

VERNAL WITCH HAZEL b: 美洲金縷梅树皮蒸馏液... 收敛性洗药

witch-hazel family n: HAMAMELIDACEAE witch-hobble \-'hɒbl̩\ n: HOBBLEBUSH 2: CRANBERRY BUSH 2

witch-hood \-'hʊd\ n: 当巫者的状态

witch-hunt \-'hʌnt\ n: 1: 追捕并惩处被控为巫者的人 2: 在维护公共利益的借口下进行的反对持不同政见者... 调查或运动

witch-hunting \-'hʌntɪŋ\ n: 进行政治迫害的行动或过程 (various forms of hysteria such as witch-hunting and a search for scapegoats...)

witching \-'wɪtʃɪŋ\ n: 巫术 witchcraft + -ung -ing -more at WITCH: 行使巫术: SORCERY

witching \-'wɪtʃɪŋ\ n: 巫术 witchcraft + -ung -ing -more at WITCH: 行使巫术: SORCERY

witching stick n: DOWSING ROD

witch light n: SAINT ELMO'S FIRE

witchlike \-'wɪtʃlɪk\ adj: 女巫似的 具有女巫那种乖戾的外貌或邪恶的秉性的 (elderbushes and hawthorns, all old, crabbed and ~ -H.E.Bates 接骨木灌丛和山楂, 都是老丑难辨, 带着女巫那种歪扭粗糙相)

witch-man \-'wɪtʃmən\ n, pl witchmen: WITCH DOCTOR

witch-mark \-'wɪtʃmɑ:k\ n: 巫标 据认身体上证明为女巫或由女巫造成的标记

witch moth n: 巫蛾 多种夜蛾中有些是大型的属于 Erebidae 和其近缘属; 尤指: BLACK WITCH

witch of Agnes \-'wɪtʃəv 'ægnɪz\ n: 女巫 Maria Gaetana Agnesi 1791-1797 lt. mathematician prob.fr.its resemblance to the outline of a witch's hat: 阿涅西的舌线 关于y轴对称且渐近于x轴的一条平面三次曲线, 它是这样构成的: 过原点画一个与x轴相切的圆, 由原点出发引一条射线截此圆于一点, 截过此圆与y轴之交点且平行于x轴的直线于另一点, 过第一个点作平行于x轴之直线, 过第二点作平行于y轴之直线, 得到一个交点, 对不同方向的射线, 由上面得到不同的交点, 画这些交点的轨迹, 它的方程为 x^3y = 4a^2(2a - y)

witch's brew WITCHES' BREW 的变体

witch's pouch n: SHEPHERD'S PURSE

witch stick n: DOWSING ROD

witchweed \-'wɪtʃwi:d\ n: 独脚金 独脚金属 (Striga) 的几种半寄生草本植物 (玄参科的) 任一种, 具黄色的不整齐的花

witchwoman \-'wɪtʃwʊmən\ n, pl witchwomen: 女巫巫医

witchwood \-'wɪtʃwʊd\ n: 1a: WYCH ELM b: ROWAN TREE 1 [英格方] c: 一种卫矛 (Euonymus europaeus) 欧卫矛 2: AMERICAN MOUNTAIN ASH 3: MARRON GLACE

witchy \-'wɪtʃi\ adj: 类似女巫或具有女巫特征的: MALEVOLENT 恶毒的, WITCH-LIKE 像女巫的 (a terrible little woman, a little ~ moron - Peggy Bennett 可怕的小女人, 小巫婆似的白痴) 2: 由巫术产生或暗示巫术的 (~ little houses ~ straight from a child's book of fairy tales - William Sausom 直接从儿童神话书中来的...巫术变出来小屋) (there was a round moon ~ and the yard was full of a white ~ radiance - C.G.Roberts 一轮圆月...院子里到处是白色的妖光)

wit-cracker n (废): 说俏皮话的人

wite \-'waɪt, usu -ɪd + V\ n -s [ME, fr. OE wite, akin to OHG wizi fine, punishment, ON witi fine, punishment, OE witan to look after blame] 1 a: 早期英国法律中的重罪罚款, 罪款交给国王或有管辖权的机关 - 见 BLOODWITE b: 这种罚款的豁免 2 [主苏]: 过失或灾祸的责任 (now it's done ~ and who's to bear the ~ of it - R.L.Stevenson 现在, 事已干了, ~ 谁负这罪责呢?)

wite \-'waɪt\ vt [ME witen, fr. OE witan to see to, look after, reproach, blame, akin to OS witan to blame, OHG wizan to blame, punish, ON wita to fine, OE witan to be aware, know - more at WIT, V.] [主苏格兰]: 责难: CENSURE, REPROACH

wite-na-ge-mot, wite-na-ge-mote \-'waɪt-nə-ʤe-mɒt, -mɔ:t, -wɪt-nə-ʤe-m-\ n -s [ME witenes imot, fr. OE witeana gemot, fr. witeana (gen. pl. of wita sage, advisor) + gemot gemot - more at WITAN, GEMOT]: 由大约一百个贵族, 主教和有影响的官员组成的, 可以随时召开的盎格鲁-撒克逊政议会, 就行政管理如司法问题向国王提出建议 - 亦称 witan; 比较 GEMOT, MOOT 1a

wit-gat \-'waɪt, gal\, wit-gat-boom \-'būm\ n -s [witgat fr. Afrik, short for witgatboom, lit, white hole tree, fr. MD wit white + gat hole, opening + boom tree, akin to OE hwit white, gat opening, beam tree - more at WHITE, GATE, BEAM]: 白干树 南非山柑科的灌木或乔木 (Boscia albitrunca), 具白色, 坚硬, 密纹的木材, 根烤热作为咖啡代用品

with \('wi:θ, \θ, wə\ prep [ME, fr. OE, prep. & adv, against, opposite, toward, with, akin to OE wither against, OS with, withar against, with, OHG widar against, back, again, ON with, withr against, with, Goth withra against, Oslav witoru other, second, Skt vi apart, asunder, vitaram farther and perh. to L vitium fault, vice, basic meaning, apart, divided] 1 a: 反对: AGAINST (fought bitterly ~ his partner 跟他的伙伴打得厉害) (had had a constant tussle ~ insomnia - Lucien Price 经常与失眠症作斗争) b: 离开: 分离或分开 (broke ~ his family and left home 与他家庭决裂而出走) (severed diplomatic relations ~ its neighbor 与邻国断交) (parted ~ him at the door 与他在门口告别) 2 a: 沿着: 靠近 (the boat was running close in ~ the land 小船靠近陆地航行) b: 与某一方向或运动平行或一致: (~ the grain 顺着) (~ the wind 顺风) c: 与...同一方向: 有利于 (the wind was ~ the boat 小船一帆风顺) (the tide is ~ us 我们是顺流行驶的) 3 a - 用作虚词, 指: 传达或陈述的接受者 (a grave mistake to go into long explanations ~ such a person - W.J.Reilly 向这样的人作长篇解释, 是严重的错误) b [古]: 在思想或意志中: WITHIN (consider ~ yourselves, to bring in ~ a lion among ladies is a most dreadful thing - Shak. 你们得好好想一想, 把一头狮子...带到太太小姐们的中间是最荒唐可怕的事) 4 a - 用作虚词, 指同分担行动、交易或安排的人 (we who have worked ~ them day and night - J.K.Blake 我们日夜和他们一同工作) (three quarters of its annual business ~ is now done ~ Americans - E.O.Hauser 全年业务的四分之三...现在是在同美国人做成的) (a salon ~ brought off in an academic town ~ young men and women on cookies and hot chocolate - Lucien Price 在由男女青年组成的文化区供应小甜饼和热巧克力...的沙龙) b - 用作虚词, 指注意, 行为或感情的目标 (their satisfaction ~ the institution - E.P.Vonderhaar 他们对机关感到满意) (get tough ~ him 对他强硬起来) (angry ~ her 对她发怒) (in love ~ her 爱上她) c: 关于: 涉及 (on friendly terms ~ all nations 和所有的国家有着友好的关系) (expressed agreement ~ his views 表示和他的意见一致) (seemed to be all right ~ her whether we bought or not - G.P.Mussetman 对我们来说, 不论我们买或不买, 似乎都可以) d - 用以表示有祈使力量的副词的目标 (off ~ his head 砍掉他的头) (away ~ him 去他的吧) e: 作为实行者、给予者或牺牲品 (charged ~ murder 被指控杀人) (threatened ~ tuberculosis 受到结核病的威胁) f: OVER,

UPON (no longer has any influence ~ him 对他不再有任何影响) g: 执行、经营、使用 (prospering ~ their dairy industry - C.B.Hitchcock 经营他们的牛奶业, 生意兴隆) (the trouble ~ this machine 这部机器的故障) (something went wrong ~ the radio 收音机出了毛病) 5 a - 用作虚词, 指所陈述的比较、相等或同一性质的目标 (this house is identical ~ the one you have just seen 这所房子与你刚才看过的那一所完全一样) (on equal terms ~ the other applicants 以和其他申请人相同的条件) b - 用作虚词, 表示同意或一致 (if we accept this evidence we must conclude, ~ him, that the painting is a forgery 如果我们承认这一证据, 我们就必须同意他的意见, 认为这幅画是伪造品) (oar flashing ~ oar 双桨齐飞) c: 在一边: 愿意帮助或支持: FOR (if he's trying to cut down accidents, I'm ~ him 如果他试图减少意外事故, 我支持他) (the election will show whether the people are ~ him in this new policy 选举将显示出, 在这个新的政策方面, 人民是否站在他的一边) d: 同样好: 不劣于 (can pitch ~ the best of them 可以和他们最优秀的投手同样好) 6 a: 判断或评价 (he stood well ~ his fellow classmates 他与他的同学们相处得很好) b: 按照或根据经验或实践 (~ many of us, our ideas seem to fall by the wayside - W.J.Reilly 据我们许多人看来, 我们的意见似乎被丢在路旁了) (~ the surrealists ~ the ideal is nothing else than the material world reflected by the human mind - Herbert Read 超现实主义者们认为, 理想不过是人类头脑所反映的物质世界而已) (an accustomed action ~ her, to seeen thus washing her hands - Shak. 这是她的一个惯常的动作, 好像在洗手似的) c: 依照...的样子, 判断或实践: LIKE (suffer ~ Job 像约伯那样受苦) 7 a (1) [古]: 由于...的直接行动 (here is himself, marred, as you see, ~ traitors - Shak. 这才是他自己, 你看, 给叛徒害得这个样子) (2) [废]: 生自或产自 (she speaks, and 'tis such sense that my sense breeds ~ it - Shak. 她讲得那样有理, 倒叫我心思摇惑不定) b: 以...方法: 使用或借助于...: THROUGH (the plot is unfolded almost entirely ~ the camera rather than ~ words - Time 情节几乎全部是用摄影机而不是用文字展现出来) (one of the nicest ways to say "Merry Christmas" is ~ a gift you've created yourself - Item 说 "祝圣诞节快乐" 的一个最好的方式是使用你亲自做的礼物) (just got in ~ the bus - Alasdair Carmichael 乘公共汽车刚刚抵达) c: 由于...存在、增加或邻近 (bordered front and back ~ boxwood hedges - Amer. Guide series: Pa. 前后都有黄杨木栅栏作为界墙) (an attic filled ~ junk 装满废弃物品的顶楼) (an atmosphere-permeated ~ suspicious 弥漫着猜疑的气氛) d: 作为结果: 由于: 因为 (pale ~ anger 气得脸发白) (had woken up, about 1 o'clock, ~ a fellow blowing his horn - Dorothy Sayers 大约在一点钟, 由于一个家伙吹喇叭而醒了) (was rosy ~ breasting the hill - Maurice Hewlett 由于奋力登山而涨红了脸) 8 a - 用作虚词, 指动作的状态 (ran ~ effort 努力奔跑) (spoke ~ ease 从容发言) b - 用作虚词, 表示有关或附带的事实或环境 (stark silence ~ no recognition whatsoever is the common reception - W.J.Reilly 完全的沉默, 看不出大众的反应到底如何) (morning sessions are largely case problems, ~ guest speakers in the afternoon - C.F.Craig 上午会议大部分是关于情况的各种问题, 来宾发言则在下午) (remains essentially unchanged, ~ many old houses now largely owned by its former residents - Amer. Guide Series: N.H. 基本上一直没有变化, 许多老房屋如今大部为夏季的住户所有) c - 用作虚词, 表示伴随某一行动的感情或心理状态 (~ purity and holiness will I pass my life and practice my art - Hippocratic Oath 我愿以纯真而圣洁的心情度过我的一生并实践我的艺术) (looked on ~ horror 带着恐怖的心情观看) d - 用作虚词, 表示伴随某一特定的行为的情况或结果 (looking out over the water ~ his chin supported on his hands - E.G.O'Neill 他双手托着下巴向外看着水面) (told us about it ~ detail - W.A.White 详细地告诉我们了) (escaped ~ a brief imprisonment when less affluent agitators were hanged - Amer. Guide Series: N.C. 经过一段短