈrəbən\ a large North American thrush; a small European thrush

**robin** \ˈrɒbən\ a toxalbumin similar to the toxic abrin and ricin

**Rochet** \ˈrɒʃə\ a fourth growth red wine from Medoc, France

**rochet** \ˈrɒʃət\ a European gunard (fish) that is chiefly red; a closefitting white ecclesiastical vestment resembling a surplice

**rom** \ˈräm\ a small computer program that cannot be changed by the computer and that contains a special-purpose program (by shortening read-only memory)

**rom** \ˈrɒm\ a male gypsy

**rose** \ˈrɒz\ a flower; a perfume; a moderate purplish red color

**rosé** \rɔːzə\ a table wine made from red grapes

**rouge** \ˈrūzh\ a powdery cosmetic

**rouge** \ˈrūj\ scrimmage in an English type of football

**rower** \ˈrɔər\ a person who rows a boat

**rower** \ˈraüər\ a person who naps cloth by hand

**rows** \ˈrɒz\ propels a boat with oars; continuous lines or strips

**rows** \ˈraüz\ noisy disturbances; heated arguments

**rugged** \ˈrəgd\ covered with a blanket or rug

**rugged** \ˈrəgəd\ hardy, robust, vigorous

**Rum** \ˈrüm\ a term originally applied by Moslems in medieval times to peoples of the Byzantine empire

**rum** \ˈrüm\ a blue dye resembling indigo obtained from an East Indian shrub

**rum** \ˈrəm\ an alcoholic liquor prepared from fermented molasses

**rural** \ˈtʃurəl\ living in the country or farmland areas

**rural** \ˈrūˈräl\ a municipal police officer

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## Group I

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**rearward**

**recast**

**regenerate**

**regress**

**reiterate**

**replicate**

**reset**

**rissole**

## S

**Sabia** \ˈsābēə\ a genus of tropical Asiatic shrubs

**sabia** \səbˈyā\ a Brazilian thrush

**Sabine** \ˈsābīn\ a member of an ancient people inhabiting chiefly the Apennines

**sabine** \ˈsabin\ a red cedar in North America

**sabot** \saˈbɔ\ a wooden work shoe worn in various European countries

**sabot** \ˈsabət\ a shoe having a wide band fitting across the instep

**saga** \ˈsägə\ a prose narrative sometimes of legendary content

**saga** \ˈsägə\ square or rectangular cloaks made of coarse wool

**said** \ˈsed\ expressed in words

**said** \ˈsäid\ an Islamic chief or leader

**sake** \ˈsākē\ a Japanese alcoholic beverage made from fermented rice

**sake** \ˈsāk\ enhancement of an object or group

**sal** \ˈsäl\ an East Indian timber tree

**sal** \ˈsal\ salt

**saline** \səˈlēn\ a spring of salt water

**saline** \ˈsälən\ a crude potash obtained from beet residues

**Saliva** \ˈsäləvə\ a people of the Orinoco valley, Venezuela

**saliva** \səˈlīvə\ a viscid secretion in the mouth

**saltier** \ˈsɔl.tēər\ more engagingly provocative

**saltier** \ˈsal.tīr\ in heraldry, an ordinary consisting of a bend dexter and a bend sinister crossing in the center of the field

**salve** \ˈsav\ a healing ointment

**salve** \ˈsalv\ to save from destruction

**salve** \ˈsal.vē\ an exclamation of greeting; hail

**salver** \ˈsavər\ a person who salves or cures

**salver** \ˈsalvər\ a tray for serving food and beverages

**Same** \ˈsämē\ sometimes \ˈsaami\ a member of a people of northern Scandinavia, Finland, and the Kola peninsula of northern Russia who are typically nomadic herders of reindeer, fishermen, and hunters of sea mammals (preferable to “Laplander”)

**same** \ˈsām\ resembling in every way

**San** \ˈsän\ a race of nomadic hunters of southern Africa now chiefly confined to the Kalahari desert

**san** \ˈsan\ a sanatorium (by shortening)

**sancho** \ˈsaŋkō\ a primitive guitar with fiber strings

**sancho** \ˈsanchō\ the nine of trumps in sancho pedro

**sang** \ˈsaŋ\ produced musical tones with the voice

**sang** \ˈsəŋ\ a Persian harp of the Middle Ages

**Santal** \ˌsənˈtäl\ a member of a Kolarian people in southeastern Bihar and adjacent Bengal

**santal** \ˈsantə\ a crystalline compound derived from flavone and obtained from red sandalwood and cam wood

**santon** \ˈsantən\ a saint in Muslim countries

**santon** \säˈn.tō\ a small clay image usually of a saint

**sapo** \ˈsä.pō\ a toadfish

**sapo** \ˈsä.pō\ a sodium soap, such as castile soap

**Sara** \səˈrō\ a people of the Carolinas tentatively assigned to the Siouan language family

**Sara** \ˈsä.rə\ a people of the Shari river in central Africa

**sardine** \sär,dēn\ any of several small or immature clupeid fishes

**sardine** \sär,dīn\ a deep orange-red variety of chalcedony

**sat** \sət\ rested in a position in which the body is essentially vertical and supported chiefly on the buttocks

**sat** \sət\ eternal and immutable existence, in Hinduism

**sate** \sāt\ to cloy with overabundance

**sate** \,sā'tā\ an Indonesian and Malaysian dish of marinated, bite-sized pieces of meat

**satiné** \sətə'n,ā\ a timber tree of Brazil and the Guianas

**satine** \sa,tēn\ a smooth durable lustrous fabric usually made of cotton

**saucier** \sôs,ēər\ more impudent

**saucier** \sôs,yā\ an assistant chef who specializes in preparing sauces and soups

**saucy** \sasē\ smart or trim, as a ship or automobile

**saucy** \saasē\ marked by impertinent boldness or forwardness

**scamper** \skampər\ to run away or flee

**scamper** \skamp,ər\ a person who performs in a hasty, neglectful, or imperfect manner

**scena** \shānə\ a scene or accompanied dramatic recitative in an opera

**scena** \sēnə\ the structure of an ancient Greek theater behind the orchestra facing the cavea

**scragged** \skragd\ executed by hanging or garrotting

**scragged** \skragəd\ lean or scrawny

**second** \sə'känd\ to remove a person temporarily from one position for employment elsewhere; to lend someone temporarily to another organization

**second** \sekənd\ next to the first in value or degree

**secretæ** \sə'krätä\ a prayer said in a low or inaudible voice by the celebrant just before the preface in the mass

**secretæ** \sə'krədə\ private seals

**secrete** \sə'krēt\ to produce or generate in the manner of a gland

**secrète** \sə'kret\ a 17th century steel skull-cap worn under a soft hat

**seer** \sēər\ a person who sees

**seer** \sir\ a person who predicts events or developments; a prophet

**semis** \semēz\ semifinished metal; trucking rigs

**semis** \sə'mē\ a scattering repetition of small design motifs to produce an overall pattern

**Separate** \sepərət\ a member of a group favoring revivalism and emotionalism in religion

**separate** \sepə,rāt\ to divide, sever, or detach

**Sere** \sārā\ one of a Negroid people in eastern Sudan

**sere** \sārā\ in Hebrew, a vowel point written below its consonant

**sere** \sir\ dried up or withered

**Serer** \sə'rer\ a Negro of a people who dwell about Cape Vert, Senegal

**serer** \sirər\ more dried up or withered

**Seres** \sirēz\ a people of eastern Asia mentioned by Greeks and Romans as making silk fabrics

**seres** \sirz\ periods of dryness

**seton** \sētən\ one or more threads or horsehairs, or a strip of linen introduced beneath the skin

**seton** \set,ən\ the place or way in which a thing is set on

**severer** \sə'viər\ or \sē'viər\ more strict or uncompromising in judgment or discipline

**severer** \sevər,er\ a person who divides or breaks up into parts

**sew** \sə\ to fasten with stitches of thread or filament

**sew** \sü\ to become grounded, as a ship

**sewer** \ˈsɔər\ a person who fastens by stitches of thread or filament

**sewer** \ˈsüər\ a conduit to carry off waste material

**shames** \ˈshäməs\ the sexton of a synagogue; the candle used to light the other candles in a Hanukkah menorah

**shames** \ˈshämz\ covers with contempt; dishonors or disgraces

**shaves** \ˈshavz\ the two long pieces of wood between which a horse is hitched to a vehicle

**shaves** \ˈshävz\ removes a thin layer from

**Shin** \ˈshēn\ a major Japanese Buddhist sect growing out of Jodo

**shin** \ˈshēn\ the 22nd letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**shin** \ˈshin\ the front part of a leg below the knee

**shove** \ˈshəv\ to cause to go by the application of force

**shove** \ˈshöv\ a thin wooden bung for casks or a thin flat cork for stopping a widemouthed bottle

**shower** \ˈshör\ a person who exhibits or demonstrates

**shower** \ˈshäuər\ a rainfall of short duration; a party given by friends to present a person with gifts

**sika** \ˈsəkə\ any of several deers of the eastern Asiatic mainland closely related to the Japanese deer

**sika** \ˈsikə\ a flea which is common in the West Indies and South America

**simile** \ˈsimələ\ a figure of speech comparing two unlike things, as “a heart as cold as stone”

**simile** \ˈsemə.lä\ a musical direction to continue whatever has been previously directed

**sin** \ˈsin\ a transgression of religious law; a serious offense

**sin** \ˈsēn\ the 21st letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**singer** \ˈsɪŋər\ a person who produces musical tones with the voice

**singer** \ˈsɪŋər\ a person who sings, as a textile worker with cloth

**siris** \ˈsɪrɪz\ climbing peppers whose leaves are wrapped around or mixed with a whole betel nut

**siris** \səˈrēs\ an Asiatic tree having flowers with long silky stamens, or a silk tree

**sis** \ˈsɛz\ plural of the seventh tone of the diatonic scale

**sis** \ˈsɪs\ sister (by shortening)

**Siva** \ˈsevə\ one of the supreme deities of Hinduism

**siva** \ˈsɛvə\ a western Polynesian gesture dance with vocal accompaniment

**skean** \ˈskān\ a loosely coiled length of yarn or thread

**skean** \ˈskēn\ a bronze double-edged dagger used in Ireland

**skene** \ˈskēnə\ the structure of an ancient Greek theater behind the orchestra facing the cavea

**skene** \ˈskēn\ a bronze doubleedged dagger used in Ireland

**skied** \ˈskēd\ glided over snow or water on skis

**skied** \ˈskɪd\ hit a ball high in the air; rose precipitously

**skiver** \ˈskɪvər\ to skewer or impale

**skiver** \ˈskɪvər\ a thin soft leather made of the grain side of a split sheepskin

**slaver** \ˈslāvər\ a person engaged in the trade of persons held in servitude

**slaver** \ˈslavər\ or \ˈslävər\ to let saliva dribble from the mouth (rarely 'släver)

**sliver** \ˈslɪvər\ a splinter or fragment

**sliver** \ˈslɪvər\ a loose soft untwisted strand of textile fiber produced by a carding machine and ready for drawing or roving

**slouch** \ˈslauch\ a person devoid of energy; to stoop one's head and shoulders

**slouch** \ˈslüch\ a pipe through which an engine takes up water

**slough** \ˈslü\ a marshy place

**slough** \ˈsləf\ something shed or cast off

**slough** \ˈslaü\ to strike heavily

**SOB** \ˌe,səˈbē\ a son-of-a-bitch

**sob** \ˈsəb\ to cry or weep; a noise made while weeping

**Sol** \ˈsäl\ the sun

**sol** \ˈsäl\ gold as used in alchemy; a fluid colloidal system; the sunny side or section of a bullfight arena

**sol** \ˈsöl\ the fifth tone of the diatonic scale in solmization

**sola** \ˈsölä\ an East Indian shrubby herb the pith of which is used to make hats and toys

**sola** \ˈsölə\ an unduplicated bill of exchange

**Solea** \ˈsölēə\ the type genus of Soleidae, a family of flatfishes comprising the typical soles

**solea** \səˈleə\ a raised part of the floor in front of the inner sanctuary in an Eastern Orthodox Church

**son** \sən\ the male offspring of human beings

**son** \ˈsɒn\ a folk song of Cuba, Mexico, and Central America; a Latin American ballroom dance

**sonar** \səˈnär\ a member of a Hindu artisan caste of goldsmiths and silversmiths

**sonar** \ˈsɒ.när\ a device that detects the presence of and location of a submerged object by means of sonic and ultrasonic waves

**sones** \ˈsɒnəs\ folk songs of Central America, Cuba, and Mexico

**sones** \ˈsɒnz\ subjective units of loudness for a given listener

**sorites** \ˈsɔr.ɪtz\ indifferent commonly amoeboid interstitial cells

**sorites** \səˈrɪdēz\ an abridged form of stating a series of syllogisms in a series of propositions

**sortie** \ˈsɔrdē\ the sudden issuing of troops from a defensive position to attack or harass the enemy

**sortie** \sɔrˈtē\ an entry aria in opera

**soufflé** \su:flā\ an entree or dessert made with white sauce and eggs

**souffle** \ˈsüfəl\ a blowing sound heard when monitoring internal body parts

**sous** \ˈsü\ of subordinate rank

**sous** \ˈsaüs\ the space outside the white ring of an archery target

**sous** \ˈsüs\ the smallest pieces of money

**sow** \ˈsə\ to plant or scatter seed

**sow** \ˈsau\ an adult female swine

**spathose** \ˈspa.thōs\ composed of or arranged in a thin plate or plates

**spathose** \ˈspā.thōs\ having a sheathing bract or pair of bracts subtending or enclosing an inflorescence, in plants

**spier** \ˈspɪrē\ a person that watches in a furtive or stealthy manner

**spier** \ˈspɪrē\ a fixed and often architecturally treated screen

**spiry** \ˈspɪər\ rising in a slender tapering form to a point

**spiry** \ˈspɪər\ curving or coiling in spirals

**springer** \ˈsprɪŋər\ a person or animal that moves by leaps or bounds

**springer** \ˈsprɪŋər\ a person who sets a trap or ensnarement

**Squalid** \ˈskwäləd\ relating to the Squalidae, a family of sharks having a spine in each dorsal fin

**squalid** \ˈskwäləd\ marked by filthiness and degradation, usually from neglect (seldom ˈskwäləd)

**stark** \ˈstärk\ lacking in flexibility or suppleness; rigid

**stark** \ˈshtärk\ loudly or forte, in music

**statist** \ˈstātəst\ an advocate of concentrating all economic controls and planning in the hands of a highly centralized government

**statist** \ˈstatəst\ a person who collects statistics

**steinbock** \ˈstēn.bāk\ any small antelope of the plains of southern and eastern Africa

**steinbock** \ˈstīn.bāk\ one of several wild goats living in the Alps

**stingy** \ˈstɪnjē\ reluctant to part with something

**stingy** \ˈstɪŋē\ having a sting

**stipes** \ˈstīps\ short stalks or supports

**stipes** \ˈstī.pēz\ the second basal segment of a maxilla of an insect or crustacean

**stipulate** \ˈstɪpyə.lāt\ to specify as a condition or requirement of an agreement or offer

**stipulate** \ˈstɪpyəl.ət\ furnished with stipules, the leaflike or membranous appendages that arise at the base of a leaf

**subject** \ˈsəbjəkt\ something that forms an underlying theme or topic

**subject** \səbˈjekt\ to bring under control or domination; to reduce to submission

**Sung** \ˈsʊŋ\ relating to, or having the characteristics of the period of the Sung dynasty of China

**sung** \ˈsəŋ\ to produce musical tones by means of the voice

**sup** \ˈsʊp\ in mathematics, a least upper bound

**sup** \ˈsəp\ to eat supper or the evening meal

**suppliance** \ˈsəplēəns\ a supplication or entreaty

**suppliance** \səˈplēəns\ the act or process of supplying

**supply** \səˈplɪ\ to provide or furnish

**supply** \ˈsəplē\ in a limber or compliant manner

**sure** \ˈshʊrz\ certainties

**sure** \ˈsü.rās\ southerly winds on the coasts of Chile and Peru

**swinger** \ˈswɪŋər\ a person or thing that sways to and fro

**swinger** \ˈswɪŋər\ a person that sings or scorches the pinfeathers off, as of poultry

**syringes** \səˈrɪnjəz\ devices used to inject fluids into or withdraw them from the body or its cavities

**syringes** \səˈrɪn.jēz\ vocal organs of birds that are a special modification of the lower part of the trachea and/or the bronchi

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## Group I

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**satiate**

**saturate**

**says**

**scleroses**

**segment**

**snagged**

**stark**

**stenoses**

**subordinate**

**subsequence**

**suspect**

**syndicate**

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## T

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**tain** \ˈtān\ thin tin plates

**tain** \ˈthōn\ one of a class of Irish epic tales, the central theme of which is a marauding expedition for cattle

**tales** \ˈtālz\ narratives of events

**tales** \ˈtālēz\ persons added to a jury from those in a courthouse

**tali** \ˈtā.lī\ ankles, especially of human beings

**tali** \ˈtālē\ a gold piece tied about a bride's neck by the bridegroom in India that is worn during his life

**tally** \ˈtōlī\ in a tall manner

**tally** \ˈtalī\ a reckoning or recorded account of something

**tallyho** \.talēˈhō\ a dark grayish yellowish brown color; a four-in-hand coach

**tallyho** \ˈtalē.hō\ to utter the cry sounded by hunters upon sighting the fox

**Tampan** \ˈtampən\ a native or resident of Tampa, Florida

**tampan** \ˈtam.pən\ any of various argasid ticks, especially the chicken tick

**Tan** \ˈdän\ a boat-dwelling people whose boats form compact colonies in the river, especially at Canton and Foo-chow, China

**tan** \ˈtan\ to covert skin into leather; a brownish color

**Tana** \ˈtänə\ a small genus of Bornean and Sumatran tree shrews

**Tana** \ˈtänə\ one of the rabbis of Palestine during the first two centuries A.D.

**tana** \ˈthónə\ Irish epic tales the central theme of which is a marauding expedition for cattle

**Tang** \ˈtäŋ\ having characteristics of the Tang dynasty in China

**tang** \ˈtaŋ\ a sharp distinctive flavor; the extension of a knife blade that connects with the handle

**tangi** \ˈtaŋē\ a lamentation or dirge that accompanies a Maori funeral rite

**tangi** \ˈtän.gē\ a narrow gorge

**Tangier** \tanˈjir\ a major Moroccan seaport near the Strait of Gibraltar; a strong orange color

**tangier** \ˈtaŋēər\ having a sharper or more distinctive flavor

**tank** \ˈtäŋk\ a unit of weight for pearls equal to about .15 ounce

**tank** \ˈtank\ a usually large artificial receptacle used for holding, storing, or transporting liquor

**Tanka** \ˈdänˈgä\ a boat-dwelling people whose boats form compact colonies in the river, especially at Canton and Foo-chow, China

**tanka** \ˈtäŋkə\ a Japanese fixed form of verse of five lines; a Tibetan religious painting

**Taos** \ˈtaüs\ a Taoan people occupying a pueblo in New Mexico

**taos** \ˈdaüz\ paths of virtuous conduct, in Confucianism

**tap** \ˈtap\ a light usually audible blow or rap

**tap** \ˈtəp\ malarial fever

**tapa** \ˈtäpə\ a coarse cloth made in the Pacific islands from pounded bark of a variety of plants

**tapa** \ˈtäpä\ a snack or appetizer

**Tapé** \.täˈpä\ an Indian of a former Tupian tribe dwelling on the headwaters of the Uruguay River

**tape** \ˈtäp\ a narrow limp or flexible strip or band

**Tara** \ˈtärä\ a savior goddess, in Buddhism

**tara** \ˈtärä\ a fern or brake, the thickened rootstalk of which is eaten

**tara** \ˈtärä\ a book palm

**tarry** \ˈtarē\ to linger, dawdle, or procrastinate

**tarry** \ˈtäre\ covered with tar

**Tat** \ˈtä\ an agricultural people living in scattered groups throughout Transcaucasia

**tat** \ˈtä\ a coarse fabric stretched on a frame and used for withering tea leaves

**tat** \ˈtä\ to make delicate handmade lace

**tattoo** \täˈtü\ to mark the skin by pricking in coloring matter; a call or signal sounded shortly before taps

**tattoo** \ˈtätü\ a native-bred pony of India



**Tatu** \ˈtātü\ a genus of armadillos

**Tatu** \ˈtātü\ an Indian people of the Eel river valley in northwestern California

**taw** \ˈtò\ a marble used as a shooter; to convert skin into white leather

**taw** \ˈtäf\ the 23rd letter of the Hebrew alphabet

**taxes** \ˈtaksəs\ pecuniary charges imposed by a public authority

**taxes** \ˈtak.sēz\ manual restorations of displaced body parts, as reductions or a hernia; reflex movements by a freely motile and usually simple organism

**taxis** \ˈtaksəs\ a manual restoration of displaced body parts, as the reduction of a hernia; a reflex movement by a freely motile and usually simple organism

**taxi(e)s** \ˈtaxēs\ chauffeur-driven automobiles available on call to transport passengers usually within a city for a fare (by shortening)

**tear** \ˈtir\ a drop of fluid secreted by the lacrimal gland near the eye

**tear** \ˈtar\ to divide or separate forcibly

**teer** \ˈtēər\ a golfer who places the ball on the tee

**teer** \ˈter\ to stir up, as colors in block calico printing

**temps** \ˈtempz\ temperatures, tempos, or temporary employees (by shortening)

**temps** \ˈtäñ\ a part of a ballet step without change of weight

**tenués** \ˈtənué\ modes of dress; bearings or deportments

**tenués** \ˈtenyə.wēz\ unaspirated voiceless stops

**terminate** \ˈtərmə.nāt\ to bring to an ending or cessation in time, sequence, or continuity

**terminate** \ˈtərmənət\ indicating an action as a whole

**terrace** \ˈterəs\ a raised embankment with the top leveled; a gallery or portico

**terrace** \ˈtəˈras\ a light-colored volcanic tuff resembling pozzolana

**tested** \ˈtestəd\ determined the attributes or performance characteristics of

**tested** \ˈtestəd\ having the witnessing or concluding clause of a writ attached

**Thais** \ˈtīz\ natives or inhabitants of Thailand

**Thais** \ˈthāəs\ a widely distributed genus comprising marine shells with a rough thick shell

**theoric** \ˈthēˈorik\ relating to an ancient Greek public spectacle

**theoric** \ˈthēarik\ an early astronomical device for calculating positions of celestial bodies

**thou** \ˈthəu\ the person being addressed

**thou** \ˈthəu\ a thousand of anything

**Thule** \ˈtülē\ belonging to the Eskimo culture extending over arctic lands from Alaska to Greenland about A.D. 500–1400; a settlement in northwest Greenland

**Thule** \ˈthülē\ the northernmost part of the habitable world

**thus** \ˈthəs\ in this or that manner or way

**thus** \ˈthəs\ the oleoresin that hardens on a tree and is scraped off

**tier** \ˈtir\ a row, rank, or layer of articles

**tier** \ˈtīər\ a person who fastens, closes openings, or binds articles

**tierce** \ˈtirs\ any of various units of liquid capacity, especially one equal to 42 wine gallons; the tone two octaves and a major third above a given tone

**tiercé** \ˈtir:sā\ in heraldry, divided into three parts of different tinctures or bearing different coats of arms

**till** \ˈtəl\ used as a fuction word indicating position before a clock hour

**till** \ˈtil\ to turn or stir and prepare for seed; a money drawer

**ting** \ˈtiŋ\ a high-pitched sound, as made by a small bell

**ting** \ˈdiŋ\ an ancient Chinese ceremonial vessel

**tinged** \ˈtiŋd\ slightly shaded or discolored



**tinged** \ˈtɪŋd\ made a high-pitched sound, as made by a small bell

**titi** \ˈtɪ, tɪ\ a tree found in the southern U.S.

**titi** \ˈtɪˈtɛ\ a small South American monkey

**titi** \ˈtɛ, tɛ\ a New Zealand blue-footed petrel

**toilé** \tʷä:lā\ a closely worked solid pattern in lace making that is contrasted with a net ground

**toile** \ˈtʷäl\ a cloth consisting of various fibers

**ton** \ˈtɒn\ a unit of U.S. weight equal to 2,000 pounds

**ton** \ˈtɒn\ the prevailing fashion or mode

**tonal** \ˈtɒnəl\ the force that acts on the mass of a ton to accelerate it equal to one foot per second squared

**tonal** \ˈtɒnəl\ relating to the principle of organizing musical chords and notes in recognition of key relationships

**tone** \ˈtɒn\ a vocal or musical sound; a color quality or value

**tone** \ˈdɒnə\ a fishing or coastwise trading boat of India

**tonite** \ˈtɒ, nɪt\ a blasting explosive consisting of pulverized gun cotton impregnated with barium nitrate

**tonite** \tɒˈnɪt\ on this present night or the night following this present day (simplified spelling of tonight)

**toots** \ˈtʊts\ sounds a note or call suggesting the short blast of a wind instrument

**toots** \ˈtʊts\ a woman or girl (slang)

**topi** \tɒˈpɛ\ a lightweight helmet-like hat with a curved brim

**topi** \ˈtɒpɛ\ an antelope of eastern Central Asia

**touches** \ˈtəʃəz\ perceives or experiences through the tactile sense; handles

**touchés** \tʷüˈshāz\ used to acknowledge hits in fencing, successes of arguments, or accuracies of accusations

**tout** \ˈtʷäut\ to solicit patronage or canvass for customers

**tout** \ˈtʷüt\ winning in a game every thing in sight; to proclaim loudly

**tower** \ˈtʷɔər\ a person or animal that pulls a barge or boat; a person who smoothes ceramic ware

**tower** \ˈtʷäʊər\ a high vertical structure

**traject** \ˈtra, jekt\ a place for passing across; a crossing route

**traject** \trɒˈjekt\ to transmit light through space or a medium

**transect** \tranˈsekt\ to cut across or transversely

**transect** \ˈtran, sekt\ a sample area of vegetation usually in the form of a narrow continuous strip

**transform** \tranzˈfɔrm\ to change completely or essentially in composition or structure

**transform** \ˈtranz, fɔrm\ the substitution of one configuration for or the alternation of a mathematical expression into another in accord with a mathematical rule

**travail** \trɒˈvāl\ physical or mental exertion, especially of a painful or laborious nature

**travail** \trɒˈvɪ\ a primitive vehicle used by the Plains Indians of North America

**tréf** \ˈtrāv\ a homestead or hamlet acting as a single community

**tréf** \ˈtrāf\ ritually unclean according to Jewish law

**Triodia** \trɪˈɔdɛə\ a genus of American perennial grasses

**triodia** \trɪˈɔdɛə\ any grass of the genus *Triodia*

**triodia** \trɛˈɔθɪyá\ a liturgical book of the Eastern church

**trite** \ˈtrɪt\ stale or hackneyed

**trite** \ˈtrɪ, tɛ\ a notation in ancient Greek music

**Triton** \ˈtrɪtɒn\ one of a class of minor sea divinities or partly human monsters, as the mermaid

**triton** \ˈtrɪtɒn\ any of the very large marine gastropod mollusks

**triton** \ˈtrɪ.tən\ the nucleus of the tritium atom; *trinitrotoluene* (TNT or dynamite)

**Troglodytes** \ˌtrɔɡlɔˈdɪ.tēz\ a genus of typical wrens

**troglodytes** \ˈtrɑɡə.dɪtɪz\ members of primitive people dwelling in caves or pits

**tropical** \ˈtrɒpəkəl\ rhetorically changed from its exact original sense

**tropical** \ˈträpəkəl\ a lightweight suiting of various fibers

**trough** \ˈtrɒl\ any various bowls, tanks, or basins in which something is prepared or processed by kneading, in baking

**trough** \ˈtrɒf\ a conduit for water or liquid

**tuberose** \ˈtü.brōz\ a Mexican bulbous herb commonly cultivated for its spike of fragrant white flowers

**tuberose** \ˈtübə.rōs\ resembling a short thickened fleshy stem or root

**tun** \ˈtən\ a large cask

**tun** \ˈtün\ a period of 360 days used as the basis of the Mayan calendar

**turbines** \ˈtərbənz\ rotary engines actuated by the reaction and/or impulse of a current of fluid subject to pressure

**turbines** \ˈtərbə.nēz\ any of numerous marine snails with thick spiral nacreous shell

**Tush** \ˈtʊʃ\ a member of the Georgian people north of Tiflis

**tush** \ˈtʊʃ\ buttocks (slang)

**tush** \ˈtəʃh\ a long pointed tooth; a tusk

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## Group I

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**thromboses**

**topgallant**

**transgress**

**transplant**

**transport**

**treen**

**treffe**

**triturate**

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## U

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**Ulva** \ˈʌlvə\ a genus of green seaweeds

**Ulva** \ˈʌlvə\ a people of Nicaragua and Honduras

**um** \ˈəm\ a murmured interjection expressing hesitation or inarticulateness

**um** \ˈüm\ a mantra in Hinduism representing the triple constitution of the cosmos

**umbones** \,əmˈbōnēz\ the bosses of shields sometimes having sharp spikes

**umbones** \ˈəm.bōnz\ the lateral prominences just above the hinge of a bivalve shell

**umph** \ˈhəmf\ an expression of skepticism or disgust

**umph** \ˈümf\ personal charm or magnetism, spirit, or sex appeal

**unanimate** \ənˈanəmət\ not enlivened; dull

**unanimate** \yüˈnanəmət\ to make unanimated

**uncrooked** \:ənˈkrükət\ not turned or bent from a straight line

**uncrooked** \:ənˈkrükəd\ honest or reliable

**underage** \ˈændərˈaj\ less than mature or legal age

**underage** \ˈændərɪj\ a shortage or deficit

**underair** \ˈændərˌer\ the lowest stratum of the atmosphere

**underair** \,ændərˈer\ to give insufficient ventilation

**undercast** \ˈændərˌkast\ a passage for air carried under a road or floor

**undercast** \ˈʌndərˈkɑst\ to carry underneath or on the lower side of

**underdrive** \ˈʌndərˌdriːv\ a transmission gear which transmits to the drive shaft a speed less than engine speed or less than the speed provided by the normal gear set

**underdrive** \ˈʌndərˌdriːv\ to impart forward from beneath

**underlayer** \ˈʌndərˌlāər\ a substratum

**underlayer** \ˈʌndərˌlāər\ a cobbler

**underman** \ˈʌndərˌmæn\ a person who is subordinate or inferior to another in some way

**underman** \ˈʌndərˌmæn\ to furnish with an inadequate personnel force or leave short-handed

**unionize** \ˈyünyəˌnīz\ to form into a labor union

**unionize** \:ənˈiəˌnīz\ to cancel or destroy an equivalent number of oppositely charged ions

**unPolish** \:ənˈpōlish\ not characteristic of Poland or its people

**unpolish** \:ənˈpālīsh\ to make dull; to remove or deprive of polish

**unwind** \:ənˈwīnd\ to uncoil, disentangle, or straighten out

**unwind** \:ənˈwīnd\ to deflate or remove the wind from

**upset** \ˈʌpˌset\ a physical disorder or slight illness

**upset** \ˈʌpˌset\ to defeat unexpectedly

**upwind** \:əpˈwīnd\ to roll or coil upward

**upwind** \:əpˈwīnd\ in a position toward the direction from which the wind is blowing

**use** \ˈyüs\ a part of a sermon in which a doctrine is applied to life; a rough block of iron or steel suitable for working up into small forgings or for welding in making larger ones

**use** \ˈyüz\ to spend time in some occupation, interest, or activity

**used** \ˈyüzd\ employed in accomplishing something

**used** \ˈyüst\ accustomed; experienced

**user** \ˈyüzər\ a person who uses alcoholic beverages or drugs

**user** \ˈüˌzər\ the exercise of a right to the enjoyment of property

**Uta** \ˈyüd•ə\ a large genus of iguanid lizards

**uta** \ˈüd•ə\ a skin infection occurring in Central and South America

**utas** \ˈütuz\ Japanese songs of any kind, generally applied to verses, especially the tanka

**utas** \ˈütəs\ the octave (eighth day) of a church feast or festival

**Uvea** \üˈvā\ the Polynesian language of the Wallis islands

**uvea** \ˈyüvəə\ the posterior pigmented layer of the iris and eye

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## Group I

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**ultimate**

**unable**

**uncleanly**

**underdose**

**underlet**

**underlie**

**underreach**

**underset**

**unlearned**

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 V
 

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**vale** \ˈvāl\ a low-lying area usually containing a stream

**vale** \ˈv|älā\ a salutation on leave-taking

**vat** \ˈvat\ a large vessel, tub, or barrel

**vat** \ˈvāt\ a temple or other religious monument

**veer** \ˈvir\ to shift from one direction or position to another

**veer** \ˈvēr\ a smith who hammers blocks of metal or wood that are used as wedges, shims, or lever fulcrums

**vice** \ˈvis\ evil conduct

**vice** \ˈvisē\ in place of

**vide** \ˈvidē\ see (to direct a reader to another item)

**vide** \ˈvəd\ a musical direction indicating a passage to be omitted

**Viola** \vīˈōlə\ a genus of leafy stemmed herbs or undershrubs, including the pansy and violet

**viola** \vēˈōlə\ a musical instrument of the violin family (seldom vīˈōlə)

**violet** \ˈvīələt\ a plant of the genus *Viola*; a reddish blue color

**violet** \ˈvīə.let\ a tenor viol having usually seven strings

**violist** \ˈvīələst\ a person who plays the viol

**violist** \vēˈōləst\ a person who plays the viola

**vise** \ˈvis\ a two-jawed tool for holding work

**visé** \ˈvē,zā\ a visa

**visto** \ˈvē.stō\ in music, very quick

**visto** \ˈvis.tō\ a vista

**viva** \ˈvēvə\ an expression of good will or approval

**viva** \ˈvīvə\ an oral examination

**vole** \ˈvōl\ a rodent closely related to lemmings and muskrats

**volé** \vōˈlā\ a ballet step that is executed with the greatest possible elevation

**volet** \vōˈlet\ a short flowing veil worn by women in the Middle Ages

**volet** \vōˈlā\ either of the folding side compartments or wings of a triptych

**volte** \ˈvalt\ or \ˈvölt\ a gait in which the horse moves sideways and turns around a center

**volte** \ˈvöltā\ an early French dance with pivots and high springs

**volva** \ˈvālvə\ a membranous bulbous sac or cup surrounding the base of the stipe in many gill fungi

**volva** \ˈvālvä\ a wise woman or seeress in Norse mythology

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**Group I**


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**vitiate**

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 W
 

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**Wagnerite** \ˈvāgnə.rīt\ an adherent of Wagner's theory of operatic composition

**wagnerite** \ˈvāgnə.rīt\ magnesium fluorophosphate

**wall** \ˈwōl\ the external layer of structural material surrounding an object

**wall** \ˈwəl\ to roll the eyes so as to show the white

**who** \ˈwü\ an expression of sudden excitement, astonishment, or relief

**who** \ˈhü\ the cry of an owl

**wicked** \ˈwikəd\ of evil character

**wicked** \:wikt\ having a wick, as a lamp

**winder** \ˈwīndər\ a worker or machine that winds yarn or thread

**winder** \ˈwīndər\ something that takes the breath away, as a hard blow with the fist or a fast run

**winds** \ˈwīndz\ twists, coils, or curls

**winds** \ˈwīndz\ natural air movements

**won** \ˈwən\ gained victory in a contest

**won** \ˈwän\ the basic monetary unit of South Korea since 1962

**woodward** \ˈwú.dwərd\ toward a wood

**woodward** \ˈwú.dwórd\ an officer charged with guarding a forest

**wound** \ˈwüend\ an injury to the body

**wound** \ˈwaund\ encircled

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## Group I

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**winged**

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## Y

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**ya** \ˈya\ an expression of disgust, contempt, defiance, or derision

**ya** \ˈyǎ\ scholarly transliteration of the Hebrew tetragrammatron that constitutes a divine proper name, such as Jehovah

**yang** \ˈyǎŋ\ the masculine and positive principle in Chinese cosmology that interacts with its opposite yin; a Siamese gurjun balsam tree

**yang** \ˈyaŋ\ a cry of the wild goose

**Yonkers** \ˈyǎŋkərz\ a large suburb of New York City

**yonkers** \ˈyǎŋkərz\ young men

**yungas** \ˈyüŋgəz\ densely wooded valleys or slopes in South America

**yungas** \ˈyüŋgəs\ a Peruvian rice rat

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## Z

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**Zemi** \ˈzāmē\ a Naga people found chiefly in the Barail area of the Assam-Myanmar frontier region

**zemi** \zəˈmē\ an object believed to be the dwelling place of a spirit and to possess magical potency

**Zonites** \zōˈnīdēz\ the type genus of the family *Zonitidae* snails

**zonites** \ˈzō.nītz\ body segments of a diplopod

# Appendix: Unusual Groupings

## Homophones

### *Five or more 1-syllable words*

ai - ay - aye - eye - I/i  
air - are - e'er - ere - err - eyre - heir

Baal/baal - bael - bail - bale  
bait - bate - Bete/bete - beth  
baos - boughs - bouse - bouws - bows  
baule - bole - boll - Bolle - bowl  
beau - beaux - bo - boh - boo - bow  
beurre - birr - buhr - bur - bur(r)  
bharal - birl - birle - burl - burrel - burrel  
bi - buy - by - bye - 'bye  
braes - braise - brays - braze - breys  
- brys

calf - calve - coff - cough - Kaf - kaph -  
koff  
calk - Cauc - cauk - caul - cawk  
cart - carte - kart - quart - quart(e)  
cat - cot - cote - Kot - xat  
cay - k - qua - quai - quay  
cees - C's - psis - seas - sees - seize - sis  
- Szis  
chou - shoux - shoe - shoo - shu  
crews - cruise - crus - cruse - krewes -  
Krus  
croes - Cros/cros - Crows/crows - croze

Dan/dan - dawn - don - Tan  
daos - dauws - dhows - dows - dowse  
- taos

gnu - knew - new - Nu/nu

hays - haze - he(h)s - heighs - heis - heys  
heugh - hoo - Hu - who - whoo  
Ho/ho - hoe - Hoh - whoa  
hoos - hoose - whos - who's - whose

knot - nat - naught - naut - not

lacks - lacs - Lak(h)s - laks - lax  
lais - lase - lays - laze - leas - leis - les -  
leys  
Lak(h)s - lax - lochs - locks - lox  
leachy - lichi - Litchi/litchi  
leud - lewd - lood - looed - lowed - lude  
lieu - loo - Loup/loup - Lu

meuse - mews - mus - Muse/muse  
mhos - mohs - mos - mots - mows  
mohr - moire - Moor/moor - mor - more  
mohr - Moor/moor - more - mower

oohs - ooze - whos - who's - whose

packs - PACS/pacs - pacts - Paks - Pax/  
pax  
peer - pier - Pierre - pir - pirr - pyr  
picks - pics - Picts - pix - pyx  
plait - plat - Platt - Platte/platte  
psis - scyes - sighs - size - xis  
ptere - tear - tier - Tyr - Tyre

raise - rase - rays - raze - rehs - reis - res  
- reys

re - Ree/ree - rhe - ri - rig  
reams - reems - rhemes - R(h)eims - riems  
rhos - roes - Ros - rose - rows  
right - Rite/rite - wright - write

Sacs/sacs - sacks - sacques - sax - Saxe  
sault - sew - Sioux - sou - sous - su  
- sue  
soot - suit - suite - sute - tzut

tailles - Tais/tais - Thais - ties - tyes -  
Tyighs

WAACS- wacks - WACS - wax - whacks  
 ware - wear - weigher - weir - wer  
 - where - where're

way - Wei - weigh - wey - whey  
 weal - weel - we'll - wheal - wheel  
 whins - winds - wins - winze - wynns

*Four or more 2-syllable words*

aerie - aery - airy - arrhae - arrie - Eire  
 aerie - eerie - Eire - Erie  
 aire - Ara/ara - arrah - arrha - Erie  
 antae - ante - anti - auntie  
 Aster/aster - Astur/astur  
 axal - Axel - axil - axle

Baatan - bataan - Batan - baton  
 baetyl - beadle - beetle - betel - bietle  
 bai-u - bayou - bio - byo  
 beanie - beany - beenie - bene  
 Beni - ben(n)e - Benny/benny

caama - cama - comma - kaama - Kama/  
 kama

caapi - copje - copy - kappie - kopje  
 cala - Calla/calla - callow  
 capa - cappa - coppa - kappa  
 carat - caret - carrot - karat  
 caries - carries - Carys - karris  
 carol - carrel - Karel - kerril - keryl  
 carry - Cary - karri - kerrie - Kerry  
 catarrh - Kitah - Kuttar - Qatar  
 caucus - coccous - Coccus/coccus  
 cedar - ceder - cedor - cedre - seater  
 - seeder

censer - censor - senser - sensor  
 cerous - cirrus - scirrhus - seeress  
 - serous

Champagne/champagne - champaign -  
 champain

Chermes - Kermes/kermes - kermis  
 cider - citer - sider - sighter  
 cocci - cocky - kaki - khaki  
 coco - cocoa - Koko/koko  
 Conches/conches - conch(e)s - conscious  
 coolie - cool(ly) - coulee - Kulli  
 Cora/cora - corah - kora  
 cyan - Cyon - (s)cion - Sion  
 cycle - Seckel - Sicel - sickle  
 cypress - Cypris/cypris - Cyprus

deasil - decile - decyl - desyl  
 decan - Deccan - decken - dekan

Dewar - dewer - doer - dour - dur  
 dooley - doolie - dooly - dully

enfold - infold - unfoaled - unfold

gala - Gal(l)a - galla - gallow  
 galley - Galli - gallie - gally  
 gaufre - gofer - goffer - gopher

hallo - hallow - halo - hello - hollo  
 holey - Holi - holy - wholly

leaver - lever - levir - liefer - livre  
 lewder - looter - louter - luter

Mahri - Maori - Mari - marri

Male - Mali - mal(l)ie - maulie - molle -  
 molly - moly

marischal - Marshall - marshal(l) - martial  
 markees - Marquis/marquis - marquise

masi - Mossi - mossie - mossy

Mason/mason - maysin - meson

medal - meddle - metal - mettle

Merlin/merlin - merlon - murlin

Moho/moho - Mojo/mojo

nodus - nodus - notice - Notus

palate - palette - pallet - palette

pallae - pally - polly - poly

patens - patents - pattens - Pattons

Psylla/psylla - Scilla/scilla - Scylla

rabat - rabbet - rabbit - rabot

raiser - raser - razer - razor

rea - Rhea/rhea - ria - rya

reiter - rider - righter - writer

scissel - scissile - Sicel - sisal - sisel -  
 syssel

senate - senit - sen(n)et - sennet - sinnet

solan - Solen/solen - solon

steelie - steely - stelae - stele

tori - Torrey - Tory/tory

whirley - whirly - whorly - wurley

*Three or more 3-syllable words*

accidence - accidens - accidents

acetic - ascetic - Ossetic

aerial - areal - ariel

alcanna - Alkanna/alkanna

alfonsin - alphonsin - Alphonsine

allision - elision - Elysian

alluded - eluded - eluted - illuded  
 allusion - elusion - illusion  
 Ammanite - Ammonite/ammonite  
 area - aria - eria  
 Austria - Ostrea - ostria - Ostrya  
 Barbary - barberry - barbery  
 barrier - berrier - burier  
 caatinga - Cotinga/cotinga  
 cadalene - Catalan - Catalin  
 calabar - calabur - califer  
 ceresin - Saracen - sericin  
 Cereus - serious - Sirius  
 chorea - Correa/correa - keriah - Korea  
 Cidaris/cidaris - siderous  
 cirrhosis - psorosis - sorosis  
 confidant - confidante - confident -  
 confitent  
 Cyclamen - cyclamin - cyclamine  
 deviser - devisor - divisor  
 Entrance/entrance - entrants  
 Eurya - urea - Uria

filander - Philander/philander  
 manacan - manakin - manikin - mannequin  
 - mannikin  
 Mandarin/mandarin - mandarine  
 marabou - Marabout/marabout  
 parasite - Parisite/parisite  
 Paridae - parity - parody - parrot  
 pertinence - pertinents - purtenance  
 populace - populous - Populus  
 receded - receipted - reseated - reseeded  
 reciting - residing - resighting - re-siting  
 rhodose - roadeos - rodeos  
 rubicand - Rubicon/rubicon  
 ternary - ternery - turnery  
 unceded - unseated - unseeded  
 uncited - unsided - unsighted  
 unfaded - unfated - unfeted  
 unsold - unsoled - unsouled  
 unwedded - unwetted - unwhetted  
 uranous - Uranus - urinous

*All 4, 5, and 6-syllable words*

Acacian - acaciin  
 Acadian - Akkadian  
 acclamation - acclimation  
 acephalous - acephalus  
 Aceria - Assyria  
 Achillean - achilleine  
 acrogenous - acrogynous  
 Adelea - Adelia  
 adventuress - adventurous  
 agaricin - agaricine  
 Alectrion - Alectryon  
 allegation - alligation  
 allegator - Alligator/alligator  
 alliterate - illiterate  
 aluminate - illuminate  
 amaretto - amoretto  
 Ambassadeur - ambassador  
 America - Amerika  
 amphibalus - amphibolus  
 amphibian - amphibion  
 amygdalin - amygdaline  
 androgenous - androgynous - androgynus  
 annunciate - enunciate  
 antecedence - antecedents  
 aplanatism - aplanetism  
 apophasis - apophysis  
 Appalachian - appellation  
 appositive - oppositive  
 araneous - Araneus  
 Arianism - Aryanism

aureolin - aureoline  
 autonomous - autonymous  
 bacillary - basilary  
 basilican - basilicon  
 Bougainvillaea - Bougainvillia  
 Caecilian - Sicilian  
 caliginous - kaligenous  
 calumination - columniation  
 Camptosaurus - Camptosorus  
 Carinthian - Corinthian  
 censorial - sensorial  
 cerulean - c(o)erulein  
 cessionary - sessionary  
 Chamaeleon - chameleon  
 chlorogenin - chlorogenine  
 Chrysochloris - chrysochlorous  
 Cilicia - Silicea  
 Colombia - Columbia  
 Colombian - Columbian  
 comedia - commedia  
 commissariat - commissariat  
 compellation - compilation  
 complementary - complimentary  
 concubitous - concubitus  
 confectionary - confectionery  
 confirmation - conformation  
 consensual - consensual  
 continuance - continuants



- conventical - conventicle  
 corydalis - Corydalus  
 covariance - covariants  
 Crioceras - Crioceris  
 cyanidin - cyandine  
 cynicism - Sinicism  
 cynocephalous - Cynocephalus/cynocephalus  
 Cysticercus - cystocercous  
 cytology - sitology  
 delegation - deligation  
 deprevation - deprivation  
 diaphane - diaphony  
 dissipater - dissipator  
 distributer - distributor  
 divertisement - divertissement  
 ectocarpous - Ectocarpus  
 enterocele - enterocoele  
 enumerable - innumerable  
 ephemeris - ephemerous  
 escaladed - escalated  
 euonymous - Euonymus/euonymus  
 ex-patriate - expatriot  
 Filipena - philopena  
 geophilous - Geophilus  
 heterogenous - heterogynous  
 heteronomous - heteronymous  
 hypogenous - hypogynous  
 ideogram - idiogram  
 ideograph - idiograph  
 impartable - impartible  
 impassable - impassible  
 infirmation - information  
 installation - instillation  
 intercession - intersession  
 interdental - interdentile  
 interosseous - interosseus  
 interpellate - interpolate  
 Jacobean - Jacobian  
 leptocephalous - Leptocephalus  
 leptodactylous - Leptodactylus  
 lysigenic - lysogenic  
 macrocephalous - Macrocephalus  
 menology - monology  
 micropterous - Micropterus  
 miliary - milliary  
 millenary - millinary  
 monogeneous - monogynous  
 myatonia - myotonia  
 noncereal - nonserial  
 orinthorhynchous - Orinthorhynchus/  
 orinthorhynchus  
 overflour - overflow  
 overhigher - overhire  
 overmeddled - overmettled  
 papagallo - papagayo  
 paragnathous - paragnathus  
 Parthenopean - Parthenopian  
 pentamerous - Pentamerus  
 periodic - periotic  
 perpetuance - perpetuants  
 phenology - phonology  
 philogeny - philogeny  
 physocarpous - Physocarpus  
 pluripotence - pluripotents  
 pneumatophorous - Pneumatophorus  
 polydactylous - Polydactylus  
 polygenist - polygynist  
 polygenous - polygynous  
 polymathy - polymythy  
 positivist - positivist  
 precedential - presidential  
 precipitance - precipitants  
 projiciance - projicients  
 propodeum - propodium  
 psoriasis - siriasis  
 pterocarpous - Pterocarpus  
 sarcophagous - sarcophagus  
 sarcophilous - Sarcophilus  
 semidouble - semi-double  
 senhorita - senorita  
 single-seated - single-seeded  
 stationary - stationery  
 subhyalin - subhyaline  
 superepic - superepoch  
 synechological - synecological  
 talkee-talkee - talky-talky  
 technology - tecnology  
 tetrastichous - Tetrastichus  
 tetravalence - tetravalents  
 theocracy - theocracy  
 topography - typography  
 topology - typology  
 trachycarpous - Trachycarpus  
 unaccepted - unexcepted  
 unaffected - uneffected  
 unamendable - unemendable  
 uncomplementary - uncomplimentary  
 unerupted - unerrupted  
 unexercised - unexorcised  
 uniparous - uniporous  
 Uranian - uranion  
 varicosis - verrucosis  
 velocity - villosity  
 veracity - voracity  
 viviparous - Viviparus  
 wistaria - Wisteria

## Homographs

Please refer to the appropriate word grouping in the Homograph section for the pronunciation and meaning of each word.

*Three or more words each with a different pronunciation*

As/as	Mole/mole
August/august	Mora/mora
Cham/cham	Mores/mores
Chi/chi	nana
comes	Pala/pala
Concord/concord	papa
das	Passe/passé/passe
Even/even	passes
fine	pate/pâte/paté/pâté
fortes	pili
fourchette	Principes/principes
grave	Rabat/rabat
Guara/guara	salve
heres	slough
lather	sous
Male/male	Tana/tana
Maquis/maquis	titi
Mobile/mobile	

## Homophones and Homographs

The following words are both homophones and homographs. Pronunciation of each word is reflected in the Homograph section.

aba	benet	cala	colon
abaisse	Beni	cape	come
aloe	berg	Cassia	commit
anti	Bern(e)	cassia	connex
arête	beurre	cat	connex
Arkansas	bin	cave	coops
arras	bo	cay	coops
As	bole	cay	coos
aspirate	bombard	cete	couch
ate	bombé	cham	coupe
ate	bombe	cham	coupe
atta	Bon	chamar	couped
axes	bon	chap	crotal
aye	bootee	chap	crotal
	bore	chela	crus
ballet(t)	borne	Chi/chi	cumal
ban	bouché	chi	
ban	bought	chil	dah
bar	boule	chose	desert
bare	bow	choux	dine
barre	bow	choux	dingy
bases	bruit	classes	dis
basis	Brut	close	dit
bass	buffet	coax	dit
baule	buro	coax	do
bene		coif	do

does	Lak(h)s	Nice	reason
Dom	laks	nice	refuse
dom	laser	None	reis
dos	lat	none	reis
dos	lax	nun	res
dun	laze	nun	res
dun	lead	Nut	rheum
	lech	nut	rig
Entrance/entrance	led	oke	Rite/rite
eta	lied	oke	robin
eve	lied	ombre	rom
ewe	lien	oner	rom
fakir	lien	ore	rose
file	liken	os	rows
filé	limbers		rows
flageolet	lira	Pali/pali	Rum/rum
flower	lis	pan	rum
formal	lisses	pan	
forme	live	pane	sake
forte	lores	parados	sal
forte	lower	passé	sal
frappe		pasty	salver
fray	Male	pate	sang
frette	male	pâte	sang
fur	Mam	patte	satiné
	mane	pau	saucy
gallant	Maquis	peer	second
gally	maquis	peon	seer
gaufre	mare	Pila/pila	sere
Ge	maria	piqué	sew
gene	matte	pique	sew
genet	Melo	pirr	sewer
ger	melo	pirr	sewer
gig	mere	piscine	shames
gill	mere	planes	Shin/shin
gill	mind	plat	shin
gimel	mire	poise	shower
glace	Mod	poll	sin
goût	Mojo	poll	sin
grave	mole	pone	siris
Graves	mole	pram	siris
grind	molle	prayer	sis
	moly	present	sis
hache	moly	primer	slough
hale	Mon	prion	slough
halo	more	put	Sol/sol
Hamburg	mores	putting	son
has	mores	putz	son
headward	morné		sous
here	morne	quart(e)	sous
hires	mot	quiche	sow
hum	mow	quite	sow
	mow		spier
kaki	multiply	rabat	spier
Kasha	Mus	rath	sup
kate	mus	rath	
Kin		Reading	tales
	nance	reading	Tampan
Lais	naos	real	tang
lais			

tangi	teer	travail	who
tank	terrace	tref	who
tarry	Thais	tun	winds
tat	Thule	Tush/tush	winds
taw	tier	vale	won
taxes	tier	vice	won
taxi(e)s	ton	vise	
taxis	tonal	volé	
tear	tone	volte	
tear	tower		



# Annotated Bibliography

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- \_\_\_\_\_. *Volume III, I–O*. (Frederic G. Cassidy, chief editor.) Cambridge, MA: Belknap Press of Harvard University Press, 1996. 927 pp. + xv pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Volume IV, P–Sk*. (Joan Houston Hall, chief editor.) Cambridge, MA: Belknap Press of Harvard University Press, 2002. 1014 pp. + xix pp.
- Dilworth, Thomas. *A New Guide to the English Tongue (1793)*. Delmar, NY: Scholar's Facsimiles & Reprints, 1978. A section on homophones is reflected on pp. 80–89.
- Disch, Thomas M. *A Children's Garden of Grammar*. Hanover, NH: University Press of New England, 1997. 88 pp. + vi pp. Six bonafide homophones are included in this illustrated children's book.
- Downes, John, and Jordan E. Goodman (editors). *Dictionary of Finance and Investment Terms*, 5th edit. Hauppauge, NY: Barron's Educational Series, 1998. 730 pp + vi pp.
- Downing, Douglas A., Michael A. Covington, et al. *Dictionary of Computer and Internet Terms, 8th edition*. Hauppauge, NY: Barron's Educational Series, 2003. 572 pp. + iv pp.
- Duggan, Norman E. *A Lexicon of Homophones*. West Bath, ME: N. E. Duggan, 1992. A short collection of bonafide homophones, including several archaic and obsolete words. 15 pp.
- Durso, Mary Wilkes. *Mastering Confusing Words: A Basic Approach to Meaning and Spelling*. New York: Wiley, 1965. Several bona fide and Group II homophones and confusing words such as **defer/differ**. 245 pp.
- Ellyson, Louise Withers. *A Dictionary of Homonyms: New World Patterns*. Mattituck, NY: Banner Books (Amereon Ltd.), 1977. This volume claims to be the first serious and complete dictionary of English language homonyms. Homonyms, homophones (bona fide and Group I), and homographs are intermixed, such as **sew, so, sow** (to plant), and **sow** (a female pig). Numerous proper names are included. "Bruisers" (near-homonyms or words that are so much alike as to be easily confused, such as **accidence/accidents, adieu/ado, assay/essay, bauble/bubble, and bellow/below**) are included in a separate section. 166 pp.
- Espy, Willard R. *An Almanac of Words at Play*. New York: Clarkson N. Potter, 1975. Several bona fide homophones are on pp. 15, 131–132, and 315–316. 360 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *The Game of Words*. New York: Grosset & Dunlap, 1972. Several bona fide homophones are reflected on pp. 126–132, plus numerous homonyms (misabeled homophones), puns, oxymorons, palindromes, tongue-twisters, clichés, rebuses, and anagrams. 279 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Say It My Way*. Garden City, NY: Doubleday & Co., 1980. A few bona fide homophones are included on p. 87. 219 pp.
- Fallows, Samuel. *A Complete Dictionary of Synonyms and Antonyms, ... with an Appendix Embracing ... Homophonous Words ... Printing*. New York: Fleming H. Revell, 1886. A short list of homophonous words is reflected on pp. 392–404. 512 pp.
- Fischer, Walter. *Englische Homophone*. Munich: Max Hueber Verlag, 1961. A paperback compendium of about 1,000 English homophones translated into German. 88 pp.
- Fleming, John, and Hugh Honour. *Dictionary of the Decorative Arts*. New York: Harper and Row, 1977. 896 pp.
- Franklyn, Julian. *Which Witch? Being a Grouping of Phonetically Compatible Words*. Boston: Houghton Mifflin, 1966. Homophones (bona fide, Group I, and Group II) are intermixed with homographs. Numerous proper names are included. Groups of homophonic words are arranged in illustrative sentences or paragraphs, such as "skill with the adze adds virtue to the man." 198 pp.
- Games*. Published monthly at PO Box 10145, Des Moines, IA 50340, often provides several homophones and homographs. The publisher is PSC Games Ltd. Partnership, 810 Seventh Avenue, New York, NY 10019 (212-246-4640).
- Gartman, Linda Martinson. *Masked Versus Distributed Repetition of Homographs: A Test of the Differ-*



- ential Encoding Hypothesis*. Columbus: Ohio State University, 1971. 63 pp. Since the examples used throughout this master's thesis are homonyms, the title should better read *homonyms* rather than *homographs*.
- Gentry, Larry. *Relative Frequency of Homophones in Children's Writing*, Technical Note 2-82721. Los Alamitos, CA: Southwest Regional Laboratory for Educational Research & Development, 1982. 9 pp. A composite listing of the 99 most commonly used bonafide homophones in grades 2–8 is provided.
- Gilliéron, Jules, and Mario Roques. *Études de Géographie Linguistique: L'Atlas Linguistique de la France (Studies of Linguistic Geography: According to the Linguistic Atlas of France)*. Paris: Honoré Champion, 1912. In this work, Gilliéron introduces the doctrine that two words of different origin which become homonyms by regular sound changes may interfere (due to ambiguity and confusion) with one another to such an extent that one is ultimately excluded from the vocabulary of a particular dialect. 155 pp. plus maps.
- Gilman, Mary Louise. *6,000 Soundalikes, Look-Alikes, and Other Words Often Confused*. Vienna, VA: National Court Reporters Association, 1992. The most numerous category in this volume is words often confused, with a minority being bonafide homophones, plus a few homographs. 200 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *3000 Sound-Alikes and Look-Alikes*. Vienna, VA: National Shorthand Reporters' Association, 1986. The volume contains bona fide homophones, homonyms, and confusing words like **abduct/adduct**. 60 pp.
- Godard, Russell H. *Homophones and Homographs*. Corvallis, OR: Franklin, 1999. 310 pp. An extensive collection of bonafide homophones and bonafide homographs. However, several Group I homographs are misclassified as bonafide homographs. The narrative contains many of the author's (often idiosyncratic) rules, procedures, and criteria for identifying homophones and homographs.
- Gonzales, Joseph Ralph. *A Resource Guide to Teach Homophones and Pure False Cognates to Spanish Speakers Learning English as a Second Language*. Sacramento: California State University at Sacramento, 1984. 123 pp. A master's thesis that incorporates 206 bonafide homophones in the discussion.
- Gordon, Jo Ann. *Vocabulary Buiding with Antonyms, Synonyms, Homophones, and Homographs*. Superduper Pubs., 1999. 189 pp. + vi pp. A children's instruction book containing 124 bonafide homophones. However, sixty homonyms are misclassified as homographs.
- Gross, Barbara J. *Retrieval of Divergent Lexical Definitions of Homographs in Young, Mature, and Elderly Adults*. Omaha: University of Nebraska at Omaha, 1985. 48 pp. The ten stimulus words cited in Appendix A that are used throughout the experiment are homonyms, rather than homographs.
- Gwyne, Fred. *A Chocolate Moose for Dinner*. New York: Windmill Books/ Simon and Schuster, 1976. An illustrated children's book of several bona fide homophones and homonyms. 47 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *The King Who Rained*. New York: Windmill Books and E. P. Dutton, 1970. An illustrated children's book of 19 homonyms and homophones. 40 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *A Little Pigeon Toad*. New York: Simon and Schuster Books for Young Readers, 1988. An illustrated children's book of thirteen bona fide homophones and seven homonyms. 47 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *The Sixteen Hand Horse*. New York: Windmill/Wanderer Books, 1988. An illustrated children's book containing six bona fide homophones and sixteen homonyms. 47 pp.
- Hagan, S. F. *Which Is Which? A Manual of Homophones*. London: Macmillan Press. 1982. A dictionary containing several bonafide homophones, homographs, and numerous homonyms, Group I homophones, and Group I homographs. 128 pp.
- Hambright, Peggy W. *Vocabulary and Spelling Mind Builders: Grades 4–6*. Greensboro, NC: The Education Center, 2001. 48 pp. Several bonafide homophones are included in this children's instruction book, plus antonyms, snyonyms, etc.
- Hanlon, Emily. *How a Horse Grew Hoarse on the Site Where He Sighted a Bare Bear: A Tale of Homonyms*. New York: Delacorte Press, 1976. An illustrated children's book containing several bona fide homophones. 32 pp.
- Hanna, Paul R., Jean S. Hanna, et al. *Power to Spell: Textbook-Notebook edition*. Boston: Houghton-Mifflin, 1970. 152 pp. A classroom instruction book containing about sixty bonafide homophones, misclassified as homonyms.
- Hanson, Joan. *Homographic Homophones: Fly and Fly and Other Words That Sound the Same but Are as Different in Meaning as Bat and Bat*. Minneapolis: Lerner, 1973. An illustrated children's book of 26 homophones. 32 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Homographs: Bow and Bow and Other Words That Look the Same but Sound as Different as*

- Sow and Sow*. Minneapolis: Lerner, 1972. An illustrated children's book of homographs (bona fide and Group I). 32 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Homonyms: Hair and Hare and Other Words That Sound the Same but Look as Different as Bear and Bare*. Minneapolis: Lerner, 1972. An illustrated children's book of 26 homophones. 26 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *More Homonyms: Steak and Stake and Other Words That Sound the Same but Look as Different as Chili and Chilly*. Minneapolis: Lerner, 1973. An illustrated children's book of 26 homophones. 32 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Still More Homonyms: Night and Knight and Other Words That Sound the Same but Look as Different as Ball and Bawl*. Minneapolis: Lerner, 1976. An illustrated children's book of 26 homophones. 32 pp.
- Harder, Keith C. "The Relative Efficiency of the 'Separate' and 'Together' Methods of Teaching Homonyms." *Journal of Experimental Education*, Sept., 1937, pp. 7–23. An abstract of Harder's doctoral dissertation at Iowa State University in which he tested two methods of teaching the spelling of homonyms (actually homophones): (1) presenting each pair of words (such as **dear** and **deer**) together simultaneously; and (2) presenting the words separately with a three- to four-day interval between exposure to each word. He concluded that pupils learned to spell by either method and the range of differences in learning between the two was small.
- Harrison, Jim. *Confusion Reigns: A Quick and Easy Guide to the Most Easily Mixed-Up Words*. New York: St. Martin's Press, 1987. This volume contains a mix of bona fide homophones, homonyms, and easily confused words like **ablution/absolution** and **flounder/founder**. 119 pp.
- Herbst, Sharon Tyler. *The New Food Lover's Companion*, 3rd edit. Hauppauge, NY: Barron's Educational Series, Inc., 2001. Comprehensive definitions of nearly 6,000 food, drink, and culinary terms. 772 pp.
- Hobbs, James B. *Homophones and Homographs: An American Dictionary*. Jefferson, NC: McFarland, 1986. This first edition of the present volume contains 3,625 bona fide homophones, 602 bona fide homographs, numerous Group I homophones and homographs, Groups I and II homophones, unusual groupings, and an annotated bibliography. 264 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Homophones and Homographs: An American Dictionary*. 2nd edition. Jefferson, NC: McFarland, 1993. The second edition of this volume contains 7,149 bonafide homophones, 1,469 bonafide homographs, and all the other features of the first edition. 302 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Homophones and Homographs: An American Dictionary*. 3rd edition. Jefferson, NC: McFarland, 1999. This edition contains 7,786 bona fide homophones, 1,552 bona fide homographs, plus other features of the first and second editions. 318 pp.
- Hodges, Richard. *A Special Help to Orthographie or the True-Writing of English*. Ann Arbor: Edwards Bros., 1932. A mixture of bona fide homophones and confusing words like **beholden/beholding**, **valley/value** are included. 27 pp.
- Homographs & Heteronyms: Grades 4–6*. Scottsdale, AZ: Remedia Pubs. (undated). 28 pp. + ii pp. A basic skills booklet that includes 18 bonafide homographs (called heteronyms) and 89 homonyms that are misclassified as homographs.
- Houston, Thomas Rappe, Jr. *Comparable Common Factors in English Homophone Recognition*. Technical report #163. Madison: Wisconsin Research & Development Center for Cognitive Learning, University of Wisconsin, 1971. Appendix A (pp. 90–162) is an extensive list of English homophones. 168 pp.
- Hunt, Bernice Kohn. *Your Ant Is a Which: Fun with Homophones*. New York: Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, 1975. An illustrated children's book containing several bona fide homophones. 32 pp.
- Jarman, Patricia L. *The Source of Null Phonemic Masking Effects with Homophones: The Role of Phonological Competition and List Structure*. Boca Raton: Florida Atlantic University, 1985. 52 pp. Ninety bonafide homophones are identified in Appendices A and B, although three bonafide homophones in Appendix A are misidentified as pseudo-homophones. Twenty bonafide homophones in Appendix C are misidentified as non-homophones.
- Jones, Sandra Suzanne. *The Influence of Subliminal Stimulation on the Attribution of Meaning to Homographs*. San Angelo, TX: Angelo State University, 1987. 59 pp. A master's thesis in which only two of the eight words that are identified as homographs for examination in Appendices 1, 4, and 5 are bonafide homographs—close and wind. The remaining six are homonyms.
- Kilduff, Edward Jones. *Words the Secretary Must Watch; Homophones, Semi-Homophones, and Homophonic Sequences*. New York: F. S. Crofts, 1940. Section I contains several homophones; and a few bonafide homophones are interspersed in Section II. 67 pp.
- Kilpatrick, James Jackson. *The Ear Is Human: A Handbook of Homophones and Other Confusions*.

- Kansas City, KS: Andrews, McMeel & Parker, 1985. A mix of bona fide homophones and confusing words like **appraise/apprise** are included. 119 pp.
- Kirtland, Elizabeth. *Write Is Right: A Handbook of Homonyms*. New York: Golden Press, 1968. Contains 1,650 homonyms and homophones (bona fide and Group I, such as **mucous/mucus**). Numerous obsolete and archaic words, proper names, and suffix-extended words such as **dyeing/dying** are included, plus a homonym quiz containing 108 exercises. 128 pp.
- Klasky, Charles. *Rugs Have Naps (But Never Take Them)*. Chicago: Children's Press, 1984. An illustrated children's book containing several homonyms. 31 pp.
- Klepinger, Lawrence. *Write English Right: An ESL Homonym Workbook*. New York: Barron's Educational Series, 1993. An instruction book offering English-as-a-second-language students a method to unravel complexities surrounding numerous English homophones. 160 pp.
- Kokeritz, Helge. *Two Sets of Shakespearean Homophones*. *The Review of English Studies*, Vol. 19, No. 76, Oct. 1943, pp. 357–365. A linguistic archaeologist examines two pairs of homophones that appear in Shakespeare's works—hour/whore and told/tolled.
- Kreivsky, Joseph, and Jordan L. Linfield. *The Bad Speller's Dictionary*. New York: Random House, 1987. A large listing of frequently misspelled and often confused words, including numerous “look-alikes,” almost “look-alikes,” “sound-alikes,” and almost “sound-alikes.” 186 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_. *Word Traps: A Dictionary of the 7,000 Most Confusing Sound-Alike and Look-Alike Words*. New York: Collier Books—Macmillan Publishing Co., 1993. A compendium of about 2,000 bona fide homophones, ten homographs, several Type II homophones, and numerous other confusing words, such as *haircut* and *haricot*. 319 pp.
- Kruger, Gustav. *Synonymik un Wortgebrauch der Englischen Sprache (Synonyms and Word Usage of the English Language)*. Dresden and Leipzig: C. A. Koch, 1897. Contains mostly English synonyms (such as **tall, large, great, big, and huge**) translated into German. 1,528 pp.
- Kudrna, Charlene Imbior. *Two-Way Words*. Nashville: Abingdon, 1980. An illustrated children's book of twelve pairs of bona fide homophones and twelve pairs of homonyms. 32 pp.
- Langer, Margaret, and Edward Fry. *Homophones Workbook A: Grades 3–6*. Laguna Beach, CA: Laguna Beach Education Books, 1997. 44 pp. A children's instruction containing 89 bonafide homophones, plus one proper name.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Homophones Workbook B: Grades 3–6*. Laguna Beach, CA: Laguna Beach Education Books, 1997. 44 pp. A children's instruction book containing 86 bonafide homophones.
- Laurita, Raymond E. *1001 Homonyms and Their Meaning ... with Defining Sentences*. Camden, ME: Leonardo Press, 1992. Numerous bonafide homophones are listed and defined. 138 pp.
- Lecky, Prescott. *The Playbook of Words*. New York: F. A. Stokes, 1933. An illustrated children's book of homonyms. 36 pp.
- Lederer, Richard. *Get Thee to a Punnery*. NY: Dell Pub. Co. (Dell Books), 1988. Two hundred bonafide homophones, plus 65 homonyms misclassified as homographs. 149 pp.
- Lesch, Mary F. *Differential Effects of Exposure Duration on Semantic Priming from Homophones: Evidence for Van Ordens (1987) verification model*. Amherst: University of Massachusetts at Amherst, 1990. 76 pp. Thirty-two pairs of bonafide homophones are used to support argumentation in this master's thesis.
- Lessie, Pat. *How to Spell Homophones*. Westminster, CA: Teacher Created Materials, 1999. 48 pp. About 700 bonafide homophones are presented in this children's instruction book, plus a few Group I and Group II homophones, a dozen proper names, and about 15 non-homophones of any type.
- Lincoln, Nancy H. *Visual Priming of Homophones in an Implicit Memory Task*. Gainesville, FL: University of Florida, 1998. 51 pp. Thirty-eight bonafide homophones are presented on p. 17 of this master's thesis.
- The Lincoln Library of Essential Information, 18th edition, Vol. I*. Buffalo, NY: Frontier Press, 1949. Several bona fide homophones are reflected on pp. 67–69.
- Linfield, Jordan L., and Joseph Kreivsky. *Word Traps: A Dictionary of the 5,000 Most Confusing Sound-Alike and Look-Alike Words*. New York: Collier Books, 1993. A substantial list of bonafide homophones, Type I & II homophones, plus numerous words that appear to look or sound like another (such as **billion** and **bullion**). 374 pp.
- Lipton, James. *An Exaltation of Larks: Or the Veneral Game, 2nd Edition*. New York: Penguin Books, 1977. 138 pp. Compilation of group titles for various animal species, birds, etc. dating from 1450 and 1486 to date.
- Longman, Harold S. *Would You Put Your Money in a Sand Bank? (Fun with Words)*. Chicago: Rand

- McNally, 1966. An illustrated children's book containing several bona fide homophones and homonyms. 46 pp.
- Maestro, Giulio. *Riddle Roundup: A Wild Bunch to Beef Up Your Word Power*. New York: Clarion Books, 1989. A fun-and-pun illustrated children's book with eight bonafide homophones interwoven. 64pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *What's a Frank Frank? Tasty Homograph Riddles*. New York: Clarion Books, 1984. An illustrated children's book containing several bonafide homophones. 64pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *What's Mite Might: Homophone Riddles to Boost Your Word Power*. New York: Clarion Books, 1986. An illustrated children's book containing 123 bonafide homophones. 64pp.
- Malkiel, Yakov. "A cluster of four homophones in Ibero-Romance." University of California: *Hispanic Review*, Vol. XXI, 1953. pp. 20–36. A heavily footnoted scholarly article regarding issues associated with Jules Gilliéron's thesis of phonological drift leading to convergence.
- Manchester, Richard B. *The Mammoth Book of Word Games*. New York: Hart Publishing, 1976. Several homophones are reflected on pp. 38–39, 88–89, 449, 456, and 458. 510 pp.
- Manus, Gerald I., and Muriel R. Manus. *Phonic Follers: A Creative Arts Dictionary of Homophones*. Berkely, CA: Creative Arts Books Co., 1998. A collection of about 2,700 bonafide homophones and a few Group I homophones. Liberal use of plurals and suffixes augments the collection. 231 pp. + x pp.
- McGraw-Hill Dictionary of Scientific and Technical Terms* (Sybil P. Parker, editor). 3rd edition. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1984. A reference work containing 98,500 scientific and technical terms. 1,781 pp.
- McLenighan, Valjean. *One Whole Doughnut, One Doughnut Hole*. Chicago: Children's Press, 1982. An illustrated children's book of fifteen pairs of bona fide homophones. 30 pp.
- Meister, Barbara. *The Pear-Pair Tree*. New York: Vantage Press, 1972. An illustrated collection of bonafide homophones for children. 90 pp.
- Menner, Robert J. "The Conflicts of Homophones in English." *Language* 12 (1936), pp. 229–44. Professor Menner critiques and refines the doctrine (advanced by Jules Gilliéron from 1902 to 1921) that two words of different origin which become homonyms by regular sound changes may interfere (due to ambiguity and confusion) with one another to such an extent that one is ultimately excluded from the vocabulary of a particular dialect.
- Molter, Carey. *Bass Cannot Play Bass*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. Seven pairs of bonafide homographs are included in this illustrated children's book.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Fruit Trees Produce Produce*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. Eight pairs of bonafide homographs are presented in this illustrated children's book.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Live Lions Live on Land*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. An illustrated children's book containing seven pairs of bonafide homographs.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Pete Presents the Presents*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. Eight pairs of bonafide homographs are contained in this illustrated children's book.
- Murdoch, John. *The Dictionary of Distinctions in Three Alphabets*. London: 1811. The book consists of three sections called "alphabets": (1) "Words the same in sound, but of different spelling and signification; with which are classed such as have any similarity in sound, proper names are not excepted." This section includes homophones (bona fide and Group I), near-homophones (such as **adapt/adept/adopt** and **clef/cliff**), obsolete and archaic words, dialects (such as dropping an *h* to make homophones like **eddy/heady** or **hitch/itch**), and names of cities and countries; (2) "Showing how one orthography has a plurality of pronunciations, and varies in sound or meaning according to the circumstances of accentuation or connection" (such as **a vast/avast**); and (3) "Which points out the various changes, in sound and sense, produced by the addition of the letter *e*, whether final or medial" (such as **bar/bare**, or **bar/bear**).
- Muschia, Gary Robert. *The Writing Teacher's Book of Lists: With Ready-to-Use Activities and Worksheets*. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice-Hall, 1991. 264 pp. + xxi pp. Numerous bonafide homophones are included, plus eight pairs of bonafide homographs, and many homonyms misclassified as homographs.
- Nader, Jouar C. *Prentice Hall's Illustrated Dictionary of Computing, 3rd edition*. NY: Prentice-Hall, 1998. 777 pp.
- Newhouse, Dora. *The Encyclopedia of Homonyms: 'Sound-Alikes.'* Hollywood, CA: Newhouse Press, 1976. Contains homophones (bona fide, Group I, and Group II), archaic and obsolete words, dialects, proper names, and places. 238 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Homonyms: Sound-Alikes—Homonimos: A Bilingual Reference Guide to the Most Mispronounced, Misspelled, and Confusing Words in the English Language*. Los Angeles: Newhouse



- Press, 1978. This volume is an updated and expanded version of Newhouse's *Encyclopedia of Homonyms* containing about 3,500 English words that are translated into Spanish. Includes homophones (bona fide, Group I, and Group II), homonyms, obsolete and archaic words, dialects, foreign coins and measures, geographic locations, and suffixes. 247 pp.
- The Official Scrabble Players Dictionary*. Springfield, MA: G & C Merriam Co., 1978. 662 pp. + viii pp. Maximum length of words is eight letters. Includes many British, archaic, and dialectic words.
- Ogata, Hideo, and Roger Julius Inglott. *A Dictionary of English Homonyms: Pronouncing and Explanatory*. Tokyo: 1942. Approximately 2,900 English words are translated into Japanese, including homophones (bona fide, Group I, and Group II), obsolete and archaic words, dialects, proper names, countries and nationalities, foreign coins and weights, and suffixes. 271 pp.
- O'Harra, Nancy. *Before Reading: A Language Comprehension Program; Synonyms, Definitions, Homonyms, Homophones, Homographs, and Antonyms*. Tigard, OR: C.C. Publications, 1985. 105 pp. An illustrated children's instruction book containing 65 bonafide homophones and 20 bonafide homographs.
- Olness, Gloria Steit. *The Influence of Pictorial Context on Lexical-Semantic Processing of Ambiguous Auditory Homophones: A Cross-Modal Lexical Priming Experiment*. Eugene: University of Oregon, 1993. 98 pp. Eighteen bonafide homophones are identified in Appendices A–C. An additional 31 words are presented as homonyms, although 18 are bonafide homophones.
- Osmond, Anne Erickson. *An Analysis of Spelling Errors of Common Homographs Among Children at Different Reading Levels*. Sacramento: California State University at Sacramento, 1971. 143 pp. Twenty-five bonafide homographs are used to demonstrate this master's thesis argument.
- Ours, Nicole. *Word Study Fun: Homophones, Homographs, Prefixes, and Suffixes, Grades 4–6*. Elizabethtown, PA: Continental Press, 1988. A word study book containing several bonafide homophones, plus numerous homonyms mislabeled homographs. 25 pp.
- The Oxford English Dictionary, 2nd edition*. J. A. Simpson and E. S. Weiner, compilers. Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1989. Volumes I–XX. This classic reference was a useful arbiter in deciding several technical issues that arose during the compilation of each edition of this book. 21,475 pp. + ccxx pp.
- Paxson, William C. *The New American Dictionary of Confusing Words*. New York: Signet, 1990. A dictionary of approximately 2,000 commonly confused words and terms, such as **ectomorph**, **endomorph**, and **mesomorph**. A few bona fide homophones are included. 311 pp.
- Pythian, B. A. *A Concise Dictionary of Confusables: All Those Impossible Words You Never Get Right*. New York: John Wiley & Sons, 1990. A dictionary of frequently confused words, such as insidious/invidious, maladroitt/malapropos, perpetrate/perpetuate, and repairable/reparable. A few bona fide homophones are included. 198 pp.
- Pop-up Sound Alikes: A Hilarious Collection of Homonyms*. NY: Random House, 1973. An illustrated children's pop-up book containing 27 homophones. 18 pp.
- Powell, David. *Look-Alike, Sound-Alike, Not-Alike Words: An Index of Confusables*. Washington, DC: University Press of America, 1962. A particularly useful source of bona fide homophones and homographs (plus confusing words). 185 pp.
- Presson, Leslie. *A Dictionary of Homophones*. Hauppauge, NY: Barron's, 1997. 136 pp. + vi pp. A collection of bonafide homophones, interspersed with cartoons.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *What in the World Is a Homophone?* Hauppauge, NY: Barron's, 1996. An illustrated children's book of numerous bonafide homophones, a few Type I Homophones, and a few Type II homophones. 1,992 pp.
- Raith, Josef von. *Englische Dictate mit Homophonen (English Dictation with Homophones)*. Stuttgart: Ernst Klett, 1970. Contains about 375 homophones with numerous illustrative sentences, paragraphs, exercises, and examination questions. 61 pp.
- The Random House Dictionary of the English Language*. 2nd edition, unabridged (Stuart B. Flexner, editor in chief). New York: Random House, 1987. 2478 pp. + xlii + 32 pp. of maps.
- Random House Historical Dictionary of American Slang, Volume I, A-G* (J. E. Lighter, editor). New York: Random House, 1994. 1,006 pp.
- Random House Historical Dictionary of American Slang, Volume II, H–O* (Jonathan Evan Lighter, editor). New York: Random House, 1997. 736 pp. + xxviii pp.
- Raymond, Eric S. (ed.) *The Hacker's Dictionary*. Boston: MIT Press, 1991. A comprehensive compendium of computer terminology and slang, illuminating many aspects of hacker tradition, folklore, and humor. 433 pp.
- Rendon, Clara, et al. *Learning Achievement Packages: Language Arts–English Grammar*. Austin, TX:

- Dissemination and Assessment Center for Bilingual Education, 1976. An instruction book containing exercises and answer keys for use in elementary through high school grades. The second segment contains 97 bonafide homophones (misabeled homonyms) in nine exercises with accompanying answer keys. 127 pp.
- Rockey, Denyse. *Phonetic Lexicon of Monosyllabic and Some Diasyllabic Words, with Homophones, Arranged According to Their Phonetic Structure*. London: Heyden & Son, 1973. Developed from material compiled during Rockey's years of professional work in speech and hearing clinics, this volume has a practical clinical orientation. Seventy-nine tables, each in a matrix format of 19 columns and 40 lines (monosyllabic and disyllabic only), contain 7,754 words positioned according to their initial, medial, and final sound. Approximately 3,500 homophones are listed, including proper names, letters of the alphabet, colloquialisms and slang, common abbreviations, contractions, acronyms, foreign words adopted by English, obsolete and archaic words, dialect, and technical words. 250 pp.
- Roets, Lois F. *Word Searches: Synonyms, Antonyms, Homonyms*. Compton, CA: Educational Insights, 1981. An instruction book of spirit masters containing 7 pp. of bonafide homophones, mislabeled homonyms. 19 pp.
- Rondeau, Amanda. *Bella Blew Blue Bubbles*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. An illustrated children's book containing nine pairs of bonafide homophones.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Can You Hear from Here?* Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. This illustrated children's book presents variations on the bonafide homophone pair **hear, here**.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Do We Buy, Buy, or Bye Tickets?* Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. Variations on the bonafide homophone triplet **buy, by, bye** are contained in this illustrated children's book.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *The Prince Left His Prints*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. Nine pairs of bonafide homophones are contained in this illustrated children's book.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Sue Threw the Goop Through the Hoop*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. Eight pairs of bonafide homophones are contained in this illustrated children's book.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *We Have a Wee Whale*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. An illustrated children's book containing eight pairs of bonafide homophones and one pair of Group II homophones: **walk, wok**.
- Sage, Michael. *If You Talked to a Boar*. Philadelphia: Lippincott, 1960. An illustrated children's book of 24 homophones. 31 pp.
- Salzman, Mary Elizabeth. *My Deer Is Dear*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. An illustrated children's book containing eight pairs of bonafide homophones.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *The Knight Waits at Night*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. Eight pairs of bonafide homophones, and one pair of homophones using a proper name, **knicks, Nicks**, are included in this illustrated children's book.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *They're There in Their Boat*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. An illustrated children's book containing variations on the homophone triplet **their, there, they're**.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Where Do I Wear Water Wings?* Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. An illustrated children's book containing variations on the single pair of homophones **wear, where**.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Who's on Whose Spot?* Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. An illustrated children's book presenting the single pair of homophones **who's, whose**.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *You're on Your Phone*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. The single pair of homophones **your, you're** are the subject of this illustrated children's book.
- Schaphorst, William F. and Mabel G. Schaphorst. *A Compilation of Homophones*. Atlantic Highlands, NJ; 1976. 3 pp. Private unpublished assortment of numerous bonafide and Group I homophones.
- Scheunemann, Pam. *Flour Does Not Flower*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002, 24 pp. Nine pairs of homophones are contained in this illustrated children's book.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Fred Read the Red Book*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. An illustrated children's book containing eight pairs of homophones.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Harry Is Not Hairry*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. Eight pairs of homophones are contained in this illustrated children's book.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *The Moose in the Mousse*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. An illustrated book presenting eight pairs of homophones.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Sam Has a Sundae on Sunday*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. Nine pairs of homophones are presented in this illustrated children's book.

- \_\_\_\_\_. *Two Kids to Go Too*. Edina, MN: Abdo Publications Co. (Sand Castle), 2002. 24 pp. An illustrated children's book containing variations on the homophone triplet—to, too, two.
- Schindler, M. M. *An Index of over 2,500 Homophones*. Pittsburgh: Dorrance Publishing Co., 1994. A collection of bonafide, Type I, and Type II homophones—many included by adding **ing**, **ed**, **es**, and other suffixes. 31 pp.
- Schmidt, Jacob Edward. *English Speech for Foreign Physicians, Scientists, and Students*. Springfield, IL: Chas. C. Thomas, 1972. This book was designed “to knock down the barricades and widen the bottlenecks of communication between visitors and natives of the United States.” A 78-page section includes approximately 890 words containing a mixture of homonyms, homophones (bona fide and Group I), homographs, and other closely associated but confusing words like **exalt/extol/exult**. 237 pp.
- Scholastic Dictionary of Synonyms, Antonyms, Homonyms*. New York: Scholastic Inc., 1965. About 24 pp. of bonafide homophones (mis-labeled homonyms) are reflected on pp. 197–220. 220 pp.
- Scinto, Joyce. *Homonex*. Woburn, MA: Curriculum Associates, 1977. A compilation of numerous bonafide, Type I, and Type II homophones, plus several confusing words such as **candid** and **candied**. 72 pp.
- Settle, Anita V. *Cued Forgetting in the False Recognition of Homophones*. Columbia: University of Missouri at Columbia, 1973. 50 pp. Two dozen bonafide homophones support the argument in this master's thesis.
- ShIPLEY, Joseph Twadell. *Playing with Words*. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice-Hall. Several homophones are reflected on pp. 73–75 and 119. 186 pp.
- Sieron, Martha. *Dictionary of Confusing Words*. Miami: M. Sieron, 1986. A mixture of bonafide homophones and homographs, plus confusing words like **ablate/oblade** and **accrue/ecrue**. 431 pp.
- Simpson, Carol. *Daily Writing Prompts*. Parsippany, NJ: Good Year Books, 2000. 382 pp. A children's instruction book that includes twelve bonafide homophones.
- Sinclair, John (editor). *Collins COBUILD English Guides 6: Homophones*. London: Harper-Collins, 1995. 240 pp. + xv pp. A dictionary containing about 690 bonafide homophones, plus some words that are unique to Great Britain.
- Sitton, Rebecca, and Robert Forest. *The Quick-Word Handbook for Practical Writing*. North Billerica, MA: Curriculum Associates, 1994. 30 pp. A children's instruction pamphlet containing 232 bonafide homophones.
- Smith, Carl Bernard. *Building a Strong Vocabulary: A 12-week Plan for Students*. Bloomington, IN: EDINFO Press (ERIC—Educational Resources Information Center), 1997. 189 pp. + ix pp. Included are several bonafide homophones, together with synonyms, antonyms, suffixes, prefixes, etc.
- Snow, Emma. “My List of Homophonous [sic] Words.” *The Association Review*. American Association to Promote the Teaching of Speech to the Deaf: 1903. Contains a list of homophonous words that cause frequent confusion among lip-readers, being relatively difficult to distinguish visually, such as **back**, **bank**, **bag**, **bang**, and **pack**.
- Sommer, Elyse. *The Words You Confuse*. Holbrook, MA: Bob Adams, Inc., 1992. Includes about 16 bonafide homophones. 167 pp.
- Soohoo, Irene. *Homophones: An Illustrated Dictionary*. Whittier, CA: Peacock Enterprises. An illustrated compilation of about 800 homophones, including numerous archaic, obsolete, Scottish, and English dialectic words. 176 pp.
- Steadman's Medical Dictionary, 26th edition* (Marjory Spraycar, editor). Baltimore: Williams and Wilkins, 1995. 2030+ pp. + xli pp.
- Steere, Fran H. *Sound-Alike Words: Fun Activities with Homonyms, Homographs, and Homophones*. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice-Hall, 1977. 62 pp. A children's illustrated instruction book containing 101 bonafide homophones, but neither homographs nor homonyms.
- Stephan, Gary. *Book of Nine*. New York: Museum of Modern Art, 1983. 40 pp. A beautifully although enigmatically illustrated booklet containing nine bonafide homographs.
- Synonyms, Antonyms, Homophones*. St. Louis, MO: McDonald Publishing, 1993. 20 pp. A children's illustrated booklet intermixing several bonafide homophones with antonyms and synonyms.
- Terban, Marvin. *The Dove Dove: Funny Homophone Riddles*. New York: Clarion Books, 1988. An illustrated children's book containing several bona fide homographs. 64 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Eight Ate: A Feast of Homonym Riddles*. New York: Clarion Books, 1982. An illustrated children's book containing several homonyms. 32 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Funny You Should Ask: How to Make Up Jokes and Riddles with Wordplay*. New York: Clar-

- ion Books of Houghton Mifflin Co., 1992. An illustrated book of several homophones, “almost homophones,” and homonyms (which are misidentified as homographs). 64 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Hey, Hay! A Wagonful of Funny Homonym Riddles*. Boston: Clarion Books of Houghton Mifflin Co., 1991. An illustrated book of 214 homophones, including several proper names. 64 pp.
- Tester, Sylvia Root. *Never Monkey with a Monkey: A Book of Homographic Homophones*. Elgin, IL: Child’s World, 1977. An illustrated children’s book containing several homonyms. 32 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *What Did You Say? A Book of Homophones*. Elgin, IL: Child’s World, 1977. An illustrated children’s book of 32 homophones. 30 pp.
- Thomas, Jonathan. *English as She Is Fraught*. London: Wolfe, 1976. A collection of numerous homonyms, homophones, and double entendres—many of which are off-color or have sexual overtones. Illustrated. 95 pp.
- Townsend, William Cameron. *A Handbook of Homophones of General American English*. Waxhaw, NC: International Friendship, 1975. Numerous bona fide homophones and homographs, plus closely associated words like **abase/a base**. 121 pp.
- Truby, Henry Mayer. *The Homoneme: Research Paper RJ-312*. San Jose, CA: IBM San Jose Research Laboratory, 30 JUL 1964. A brief introduction to the then-current and still-remaining problem of distinguishing audibly between any two bonafide homophones, such as **hour** and **our**, other than by contextual association. 22 pp.
- Tune, Newell W. *Homophones, Homographs, and Heterographs: The Deceitful Words of English*. North Hollywood, CA: Spelling Progress Bulletin, prior to 1975. 16 pp. A pamphlet containing numerous bonafide homophones and homographs, interspersed with archaic, Scottish, and British verbiage.
- Valind, Brigitte, and Lars Valind. *Effects of Subliminal Stimulation on Homographs*. Lund, Sweden: Lund University, Psychological Research Bulletin, Vol. 8, No. 8, 1968. 9 pp. Seven Swedish homonyms and three English homonyms, all misclassified as homographs, are the examples used in this study.
- Tyschler, Iosif Solomonovich. *Slovar’ Omonimov Sovremennogo Iazyka Angliiskogo (Dictionary of Contemporary English Homonyms)*. Saratov, U.S.S.R.: Saratov University Press, 1963. Contains English homophones and homonyms translated into Russian. 231 pp.
- Van Gelder, Rosalind. *Monkeys Have Tails*. New York: David McKay Co., 1966. An illustrated children’s book containing several bona fide homophones and homonyms. 48 pp.
- Waite, C. B. *Homophonic Vocabulary: Containing More Than 2,000 Words*. Chicago: C. V. Waite, 1904. Over 2,000 words that are common to nearly all Indo-European languages are included. For example **alcohol** (English, Spanish, Dutch); **alkohol** (Danish, German, Norwegian, Swedish); **alkogol’** (Russian—the **g** is a guttural **h**); and **alcool** (French, Italian, Portuguese). 162 pp.
- \_\_\_\_\_, and C. V. Waite. *Homophonic Conversations: In English, German, French, and Italian*. Chicago: C. V. Waite, 1903. The principal words of almost every sentence and phrase in this book have a similar sound and meaning in at least three of the four languages selected. For example: **At what hour** (English); **À quelle heure** (French); **A che ora** (Italian); **um wieviel Uhr** (German). 137 pp.
- Wallace, Viola. *Wordwise*. New York: Vantage Press, 1968. Contains approximately 1,670 “homophones,” 140 “heteronyms,” 730 “homographs,” and 290 “accent shifts.” 262 pp.
- Webster’s Computer Terms Dictionary, with Guide to Office Economics*, New revised edition. Hartford, CT: Lewtan Book Line, 1994. 254 pp.
- Webster’s Encyclopedia of Dictionaries: Twelve Complete Dictionaries in One*. (John G. Allee, editor). Baltimore: Ottenheimer Publishers, 1978. A considerable number of bonafide homophones and several homonyms are reflected in the “Homonyms” section on pp. 507–514. 1246 + pp.
- Webster’s New International Dictionary of the English Language*. Second edition unabridged. (William A. Neilson, Thomas A. Knott, and Paul W. Carhart, editors.) Springfield, MA: G & C Merriam Co., 1949. 3,210 pp.
- Webster’s Third New International Dictionary of the English Language Unabridged*. (Philip B. Gove, editor in chief.) Springfield, MA: G & C Merriam Co., 1981. 2,765 pp.
- Webster’s Treasury of Synonyms, Antonyms, and Homonyms*. NY: Avenel Books, 1962. A dictionary that includes numerous bonafide homophones (mislabelled homonyms) on pp. 173–192. 192 pp.
- Welch, Patrick E. *Mini Veri Tech Reading Lab, 1: Book 7—Homonyms, Homographs, etc.* Montreal, Canada: Brault & Bouthillier, 1978. 29 pp. An instruction booklet that contains either explicitly or implicitly 168 bonafide homophones, which are misclassified as homonyms. Among the homographs are 22 bonafide homographs, four Group I homographs, and a few homonyms.



- Wentworth, Harold, and Stuart Berg Flexner. *Dictionary of American Slang, 2nd Supplemented Edition*. New York: Thomas Y. Crowell Publishing, 1975. 766 pp.
- White, Mary Sue. *Word Twins*. New York: Abingdon Press, 1962. An illustrated children's book of 30 homophones. 32 pp.
- Whitford, Harold Crandall. *A Dictionary of American Homophones and Homographs*. New York: Teachers College Press, 1966. Contains over 800 homophones (bonafide and Group I) and approximately 220 homographs (bona fide and Group I), including proper names, foreign countries, suffixes, and 40 oral and written exercises. 83 pp.
- Williams, Edna Rees. *The Conflict of Homonyms in English*. New Haven, CT: Yale University Press, 1944. Professor Williams' 1936 Yale doctoral dissertation deals with the loss or change in form or status of certain words due to their being homonyms. 127 pp. and seven maps.
- Williams, Stephen N. *The Concise Dictionary of British and American Homophones*. Japan: Kenkyusha Shuyppan, 1988. 164 pp. A collection of numerous bonafide homophones, plus several words which by dropping the *r* become homophones.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *The Dictionary of British and American Homophones*. London: Brookside Press, 1987. A particularly useful volume containing numerous bona fide homophones and a few homographs. 503 pp.
- Wolpow, Edward R. "Humorous humerus." *Word Ways*. Vol. 14, No. 1, Feb. 1981, pp. 55 and 64.
- Word Ways: Journal of Recreational Linguistics*. Published quarterly at Spring Valley Road, Morristown, NJ 07960, (A. Ross Eckler, editor and publisher, 201-538-4584). This periodical frequently provides several homophones and homographs.
- Zambrano, Nahora Edith Bryan. *Modern Bilingual Dictionary: Synonyms, Antonyms, and Homophones*. Colombia: Casa del Diccionario Impresores, 1995. 944 pp. An English-Spanish, Spanish-English dictionary containing numerous bonafide homophones, some rather advanced for a basic bilingual compendium.
- Zorfass, Judith M. *Aspects of the Reading Process in Deaf Sign Language Users: An Example of Word Recognition and Comprehension Through the Use of Homographs*. Cambridge, MA: Graduate School of Education, Harvard University, 1983. 247 pp. Several homonyms (*not homographs*) are used to support the major thesis of this doctoral dissertation.
- \_\_\_\_\_. *Knowledge and Use of Multiple Meanings for Printed Homographs by Deaf Readers*. Cambridge, MA: Graduate School of Education, Harvard University, 1981. 78 pp. The 35 homographs used throughout this qualifying paper are homonyms, *not homographs*.
- Zviadadze, Givi. *Dictionary of Contemporary American English Contrasted with British English*. Atlantic Highlands, NJ: Humanities Press, 1983. Contains several bonafide homophones and homographs. 460 pp.